"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain, changing to snow, much colder to-day; fair to-morrow.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,976. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

OUR BANKERS TO BACK KNOX'S PLAN IN CHINA

Syndicate Already Discussing Plans to Provide Many Millions for Manchurian Railways.

KNOX EXPLAINS OUR POLICY

Says Chinese Railway Loans Secured by Imperial Revenues Give Holders Status Which We Must Share.

Many millions of dollars will probably be furnished by the Morgan-Kuhn, Loeb-National City-First National syndicate to solidify the position of the American Government in China if the plan of Secretary of State Knox for the purchase of the Manchurian railways is carried out. It is known that the members of this powerful financial group have been in communication with Mr. Knox, and that there is strong reason to believe that they will furnish any funds that may be needed to make up the share of America in the freat pool that must be formed to back China in taking over the lines from Russia and Japan so that they may be neutralized. It is estimated in Washington that the deal will involve from $100,000,000 to $200,000,000, but as both the nations concerned would undoubtedly put their demands at the highest possible figure the latter sum might be exceeded.

The New York syndicate was formed last June to participate in the Hankow Sze-Chuen Railroad loan. This was done in pursuance of the policy of President Taft to take an active part in the development of China in such a way that Americans would be assured of equal opportunities in that great market. It was made clear at the time that the formation of the syndicate was due to the desire of the State Department that its plans should be backed up with sufficient capital to make its diplomatic representations effective.

For this purpose, J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the National City Bank, and the First National Bank made arrangements to furnish the capital necessary for the Hankow project.

The resources which the syndicate commands are the greatest that have ever been brought to bear upon any American participation in foreign undertakings.

It is understood in the financial district that the plans which are now being discussed by this syndicate in connection with the Manchurian Railway matter are being formulated at the suggestion of the State Department.

The object of our demand for participation in this financing project, as explained by persons who knew of the plans of the syndicate, was recognized to be diplomatic rather than financial, and the same consideration which governed the course of the United States in demanding that this country be allowed to share with England, France, and Germany in the Hankow Sze-Chuen Railroad are believed to hold true of this latest proposal. In other words, the preparations being made by the American syndicate to share in financing the Manchurian Railway purchase are in furtherance of diplomatic plans of the United States rather than a mere financial operation in the interest of American capital seeking investment abroad.

As the situation stands to-day the railroad holdings of Russia and Japan in Manchuria may be summarized thus: Russia holds two sections, 1,088 miles, of the old Eastern Chinese Railway, which as an entirety cost not less than $135,000,000 to construct, to say nothing of the great sums spent on it in the course of the Russo-Japanese war. Japan controls one section of the old Chinese Eastern, that of 508 miles, between Port Arthur and Kwang-chengtze, reorganized as the Southern Manchurian Railway, following the war, with $100,000,000 capital, half of which is owned outright by Japan. Branches are under construction, notably that from Mukden to Antung, so that it is quite possible that the proposal to turn both the Russian and Japanese interests over to China would involve in one way or another not less than $250,000,000.

KNOX EXPLAINS OUR POLICY.

England, France, and Germany Said to Approve—$200,000,000 Perhaps Involved.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—In an interview to-day Secretary Knox confirmed the report from St. Petersburg that the United States had submitted to Russia, Japan, Great Britain, Germany, and France a proposition for the neutralization of the Manchurian railroads now held by Russia and Japan, through the sale by those countries of their roads to the Chinese Government, that Government to raise the necessary funds from an international syndicate of capitalists of all the countries interested.

The prospects for the success of the American proposal now seem very bright. Great Britain, Germany, and China have "cordially" approved it, and France has signified her acceptance of it. It was to be expected, of course, that these countries would agree at once, on account of the advantage it would give to them in future with regard to Chinese, and especially Manchurian affairs. The hitch, if any is to come, will be with Russia or Japan, or both.

Russia, however, has already tentatively agreed to the proposal, and Japan has agreed to the principle involved. Diplomatically, therefore, it is only a matter of negotiation now to reach a full agreement with all the parties concerned, and although the State Department will not discuss the probability of ultimate success it is evident that the situation is regarded as very satisfactory.

$100,000,000 to $200,000,000.

It is probable that the joint interest of the powers in the Manchurian Railroad system would continue for at least fifty years, and perhaps longer. The amount of capital involved in the transaction would be very large, certainly not less than $100,000,000, and probably nearer $200,000,000. It would take at least fifty years for China to pay off such a loan, and that does not take into consideration the development of the railroad system in Manchuria meantime, which would be practically certain to involve added outlay running into large figures.

In his interview Secretary Knox went into the reasons that actuated this Government in making its proposal to the Powers, the ground on which the proposal is based, and the expectations to be realized from it. He said:

"The proposition of the United States to the interested Powers looking to the neutralization of the Manchurian Railroads discloses the end towards which American policy in the Far East has been recently directed.

"Late in May last this Government learned that an understanding had been reached between important British, French and German financial groups supported by their Governments by which they are to furnish funds for the construction of two great railways in China. This Government, believing that sympathetic co-operation between the Governments most vitally interested would best subserve the policies of maintenance

Continued on Page 2.

GREEK ROYAL PALACE BURNS.

King's Residence at Tatoi Partly Destroyed—No Lives Lost.

ATHENS, Jan. 6.—The royal palace at Tatoi caught fire at 10 o'clock this evening while the royal family were gathered around a Christmas tree. The flames spread rapidly, rising to a great height, and soon the right wing of the palace was practicaly destroyed.

The efforts of servants to extinguish the flames being fruitless, members of the royal family who were in the palace made a hasty escape. A large force of firemen was soon on the ground, and they were assisted by sailors from the British and Russian warships in Phalerum Bay, who did splendid work in removing valuables and relics from the royal apartments.

The King, who was not in the palace at the time, was apprised of the fire and proceeded to the scene in a motor car. Luckily there was very little wind and by 1 o'clock in the morning the flames were extinguished, having been confined mainly to the upper story, comprising the apartments of the ladies-in-waiting and the servants. The chapel and State apartments were only slightly damaged.

While the fire occasioned the greatest alarm, no one was injured. It is believed that it was accidental, but it is not known whether it was due to a short circuit or a burning candle. The Tatoi Palace was the King's Summer residence.

Tatoi lies on the road from Athens to Patisia. It is noted for its beautiful park and gardens. The handsome new royal palace which was partially destroyed by fire yesterday was built recently to replace the old palace, which is now occupied by the Crown Prince. The ruins of an old fortress, now called Kastro, perched on a rounded summit, are in the centre of the village, near which the palace was built.

NEW YEAR BRIDE A SUICIDE.

Mistakes Her Young Husband's Kindness for Indifference—Dead of Gas.

John Fox arose yesterday morning, got his own breakfast in the two rooms at 1,219 Brook Avenue, the Bronx, where he and his wife lived, then tipped out, so that he would not disturb Mrs. John Fox, and went to Walton Avenue and 138th Street, where he was employed as an electrician. He congratulated himself all day on his strategy in letting Mrs. John Fox get some extra sleep.

Mrs. Fox was the only girl in a family of seven children in Sheffield, England. She came to America a month ago. She met Fox, and they were married on the day before New Year's. Their neighbors say the couple were devoted to each other, and that the wife was supremely happy.

Smelling gas in the house yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Berth, from whom they rented the rooms, traced it to their rooms. Calling neighbors and a policeman, Mrs. Berth forced the door. They found the young wife sitting in a chair with a gas tube in her mouth, dead. She had been dead several hours. On the dining room table was one plate, one cup, one knife and fork, and the other things for one person to use in eating.

One woman thought that meant that the wife had been so hurt by her husband getting up and looking after his own breakfast without her to sit with him that she had killed herself. Then others recollected that they had heard in her voice a sad, homesick note in the last days when she talked about England.

Some one rushed over to the house of Alexander Fox, the young husband's brother, at 405 East 168th Street, and told him to detain him when he came along. But when, at the dinner hour, the brother tried to steer John over to his house, he said he must hurry to his own home, as he knew his wife would be glad to see him. Then they told him.

"I'll be with her in the morning," he said.

So they put the police to watch him.

HUNT FOR GIRL NEAR END.

Finding of Miss De Janon in Philadelphia Now Hourly Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—Miss Roberta De Janon, who disappeared from the apartments of her grandfather, Robert Buist, at the Bellevue Stratford Hotel at the same time as did Frederick Cohen, the waiter, is hourly expected to be found in this city.

After two clues, at first seeming promising, had been run down by the Police Department, a third clue late this afternoon was received over the telephone, and was of such a nature that a conference of those interested in the case was called hastily in Director O'Leary's office. This was the third and most important gathering of the interested persons.

At the end of it the city detectives and representatives of the Pinkerton Agency, which has come back into the case, left O'Leary's office, saying that important developments in the case would be disclosed within two or three hours. Mr. Walton and Atlee Burpee, a friend of Mr. Buist, came out after the detectives had gone.

"When are you going to get the girl?" Mr. Walton was asked.

"I expect that she will be found within a few hours," he replied.

Mrs. Cohen went to New York again today to prosecute a search along her own lines for her husband and the girl, whom she believes to be together. She went to a hotel in West Forty-ninth Street, and after examining the register picked out a signature which she said was her husband's. It was "Mr. and Mrs. Cone," and was written on Dec. 29 by a man who had engaged the rooms a full week before the disappearance of the girl and the waiter from Bellevue-Stratford. The clerks at the hotel said the man and woman answered the description of Cohen and the girl. According to the clerks Cone asked on Sunday morning the time of the next boat for Boston, and he was told that it left at 5 o'clock. He then ordered a taxicab and departed ostensibly for the ferry. Mrs. Cohen, however, does not believe that he left New York, but is living there in a family of friends.

SUGAR SCALES ARE READY.

First Improved Machine Will Soon Have a Test Here.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The first of the automatic sugar weighing scales which the Treasury Department contemplates introducing at New York is now ready for a test at Boston, where the factory is located. In a few days the tests will be made, and, if satisfactory, the scales will be installed on the New York docks. Here a trial will be given before any of the others are delivered, the department having contracted for twenty in all.

As soon as the automatic scales are found fully adapted to meet the conditions peculiarly applicable to sugar shipments and are working smoothly, the method will be extended to other ports where sugar comes into the United States, and which include Boston, San Francisco, Philadelphia, and New Orleans.

SAVANNAH LINE
offers a delightful trip to the South. Large, new ships sailing Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 3:00 P. M., from Pier 35 North River. All outside staterooms. Those seeking health and rest should use this line. Telephone 3595 Spring for tickets and reservations.—Adv.

SURROGATE REJECTS 'LOST' STENTON WILL

Lawyer Named as Beneficiary Can't Probate Copy of Aged Woman's Alleged Testament.

HER DAUGHTER MURDERED

Mother Died After Mrs. Kinnan Was Killed on the Porch of Their Home in the Bronx.

Surrogate Thomas returned a decision yesterday refusing to probate a document called the "lost will" of Mrs. Louise M. Stenton, the aged woman whose daughter, Mrs. Alice Kinnan, a trained nurse, was murdered some years ago on the veranda of her home in the Bronx. Who called her to the door and clubbed her to death has never been cleared up to this day.

The proponent of the so-called will was Burton W. Gibson, a Brooklyn lawyer, who acted as Mrs. Stenton's confidential attorney for some time prior to the murder of her daughter, and who was appointed her executor. T. Percy McElroy, who was named as residuary legatee, joined in the application for the probate of the will.

Mrs. Stenton by this will left a life estate in her property to her daughter, Mrs. Kinnan, and upon her death McElroy fell in for the bulk of the estate.

Before the inquest as to the cause of Mrs. Kinnan's death was concluded it became evident that Mrs. Stenton was insane, and she was subsequently adjudged incompetent to manage herself or her affairs. Her nephew, named Malcolm, was appointed a committee of her person. Litigation ensued, Gibson suing the committee of the estate for an accounting in the Supreme Court. Before the trial Justice handed down his decision Mrs. Stenton died, and as a result the action abated until it could be revived by the substitution of her legal representative as plaintiff.

After Surrogate Thomas had concluded the trial of the will contest, which was brought about by ten of Mrs. Stenton's nephews, nieces, and grandnephews, and grandnieces, Cleveland & Cleveland, attorneys for McElroy, asked to be permitted to reopen the case and permit Gibson and another witness to supply further testimony as to the "lost will," an alleged copy of which had been put in evidence. Surrogate Thomas permitted the affidavit of the other witness, who was Gibson's stenographer, to be put on the record, observing that further oral testimony was unnecessary.

Surrogate Thomas, in his decision, says his curiosity as to Gibson's alleged copy of the will was caused by a doubt in his mind as to whether that "copy" was not the actual draft or original of all the copies in the case, and he thought it possible that some physical peculiarity appearing in it might show that it was not a "copy" of anything. For this reason it is unfortunate that it was lost.

McElroy's counsel submitted a brief in which they set forth that McElroy was a stranger to Gibson, having only met him a few times at Mrs. Stenton's home. He was an intimate friend of the Stenton family, said the brief, and was described in the will as "our dear friend." Charges of an unfounded character, the brief continued, both of conspiracy and perjury had been made against Gibson and his wife. Protest was made because the Surrogate had refused to admit testimony as to the mental incompetency at the time of the murder of her daughter.

"The proponent," says Surrogate Thomas, in his decision, "had personal interests to serve in beginning this proceeding. The confidence in him shown by Mrs. Stenton and her daughter was not shared in by her close relative, who became the committee of her estate on her adjudication as a lunatic."

Having referred to the litigation in the Supreme Court, Surrogate Thomas says that because of Gibson's interest in the endeavor of McElroy to submit further evidence, their testimony is to be received with caution.

"It was the essence of the proponent's case," the Surrogate continues, "that the alleged 'lost will' existed, uncancelled and unrevoked, up to the time when the decedent ceased to have power to revoke it by destroying it. I made a ruling which rendered it necessary to establish that the paper continued to exist until the decedent ceased to have it within her custody with the physical power to revoke it, and I supposed that the case had come to an end.

"After considerable thought and conference, the proponent went on the stand and testified that he saw the paper in the same black box not only on July 10, 1906, but also again on June 16, 1906, which was the day after the decedent left her home, never to return, and while all the papers were in the possession of the police, who subsequently transferred them to the custody of the attorneys for the committee in lunacy.

"The detective officer then in charge of the papers, Capt. Price, subsequently testified that he examined all the papers in that box more than once between June 8, 1906, (two days after the murder of Mrs. Kinnan,) and June 16, 1906, and afterward, and that he found no such will there. He was corroborated by other testimony as well as by stipulations of counsel. I am of opinion that he testified truthfully, and that the reason why he did not find the paper is because it was not there.

"The result of this conclusion is not only to strike from the petitioner's case a vital point, but also to discredit the petitioner and his wife, so as to make it impossible for me to find, upon their unsupported and entirely uncorroborated evidence, the alleged facts of the execution of the propounded paper on June 19, 1904, on the porch of the decedent's home in the Bronx, while they were making a social call on the decedent. The proceeding must be dismissed on the merits, the facts as to the execution or of the loss of the alleged propounded will being unproved and unsustained."

OVER RIVER ON BROKEN ICE.

Young Man Risks His Life to Reach His Dying Brother.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Jan. 6.—Stanley Page, son of William F. Page, a liquor dealer, lost a race with death and nearly forfeited his own life last night in a dash across the mile-wide Delaware River on thawing ice to the bedside of his brother, Harlan Page, at Bristol, Penn.

When news reached relatives in this city that Harlan Pages was dying at his Bristol home from a sudden attack of quincy, and it was found that the ice had checked navigation, his younger brother determined upon the perilous trip to reach his bedside.

In the face of blinding sleet and rain he set out from the New Jersey shore across the frozen river. The ice was thawing and broken, and twice he fell through. The second time he was barely able to prevent the swift current from carrying him under the ice pack.

He managed to drag himself on a big cake, and finally reached Bristol only to learn that his brother had died while he was crossing the stream.

THROUGH CARS TO FLORIDA RESORTS.
Seaboard Florida Ltd. is the handsomest, quickest, and only club car train to Florida. Inq. Seaboard Air Line, 1,183 B'way.—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

BOURTSEFF COMING TO UNMASK SPIES

Russian Revolutionist, Who Exposed Azeff, Will Arrive To-day on the Adriatic.

TAKES UP EVALENKO CASE

The Editor Is Said to Bring Evidence Against Publisher Now on Trial by Revolutionists in This Country.

Vladimir Bourtseff, the "Sherlock Holmes of the Russian Revolution," who attracted attention by the exposure of the double life of Eugene Azeff, agent of the secret police and at the same time revolutionary leader, is expected to reach New York to-day on the Adriatic. The entire New York colony of 10,000 Russian revolutionists awaits his coming with great interest.

Bourtseff has purposely withheld information regarding his expected visit to this country, it was learned yesterday. While he has been in correspondence with some of the trusted leaders among the revolutionist colony in this city, like Dr. Paul S. Kaplan of 220 East Broadway and Dr. J. A. Maryson of 250 East Broadway, as to his movements in this country, not a word about it got out until yesterday.

Bourtseff, admitted to be one of the foremost investigators and detectives living, is coming to ferret out the Russian spies deep in the counsels of the revolutionary movement in America. For years he has been carefully gathering information about certain persons in this country, it is understood, whom he has learned to be in the pay of the Czar while apparently enthusiastic in the revolution itself. Nearly a dozen such men are said to be under suspicion in the Russian colony, and it is believed that Bourtseff is bringing with him the missing links in the evidence necessary to their exposure and prompt expulsion and disgrace among their associates.

Bourtseff is said also to be coming to testify in the investigation now being conducted on representations he himself made regarding Alexander M. Evalenko, the publisher and manufacturer, of 102 West Thirty-eighth Street, until recently high in revolutionary circles. That investigation, begun some months ago by a special committee composed of two members from each of the revolutionary organizations, has now reached a critical stage, it is said, and Bourtseff, Evalenko's accuser, has not only furnished already the bulk of the evidence against the publisher, but has so timed his first visit to America that he can face the man he accuses at a most important stage of the proceedings.

Bourtseff has not permitted his correspondence with the revolutionary Captains in New York to lag since years ago, when after a series of brilliant exposures of some of the most trusted leaders of the movement in Russia and Paris as in reality traitors and members of the Russian police, he came to be recognized as the most astute mind and the longest arm in the Russian fight for liberty. His American allies have kept him fully advised as to the progress of the movement here, and on his advice thousands of dollars have been sent from this country to the leaders at home.

But only within the last two months have his letters contained intimations that he was himself coming here to uncover the spies by whom the Czar's agents in Europe and here were apprised of every step suggested or taken here. Dr. Kaplan, one of the leaders of the movement in this country, said last night he received his first letter from Bourtseff regarding his coming about three weeks ago. It was written from Paris, and the famous detective asked many questions about the situation in New York. He wanted also to know about a man under suspicion, who is now believed to be in Paris, asking that this information be cabled to him by a secret code, which he inclosed in his letter.

"I sent him the information he wanted by cable," said Dr. Kaplan, "and at once wrote him at considerable length, urging him to come at once. I have not heard from him directly since, but several persons closely identified with the movement have received cards or letters from him or his secretary saying he had sailed on Dec. 27 on the Adriatic, due tomorrow. I understand he is accompanied by his secretary.

"Of course, as he made the charges against Mr. Evalenko he will be the chief witness against him, and will doubtless bring documents which will be laid before the trial committee. He will also turn his marvelous powers on the conduct and records of a number of persons now identified with the Russian fight for liberty but under suspicion as spies."

Dr. Kaplan seemed to think that some interesting developments might be expected while Bourtseff was on this side or immediately following his return to Paris. It was Bourtseff's purpose, also, to hold a number of great meetings in New York and elsewhere in this country in the interest of the revolutionary movement.

The Russian colony is planning a great reception for Bourtseff. The day on which it is to take place has not been decided on because of uncertainty as to his plans. Though he has never visited New York he has many personal friends here whom he has met in Paris or who became acquainted with him through correspondence growing out of their activity in the same cause.

MRS. C. A. DAY ASKS DIVORCE.

Newark Manufacturer's Wife Joins Reno Colony—Fight Over Child Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Jan. 6.—Mrs. Hazel A. Day of Newark, N. J., who came to this city nearly eight months ago with her little daughter, to-day filed a suit for divorce against Claude A. Day, alleging desertion and non-support.

In the complaint she asks for an absolute divorce, and also for the custody of their child. Nothing is said about her property rights. Mrs. Day is a daughter of Charles H. Turner, a wealthy banker and lumber dealer of New York, and her husband is a prominent merchant and manufacturer of porcelain in Newark.

Mr. and Mrs. Day were married at Malone, N. Y., in October, 1904, and Mrs. Day left him the following year. Mrs. Day has resided at the Riverside Hotel while in Reno, and has had very little to do with the other members of the divorce colony, although she was an intimate friend of Mrs. Charlotte Dillon before the latter obtained her divorce and left here. Mrs. Day's lawyers have stated that Mrs. Day fears her husband will fight her case and endeavor to obtain the custody of their child.

ONLY SOLID THROUGH TRAIN TO ST. AUGUSTINE; through sleepers to all "East Coast" points; connections for Nassau and Havana—"N. Y. & Florida Special," 1:25 P. M., Atlantic Coast Line. Quickest Service. 1218 B'way.—Adv.

CAUGHT IN TUNNEL LEADING TO A BANK

Missing Man Supposed to be Buried Alive in Secret Passage He Was Digging.

RELATIVE IS LOCKED UP

Police Convinced That the Purpose Was to Plunder a Branch of the Fourteenth Street Bank.

Somewhere in a secretly dug subterranean passage running under the street from 55 Ludlow Street, and headed apparently toward the East Side Branch of the Fourteenth Street Bank, at 243 Grand Street, Isaac Finkelstein, a painter of 53 Ludlow Street, is believed to be buried. The direction of the tunnel while generally in the direction of the bank, varied somewhat, as though the amateur excavator, at times lost his bearings.

Finkelstein left his home on Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, telling his wife that he proposed going to the cellar of the unoccupied building next door, 55 Ludlow Street, to get some wood. He did not return.

Isadore Gardus, a brother-in-law of the missing man, rushed into the Eldridge Street Police Station yesterday morning, and told the Sergeant at the desk that he thought Finkelstein had been caught in a cave-in in the cellar. He declared he had heard him moaning.

The police investigated, but could not find Finkelstein in the cellar. At that time they did not know of the tunnel leading from the cellar of the building out toward the street.

Later in the day Gardus made another visit to the police and once again said he had heard moaning in the cellar. He was sure, he said, that Finkelstein was buried in the cellar and that he was being suffocated. Once more the police investigated, and this time their activities led to the discovery of the secret passage.

Up to a late hour last night workmen in the Building Department were digging away from the street to get at the tunnel in an effort to find Finkelstein. They heard no sound, and the police were convinced that the man, if he had got into the tunnel, must have suffocated.

The police did not care to crawl through the tunnel, as it was too small, and they feared it might cave in on them. It is three feet deep by about thirty inches wide—just about spacious enough to allow a man to crawl through.

Nicholas Reville, Assistant Chief Inspector of the Building Department, did make his way through the narrow hole, however, until he had come to a point about half way across the street. Then he stopped. By the light of a lantern he carried he could see that the tunnel went further—exactly how far he could not tell.

Police Think He's Dead.

There was only one way for the police to account for Finkelstein, and that was in the presumption that he had started through the tunnel, got a considerable distance through it, and that the earth fell on him, burying him alive.

His wife told the police that he was not in the habit of staying away nights. He used to leave the house often at 11 o'clock and not return until late, she said, and she had no idea what was the purpose of his nightly jaunts, or where he went.

One theory suggested itself to the police. They asked if it might have been that Finkelstein spent his time in the dead of night, in digging away at the tunnel. No one in the neighborhood had ever heard any thumping or hacking as of pick and shovel beneath the street, but that was not strange, the police argued, as the tunnel is at least ten feet below the surface of the street.

The police and the men from the Building Department worked as hard as they could last night in their effort to find Finkelstein. At 10 o'clock workmen who had not ceased their labors since early in the afternoon dug down from a point just outside the curb to the roof of the tunnel. A bar jammed down as a sounding went clear through and stuck in the bottom of it.

So far as the police could determine last night, there could have been only one reason for digging the tunnel, and that was to afford a means of reaching the east side branch of the Fourteenth Street Bank, where the deposits of hundreds of east side merchants and toilers are kept.

The tunnel starts from the northeast corner of the unoccupied building, which is on the west side of the street, next to the corner of Grand and Ludlow Streets. The structure, six stories high, was put up originally for sweatshop purposes, but was changed later so as to make it a loft building.

A Tempting Sign.

The Fourteenth Street Bank's branch is located in a direction northeast from the unoccupied building, three doors from the corner of Grand and Ludlow Streets, and on the south side of the street. It towers above other structures on the block, and on one of its walls, facing the tenement house in which Finkelstein and his family lived, was a huge sign telling of a capital stock of $10,500,000.

Next door to the bank toward the west is a millinery store, with tenement apartments above it, and on the southwest corner of Grand and Ludlow Streets is a jewelry store kept by E. Zirinsky.

Finkelstein had lived with his wife and five children in the Ludlow Street tenement for more than two years. He was a painter by trade, and his wife says he worked regularly, appearing to be extremely industrious. He was, moreover, a man who had little to say, and what interests he had outside of his home and his occupation his wife never knew. He was 42 years old and of rather rugged build.

Gardus, a young man of 23, boarded with his brother-in-law. After the police had arrested him last night as a material witness in the strange disappearance of his brother-in-law, Gardus told them that he had been in the habit of late of going into the cellar of the unoccupied building with Finkelstein and that they got wood together. What right Finkelstein had there the police have been unable to find out. The owner of the building, Mrs. Elizabeth Vail, was being sought by them last night to learn if she had given permission to him to go there.

When Gardus made his sudden appearance at the Eldridge Street Police Station at 8 o'clock in the morning with the information that his brother-in-law was groaning in the cellar of the building at 55 Ludlow Street, the Desk Sergeant sent word to the Allen Street Detective Bureau, and Detectives Maddock and Hart went into the cellar.

They found a lot of old boxes and barrels in the place. By the aid of a light they went over the cellar thoroughly, but not a trace of Finkelstein could they find. They listened intently for moaning, but could hear none. They remarked to Gardus that he must have been dreaming.

He Wasn't Dreaming.

"No, I wasn't dreaming," insisted the young man. "I heard his moans, and he must be somewhere in here."

The detectives left, convinced that Gardus was mistaken. At that time Gardus, the police say, gave no hint of any tunnel leading from the cellar. But he did upon his return later in the day. It was just about noontime that Gardus

Continued on Page 2.

FALLS FROM AEROPLANE.

Englishman Named Meal Hurt at Cannes and Machine Is Wrecked.

CANNES, France, Jan. 6.—An Englishman named Meal, who was operating an aeroplane of the Blériot type, fell with his machine from a height of thirty feet to-day.

Meal was seriously injured and the aeroplane was wrecked.

FUERST BISMARCK ASHORE.

Liner Grounds in Fog Near Cherbourg —Passengers Safely Landed.

HAVRE, Jan. 6.—The Hamburg-American Line freighter Fürst Bismarck, from Havana Dec. 21 for Hamburg, went ashore during a fog near Octeville, a mile southwest of Cherbourg, to-day. The weather continues thick.

The passengers of the Fürst Bismarck were safely landed at Octeville, and the cargo has been partially jettisoned.

BATTLESHIP IDAHO FLOATED.

Pulled Off Delaware River Mud Last Night at High Tide.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—The battleship Idaho, which went aground in the Delaware River this morning in the mud banks of Bulkhead Shoal, just below New Castle, was floated late this evening, and is now anchored in the channel.

The Idaho, with Capt. H. O. Dunn in command, left the Philadelphia Navy Yard here yesterday afternoon with 200 men and 85 officers, to join the Atlantic fleet off Sandy Hook. After stopping for the night off Chester, it proceeded this morning, passing New Castle about 9 o'clock. Just below that town, near the spot where last month the transport Prairie was aground for a week, the battleship was drawn from its course because of the shifting of a buoy by the ice.

A wireless message was at once sent to the navy yard for assistance. Several tugs and a city ice boat were dispatched to the scene, and succeeded in pulling the stranded vessel off at high tide to-night.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 6.—An investigation will probably follow the grounding of the battleship Georgia here late yesterday while she was steaming for Hampton Roads following navy yard repairs after collisions first with the battleship Nebraska and later with the collier Vestal. There was no Virginia pilot on the Georgia at the time, but one had been asked for, it is said.

PHILLIPS TO WED IN LONDON.

Embassy Secretary Arranges for His Marriage to Miss C. A. Drayton.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Arrangements are being made to solemnize in London the marriage of Miss C. A. Drayton of New York and William Phillips, Secretary of the United States Embassy here.

It had been planned to have the marriage in New York, but the Secretary is detained at his post by the temporary absence of Ambassador Reid. The date of the wedding is not determined.

PRESIDENT BUYS NEW HORSE.

Starnright Comes from Montana and Can Carry Taft's Weight.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—President Taft has bought a fine black saddle horse, which has just come in from Montana. It is one of the strongest animals that could be found in the West. Starnright is the name of the animal, which is over sixteen hands high, and is recommended as being able to carry the weight of the President.

The animal was obtained by Gen. James Ayleshire, Quartermaster General of the Army.

TOO WET FOR HER HENS.

When They Didn't Come Out Mrs. Miller Reported to the Police.

The Arlington, N. J., policeman was aroused to action yesterday when a telephone message was received at Police Headquarters from Mrs. Johanna Miller of Schuyler Avenue, that her sixty hens had disappeared.

An investigation was made which cleared up in a short time what promised to be an interesting mystery. The following entry was made on the police blotter, explanatory of the previous report: "Hens located, 2:15 P. M., in henhouse. Cause, too wet outdoors."

CLEVELAND BANK ASSIGNS.

Had Loaned at Least $1,000,000 to the Failed Werner Publishing Company.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 6.—The South Cleveland Banking Company, one of the strongest of Cleveland's suburban banks, filed a deed of assignment to-day to Attorney William H. Marlatt.

U. G. Walker Prisdent of the bank, is also a Director in the Werner Company, a large Akron publishing house, for which a receiver was appointed in the Federal courts last night. Statements made to Assignee Marlatt by the Directors of the bank to-night indicate that the bank's loans to the Werner Company are approximately $1,000,000, and possibly more. The assignee has learned that the State Banking Department told President Walker several months ago that the bank must reduce the amount of Werner paper carried by it, and that a reduction of $40,000 was, in fact, made. A message was received to-night that the State Superintendent of Banks will begin an investigation to-morrow.

Though the capital stock of the South Cleveland Banking Company was but $150,000 the deposits exceed $2,000,000, $1,600,000 of which are savings deposits.

The bank was organized in 1874 and successfully weathered the panic of 1893 and the depression of 1907-8.

BUGHER OFF BINGHAM'S BOND.

Bannard Relieves Deputy Commissioner in Reynolds Suit.

An interesting development in the suit of Police Capt. William Reynolds, retired, of Brooklyn, against ex-Police Commissioner Bingham for $25,000 damages for alleged assault growing out of the retired Captain's alleged ejection from Police Headquarters after his retirement, became known last night, when it was learned that Deputy Police Commissioner Frederick H. Bugher had been relieved from the Commissioner's bond and Otto T. Bannard substituted. The substitution of bondsmen was made in the Sheriff's office about a week before the end of the year.

Commissioner Bingham had been technically arrested at the time Reynolds filed his suit and Deputy Commissioner Bugher became his bondsman in the sum of $2,500. A day or so before Christmas Mr Bingham went to the Sheriff's office and technically surrendered himself, and was then released on a new bond given by Mr. Bannard.

Kalil's, Finest Downtown Restaurant, Grand Opera and music noon & ev'g. 14-18 Park Pl. —Adv.

PINCHOT DEFENDS GLAVIS, AGAINST TAFT

Forester Sends to the Senate a Letter in Which He Asserts the President was Mistaken.

BALLINGER HELD IN RIGHT

Wickersham's Report Defends Him Warmly, but Pinchot Stands Firm—Taft, Angry, May Dismiss Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Direct and open conflict between Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot on one hand and President Taft and Secretary Ballinger on the other came out in the Senate to-day. Mr. Taft sent to that body a report by Attorney General Wickersham upholding the President for dismissing L. R. Glavis, a field agent of the land office, for his conduct toward Mr. Ballinger and declaring that the Secretary's attitude on Alaska coal and land claims had been proper and the intervention of the Forestry Bureau in this matter had been unnecessary. Senator Dolliver thereupon startled his colleagues by reading a letter from Mr. Pinchot in which he defended two of his subordinates for aiding Mr. Glavis in his attack on Mr. Ballinger, called Mr. Glavis "the most vigorous defender of the people's interests," and declared that the President in dismissing Mr. Glavis had acted "through a mistaken impression of facts."

Mr. Pinchot was denounced roundly by Senator Hale for his action in sending the letter to Mr. Dolliver. Mr. Hale said that Mr. Pinchot's act was a serious breach of the rules of etiquette which govern the conduct of Government officials in interdepartmental affairs, and was also a violation of President Taft's order forbidding subordinates to give out information affecting public policy, except through their department heads.

When he heard of the Pinchot letter, President Taft hurriedly summoned such members of his Cabinet as were within reach. It is understood that the President's anger has been aroused, and that the Chief Forester is in danger of losing his place.

Mr. Pinchot's Letter.

In addressing his letter to Senator Dolliver, Mr. Pinchot indicated that it had been written at the request of the Iowa Senator, but it was addressed to him as Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, thus making it an official document. He said that Messrs. Price and Shaw had prepared an official report upon their actions which he was transmitting to the Secretary of Agriculture.

"This report shows that Messrs. Price and Shaw made public certain information regarding the so-called Cunningham claims for coal lands in Alaska," said Mr. Pinchot. "The effect of the publication was to direct critical public attention to the action of the Interior Department.

"It shows also that they countenanced the publication by L. R. Glavis of certain facts concerning these claims after he had been dismissed from office and that in other ways they endeavored to direct public attention to the imminent danger that the Alaska coal fields still in Government ownership might pass forever into private hands with little or no compensation to the public."

This information, Mr. Pinchot adds, was of a nature proper to be made public, "unless there are secrets which the people of the United States are not entitled to know concerning the source, nature, and progress of claims made for portions of the public lands.

"The rumor," he said, "that the Glavis report to the President was prepared in or by the Forest Service is incorrect. At Glavis's request I sent Shaw, as it was proper I should, to Chicago to assist him in arranging his material for submission to the President."

Thinks Taft Was Mistaken.

After saying that these officials had acted on information they had concerning the danger of the loss of the Alaska coal lands, Mr. Pinchot continued:

"Action through the usual official channels and finally even an appeal to the President had resulted [because of what I believe to have been a mistaken impression of the facts] in eliminating from the Government service in the person of Glavis the most vigorous defender of the people's interest. Furthermore, the refusal of the Secretary of the Interior to assume responsibility in the cases had left their conduct wholly in the hands of subordinates, each of whom was apparently committed in the favor of patenting these claims."

Price and Shaw, he said, deliberately chose to risk their official positions rather than permit what they believed to be the wrongful loss of public property. Having violated a rule of propriety as between the departments, Mr. Pinchot said, they deserved a reprimand, and had received one. "But I shall recommend," he added, "without hesitation that no further action in their case is required."

Mr. Pinchot said the action of these subordinates was most unusual, but suggested that the situation which called it forth was quite as unusual.

"Price and Shaw," he said, "successfully directed public attention to a National danger. They increased the people's interest in the people's property, and powerfully fostered the desire to conserve it. There is now far less chance that the Alaska coal fields will pass into the hands of fraudulent claimants than there was before they acted.

"They acted on what they believed to be trustworthy information. Many considerations which had not been brought home to the President's mind, as appears from his letter of Sept. 13, had weight with them."

Upon the conclusion of the discussion of the Pinchot letter, the President's message transmitting Attorney General Wickersham's report on the Ballinger case was laid before the Senate, but the long report was not read. It was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Wickersham's Report.

Mr. Wickersham in his report denounces Glavis as a "megalomaniac." He analyzes various correspondence and many of his acts in relation to the charges of misconduct against Secretary Ballinger and other officials of the Department of the Interior in dealing with the Cunningham claims, and declares that Mr. Glavis's statements are entirely disproved. It was upon this report that President Taft dismissed Mr. Glavis from the public service.

"Glavis's actions," the Attorney General says, "appear to have been founded upon a wholly exaggerated sense of his own importance and a desire for personal advancement rather than on any genuine desire to protect the interests of the Government, and this species of megalomania has finally led him to submit to you charges of improper motives and conduct against his official superiors which, in my opinion, are so unjust and unfounded as to merit his immediate separation from the service."

In his conclusions Mr. Wickersham says: "So far from taking action to favor the Cunningham claimants, the record clearly shows that Secretary Ballinger was scrupulously careful not in any respect to act upon these claims, for the reason that during the Summer of 1908, while he was in no manner connected with the Government, he had been consulted by some of the claimants with respect to the issuance of patents, and had called upon Secretary Garfield for the purpose of ascertaining the attitude of his department thereon. Neither his action nor any of his written or spoken expressions were favorable to these claimants. The utmost he did was to instruct the Land Office promptly to investigate and dispose of all pending cases."

No Violation of Law, He Says.

Mr. Wickersham characterizes as unsound the suggestion that it was unlawful for Mr. Ballinger to have any professional relation with these claimants because of his previous incumbency of the office of Commissioner of the General Land Office. The statute making it unlawful for any officer of the Government to prosecute any "claim" against the United States which was pending while he was in office within two years after he ceased to hold such position, he says, applies to a claim for money against the United States, which view he upholds by citations of court decisions.

The Government, says Mr. Wickersham, had an abundance of time to investigate these claims, the attention of the Land Office being specifically directed to them in August, 1907. They were put in Mr. Glavis's hands, together with the investigation of all other Alaska coal land locations and entries in January, 1908. All the essential facts relating to the claims, he says, seem to have been ascertained by Mr. Glavis in the Spring of 1908. All the assistance he required, he says, was supplied to make these investigations, and he had upward of two years to complete them.

"All efforts to induce him to bring his investigation to a conclusion," the Attorney General says, "were met only with requests for further assistance, coupled with criticism of his superior officers, as well as of other special agents who had been connected with the cases."

"The investigation of the Forestry Bureau procured by Glavis," the Attorney General continues, "is shown by the record to have been entirely unnecessary to the protection of the interests of the United States."

It was on or about Aug. 10, Mr. Wickersham says, that Mr. Glavis took his summary and report of charges to Mr. Pinchot, who "advised him to lay the whole matter before the President without delay, and gave him a letter of introduction to the President."

Calls Glavis Report Unfair.

Mr. Glavis's report and summary he insists "abound in contradictions and misstatements." He adds that "they omit to a degree that amounts to absolute suppression letters, telegrams, and other documents, some of which were in his possession and others which were available to him, and which completely rebut inferences he seeks to have drawn from those which he does submit."

Upholding the conduct of officials of the Department of the Interior, Mr. Wickersham says their actions were inspired by a proper desire to bring to a conclusion an investigation which "was prolonged beyond all reason."

"Glavis," he says, "appears at all times to have been prolific in criticism and fault finding of other officials of his department, desirous of increasing his jurisdiction, ready with reasons for delay, but never ready to complete anything he ever undertook. His action in appealing to the Forestry Bureau of the Department of Agriculture to intervene in these cases without consulting any of his official superiors was a breach of all proper discipline."

Senator Nelson, as Chairman of the Committee on Public Lands, has called a meeting for Saturday morning to consider the several resolutions relating to the investigation of the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy.

Senate Lines Up for Fight.

The way in which the Pinchot letter and the communication from the President were received indicate that already the Senate is lining up for a big fight, even before the committee to investigate the matter is appointed. The President's data, of which the Attorney General's report formed a part, were called for by the resolution of Senator Flint, a regular Republican, after consultation at the White House. In the same way the letter from Secretary Ballinger, which was read in the Senate before the holidays, was called forth after many conferences between Mr. Ballinger and Senator Jones, a Senator who is becoming more and more regular as time goes on. The other side of the case is more and more rapidly assuming an insurgent complexion. Senator Dolliver to-day took the lead in reading the Pinchot letter, and Mr. Dolliver is known to have the highest respect of the insurgents. He declared himself as having also the highest respect for Mr. Pinchot, and the general opinion in the Senate is that public belief in the investigation can be obtained only by having it in the hands of some insurgent like Mr. Nelson, who has no affiliations with the Administration.

This division of the Senate into parties over the matter was still further evidenced to-day by Senator Hale's comment on the Pinchot letter. He said it was a flagrant violation of the President's recent order forbidding subordinates to give out information affecting public policy except through their department heads. The broad scope of Mr. Pinchot's letter, said Mr. Hale, left no doubt that the information and comment it contained brought it within the meaning of the executive order and laid the author under censure to that extent. He also deprecated any tendency to forestall, by an appeal to the public, the investigation started by Congress into the matter.

Dolliver Defends Pinchot.

Senator Dolliver defended Mr. Pinchot warmly and declared that so far as forestalling the investigation was concerned, Mr. Pinchot had ample precedent in the action of Secretary Ballinger, who first brought the matter openly before the Senate in his letter to Senator Jones criticizing the Forestry Bureau and asking for an investigation.

When the President, after hearing of the Pinchot letter, sent for the Cabinet members, Secretary Knox, Secretary MacVeagh, Attorney General Wickersham, and Secretary Wilson soon put in an appearance. It was said that Mr. Pinchot's conduct was discussed at length, although none of the Cabinet officers who participated in the conference would discuss their call to the White House.

President Taft some time ago issued an order that no subordinate in any Government department should disclose any information to Congress except through the head of the department.

Mr. Pinchot's direct slap at the President and his statement impugning the intentions of high officials of the Interior Department are said to have aroused Mr. Taft to keen resentment.

The President is said to have felt for some time that Mr. Pinchot has been "defying the lightning." Some action as to Mr. Pinchot's course in the letter incident is not unexpected.

That Mr. Pinchot realizes the danger of retirement for subordinates who attack their superiors is evident in his statement that Shaw and Price risked their official positions in the interests of the public. Many persons believe that Mr. Pinchot will find that he has forfeited his position by reason of his latest act.

BLUNDER COSTLY TO STATE.

Clause Left Out of Codified Laws Leaves $50,000,000 Untaxed.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—A blunder in the codification of the State laws last June by the omission of a clause from the tax laws caused a loss to the State on taxes on $50,000,000 personal property. This with several other defects and "loopholes" in the laws have been pointed out to the Legislature by Tax Commissioner Trefry in his annual report.

The law imposing taxes on express companies has failed as a revenue producer, the Commissioner states. The report recommends the dissolution of about 700 corporations that are not using their charters.

MAY SELL THAW'S PROPERTY.

Trustee Presents Petition for Disposal of Goods Worth $340,000.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 6.—Referee in Bankruptcy Blair has set Jan. 13 for a hearing on a petition for an order to dispose of personal property of Harry K. Thaw, now confined in the Matteawan Asylum. Roger O'Mara, trustee for the estate of Thaw, presented the petition to-day.

Thaw's interest in several pieces of real estate in this city will be sold, and, among other articles, his rugs, carpets, chairs, desks, tapestry, books, and pictures. The whole property is said to be worth in the neighborhood of $340,000.

TAFT IS ASSAILED AS ALLY OF CANNON

Representative Norris Says the President Is Punishing Those Who Oppose the Speaker.

INSURGENTS TO FIGHT ON

Won't Be Scared Into Silence, Nebraskan Asserts, by Losing Patronage —Not Against the Administration.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—In an interview to-day Representative Norris of Nebraska, one of the leading insurgents of the House, charged the President with singling out the House enemies of Speaker Cannon for punishment by withholding patronage. He declared that the insurgents would not be intimidated into silence by any combination between the President and the Speaker.

"The insurgent Republicans of the House are not intimidated by the action of the Administration in withholding patronage from them, and are not scared into silence by any apparent combination of President Taft and Speaker Cannon," said Representative Norris.

"President Taft is making a grave mistake by aiding Cannon in this way, and I want to say so unhesitatingly," he continued. "I do not object, nor do any of the insurgents object, as far as I know, to the withholding of patronage from us. But I denounce this singling out of the men who have opposed Cannon and the House organization for an infliction of punishment.

"How can the President say we are opposed to his policies and declare that we are to be punished for it when we have not opposed his policies in any way? We do not, in fact, know yet what President Taft's policies are to be. We have not even received his messages upon several important subjects.

"The President is aiding Cannon. There is no other construction that can be placed upon this move of the Administration.

"The fight of the insurgents in the House will continue against Speaker Cannon and the House rules, which he personifies. We will not, however, oppose any policy of the President so long as it is Republican doctrine."

Speaker Cannon called at the White House to-day and had a few minutes' talk with President Taft. On his way out the Speaker made a few remarks concerning the doctrine of party regularity.

"My test of regularity in politics, church, finance, or family," he said, "is co-operation, harmony. I am a great believer in caucus—the wicked caucus. Get together and fight out the differences there, and if you are licked come back and fight again. We can't all have our way in this world. We do not have our way, no matter how big or high we may be. I haven't much patience with these men who are wiser than all the other fellows put together, and whose views are unchangeable. I always feel that a man of that sort has no business in an organization. If he can't fight it out in party ranks and yield if he is beaten then he had better go out and join the enemy, or, better still, form an organization of his own."

DIDN'T SCARE THE COURT.

Though He Said Gaynor Was His Friend He Got Five Days.

The plea that "Mayor Gaynor is a friend of mine" did not help Matthew Marks of 151 West Fifteenth Street one bit in the Night Court last night. He was fined $5 for making a fuss in a Fourteenth Street drug store, and in default of payment will spend five days on Blackwell's Island.

Marks, who was a wide six-footer, with a long, flowing white beard, and said he was 76 years old, made a scene when arraigned, turning to Patrolman Weil and shouting:

"I know Judge Gaynor better than the Magistrate here, and the day after tomorrow you won't be wearing that uniform."

"I won't permit officers to be threatened in this court," roared Magistrate House.

Marks became profane at this point, but soon changed tactics, and tried to mollify the Magistrate by calling him "My dear boy."

"Five dollars or five days," said the Magistrate sharply. When he failed to produce the amount of the fine, officers led away the Mayor's friend to the detention pen.

Erie Fined $1,000 for Using Soft Coal.

In Jersey City yesterday Judge Robert Carey of Special Sessions Court fined the Erie Railroad Company $1,000 for maintaining a soft-coal nuisance in Jersey City, despite warnings not to do so. The fine is the maximum penalty. The Erie Company pleaded non vult and threw itself on the mercy of the court.

SNUBS THE HOOKWORM.

Hadley Won't Recognize It by Naming Delegates to Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 6.—Missouri will not be represented at the National hookworm convention, called to assemble at Atlanta, Ga., on Jan. 18; at least not so far as Gov. Hadley is concerned. The Governor said so this evening, after he had perused a letter from Tom L. Cannon of St. Louis, head of the Business Men's League of St. Louis.

Mr. Cannon wanted to know if the Governor had named delegates to this meeting, and he said St. Louis would like to have the National hookworm conference next year.

The Governor is inclined to ridicule the purposes of John D. Rockefeller's conference, and said he had not been requested to appoint delegates to the Atlanta gathering and that he would not do so. He said he has appointed delegates to National conventions representing almost everything else under the sun, but would draw the line on hook worm meetings. So far as the Governor knows the hook worm has not a friend in the State, and he doesn't intend to give it official recognition at this time.

TOBACCO ARGUMENT CLOSED.

Attorney General Wickersham Says Ttrust Comes Under Sherman Law.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Alleging that the American Tobacco Company controlled a preponderating portion of the tobacco business in the country, Attorney General Wickersham to-day made the last of the arguments before the Supreme Court in the Tobacco Trust cases.

Without any especial effort at oratorical display, Mr. Wickersham entered upon an analysis of the tobacco company's growth, and thus sought to convince the court that it was a combination in restraint of trade under the terms of the Sherman law, and should be declared illegal.

He traced the growth of the organization from 1890, when, he said, the first combination had been made by the consolidation of five different tobacco companies. This was the year in which the Sherman law was enacted, and the Attorney General declared that even before the law came into existence the organization was antagonistic to its spirit. From the combination of five companies into one the trust had gradually gathered unto itself sixty different institutions, so that it was now able to control practically all of the cigarette business and the larger portion of the entire tobacco industry of the United States.

Declaring that the income of the American Tobacco Company in 1907 had amounted to $36,000,000, he asserted that it was one of the greatest industries that had ever been before the court, and he argued that it came clearly within the inhibitions of the Sherman acts.

WATER INSPECTOR HELD UP.

Two Highwaymen Get a $650 Ring from Edward Mulry.

Edward Mulvy, an inspector for the Water Department, was assaulted and robbed of a diamond ring, valued at $650, by two highwaymen at midnight Wednesday night, while walking along Foster's Meadow Road in Rosedale, Queens. The men who attacked him escaped.

One of the men hit him on the head with the butt of a revolver, and as he fell stunned to the ground, the other ripped the glove from his right hand, disclosing the diamond ring, which he pocketed.

Mr. Mulvy could give only a scant description of his assailants.

OUR BANKERS TO BACK KNOX'S PLAN IN CHINA

Continued from Page 1.

of Chinese political integrity and equality of commercial opportunity, suggested that American co-operation with the powerful international financial groups already formed would be useful to further the policies to which all were alike pledged.

Four Great Capitalist Nations.

"This Government pointed out that the greatest danger at present in China to the open door and the development of foreign trade arose from disagreements among the great western nations and expressed the opinion that nothing would afford so impressive an object lesson to China and the world as the sight of the four great capitalist nations—Great Britain, Germany, France, and the United States—standing together for equality of commercial opportunity.

"As a result of this communication an agreement was soon reached with the Chinese Government that American bankers should take one-fourth of the total loan, and that Americans and American materials should have all the same rights, privileges, preferences, and discretions for all present and prospective lines that were reserved to the British, German, and French nationals and materials under the terms of their original agreement—except only the right to appoint chief engineers for the two sections about to be placed under contract. As to the latter point China gave assurance that American engineers would be employed upon the engineering corps of both roads, and that the present waiving of America's right to chief engineers would in no way prejudice its rights in that regard when future extensions should be constructed. After several months of continuous negotiation, the right to such American all-around equal participation has been acknowledged and a final settlement on this basis has been all but completed.

"The grounds for this energetic action on the part of the United States Government have not been generally understood. Railroad loans floated by China have in the past generally been given an imperial guarantee and secured by first mortgages on the lines constructed, or by pledging provincial revenues as security. The proposed hypothecation of China's internal revenue for a loan was, therefore, regarded as involving important political considerations.

"The fact that the loan was to carry an imperial guaarntee and be secured on the internal revenues made it of the greatest importance that the United States should participate therein in order that this Government might be in a position as an interested party to exercise an influence equal to that of any of the other three powers in any question arising through the pledging of China's national resources and to enable the United States, moreover, at the proper time again to support China in urgent and desirable fiscal administrative reforms, such as the abolition of likin, the revision of the customs tariff, and general fiscal and monetary rehabilitation.

"There were, however, stronger reasons and broader grounds. In fact the action of the Government in respect to the pending loan was but the first step in a new phase of the traditional policy of the United States in China, and with special reference to Manchuria. As is well known, the essential principles of the Hay policy of the open door are the preservation of the territorial and jurisdictional integrity of the Chinese Empire, and equal commercial opportunity in China for all nations.

"This Government believes that one of the most effective, if not the most effective way to secure for China the undisturbed enjoyment of all political rights in Manchuria and to promote the normal development of the eastern provinces under the policy of the open door practically applied, would be to take the railroads of Manchuria out of eastern politics, and place them under an economic and impartial administration by vesting in China the ownership of its railroads; the funds for that purpose to be furnished by the nationals of such interested powers as might be willing to participate, and who are pledged to the policy of the open door and equal opportunity, the powers participating to operate the railway system during the period of the loan, and enjoy the usual preferences in supplying materials.

Case of Japan and Russia.

"Such a policy would naturally require for its execution the co-operation not only of China, but also of Japan and of Russia, who already have extensive railway rights in Manchuria. The advantages of such a plan are obvious. It would insure unimpaired Chinese sovereignty, the commercial and industrial development of the Manchurian provinces, and furnish a substantial reason for the early solution of the problems of fiscal and monetary reform which are now receiving such earnest attention from the Chinese Government. It would afford an opportunity for both Russia and Japan to shift their onerous duties, responsibilities, and expenses in connection with these railways to the shoulders of the combined powers, including themselves. Such a policy, moreover, would effect a complete commercial neutralization of Manchuria and in so doing make a large contribution to the peace of the world by converting the provinces of Manchuria into an immense commercial neutral zone.

"The recent signature of an ad referendum agreement between a representative of the Chinese Government and the financial representatives of the United States and Great Britain to finance and construct a railway line from Chinchow to Aigun gave the United States an opportunity to lay this proposal before the Government of Great Britain for its consideration, and it is gratifying to be able to state that the project has already received the approval in principle of that Government. There are reasons to believe that such a plan might also meet with like favorable consideration on the part of Russia. Germany and China cordially approve the American suggestion, and certain press reports from Japan indicate that the project may likewise be received with favor by that country. For instance, a recent article on the subject in the Japan Mail ends with these significant words:

"'One cannot conceal from oneself the fact that if all the railways forming part of the system which connects the West with the Far East were converted into a neutral estate a great contribution will be made to the peace of the world.'"

The boldness of the American proposal is at once apparent to any one who stops to consider the immense price in blood and treasure that Russia and Japan have paid for their Manchurian railroads. Now that after all their labor and expense they have just reached a situation where some return seems possible from these roads, Mr. Knox calmly asks them to share their interest with the United States, Great Britain, Germany, and France. He bases his request upon broad principles which they have both acknowledged, and he points out the right of the other countries that have joined in the acceptance of the principle of Chinese integrity and the equal opportunity to share in the financial responsibilities as well.

Value of Recent Concessions.

Also the fact that the British-American concession covers a line that crosses the Russian line and penetrates country well up toward the Amur line must give the Russian Government something to think about. But Mr. Knox proposes to Russia and Japan that the American-British concession shall be thrown into the pot along with their roads provided they agree to the sale of their interests to China; and then the international syndicate can determine whether to build the proposed line or not. Its competition under such circumstances would not be a menace to the South Manchurian line, for they would both be held, as far as practical purposes go, by the same syndicate.

The whole proposal, in fact, is for the establishment of a great international monopoly of the Manchurian railroads, yet it would not be a monopoly dangerous to the business interests of any country, for all the business world would be party to it.

Some idea of the physical size of the American proposal can be gained from the fact that there are approximately 2,500 miles of operating railroads involved. The international syndicate contemplated would be expected to undertake the development of the complete Manchurian system of roads.

RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE FRIENDLY.

Sees Good in Our Plan, but Waits on Powers—England Well Disposed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 6.—The Foreign Office has taken no action on the memorandum presented by the United States Government relative to the neutralization of the Manchurian railroads, which has been submitted for a careful examination conjointly by the Ministers of Finance and War. The ultimate attitude of Russia will depend largely upon the reception of the proposals by the other powers, and the developments in this matter will necessarily consume a great deal of time.

A leading official of the Foreign Office in an interview to-day stated that the proposals were not regarded as in any sense unfriendly or unwelcome, and would be approached from the standpoint of practical possibilities and receive attention commensurate with the magnitude of the political, economic, and military questions involved. As Russia's policy in the Far East is defensive, and not aggressive, certain features outlined in the memorandum are decidedly advantageous, but the success or failure of the proposals will be determined largely by the attitude of Japan, whose portion of the railroads is vital to the scheme.

In reply to similar proposals from China, Russia had stipulated that the transfer should occur after the completion of the Amur Railway, but in the present case the neutralization feature disposes of the necessity of such stipulation.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Great Britain has not given as yet a formal reply to the proposal of the United States for the neutralization of the Manchurian railroads, though this proposal has not been received unsympathetically.

It has been felt here for some time that the railway situation in Manchuria was one of the most dangerous elements of Far Eastern politics, and in common with the United States, Great Britain would be gratified to see the question settled.

However, it is realized that Russia and Japan are more vitally interested in the subject, and while the Foreign Office would suggest to her ally, and also to Russia, the acceptance of some such proposal as that made by the Government of the United States, the British Government is not disposed to press the matter of the whole question involved. Nevertheless, a fuller consideration will be given the subject when the Ministers of the Cabinet are released from the duties imposed upon them by the present campaign.

STEEL TRUST EVIL, LABOR TELLS TAFT

Leaders Carry Their Fight to the President, and Ask for Investigation.

ILLEGAL ACTS ARE CHARGED

Assert That Corporation Violates Sherman Law, Is Excluding American Workmen, and Oppresses Employes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The American Federation of Labor, through a committee headed by Samuel Gompers, James O'Connell, and other union leaders, to-day carried its fight against the United States Steel Corporation to President Taft. The committee presented to the President a formal paper in which it set forth fourteen different charges of illegality against the Steel Corporation, and asked for an immediate investigation of the so-called trust, which they assert is operating in defiance of law. The President promised to take up the matter with the Secretary of Commerce and Labor and with Labor Commissioner Neill.

The first charge against the Steel Corporation is that it is an illegal combination existing in defiance of the Sherman anti-trust law. The labor leaders say that if the Government officials will, as they have done in the cases of the Standard Oil Company and the Tobacco Trust, present to a competent court the facts concerning the Steel Corporation a decision against the corporation logically would follow.

It is charged that this "great American industry," founded upon the tariff enacted for the protection of American labor from the competition of the pauper labor of Europe, is speedily and effectually excluding American labor, skilled and unskilled, from its employment, and has again and again advertised that "Syrians, Poles, and Roumanians are preferred" as its employes.

It is charged that the Steel Corporation "not only degrades labor by low wages and a twelve-hour workday, but denies a day of rest by enforcing work seven days in the week"; that it "tyranically prevents the organization of its workers to elevate the standard of living, and suppresses and prevents free speech and public meetings"; that it "boycotts American labor, and has enforced decrees of banishment from communities where it dominates."

In conclusion it is charged that the Steel Corporation "is organized illegally, dominant, and defiant, with no respect for legal right and human right and with brutal indifference as to human capacity for endurance, and for deaths and injuries of its toilers; that its continued existence and methods are a menace not only to labor, but to the business men outside of its baneful power and influence."

CAUGHT IN TUNNEL LEADING TO A BANK

Continued from Page 1.

went back to the Eldridge Street Station and said he had heard more signs of distress from Finkelstein.

"I can hear him breathing and moaning," he declared. "He must be in the cellar. I know he is."

"What makes you think so?" demanded the Sergeant.

Gardus looked confused for a moment, the police say, and then stammered:

"I think you will find that some of the cellar has fallen on him: I think he is buried in there. He will die if you don't hurry."

The desk Sergeant again sent word to the Detective Bureau, and Detectives Maddock and Hart went back, taking Gardus with them. Once in the cellar, Gardus pointed to some boxes that stood in the northeast corner—the side toward the street—and suggested that the detectives look there.

"What's the use?" demanded the detectives.

"Well, look, anyhow," replied Gardus.

The detectives did not think it worth while, but they began moving aside the pile of boxes and barrels, heaped some ten feet high. They noticed that there seemed to be an opening down toward the bottom of the heap, about large enough for a man to squeeze through.

When they had moved the barricade the detectives, with the aid of their lantern, looked at the wall of the building and were surprised to find an opening about three feet square. It ran down through the pier, or support, of the building, with a sharp drop. The detectives poked the lantern into the mouth of the orifice and saw that the hole turned out towards the street. They looked at each other and then at Gardus, who stood trembling and rubbing his hands together.

"What's this hole here for?" asked one of the detectives.

Gardus replied, with shaky voice, that he did not know.

"Where does it lead to?" demanded the detective.

"I don't know," replied Gardus.

"We'll find out," quoth the sleuth.

Building Department Called In.

Hart went to the street and telephoned to the Building Department, while Maddock remained in the cellar, to keep Gardus under his eye, and also to listen for any moan from Finkelstein. Gardus stood by the detective's side, uttering not a word. No sound came from Finkelstein.

"If he's in here he must be dead," suggested the detective to Gardus.

The youth nodded his head affirmatively, and grew even more excited.

The detective tried to draw out some further statement from Gardus, but he maintained silence, beyond insisting that he had not known of the tunnel, and that if Finkelstein had crawled in there, Gardus did not know it. They had gone to the cellar, he said, merely to get wood on several occasions, and Finkelstein never indicated to Gardus, so he said, that he knew of the existence of the secret passage.

In less than an hour Inspector Reville was on the scene with several workmen, and he set to work to investigate the tunnel in earnest. With an electric lamp in front of him, Reville sent one of the workmen down into the tunnel with instructions to see how far it went. The workman squeezed himself in and crawled along on his stomach.

The air was suffocating, and he could not get very far with any comfort. After five minutes or so he came crawling backward and said he had got in some fifteen feet, but that the tunnel seemed to stretch way out beyond the point he had reached.

Reville wanted to satisfy himself, so he took the lantern and proceeded to make his own investigation.

He found that the passage went out about six feet in a direction straight east, so far as he could make it out, and then took an irregular course toward the northeast. There was a rather sharp turn at what Reville judged to be the sidewalk line, and from there the tunnel went in an uncertain zigzag course, as though the maker of it had lost his direction.

Reville did not care to venture to the extreme end of the damp passage, fearing that it might cave in and bury him. As he crawled through pieces of dirt and small stones dropped down upon him, and the loosening earth gave him no sense of security.

Reville went as far as his judgment would allow him to do, and then surveyed the dark recess with his lantern. He saw that the cave was made up of many bends, but calculated that if it was the intention of the industrious builder to make it end at the bank, he had kept the general direction fairly accurately.

When Reville emerged he was covered with dirt and could hardly see. He described the tunnel as appearing to have been dug with a pick and shovel, although he was at a loss to determine how a man could have wielded them in so circumscribed a space.

The Risk Too Great.

After a consultation with Police Commissioner Baker over the telephone, Reville announced that he would not permit his men to go into the tunnel to dig for Finkelstein. He refused to take the responsibility of the men losing their lives. The only way to accomplish the work, Reville said, was from the outside, and he instructed his force to start taking up cobble stones at the curb nearest the building, at about the spot where he judged the tunnel ran.

They set to work at it and after eight hours of hard digging they came to the roof of the tunnel.

The work under the glare of torches, attracted a large crowd and police lines had to be stretched to enable the workmen sufficient room. Word that a man was supposed to have been buried alive in a queer tunnel far below the street, was sufficient to set the east side astir.

While the men worked not a sound came from Finkelstein. If he was in the tunnel, the police believed he must have perished long before.

The police took Gardus to the Eldridge Street Station after work was begun for the rescue of Finkelstein and he was plied with questions, but all the police could get out of him was that he and Finkelstein had gone to the cellar about 4 o'clock after wood and that he came out, expecting Finkelstein to come up after him. Gardus did not miss Finkelstein, he declared, until late in the nght and then he wondered what could have happene to him.

It was not until early in the morning that Gardus thought of going into the cellar to look for his brother-in-law, he said, and then he heard the hard breathing and groans. He could not imagine, he insisted, where the noise came from, and was quite terrified.

All of this was unsatisfactory to the police, for they considered that Gardus must have had some inkling of the existence of the tunnel, but they could not shake his story, and so he was locked up to await developments.

When detectives called on Mrs. Finkelstein she was in a state of fear. She declared that her husband used frequently to go into the cellar next door and that he would tell her he had some wood stored there. Sometimes he would be gone a long time, but would always come back with an armful of wood. She was utterly at a loss, though, to account for his absences from home at night. He never told where he had been, and she felt it was useless to press him with questions.

Asked if she believed that her husband might have spent his time at night in digging at the underground passage, Mrs. Finkelstein replied:

"I do not know. If he did such a thing he never told me one word of it."

A Tortuous Passage.

At 11:45 o'clock last night the workmen, under Inspector Reville, had shored up the tunnel beneath the spot where they opened it from the street. Inspector Reville, having made another inspection and having discovered the tortuous direction taken by the passage, ordered his men to dig down again at a point just southeast of the original opening and in the middle of the street.

Although the tunnel appeared on the later examination of Reville to have been dug out toward the southeast instead of the northeast, the Inspector said it was likely that its course changed again before it got to the opposite side of Ludlow Street, and that it would be found to head for the bank.

Inspector Reville was much concerned for the safety of the unoccupied structure where the tunnel started. The pier supporting its northeast corner had been entirely undermined by the tunnel digger and the Inspector declared that there was danger of the building collapsing. He said that if the tunnel had been constructed for any length of time it was rather remarkable that the walls had not settled. Examination revealed not a crack in the walls.

CLASH IN THE HOUSE OVER ASTOR SEARCH

Inquiry Into Expense of Hunt for Yacht Is Ordered, but Will Be Perfunctory.

NO FAVORITISM WAS SHOWN

Mann Criticises Hardwick for Calling for the Investigation and Defends the Revenue Cutter Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6. — Col. John Jacob Astor had his name spread all over The Congressional Record this afternoon. It happened because some time ago Representative Hardwick of Georgia introduced a resolution in which he wanted to know how much money had been spent by the United States Government in having its revenue cutters search for the yacht Nourmahal, aboard of which Col. Astor and his son had passed out of touch with the world somewhere in southern waters. There were those who considered that Mr. Hardwick insinuated that the Government would not have gone to the same trouble for a poor man, but this allegation the Georgia Democrat vehemently denied.

The resolution was reported to the House by Chairman Hill of the Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department, who declared that he was opposed to the spirit of the measure, but favored its adoption, as long as it had been introduced, in order that the Revenue Cutter Service might set itself aright in the eyes of the country.

The discussion, pro and con, became heated and gave Representative Mann a chance to rain a cloudburst of ridicule on the head of Mr. Hardwick, who had the effrontery to insinuate that the Revenue Cutter Service was steered by a creed of snobbishness in extending aid to mariners in distress. He declared that it was the only group of vessels that put out to sea in a storm, when others were making for port. Figures were produced by him from the Revenue Cutter Service to show that the entire cost of the search was little, if any, more than $60.

"This resolution is a reflection on the Revenue Cutter Service," declared Mr. Mann, hotly.

"I think the gentleman is most unkind," interjected Mr. Hardwick. "I merely seek information as to whether such aid as was rendered to the Nourmahal was rendered to all alike, rich and poor, influential and uninfluential."

"If it had not been a rich man's yacht this resolution never would have been offered," replied Mr. Mann. "The Revenue Cutter Service went to the assistance of 156 vessels during the last fiscal year and saved many lives. It did not go to the aid of the Nourmahal particularly to save a rich man, but also to rescue the fifty people aboard that boat who were not rich men."

Representative Hill joined in the debate.

"If no one had been on that yacht but John Jacob Astor," he said, "it was the duty of the Revenue Cutter Service to send a vessel to his assistance."

"And I fully agree with the gentleman," said Mr. Hardwick.

"Even if Col. Astor is a rich man," continued Mr. Hill, "he is deserving of much from the people of the United States. At the outbreak of the late war he offered this same yacht, worth several hundred thousand dollars, to the Government, and he organized and equipped the Astory Battery, which afterward rendered great service in the Philippines."

Mr. Hill then related how President Roosevelt had sent one of the battleships on the way around the word to a remote island in the Southern Pacific in search of an American seaman named Gooff, who had been shipwrecked on a Norwegian bark.

"And he did no more than right," thundered Mr. Hill. "That's what revenue cutters and naval vessels are for."

The resolution prevailed, and the investigation called for will be made in a perfunctory way.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

OLD MEXICO AND THE GRAND CANYON.

Tradition says that Mexico was settled by the Toltecs in the 8th century. Whether this be true or not, Cortez in 1519 found a civilization in Tenochtitlan (now the City of Mexico,) that in many respects was far in advance of many so-called civilized countries in those days.

Mexico has changed but little since the days of Cortez. In many sections the natives speak a corrupted form of the old Aztec tongue; cathedrals reared by the *conquistadores* to mark their victory still uplift their hoary heads, and many novel sights present themselves to the tourist.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will run a personally-conducted thirty-day tour through Mexico, leaving the East February 3, by special train of Pullman parlor smoking, dining, compartment, drawing-room sleeping, and observation cars.

The itinerary includes three days in New Orleans during the picturesque Mardi Gras carnival, with special seats on grandstand to view the pageants, and three days in the City of Mexico, with visits to Mobile, San Antonio, Monterey, San Luis Potosi, Tampico, Queretaro, Orizaba, Cuernavaca, Puebla (for the Pyramid of Cholula), Guanajuato, Aguascalientes, and Zacatecas.

On the return journey a side trip will be made to the Grand Canyon of Arizona, one of the great wonders of the world. Two days will be spent at this unique creation of nature.

Full information and rates will be furnished by Ticket Agents, C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Ave., New York, or by Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia.

CHARRON, Ltd.

New 16-20 4 Cylinder, $3,250

New 18-24 6 Cylinder, $4,000

Grand Central Palace
AUTOMOBILE SHOW
C. G. V. IMPORT CO.

Landay Bros. Inc.
Victor
400 Fifth Av
(Opp. Tiffany's.)
27 West 34th St.
(McCreery's side.)
OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

ANNOUNCE FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
(FRIDAY & SATURDAY)

An Extraordinary Offering of
165 Cloth Dresses for Women
to close
at remarkable reductions

Every garment is from our own distinctive stock: new and attractive tailor-made or embroidered models designed to wear with cloth or fur coats.

The materials are principally imported broadcloths, in all shades suited for street or house use, as well as black.

Dresses formerly 29.50 & 37.50 at 18.00
Dresses formerly 22.00 & 25.00 at 15.00
Dresses formerly 18.00 at 10.00

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE WE SHALL OFFER TO-DAY
23 Dresses of chiffon or voile in light colorings
Formerly 35.00 & 45.00, Reduced to 19.00

PIERCE-ARROW

We borrowed our customers' cars

for our exhibition at the Garden this week, as every 1910 car was sold before the end of last September. Orders for 1911 cars are now being received.

HARROLDS MOTOR CAR CO.
233 W. 54th Street, New York

ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY
154 Washington St., Newark, N. J.
New Jersey Agents

THE CITY FOG BOUND, STREETS LIKE GLASS

Hundreds Hurt by Falling and the Ambulances Could Not Run Fast Enough.

SNOW NEXT, PROPHET SAYS

Then More Cold—Miserable Day, Beginning with Milkless Breakfast and Traffic at Sixes and Sevens.

Under the blanket of fog which closed down on the city yesterday, New Yorkers contended with one of the most disagreeable and dangerous days of the Winter.

Over ice-glazed pavements slippery as glass men and women had to pick their way. Hospitals were crowded with victims who had injured limbs by slipping. More than 300 were treated for broken bones, sprains, or bruises. Some will stay in the hospital for many days. And besides these were many more—the largest number of the fallen—who received medical attention at drug stores or in the office of the nearest doctor.

As for conditions to-day, the weather man did not hold out much encouragement last night, while the Western blizzard which a few days ago appeared to be heading this way has passed into Canada. He said another snowstorm is due here some time to-day. This is coming from the South. Yesterday it was sweeping over Alabama and other Southern States, heading northeast at a lively clip. The forecast for to-day includes colder weather. For to-morrow the Weather Man predicts a fair day, but still colder temperatures, with variable winds, becoming high, from the northwest.

All day the wail of fog whistles on the rivers and bay told the story of interrupted traffic along the water front and at the railroad stations. Many trains were delayed because of slippery rails. Wires were down between here and many of the towns within a radius of 100 miles. But to New Yorkers who had to be out of doors the slippery streets were worse than this. Through the hours after midnight a drizzle had been falling, freezing as it reached the ground and it was through this that the early crowds had to pick their way to the nearest car lines. It was hard to walk, for the hour was too early for janitors to sprinkle ashes on the pavements.

Ambulance calls began pouring in at the hospitals and the ambulance surgeons and drivers, who had enjoyed a short respite after midnight, began to rush again. As many as nine calls came in within five minutes over the Bellevue Hospital telephone. Necessarily the progress of the ambulance horses was slow, for it was dangerous to urge a horse faster than a walk, and even though the Bellevue horses were rough shod they could not gallop over the treacherous streets.

The six horse ambulances and the automobile ambulance connected with Bellevue were all on the go throughout the morning and nine tenths of the cases they dealt with were of persons who had been injured by falling in the street.

Between 6 o'clock on Wednesday night and noon yesterday twenty-five men and women who had received serious injuries by falling on the pavements had been taken to Bellevue and twenty-five more sufferers had walked to the accident ward for treatment for their injuries.

At most of the hospitals the conditions were much the same. Twenty-seven persons who had received more or less serious injuries were taken to Flower Hospital in the early morning. Some of them are still in the institution. St. Vincent's was swamped with accident cases and the two ambulances were in constant service. It was said there yesterday afternoon that more than 100 calls had come in for street injuries.

At Roosevelt Hospital the surgeons were required to care for forty men and women hurt by falling in the streets. Sixteen persons were taken to the New York Hospital in the morning, and the calls upon the hospitals further uptown were in proportion.

Among the hospital victims were several policemen. Policeman Frederick Fitzgerald of Macdougal Street, walking in Hudson Street, near Spring, fell, his head striking the pavement. At St. Vincent's Hospital it was thought he had sustained a fractured skull. Policeman Edward Fitzgibbons fell on leaving the Arsenal Station in Central Park. At the Presbyterian Hospital it was found that he had suffered internal injuries in addition to bruises.

One death was attributed to the sleet. Max Guenther, 59 years old, of 4,629 Bronx Boulevard, fell on the ice-covered steps of the New York Central Station at Wakefield. He died a few hours afterward. He had been suffering from heart disease, and the shock of the fall is supposed to have been more than he could stand.

Edward Whelan of 345 West Twentieth Street was taken to Hudson Street Hospital suffering from concussion of the brain from a fall. Frank Silverstone of 524 West 134th Street sustained a broken collarbone by falling in crossing 125th Street, near Amsterdam Avenue. He was taken to the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

The names of many of those hurt in the streets are being withheld by the police under instructions of the Corporation Counsel. These instructions were given, it is said, to prevent possible damage suits against the city.

In the morning, when street conditions were at their worst, many automobile delivery wagons started out from the department stores, but quickly went back to the sheds. Most of the horses seen in the streets were rough shod, the spikes at the rear ends of their shoes enabling them to maintain a footing. Several horses wearing a new style of ice shoe were seen. This is formed of several links of chain, somewhat resembling the ice chains used on automobile tires. It is fastened on over the shoe and prevents slipping on ice.

It was a bad day for automobiles. Several were deserted on Riverside Drive in the morning and left there until late in the day, when the street conditions had improved. One car which ventured into Central Park met with an accident before it had proceeded very far. The machine, driven by James Gonesson of 337 West Eighty-sixth Street, was going slowly along the East Drive near Seventy-second Street, when it skidded and dashed into the iron railing at the side of the drive. The railing was torn down for about twenty feet and the machine was damaged. None of the occupants were hurt.

HIGHLAND PURE RYE
FINEST AMERICAN WHISKEY

Bottled in bond—
Seven years old—
Age guaranteed by U. S. Gov'm't Stamp on bottle
ASK FOR A
HIGHLAND RYE BALL

On some of the Park paths sand was sprinkled, making walking possible if one took care to pick his way along. On many of the steep paths and on some of the inclines along Riverside Drive hundreds of children were sledding.

Street car traffic suffered with the rest. Now and then the ice on the elevated rails would cause a short circuit, and there would be a delay, while irate passengers fumed at the weather. While few of the horse cars in the lower crosstown streets ran yesterday morning, they were in operation late in the afternoon, although the car horses fell now and then.

The effects of the traffic delay were felt by housewives as soon as they rose. Thousands of flat dwellers went without fresh milk. The milk trains were late in reaching town, and most milk dealers would not trust their horses in the streets. It was not until afternoon that most of the small dairies in the city received their day's supply of milk. Ice deliveries were few and far between. Few morning deliveries were made by the downtown stores, and purchases made on Wednesday were either not delivered at all or were delayed until late in the afternoon. Only the most urgent calls for coal were answered.

At the headquarters of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals on Madison Avenue, it was said yesterday that only about 25 per cent. of the horses in the city were out of the stables yesterday morning, and that no calls for the horse ambulances had been received all day.

"The owners of horses have begun to realize that the animals are too valuable to risk out on such slippery streets," said Supt. Thomas F. Freel of the society. "Up on the Heights, the most dangerous place in New York for horses in such weather as this, there has not been a team to-day, my men tell me. All excavation work in the city has stopped, and even the hauling of coal, ice, and milk has been suspended. There has been a decline in market business of 75 or 80 per cent. Horses cannot travel under such conditions. Vehicular traffic, so far as it pertains to the horse, has been practically paralyzed."

As the morning wore on, however, street conditions improved, for the temperature, which had been around freezing point, gradually rose until at noon it was 38 degrees. This left in place of the ice in many spots slush, which was disagreeable to walk through, but not so dangerous to life and limb.

Late in the afternoon much of the slush was washed from the pavements and formed pools along the curbs, making it well-nigh impossible to cross many streets in the downtown section without wet feet.

At the offices of the Western Union Telegraph Company, it was said yesterday morning that the sleet had crippled wires throughout the East. One hundred and eighteen wires between this city and Philadelphia yesterday were, practically useless. Only forty-two wires between the two cities were left to handle the Western Union business. More were repaired, however, before night.

Vice President Charles C. Adams of the Postal Telegraph Company said that his company's wires between Collinsville and Erie were down, and that gangs of men have been sent out to repair the damage.

OTHER CITIES ARE TROUBLED.

Many Persons Hurt by Fall—Heavy Snow in the South.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—The slippery condition of the highways to-day, due to last night's sleet storm, gave the physicians at the hospitals more patients with broken legs and arms than they had in many years.

The sleet storm was indirectly responsible for the death of William Anderson, 44 years old, who received a fatal electric shock as he was about to talk over a telephone. He picked up the receiver and was about to ask for a number when he fell dead. It is believed an electric light wire loosened by the storm came in contact with the telephone wire.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 6.—The Northwest blizzard scheduled to reach here to-day arrived on time, but came without its stinger. Since yesterday the thermometer has dropped, risen to 42 degrees above, dropped again to 12 degrees above, and to-night is slowly descending from an average degree temperature to a promised zero mark by morning.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 6.—The sleet storm is causing havoc here. Streets, trees, and buildings are shrouded in ice. The public schools were closed this morning for the day. Many persons have fallen and been stunned or suffered broken limbs. Stores refuse to deliver goods.

Norfolk, however, experienced Summer weather, with a temperature which rose from 32 degrees at 8 A. M. to nearly 70 degrees in the afternoon. The mercury jumped from 42 to 60 degrees in one hour. Torrential rains fell as in midsummer.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 6.—Snow to-day covers the greater portion of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Arkansas, with traces as far south as Shreveport, La. There was a heavy sleet storm to-day at Galveston, Texas. In Louisville the snow is nearly a foot deep, the heaviest in many years. A precipitation of eight inches is reported in Memphis. The snow in some parts of Kentucky is a foot deep, and live stock is said to have been killed in Trimble County. At Frankfort ten inches of snow fell. Street car service is suspended and legislators were forced to walk to the new Capitol, a distance of more than a mile from the centre of the city. Southern Ohio reports deep snow.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 6.—Eighteen degrees below zero was recorded unofficially in Kansas to-day, the lowest temperature in this part of the Southwest in twelve years. The intense cold wave covered Missouri and reached into Oklahoma, Arkansas and Texas. At Topeka, Kan., the mercury at the Government Weather Bureau registered five degrees below zero at 8 o'clock this morning. Street thermometers recorded eighteen below.

SHIPPING FOG BLANKETED.

Few Steamers Got in and the Outward-Bound Halted at Quarantine.

Through the pall of fog which hung over the bay and Sound few steamships, incoming or outgoing, passed yesterday. Many of the vessels which should have sailed early in the morning remained at their piers until the fog showed signs of lifting. Shortly after nightfall a brisk breeze from the south drove the fog clouds overland, and late last night the interrupted traffic on the near-by waterways was restored.

The Alice, from Trieste; the Hawaiia, from Puerto, Mexico, and the new United Fruit Company's liner Almirante were among the few vessels which got in through rifts in the earlier fog. In the afternoon the Hamilton, from Norfolk, got through. She was more than an hour creeping from Sandy Hook to Quarantine.

The French liner Bretagne, outward bound, had to drop anchor off Quarantine. She at 6 o'clock last night was still at anchor. The Hamburg, for Naples, sailed at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, but dropped anchor at Quarantine till the fog lifted. The Royal Mail liner Thames, from Southampton, via the West Indies, was still at anchor at the bar at nightfall waiting to come in, Capt. Downs having decided it would be too dangerous to attempt to dock while the fog lasted.

In spite of the fog, only one ship was reported aground. This was the Madonna of the Fabre Line, which struck a shoal in the upper bay off Bay Ridge late on Wednesday night. She was released yesterday morning and steamed over to Quarantine, where she anchored.

FLEET AGAIN DELAYED.

Dense Fog Prevents the Battleships from Sailing.

So thick was the blanket of fog that mantled the rivers and harbor yesterday that the battleships of the Atlantic fleet, which were to have sailed for Hampton Roads at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, did not leave their moorings. The battleship Missouri lost one of her anchors, and with it many fathoms of chain. For some unexplained reason the chain that held the anchor snapped, and with it the anchor found a grave in about fifty feet of water.

So thick was the fog that enveloped the battleships that it was impossible to see more than a dim black outline fifty yards away. Twice that distance away it was impossible to even see the shadow, and the only evidence that the big fighters were still in the river was the constant ringing of their bells. Some of these bells, particularly those of the Conecticut and the Wisconsin, are beautifully toned, and the sound coming out of the fog was pleasant to the ear.

GOVERNORS DIVIDED ON THE INCOME TAX

Haskell and Others Agree with Gov. Hughes's Objections to Amendment as Drawn.

HADLEY IS AGAINST HIM

Thinks Hughes's Position Is Narrow—Pothier Will Leave the Matter to the Legislature.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 6.—While I think there is room for a reasonable difference of opinion as to the advisability of adopting the income tax amendment, the objection urged by Gov. Hughes does not impress me as being a substantial or effective one. If it is advisable upon broad grounds of public policy for the National Government to subject incomes to taxation it impresses me as a narrow or technical objection to oppose this amendment for the reason that it does not provide for an exemption of that portion of one's income derived from interest upon State or municipal bonds.

This question will not be submitted to the Legislature of Missouri until January, 1911. HERBERT S. HADLEY,
Governor of Missouri.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 6.—I made no recommendations in my message to the General Assembly on the question of a Federal income tax, and I prefer to leave its consideration to the members of the Legislature without suggestions of any kind.
A. J. POTHIER,
Governor of Rhode Island.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 6.—The Oregon Legislature does not convene until January, 1911, and for that reason I have not determined what my advice will be in the matter of the income tax. I have not given Gov. Hughes's opinion sufficient consideration to give out an interview at this time. FRANK W. BENSON,
Governor of Oregon.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 6.—I transmitted to the Legislature on Aug. 17 the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution relative to an income tax and recommended ratification. The House ratified, two members voting "No." Friends of the amendment in the Senate, fearing rejection, had the vote put off until the regular session, in January, 1911.
M. E. HAY,
Governor of Washington.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 6.—If the tax amendment to the Federal Constitution provides for Federal taxation of State and municipal bonds I would stand with Gov. Hughes as against such an amendment. Otherwise I indorse the income tax amendment. No Legislature in session for a year in this State. R. S. VESSEY,
Governor of South Dakota.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 6.—The income tax amendment to the Constitution is broad enough to include a tax on incomes derived from ownership in State and municipal bonds, which would in fact be a tax on such bonds. Such a tax would injure the credit of the State, especially in times of stress, and the credit of the State should always be maintained at the highest possible standard. Congress surely would not include such incomes in any income tax law, it might pass, but it should not be clothed with the power to do so.
JOHN BURKE,
Governor of North Dakota.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

GUTHRIE, Okla., Jan. 6.—I have not yet prepared a recommendation on the Federal income tax amendment. I shall be glad to read carefully the opinion of Gov. Hughes. The language of the amendment is very broad, and injustice to the States might easily occur unless Congress should be careful in the exercise of the authority conferred by this Constitutional amendment. C. N. HASKELL,
Governor of Oklahoma.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Jan. 6.—The Alabama Legislature adopted the income tax amendment to the Federal Constitution Aug. 17, 1909. B. B. COMER,
Governor of Alabama.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 6.—I have refrained from making comments on messages of other Governors.
C. S. DENEEN,
Governor of Illinois.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 6.—I do not care to make any comment on the matter referred to at the present time.
EBEN S. DRAPER,
Governor of Massachusetts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Jan. 6.—The proposed Constitutional amendment provides that "Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes from whatever source derived." Congress could, therefore, tax incomes derived from State and municipal bonds, and could exempt incomes so derived. Senators and Congressmen being necessarily residents of States and generally of municipalities, would not pass a law which would destroy through taxation the credit of their own State and of their own municipalities. Senators and Congressmen understand the law of self-preservation as applied to themselves. They wish to be re-elected. I favor the income tax amendment, Gov. Hughes's objection to the contrary notwithstanding.
ALBERT W. GILCHRIST,
Governor of Florida.

FEATHERSTON DECLINES JOB.

Richmond Street Superintendent Offered Similar Chicago Post with Clouded Title.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—John T. Featherston of New York, who got the highest rating in the civil service examination for Superintendent of Streets of Chicago, to-day, after a conference with city officers, declined the job.

The clouding of the title to the office because of a mandatory suit brought by Ward Superintendents prompted the New Yorker's refusal of the post, though Mayor Busse offered Mr. Featherston the opportunity of becoming a sixty-day appointee until the suit in the courts is disposed of.

The suit brought by the Ward Superintendents is to compel the commission to hold a promotional instead of an original examination. Mr. Featherston, who is Acting Superintendent of Street Cleaning in the Borough of Richmond, New York, may re-enter the competition if the court decides against the Ward Superintendents.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM Cures Coughs, Colds or Grippe. 10cts.—Adv.

COBB FOR ALLDS'S PLACE.

Senators Expect He Will Be Named Chairman of Finance Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 6.—Aside from the fate of legislation, the chief question now before the legislators relates to the choice of a Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee in place of Senator Jotham P. Allds, who has been elevated to the majority leadership.

The late ex-Gov. Higgins, Representative George S. Malby, ex-Senator W. W. Armstrong, and Senator Allds wielded great influence when each held this Chairmanship. The fate of all appropriation bills rests with the head of the Finance Committee in the Senate. The general expectation of the Republican organization Senators is that Senator George H. Cobb of Watertown will be named by Lieut. Gov. White. Mr. Cobb is a member of the committee, but Senator Henry W. Hill of Buffalo is the senior member, and Senator Cobb must be jumped over him if he is to procure the honor.

While Senator Hill is a candidate, a large majority of the Republican Senators have made it known to the Lieutenant Governor that they prefer the appointment of Senator Cobb. Some members of the Legislature, however, say that if Senator Cobb is appointed it will give color to the report that the price of the Watertown Senator's support of Allds in his candidacy for leadership was Cobb's selection as Finance Committee Chairman. The Republican leaders expect to talk over the matter with Lieut. Gov. White in a few days, but it is said that unless assurance is given that the "right man" is selected, Senator Allds may retain both the leadership and the Chairmanship.

STATE PRISON SITES SCARCE.

Trouble Feared in Finding Another If Bear Mountain Is Abandoned.

ALBANY, Jan. 6.—If the Legislature abandons the site of the new State prison at Bear Mountain, Rockland County, to accept the gift of a 10,000-acre tract of land in Orange and Rockland Counties from Mrs. Mary W. Harriman, widow of Edward H. Harriman, and contributions from her and others aggregating $2,625,000, as recommended by Gov. Hughes, the State authorities are looking forward to no little difficulty in obtaining another available place to locate the new $2,200,000 structure, which will take the place of Sing Sing Prison.

The Rockland County site cost the State $75,000, and altogether the commission having the matter in charge has expended about $235,000 in making ready for the new building.

For nearly a year and a half scores of convicts have been at work at the prison camp. Forty acres of land have been cleared and graded, and an electric railroad has been constructed from the West Shore Railroad to the site, a distance of nearly a mile.

The abandonment of the Bear Mountain site will mean a delay of probably two years in relieving the crowded condition of Sing Sing Prison. It is expected that the new Great Meadows prison, at Comstock, Washington County, to be completed in a few months, will reduce the population of Sing Sing by about 500.

CAKE FRESH FOR FOUR YEARS.

Inventor of the Formula Now Sues the Firm That Makes It.

Supreme Court Justice Hendrick reserved decision yesterday in the suit brought by Samuel and Jacob Hochbaum to restrain the Princess Fruit Cake Company, the Manufacturers' Security Company, Samuel Johnston, and others from further manufacturing fruit cake under a process belonging to the plaintiffs and from offering for sale any cake under a certain trade name.

Counsel for the plaintiff said that after working for twenty years they had discovered a process for making fruit cake that would remain sweet and soft for four years. Johnston promoted a company for them and on Sept. 22, 1909, it was incorporated in this State with a capital stock of $50,000. The Hochbaums allege that they put into the business the copyright, secret formula, $1,000 in merchandise, and their reputation, receiving 130 shares of stock valued at $13,000. Johnston and others put in $1,500 in cash and received a similar amount of stock, the rest remaining in the treasury.

According to the plaintiffs, salaries were fixed at $125 monthly to Samuel Hochbaum, $125 to his son Jacob, and $62 to Johnston. The plaintiffs now say they received no money and that Samuel Hochbaum, the inventor of the cake formula, had to live on the bounty of relatives. Later they allege that Johnston sold the treasury stock to the Manufacturers' Security Company of Delaware for $2,000. They say that this company is another name for Johnston. With the holdings of Johnston they allege it owned 345 shares out of the total 500, and they charge that it is an attempt to starve out the cake baker.

The defendants deny the charges.

BRONX OFFICIALS SURRENDER.

Reluctant Commissioners Finally Resign to President Miller.

After failing to hand in their resignations with the three other Commissioners of the Bronx, when asked to do so by Borough President Cyrus C. Miller of the Bronx recently, Albert Liebenau, former Commissioner of Public Buildings and Offices, and Peter Stump, former Commissioner of Highways, sent their resignations to President Miller late yesterday afternoon.

This ends what bade fair to be a situation resembling the siege in the office of the Commissioner of Highways in Manhattan. The resignations were accepted, but no appointments to the places have yet been made.

President Miller said last night that his failure to make any appointments was not due to the criticism recently evoked by the report that he had already offered the Commissionership of Public Highways to Roger Bligh, a saloon keeper.

He said that he would make his appointments independently of any critics, but that he would take his time in selecting the right men.

FOR LIMITED CONTROL OF WIRE COMPANIES

Legislators Would Have Utilities Board Supervise Telephone and Telegraph Rates and Service.

WANT FINANCES EXEMPTED

Committees Have Primary Schemes and a New York Charter Unlikely to Meet Governor's Views.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 6.—Control of the operations of telegraph and telephone companies to the extent that these operations affect the public (viz., in the matter of rates and service) by the public service commissions, but freedom from control in their financial management, will be recommended by the Legislative Committee which was appointed during the closing moments of the last session for the purpose of investigating the advisability of putting these corporations on the same basis as other public service concerns as regards Government supervision.

It may be several weeks before the committee renders its final report and submits the draft of a bill to carry out its recommendations to the Legislature. In the meantime it is not believed here that the recommendations of the committee will go far enough to meet the ideas entertained on this subject by Gov. Hughes, who in his message this year points to "certain events during the last year" as providing grounds for closer supervision. The most conspicuous event in the telegraph and telephone world during the past year was the merger.

Members of the Legislative Committee, however, feel that the recent decision of the Court of Appeals limiting the powers of the public service commissions in passing upon the financial management of railroads has furnished ample ground for relieving the telephone and telegraph companies from the supervision to which other public service corporations have been subjected since the public service commissions law went into effect.

It was intimated to-day that the decision to exclude the finances from supervision was due partly to the complexity of the problem which confronted the committee and the lack of time to devise a suitable scheme of regulation on the financial side of the operations of such companies.

The number of telephone companies operating within the State is very large. Many of them are in a stage of formation, and naturally have exerted all the influence at their command to escape supervision, which may hamper them considerably in developing along the lines planned. In addition to this, the committee is said to have found a baffling lack of uniformity in the respective charters of the many small local companies in the field.

Four legislative committees were appointed to investigate and recommend legislation on various subjects before the last Legislature adjourned, and the reports of all are looked forward to with a great deal of interest here. Of the other three, one was appointed to formulate a new charter for the City of New York, after political influences had been exerted, with the result that the so-called Ivins charter was defeated. The other two committees were appointed to investigate the subject of direct primaries and primary reform and employers' liability, respectively, and recommend legislation.

All the committees have been at work practically since the Legislature adjourned last year. The Direct Nominations Committee will probably report first. It is learned here that this committee will recommend an official primary ballot, general enrollment of voters all over the State, a uniform primary day, and safeguards for the primaries similar to those with which the general elections now are surrounded.

This will give the Governor all that he asks for—short of direct primaries. Republican State Chairman Woodruff the other day even hinted that the committee might recommend the direct nomination of legislators.

If this is done the plan will strike a snag in the Assembly, where Speaker Wadsworth is in control of the machine. The Speaker said to-day that he would fight any such proposition, and in this he will have the support of some of the Republican leaders in the State.

Just what sort of report the New York City Charter Committee proposes to bring in is not known except that members of the committee would like to have the measure they propose to introduce known as "the Ivins charter with amendments." It is predicted here that the charter bill emanating from the committee will retain the present system of having the Borough Presidents take a hand in appropriating the money they themselves have the spending of, which the Ivins commission sought to change—much to the disgust of the politicians. The Citizens' Union also intends to have introduced at an early date a charter bill for New York City, which has been evolved after conferences extending over several months between lawyers connected with that organization and other civic bodies in New York City.

The Employers' Liability Committee, of which Senator J. Mayhew Wainwright is Chairman, will recommend a drastic law and introduce a bill to carry out the recommendations. It is not regarded as likely in well-informed quarters at the Capitol that any such bill will be passed, however.

BROWSING ROOM FOR GIRLS.

Radcliffe Now Has One Where Dignity and Learning Are Forbidden.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—What it is believed will be one of Radcliffe's most pleasing features to the undergraduate taste is the new "Browsing Room" opened yesterday in the library building of the college at Cambridge. The room, which is dedicated to Miss Agnes Irwin, Dean for fifteen years of the college, who retired last June, is one of the most attractive corners in the new building. It is like the luxurious lounging room of a men's club, with its great easy chairs and reading tables. And the dignity common to the ordinary library rooms is lacking, for not a book of solid reading is allowed on its shelves, which are filled with the latest plays and novels. It is the understanding that the room shall be for comfort wholly, and it has already become popular.

Another feature of the new year which was to have been a part of the new room, is the Current Events bulletin, started yesterday in the reading room of Agassiz House. Even such a seemingly light diversion was not allowed to intrude on the "Browsing Room" by the donor, who insisted that there should be nothing essentially educational in the whole apartment.

THE FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH
of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
475 FIFTH AVENUE
near 41st Street.

Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts.

Acts as custodian of personal property and manager of real property.

Letters of Credit. Foreign Money and Travelers' Checks. Vault Boxes for Customers' use.

A Reduction Sale of Boys' Clothes

We do not mean to carry over a single one of our Boys' Suits and Overcoats if we can help it.

A tempting price would seem to be the short cut to a clearance.

To that end we have made radical reductions in the prices of everything in the Boys' and Children's Department on the third floor of our Broadway Store *without reserve.*

Here are some of the values offered:—

BOYS' SUITS, OVERCOATS AND REEFERS.

$5.00 and $6.50 qualities	$4.25
7.50 and 8.00 "	5.00
8.50 and 10.00 "	6.50
12.00 and 13.50 "	8.00
15.00 and 16.50 "	9.75
18.00 and 20.00 "	12.00
22.00 and 25.00 "	15.00

LONG TROUSER SUITS & OVERCOATS.

13.50 and 15.00 Suits	10.00
16.50 and 18.00 "	12.00
20.00, 22.50 and $25.00 Suits	15.00
28.00 and $30 Suits	20.00
30.00 and $35 "	25.00

This includes all Boys' Overcoats and Suits in Fancy Mixtures, Blues and Blacks at our

Broadway Store Only

Browning, King & Co

Broadway, at Thirty-second Street
Cooper Square, opposite Fifth Street
Brooklyn: Fulton Street at DeKalb

Stern Brothers

DRESSMAKING AND LADIES' TAILORING DEPARTMENTS

For a Limited Period Orders will be accepted

At Special Concessions from Regular Prices

Advance Styles of Tailor-made Gowns, of choice materials, at $59.00

Riding Habits of Linen, Side or Cross Saddle, " 35.00

(THIRD FLOOR)

West Twenty-third Street

EXHIBITION OF
Old Chinese Porcelains
Jade and Other Hard Stones
Plaza Hotel
Fifth Avenue & 59th Street, Suite 154-6-8, 1st Floor
by GORER of
170 New Bond Street, London.
On View Daily
Individual specimens may be selected.

Leader in the Book Field

In 1909 The New York Times published 362,446 agate lines of Book Publishers' advertising, a gain of 59,228 agate lines over 1908.

The New York Times, with a daily circulation exceeding 175,000 copies, is read by more persons interested in books and prints more book advertising than any other New York morning or evening newspaper.

THE NEW YORK TIMES
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Nearly every man requires a new Suit or Overcoat to round out the Winter in fresh and fitting attire.

Possibly having begun the season with new clothes you have thought little of the subject since. But new clothes then are not new now.

A freshening up will lighten your spirits much—your purse little.

Our assortments are complete. The gaps following the busy days are quickly filled by new garments from our own tailor shops. Your selections here, are therefore made under conditions decidedly more favorable than is the rule elsewhere.

Our own distinctive, Ready-for-Service
Suits and Overcoats for Men
in liberal assortments of models and fabrics and all the favored colorings.
Suits $15 to $43; Overcoats $15 to $65

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

THE ARCTIC CLUB EXPELS DR. COOK

Organization He Founded Declares, Through Its Directors, He's an Undesirable Member.

FAILED TO ESTABLISH CLAIMS

Even Capt. Osbon Indorses the Views of His Associates—Cook Was the Club's Guest of Honor at Dinner.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook has been dropped from the Arctic Club of America, of which he was one of the organizers and whose members were foremost in the gala welcome-home which the explorer received on his return last September from the arctic.

The move expelling the explorer was taken on Wednesday night by the club's Board of Directors, in whose hands the question was placed a month ago. The club at that time passed a resolution calling upon the Directors to see what action, if any, ought to be taken with respect to Cook as a result of the finding of the University of Copenhagen that he had failed to establish his assertion that he discovred the north pole.

In dropping Cook from the club, the Directors Wednesday night passed a resolution strongly criticising him for his failure to substantiate his polar pretension and it was the expressed sentiment of the Directors that Cook was no longer to be considered a desirable member.

Here is the resolution passed by the Directors:

> Whereas, The claims of Dr. Frederick A. Cook of having discovered the north pole have been rejected by the University of Copenhagen and other scientific bodies, and
>
> Whereas, Dr. Frederick A. Cook keeps in hiding instead of facing his accusers, and
>
> Whereas, Dr. Cook has failed to communicate with the Arctic Club of America, whose members have so substantially proved his friends in the past; therefore, be it
>
> Resolved, That we consider the further membership of Dr. Frederick A. Cook in the Arctic Club of America is not to its interests, and that the name of Dr. Cook be dropped from the roll of membership forthwith.

When the suggestion came up at the club meeting a month ago to expell Dr. Cook, some of the explorer's warm friends, who had a lingering hope that after all things might come out all right, were firmly against any such drastic action. They wanted the club to wait until the matter had been gone thoroughly into and some of them even insisted that Dr. Cook be allowed an opportunity to defend himself before any vote was taken. It was finally agreed that the Directors handle the matter and dispose of it as they saw fit.

On the Board of Directors are F. S. Dellenbaugh, Capt. B. S. Osbon, Henry Biederbick, Harry Kane, Henry C. Walsh, Dillon Wallace, and Rudolph Kersting. Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, President of the club, is also a member ex-officio. At Wednesday night's meeting all the Directors were present excepting Admiral Schley and Mr. Wallace. The vote to expel Dr. Cook was unanimous, even Capt. Osbon, than whom there has not been a more stalwart supporter of the explorer, voting in favor of it. Some of the members declared that Dr. Cook had entirely forfeited the confidence of the club, and that it would be folly to keep him on the membership roll.

Regret was expressed by the Directors that such action was deemed necessary. In dropping the explorer no mention was made in the resolution of the Mount McKinley fiasco perpetrated by Dr. Cook, but one of the members said afterward that it had gone a long way to convince the members that Dr. Cook was nothing less than a monumental faker.

The expulsion of Dr. Cook from the Arctic Club severs its relations with one who was in a large measure responsible for the club coming into existence. The club was formed in 1894 by members of the Miranda expedition to the arctic, which was organized by Dr. Cook as a pleasure cruise. Among those on that expedition was Henry C. Walsh, a member of the Board of Directors which dropped Dr. Cook.

The Miranda left New York on July 11 that year and stopped at Sydney, St. John's, and Cape Charles on the way north. It collided with an iceberg off Cape Charles, and suffered damages to the hull which resulted in the expedition putting off at Sukkertoppen, Greenland, while repairs were made. On Aug. 10 the Miranda started again, but a few miles out ran against an uncharted reef and a hole was stove in her bottom. That was the end of the Miranda. She was abandoned and the party returned to St. John's in a Gloucester fishing schooner, the Rigel, which was on a hunting expedition.

The Miranda's party on the way back decided to form a club. It was Dr. Cook's own suggestion that brought it about, and he was elected President. As the Rigel plowed her way through the arctic seas to St. John's the members of the newly formed club agreed to meet once a year in New York and have a dinner. This agreement has been carried out, the dinner for this year having been held soon after the return of Dr. Cook with the announcement that he had discovered the north pole. The dinner was held at the Waldorf-Astoria, and was the most brilliant the club ever held. Dr. Cook was presented with a gold medal and several other tokens of the esteem of his associates in the club. Now they wish they hadn't been so hasty.

With the dismissal of Dr. Cook from the Arctic Club, the Explorers' Club, and the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, which dropped him this week, the stripping of honors from the explorer, so far as local action can go, is about complete. The Board of Aldermen has not yet revoked the freedom of the city, which it gave to Dr. Cook, but the Aldermen do not consider it necessary. Dr. Cook disappeared soon after the freedom was voted him. There still remains the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, which the University of Copenhagen conferred upon Dr. Cook.

SAYS COOK IS IN GERMANY.

Brother Has Heard from Him—He Plans to Go North Again.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Theodore H. Cook, brother of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, who stopped here while on the way from Brooklyn to Callicoon, gave out a statement to-day in which he said that he received a letter from the explorer last Friday. In this letter Dr. Cook said he was living in a secluded place in Germany, and his wife is with him. Both were happy to get away from the public, and the explorer was enjoying a much-needed period of rest during which he hoped to recuperate his broken health.

Just as soon as Dr. Cook's health will permit, the letter went on, an expedition will be organized to go to Greenland, and trace the course of Dr. Cook to Bradley Land. If it is possible to find Bradley Land, as described, this will be regarded as conclusive evidence that Dr. Cook was at the pole on April 21, 1908. A reporter of some New York newspaper, a resident of Sullivan County, and an astronomer will be asked to accompany the expedition.

PROSECUTOR SITS AS JUDGE.

Chicago State's Attorney Will Decide if Cases Should Be Tried.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—State's Attorney Wayman established a court of his own here to-day. All the old criminal cases on the docket, about 1,600, will be practically tried before Assistant State's Attorney George Guenther.

Mr. Guenther will go over the evidence and hear witnesses. If he thinks the proof against the defendant is sufficient the case will be tried before a regular criminal court Judge. If the State's side of the case does not appear strong enough Mr. Guenther will have it nonsuited. In this way it is expected to clear the docket of all cases, some of which are several years old.

FOLLOWS HUSBAND IN DEATH.

Wife of Aged Paralytic Turns on the Gas When He Expires.

Detective Dwyer and Policeman Hull of the Ralph Avenue Police Station in Brooklyn were going along Broadway, Brooklyn, yesterday, seeing to it that people got the ice off the sidewalk in front of their homes. They found the bookstore of Charles Wrehill, at 1,408 and 1,410 Broadway, closed. They asked the proprietor of the adjoining jewelry store why the store was closed. They were told that it had never happened before on weekdays.

Charles Wrehill and his wife, Frances, they were told, lived above the store. The policemen got a ladder, opened a window at the rear looking in on the kitchen, and were met with an outrush of gas. They opened another window, and after allowing a safe amount of gas inside to escape went into the kitchen.

There they found gas escaping from four burners on the gas stove. Lying on a lounge in the dining room was Mr. Wrehill, dead. The police found Mrs. Wrehill in another room unconscious from illuminating gas. She was removed to the German Hospital, where it was said that she could hardly live.

Mr. Wrehill, who was 54 years old, fell off a street car in Manhattan eight years ago, suffering such injuries, it was claimed, that he was stricken with paralysis. He brought suit against the Metropolitan Street Railway Company for a large amount of damages and spent all his small fortune prosecuting this suit. He made little headway with it.

Five or six months ago Mr. Wrehill's illness became so serious that he had to let his wife attend to the bookstore. The couple had no children, and so she looked after the store, nursed him, and followed his legal interests.

Dr. Wolf of the German Hospital, who was called to the house early last night, said that Mr. Wrehill had been dead seven or eight hours. He thought that he had come to his death naturally and of paralysis. The police believe that Mrs. Wrehill, upon arising yesterday morning, had found that her husband had died in the night, and that she had then attempted to kill herself by turning on the gas in the kitchen. They were a devoted couple, the neighbors said.

GIRL ROBBED BY A NEGRO.

Hackensack Station Agent Was Held Up on Her Way Home.

Miss E. A. Clarke, the agent at the Prospect Avenue Station of the Susquehanna & Western Railroad at Hackensack, N. J., closed the station at 7 o'clock, as usual, last evening, and started for her home in Kansas Street, about half a mile away. She generally takes a trolley car, but the trolleys were delayed last night by the storm, and after waiting vainly for one, she decided to walk up Central Avenue.

Hardly had she gone a block and a half from the station when a negro, who had apparently been following her, knocked her down and tore her chatelaine bag from her arm. The bag, according to her statement to the police later, contained $75 of her own and the company's money, as well as a bank book and a number of stamps. The negro disappeared in the rainy darkness.

Miss Clarke's screams brought several residents of the section from their houses. She was carried, bruised and hysterical, to Police Headquarters in Hackensack, and was later taken home. She described her assailant as a tall, heavily built negro, who wore dark clothes and a derby hat.

IRVING ATTACKS ALAN DALE.

In Theatre Speech Actor Resents Criticisms of Himself and Miss Hackney.

Laurence Irving, the English actor, who is playing in "The Affinity," his translation of Brieux's play, "Les Hannetons," at the Comedy Theatre, took exception to the criticism of his acting written by Alan Dale and published yesterday morning. In his second act curtain speech last night Mr. Irving made a direct attack on Alan Dale from the stage. His speech contained remarks about the critics's personal appearance, and about his writings. He said that Mr. Dale had first criticised him when he appeared with his father's company ten years ago. Mr. Irving also objected to Mr. Dale's criticism of the acting of Mabel Hackney, who is Mrs. Irving. There was some applause from the audience during the speech and some after it was ended.

Lee Shubert, when he was told of the speech, disclaimed any previous knowledge of Mr. Irving's intention to attack Mr. Dale. At the Broadway Theatre last night he said:

"We did not know that Mr. Irving had any intention of making such a speech, and if he had known, of course, we should not have permitted it under any conditions. We regret the incident exceedingly."

Alan Dale was also at the Broadway Theatre last night, and was told about the speech. He smiled and remarked that some other actor had attacked him in much the same way recently, he believed.

GREAT BRIDGE IS OPENED.

More Than a Mile Long Railroad Span Across the Susquehanna.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 6.—The new double-track steel bridge across the Susquehanna River at Havre de Grace, built by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, was opened for traffic to-day.

The new bridge was constructed at a cost of more than $2,000,000, and is one of the most imposing structures of its kind in the Western Hemisphere. It is slightly more than a mile in length.

COMMERCE CHAMBER GATHERS PEARY IN

Made an Honorary Member in Recognition of His Discovery of the North Pole.

ACTS ON MERCHANT MARINE

Chamber in Favor of Its Rehabilitation but Not Committed to Ship Subsidies.

In recognition of his discovery of the north pole the Chamber of Commerce, at its regular meeting yesterday, unanimously elected Commander Robert E. Peary an honorary member. Commander Peary's name was proposed by A. Barton Hepburn, President of the Chase National Bank, on behalf of the Executive Committee. Unlike the usual procedure, when ballots are cast for the election of residential members, the vote yesterday was taken standing, to declare the discoverer of the north pole, as President J. Edward Simmons expressed it, "a member of the oldest and most distinguished body of mercantile men in this country."

In proposing Commander Peary, Mr. Hepburn referred to the "sufferings, the hardships, and human tragedies in the 300 years' quest of the nort pole." Then he continued:

"Robert E. Peary, an American citizen, has devoted twenty-three years of the better portion of his life to the accomplishment of that great result, now so happily crowned with success. Seven expeditions he organized, which did not reach the pole, and yet they were very far from failures.

"He studied the geography of that vast region, he circumsledged Greenland, and proved its insular character; he studied the flora and fauna and the problem of food supplies, animals and climatic conditions generally, not by the sweat of his brow, but rather by the sweat of his brain, and he mastered the elements and mastered the conditions, which could alone insure future success. Confident in that knowledge and confident in himself, he set about organizing the eighth expedition.

Why Peary Sought the Pole.

"I have heard gentlemen ask him, 'What is the use, what possible utility can avail the discovery of the north pole?' And, among other things, he replied, and the character of his reply shows his Americanism and his patriotism, 'Sooner or later some one will reach the pole, and we want that man to be an American,' and that man was an American, and he bore a name that is blazoned forth with the names of so many heroic explorers who in the century old have achieved great results, and there will be carried at the top of the column the name of the heroic, the brave, and the successful Peary.

"As he stood upon the goal of his ambition, his first act was to plant the American flag, the flag that guards our homes, the flag that gives value to our property, the flag that preserves our liberty, the flag that commands our devotion, and though we understand the flag of commerce may not follow fast upon the discovery of this vast region, it detracts not one iota from the heroism of the man who achieved this result, or the importance of the event itself.

"The discovery of new countries and the exploration of countries already discovered has ever been, and is to-day, one of the most potent influences in broadening the field of commerce. It would therefore, seem eminently proper that this chamber, the most important commercial organization in the western world, should take some notice of this event and, therefore, on behalf of the Executive Committee, I move you that Robert E. Peary be elected an honorary member of this chamber."

In seconding Mr. Hepburn's motion, Anton A. Raven of the Executive Committee spoke of the commercial aspect of polar exploration, recalling Behren's discovery of Spitzbergen, which was at first looked upon as a useless feat and is now the centre of active industries.

Act on the MerchantMarine.

After acting favorably on a resolution presented by Charles L. Bernheimer requesting the Executive Committee to investigate the possibility of establishing a commercial tribunal, either under the auspices of the chamber or otherwise, to which business might bring their ordinary controversies for settlement, the chamber took up once more the question of the rehabilitation of the American Merchant Marine.

At the last meeting the Chamber voted down the recommendation of a special committee advocating ship subsidies and an amendment advocating the admission of foreign-built ships to American register except in the coastwise trade, after first passing the amendment. There was considerable debate yesterday as to where this action left the Chamber in its attitude toward the whole subject.

Ex-Congressman William H. Douglas brought up the question anew by proposing a resolution putting the Chamber on record as favoring the "rehabilitation of the American merchant marine," and urging provision by Congress for the establishment of mail and freight lines to our dependences as well as legislation which would "enable our citizens to build at home and successfully operate steam and sail vessels to engage in the deep-sea trade on an equal footing with other maritime powers."

Schiff's View of It.

Jacob H. Schiff contended that Mr. Douglas was wrong in his impression that the Chamber had not put itself on record as favoring the rehabilitation of American ships.

"I am quite certain," said Mr. Schiff, "that the members of the Chamber would be very willing to pass such a resolution as that just offered. I wish to correct an impression that it gives, that this Chamber has taken no position on the question which was brought before it at the special meeting.

"I think even if it did vote down the resolution presented by the special committee, it passed an amendment, and, while the amendment fell with the original resolution, I think the Chamber declared itself very emphatically in favor of an amendment, that ships under American registry bought abroad should be admitted to the American registry except as to coastwise trade.

"I believe that is a policy in favor of which the Chamber very emphatically declared itself, and I simply make this remark in order to check the impression that might go out that the Chamber had made no declaration."

After a lively debate Mr. Douglas withdrew the second part of his resolution, and it was finally passed simply to commit the Chamber as "emphatically in favor of the rehabilitation of the American merchant marine."

Nathan Bijur, who was elected Justice of the Supreme Court at the last election by the fusion forces, addressed the members on the "Spokane Case," showing its effect in New York.

Gustav H. Schwab, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Commerce and the Revenue Laws, presented a resolution condemning the action of the Department of Commerce and Labor in changing the places where Chinese may be admitted to the United States.

GENERALS AT 20 CENTS A DAY.

Estrada Pays Them No More and Privates No Less.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 6.—Gen. Estrada, leader of the revolutionary forces in Nicaragua, has adopted what is termed a "level rate" of payment of his soldiers, according to advices received by the acting Consul of the insurgent Government.

Under this system a General receives no more pay than a private. Twenty cents, gold, a day, it is stated, is the individual stipend, regardless of rank.

BILL FOR KING'S CHILDREN.

Proposed in Parliament to Legitimitize Leopold's Sons by Baroness Vaughan.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 6.—A bill was introduced in Parliament to-day to legitimize the children of the late King Leopold and Baroness Vaughan.

The jurisconsults unite in the belief that it will be impossible to raise a dynastic issue against the family of King Albert and Queen Elizabeth on the ground that their marriage was not sanctioned by Leopold or Parliament.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—Louise, daughter of the late King Leopold of Belgium, accompanied by Count Mattachich, arrived here to-day.

FAIL TO END RAILROAD STRIKE.

Mediators Unable to Settle Switchmen's Fight in the Northwest.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Efforts to obtain an adjustment of the strike of switchmen on the railroads of the Northwest have been abandoned. Chairman Knapp of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and Commissioner of Labor Neill, the mediators under the Erdman act, had a final conference with H. B. Perham today. It was determined that nothing further could be done to effect a settlement.

Neither the strikers nor the railroads could be induced to yield from their positions.

IN SEALSKIN TO JAIL.

Portrait of His Wife's First Husband Got Schultz to the Island.

Attired in a sealskin fur coat and silk hat, George F. Schultz of 602 West 137th Street was sent to the Island for three months in default of $2,000 bail for his good behaviour for six months by Magistrate Herbert in the Harlem Court yesterday. Complaint had been made against him by his wife.

Mrs. Schultz's first husband died four years ago, and two years ago she married Schultz in the Little Church Around the Corner. Being wealthy she installed her husband as manager of a large contracting business she owned.

All went well, it is said, until a picture of her first husband that Mrs. Schultz kept in the most conspicuous part of her parlor got on Schultz's nerves. Things grew so bad that three weeks ago Mrs. Schultz had her husband arrested, charging him with threatening to shoot her. There was a truce, then, that did not last long, for Mrs. Schultz complained that her husband went into the parlor last Wednesday night, and, walking to the portrait of her first husband, spat upon it deliberately. This started a quarrel, ending in Mrs. Schultz's running screaming to the apartment of a neighbor, whom she asked to protect her life. Her husband, she said, had a revolver in his hand.

Magistrate Herbert denounced Schultz as one of the "most damnable and contemptible blackguards that ever came into the Harlem Court."

Mrs. Schultz is a pretty woman of 32. Her husband is seven years her senior.

ARREST IN WARRINER CASE.

Cooke Is Accused of Receiving $200 of the Embezzled Funds.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 6.—Edgar Cooke of Chicago was arrested here to-day on a warrant charging that he had received $200 stolen funds from Charles Warriner, former Treasurer of the Big Four Railroad, now under sentence of six years for embezzlement. He was released under a $1,000 bond.

The prisoner, formerly employed in the Treasury Department of the railroad, came here yesterday with the avowed intention of investigating reports which had linked his name with the case. He declared his innocence of any wrongdoing, but said he knew nothing of Warriner's shortage till the story came out in the papers.

When asked what was the basis of the hold Mrs. Jeanette Stewart Ford, "the woman in the case," had on him Cooke replied: "Some letters which I had written to her six or seven years ago. The Warriner shortage had nothing to do with it."

CALLS D. A. R. POLITICS HOT ENOUGH FOR HER

Mrs. Donald McLean Says She Doesn't See Why Any of Them Want to be Suffragettes.

ARCTIC FLAG UNFURLED

Wife of Explorer Peary Helps Display Peace Emblem Unfurled by Peary at the Pole.

"I don't know why any woman wants to be a suffragette when she can join the Daughters of the American Revolution and run for President General," said Mrs. Donald McLean yesterday afternoon at Sherry's. The New York City Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of which she is Regent, and which had gathered to celebrate Washington's wedding day and meet its new President General, Mrs. Matthew Scott, laughed heartily.

The Daughters of the Revolution know that the suffragettes are not in it with them for aggressive action when they are having a hot election, like the recent one in which Mrs. Scott was elected to succeed Mrs. McLean, whose term of office as President of the National society had expired. Mrs. Scott was Mrs. McLean's choice for President General to succeed her, and in introducing the new National head, "Our dear Mrs. Scott," she said:

"Perfect happiness reigns. As far as I know, (with one exception many years back,) there has never been an incoming and outgoing President General who were on speaking terms before."

Commander and Mrs. Peary were to have been the two chief guests of the day, and Mrs. Peary, sitting on the platform, wearing a white fur hat, looked the mother of the "Snow Baby" and wife of a valiant explorer. The Commander started from Maine at midnight Wednesday to be present at the celebration, but the storm was too much even for an arctic traveler. Mrs. Peary received a telegram saying that the train was seven hours overdue, there were no Eskimo dogs in commission, and the Commander sent his regrets.

Mrs. Peary stood with Mrs. McLean and held the peace flag, the Stars and Stripes on a white background, presented by the chapter to Commander Peary before his start on his last expedition and planted by him at the pole and returned again to the Daughters.

"Let us give three cheers for Commander Peary," said one of the Daughters, as the big gathering of women stood in honor of the flag.

"Let the men cheer and the Daughters wave," said another. That killed all vocal demonstration. There were a half dozen men present who did not dare trust their voices alone; one of the musicians started to thump out the cheers on the piano, but they died on the way, and the women only waved their delight. Mrs. McLean spoke of Commander Peary as:

"Unvanquished in discovery, his standards as unclouded as they have always been to his friends."

Mrs. Scott read her address. She explained the reason.

"I was born and raised an old-fashioned Presbyterian," she said, "and it is not long since I have cast off the shackles of Calvinism in regard to speaking in public or not speaking in public. In my next incarnation I shall be born a Methodist, and then be able to give my experiences fluently without having the best part of my speech come to me when I put my head on the pillow the night after I have delivered it, or when I am on the train leaving town."

She congratulated the Daughters of the New York Chapter upon the great metroplis in which they live, and said:

"There are matchless responsibilities for the women citizens as well as the men—municipal housekeeping, uplifting the emigrant, in arts and in letters. In the work that has been done tares have sprung up with the wheat, and there are many questions for the women to ask those in charge of the Government."

There was one of the prettiest scenes of the day when the chaplain of the New York Daughters, the Rev. J. Nevett Steel, gave them his annual song. The chaplain is a tall, handsome man with a crown of snow white hair and he never fails to give a solo at the Washington wedding day celebration. He sang two songs yesterday, but omitted the favorite. Mrs. Scott requested it. Chaplain Steel complied. He sang with fervent emphasis:

"Dearie! Dearie!" with his hand on his heart making a profound obeisance to the President General. Mrs. Scott, who is an elderly woman with a charming grace of manner, laughing almost to tears, responded with a low bow to each salutation of the singer and the song ended as she rose, taking the hand extended to her, and the two saluted each other in old-time minuet fashion.

"This is a sad moment," said Mrs. Scott, as the laughter and applause died away. "I did not believe I was being inveigled here to have a public flirtation with a New York clergyman."

There was much music, patriotic and otherwise, during the afternoon, flowers and tea and cakes and a collation served after the exercises. Mrs. John M. Gardner was Chairman of the Reception Committee of the day.

New West Indian Liner Here.

The new United Fruit Company steamer Almirante arrived yesterday from Santa Marta. The vessel is one of four new ones to be added to the company's fleet plying between here and the West Indies. She was built in Belfast, and this is her first voyage to this port.

A PROFIT IN 8-CENT MILK.

One Dealer So Testifies at the Trust Inquiry—Railroads Favor Big Firms.

Henry Rauch, a Brooklyn milk dealer, testified yesterday before Referee Brown in the "Milk Trust" investigation that he is still selling bottled milk at 8 cents a quart and making a profit. In his opinion the price paid to farmers for milk, as fixed by the Consolidated Milk Exchange, is too high.

"I'd like to protest against the railroads giving a 12½ per cent. discount on milk shipped in carload lots," said Rauch. "That is all wrong, for the small dealer never gets a chance to take advantage of it. It was first started by the Bordens, and now other big dealers get the discount, including the Mutual, McDermott, and Empire Milk Companies, I think."

Mr. Rauch is a member of the Consolidated Milk Exchange. He said that when the old Milk Exchange, Limited, was dissolved, for violation of the State anti-monopoly law, he received an equal number of shares in the present Exchange. This testimony bears out Attorney General O'Malley's contention that the Consolidated Exchange is the old body under a new name.

Charles Vogts, another Brooklyn dealer, testified that though his aggregate shipments from near-by points entitled him to the carload in rebates, he did not get them, while larger dealers did.

Testimony by Orange County farmers developed the fact that milk is generally bought from farmers on terms prescribed by the Consolidated Milk Exchange, and that the Exchange issues a circular to milk producers which has all the binding effect of a contract upon them.

Referee Brown restrained Alfred Ely, counsel for the Milk Exchange, from advising witnesses who were not members in yesterday's hearing.

TRAMP IN ACTRESS'S ROOM.

Being an Act in Life Drama of "Missouri Pete," the Bowery Poet.

"Missouri Pete," the "Bowery Poet," otherwise known as Francis Cronin, was up before Magistrate Kernochan, in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday for having crawled into the dressing room of Hilda Spong, leading woman in "A Little Brother of the Rich," at Wallack's Theatre, on Wednesday night. Miss Spong was not in court, but the watchman of the theatre was.

Miss Spong was making up for the third act, the watchman explained, when she heard loud snores coming from behind the screen, which hides her couch. At first she thought it was her spaniel, King Charles, but when she saw King Charles sitting up in a chair, winking at her, she peeped behind the screen, quite cautiously.

Miss Spong saw a whiskered tramp, all bedraggled, spread out over the silk covering upon her couch. She uttered a stifled cry and dashed out upon the stage, calling to the watchman. When "Missouri Pete" was awakened, he gravely saluted the watchman and asked where he was.

The Bowery Poet told Magistrate Kernochan that he had stepped into a hallway at 29 West Thirtieth Street, to get out of the rain, thinking it would lead to somebody's kitchen. It happened that it was the door to a building used for the dressing rooms of Wallack's Theatre. "Missouri Pete" was sleepy, he said, and sneaked into the first room he saw, dropped to the couch, and was soon asleep.

Magistrate Kernochan gave him three months on Blackwell's Island, which sentence the Bowery Poet took with much glee, as he said he was now assured of a warm place the rest of the Winter.

The press agent of the theatre denied knowing "Missouri Pete."

A NEW deal in Brill Clothes, with seven trump cards to bridge over the remaining three months of Winter.

Men's Overcoats and Suits

Formerly $40 and $35 and suits that were $45, now...... $30

Formerly $30 and $28, now...... $22

Formerly $21 and $20, now...... $17

Formerly $16 and $15, now...... $12

Youths' and Boys' Suits

Youths' suits (14 to 20), formerly $11.50 and $10...... $8

Boys' suits, formerly $4.95, and the Dudley suit (7 to 17), with extra pair of knickers, cut very full...... $3.95

Hats, $5 and $3.50 Grades by the best maker, $1.85

Eighty miles from New York there lives a world-famous man who makes hats as a great artist paints a picture. He only puts his label in those that are flawless. A small percentage of his big product fails to pass the keen eyes of his experts. Some of those—made to sell at $5 and $3.50—we have been lucky enough to get. They're light of weight, self conforming, in all the lastest shapes, and only $1.85. Good heads deserve them and will get them.

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue
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Importers and Manufacturers of
Strictly Reliable Furs.

In accordance with our usual custom we announce the opening of our January discount sale, during which our entire manufactured stock of new and fashionable furs will be offered at the following liberal discounts:

BLACK LYNX, FOX, ALASKA SABLE (SKUNK), PINE MARTEN......10%

ERMINE, CHINCHILLA, BROADTAIL, PERSIAN LAMB, WOLF, RACCOON, BEAVER, BAUM MARTEN......15%

MINK, FISHER, OTTER, OPOSSUM, PONY, SQUIRREL, MOLE, BEAR, STONE MARTEN......20%

LADIES' COATS
FRENCH DYED MUSKRAT, 10% discount.
PERSIAN LAMB AND BROADTAIL, 15% discount.
CARACUL, MINK, PONY, AND SQUIRREL, 20% discount.

AUTOMOBILE COATS
CAPS, GLOVES, FOOT MUFFS, ROBES, &c., 20% discount.

MEN'S FUR LINED COATS
For street and evening wear. 20% discount.

MODEL COATS
A number of beautiful imported Model Coats will be sold at a discount of 33 1-3%.

SABLES
Our manufactured stock of Russian and Hudson Bay Sables will be sold at prices slightly above the cost of production.

SEALSKIN.
Owing to the large demand for this fur and the great advance in price at the recent sales in London, we cannot consistently allow a discount, but our prices on manufactured articles are much lower than the same goods can be bought for next season.

126 West 42d St.
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BECKER & MARTIN
Established 1891
Importers and Manufacturers of
FINE FURS
Fourth Floor. 31 East 17th Street (Union Sq. North) Take Elevator.
Telephone 5572 Stuyvesant.

50% Reductions

The duty on fur has been greatly increased. This, together with decrease in the supply of raw furs and additional demand in foreign countries, means that all fashionable furs will be worth at least 50% more next season.

Our Great Clearance Sale

is now on and you can purchase coats for men and women, scarfs, neckpieces and muffs of every description (including Paris Models) at less than present valuations.

Greenhut and Company
Dry Goods

Rest and Refresh yourself with a cup of tea served without charge in our Lounging Room, third floor

$6 Black Velvet Evening Slippers at $2.85

Fashion's smartest followers demand Black Evening Slippers—rich and quaint—reminding one of Colonial days, when the Court of France influenced the fashions of the dressy women of early America.

The price is the lowest ever made in these handsome slippers, and they come from a maker who has never made a slipper heretofore to retail for less than $5.

These slippers will not break. They are made of better and higher grade velvet than is used in footwear as a rule. A particularly heavy weight and an imported material.

Also January Clearing of 600 pairs of Women's Walking Boots—patent or plain leather, laced or button models $2.85

Second Floor—Greenhut and Company—Friday—Mail Orders Filled.

6th Avenue, 18th to 19th Street Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

SOUTH POLE VOYAGE OF SCOTT NOW SURE

British Government Grants Naval Officer Who Would Rival Peary $100,000 for Attempt.

WILL START THIS SUMMER

Scott Says He Will Establish Two Bases on Ice Barrier and Keep on Till Goal Is Reached.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—The announcement made to-day that the British Government had granted £20,000 ($100,000) to Capt. Robert F. Scott for his projected Antarctic expedition has raised the hopes of Englishmen that since the Stars and Stripes have been flown by Peary at the north pole the Union Jack may be the first national flag unfurled at the south pole. The fact that the Government has made the grant in advance of the start instead of, as in the case of Shackleton's expedition, waiting till the return is in itself an indication of increased keenness in the international race for polar honors due to Peary's victory for America.

Capt. Scott asked for £40,000, or $200,000, for the purposes of his expedition. About £12,000 ($60,000) of this amount had been raised by subscription, and, as Scott says, with the Government grant secure he can now count on obtaining the remaining $40,000 of the total.

Scott Outlines Plans.

Capt. Scott has outlined plans as follows:

"Starting in the course of the present Summer, we propose in January and February of 1911 to establish two bases on the Antarctic ice barrier, one at MacMurdo Bay, the other at King Edward's Land, or some 450 miles apart, to be, if possible, connected by wireless telegraphy. Each of these bases will be about 850 statute miles from the south pole, and by means of them both ends of the barrier will be explored.

"Our task will then be to cover from one or other of those points the 850 miles to the pole. The journey will be over ice, some of it clear, some of it snow covered, and after that over mountains. Our means of transport will be motor sledges and sledges drawn by ponies and dogs. The more we can use motors the more we can relieve the animals. I calculate that we shall have from 120 to 150 days in which to accomplish the journey to and from our base.

Ponies from Siberia.

"I am sending to Siberia for the dogs and ponies which I shall need. The latter will probably be similar to those used by the Cossack regiments, and will be very strong and hardy. The dogs I am getting from remote districts to the north of Vladisvostok. The value of these animals has been proved, notably in the German south polar expedition.

"In my final march for the pole I propose to take sixteen men. The party must, of course, possess a good deal of expert knowledge in the way of surveying, geology, &c., and some of those who come will be skilled in photography. The final selection of the party will be left till one has had the opportunity of judging among the candidates. My intention is to make an effort for the pole and to continue geographical explorations in the southern Summer of 1911-1912."

"Suppose you do not succeed at first?" Capt. Scott was asked.

"The stations," he replied, "will be provisioned so that if our object is not accomplished at the first attempt we shall come back to base, stay on, and make the attempt the next year."

"And if you fail in the second year?"

"If we fail then we shall stay on and try in the third year"—Capt. Scott took his cigarette from his lips and brought a finger down on the table with slow emphasis—"in fact, we shall jolly well stop there till the thing is done."

AIRSHIPS REACH LOS ANGELES

Three Carloads of Aeroplanes and Balloons Arrive for Aviation Meeting.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 6.—Three carloads of aeroplanes, dirigible balloons, and aeronautical apparatus were hauled to the Aviation Park to-day for next week's aviation meet. The machines were put into tents to be prepared for flights, while the balloons were laid out to dry, preparatory to inflation.

More than twenty air craft are entered for the first day's flights next Monday. In addition to the aeroplanes and dirigibles which have already proved their worth, there are a number of new craft that will have a thorough trial next week for the first time.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 6.—A report was circulated here to-day that Orville and Wilbur Wright, who are expected to arrive about the middle of February, will make a series of aeroplane flights and demonstrations here covering a period of several weeks. Theodore P. Shonts, one of the incorporators of the Wright Airship Company, is expected to arrive shortly.

Hayden Sands of New York, who spends every Winter here, recently purchased a Bleriot machine and has announced his intention of bringing it here for the Winter.

ONE MORE ISLAND SHOCKED.

The Swan, Capt. Adams's Carribean Estate, an Earthquake's Plaything.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., Jan. 6.—Swan Island, ninety-five miles from this city, in the Caribbean Sea, owned by Capt. W. C. Adams, was shaken throughout by earthquake shocks on the morning of Jan. 1. The first news of the seismic disturbance reached Mobile to-day, detailed by passengers on the steamer Corinto of the United States Fruit Company's fleet. There were five distinct shocks, three in the morning hours and two even more severe three hours afterward. L. F. Martin, engineer, and J. Roberts, the wireless operator at the wireless station at Swan Island, were thrown from their beds. Buildings rocked, furniture was upset, and pictures thrown from the walls. The sea was much agitated, waves dashing against the island and threatening to go over it.

CENTRAL'S HEARING ENDED.

Counsel Sum Up on the Removal of Tracks from Eleventh Avenue.

Referee D Cady Herrick heard final arguments yesterday on the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company's application for a permanent injunction against the City of New York restraining the city from carrying out a resolution of the Board of Estimate passed last May for the removal of the company's tracks from Eleventh Avenue.

William H. Burr and Francis J. Byrne of the Corporation Counsel's office spoke on behalf of the city, and Vice President I. D. Place and ex-Judge Charles F. Brown presented the case for the railroad company.

Mr. Burr discussed the rights given the Hudson River Railroad Company in 1845, 1846, and 1847. He said they were invalid because they did not receive the sanction of the Legislature. Even if they were valid, Mr. Burr contended, they had expired in 1896.

"We have shown," continued Mr. Burr, "that the tracks in the city are a nuisance; that many are killed and maimed each year, and that traffic is delayed.

"Then take the neighborhood of Forty-second Street, which is a great location for factories, where many men and women, boys and girls are employed. They go to work early in the morning and cross the tracks at noon and night. When a long train is stalled they cannot cross the street without crawling under the cars or climbing between them, taking the risk of being killed or injured. Then there are 5,500 school children in the neighborhood to whom the passing trains are a constant menace."

Judge Brown in speaking for the railroad company denounced the argument of Assistant Corporation Counsel Byrne as an "attack on the company's right of way" and "an incentive to riot."

"If these tracks are on the streets illegally," said he, "they are a nuisance. If they are legally there they are not a nuisance. Even if their operation constituted a nuisance the remedy would be to abate the nuisance, not tear up the tracks. Only 103 persons have been killed in fifty years, and that is not enough to make any court interfere with the operation of a railroad."

Referee Herrick denied an application of the railroad company's counsel for a stay of proceedings until the company's rights had been passed on by the Court of Appeals.

LEFT THE MEDAL HOME.

Speechmaker's Discovery That It Is Missing Interrupts Presentation.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—Henry G. Bryant, President of the Philadelphia Geographical Society, made a speech to-night before the society at Witherspoon Hall. It was a speech of presentation of a medal from the society to the swedish explorer, Sven Hedin, and the Swedish Minister, Herman de Lagercrantz, had come over from Washington to hear the speech and receive the medal.

When Mr. Bryant had finished the speech, which was in compliment of Dr. Hedin, the Minister from Sweden, and explorers in general, he reached in his coattail pocket for the medal. While he was reaching for the medal he said:

"Your Excellency, it gives me great pleasure to present this medal."

The Minister rose.

"It gives me great pleasure," continued Mr. Bryant, still busy with his coat tails. His face became very red and there ensued one of those silences which might be called deep seated.

"Dr. Sartain," said Mr. Bryant, addressing the Secretary of the society, who was seated in the audience, "have you got that medal?"

Dr. Sartain rose.

"I have not," said he.

"Then," said Mr. Bryant, letting go his coat tails, his face lighting up with a smile that may be said to have saved the night, "then, Mr. Minister, really, we can't give you the medal. But I'll tell you, it's at my home, only six squares from here, and you shall have it."

Mr. de Lagercrantz bowed to Mr. Bryant and started in to read a paper. He smiled all through the paper, and when last seen as he vanished through the stage door around 9:30 o'clock he was still smiling.

ASKS $2,000 FROM MRS. GOULD

Milliners' Assignee Demands That Sum on an Old Account.

The testimony of Katherine Knoppel and Mayfred Senner, the former in charge of the cashier's desk and the latter cashier of the Lichtenstein Millinery Company, who have brought suit through Malcolm N. Butler, assignee of the concern, against Mrs. Katherine Clemmons Gould for $2,000 for unpaid bills, was filed with the County Clerk yesterday. The depositions were taken on Jan. 3 at 705 West 179th Street, and Miss Knoppel's testimony gave a list of checks drawn by Mrs. Gould during the year 1900 to 1906 which passed through her hands.

Some of the largest of these were Dec. 14, 1903, $990; Oct. 4, 1904, $1,300; May 2, 1904, $3,254; Oct. 24, 1904, $3,545; Jan. 17, 1905, $5,000; March 3, 1905, $5,000; Oct. 23, 1905, $1,500, and Jan. 26, 1906, $2,000. Half a dozen other checks ranged in sums from $1 to $500.

Miss Senner, the cashier, testified that so far as she could remember all the accounts were in the name of Mrs. Howard Gould, and that the checks were signed with that name. She says that she never remembers seeing the name of Howard Gould on checks which were drawn on the Plaza Bank.

The case was begun last February, but was adjourned because of the illness of a juror. It will come up in the Supreme Court shortly. Testimony will be put in to show that Howard Gould is not responsible for the sum for which Mrs. Gould is now being sued.

SETS ASIDE FUNERAL POMP.

Wallace Orders a Pine Box and Express Wagon for His Burial.

By his will filed yesterday in the Surrogate's Court, Brooklyn, John W. Wallace, manufacturer of Throop Avenue, provides that his body be cremated and his ashes scattered in a field. He also directed that his body be put in a cheap pine box before cremation, and that his funeral cost not more than $50, aside from the expenses at the crematory. In his will he wrote:

> I believe a man gets out of life all he is entitled to, according to the amount of brain and energy he uses, and when he dies he should not occupy ground that may be needed for highways or planting corn, or for any other use that future generations may need it for. I also believe if when I die I should have $1 over the amount necessary to bury me in the plainest manner that dollar should go to those who are dependent on me instead of carrying it with me in the way of an expensive coffin and flowers

The wishes of Mr. Wallace as to his funeral have been carried out.

BRITISH M. P. FIGHTS HECKLER AT MEETING

Crowd Forms a Ring Around Sir William Bull and Antagonist—Other Meetings Broken Up.

FUN IS MADE OF BALFOUR

His German Scare Likened to American Tail Twisting—Letter of Whitelaw Reid Read in Compaign.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Serious disturbances marked many of the campaign meetings throughout the country to-night.

Sir William Bull, member of the House of Commons for Hammersmith, while speaking in that constituency, was rudely heckled by a man in the crowd. He threatened to punch the man's head.

"Come on!" shouted the man.

Sir William descended and the crowd formed a ring. A standup fight ensued until the police separated the combatants.

Sir William afterward said he was none the worse for the encounter. "There has been a deal of unfair Radical rowdyism lately," he went on. "This affair may clear the air, as Englishmen like a fair fight and no fouling."

The Earl of Donoughmore and Lord Cheylesmore, in attempting to address a Conservative meeting at Coventry, found that the hall had been captured beforehand by the Radicals, who howled all the speakers down. The meeting broke up in disorder.

A similar fate overtook Lord Rothschild at Wolverton, where a crowd of Radical hooligans rushed the doors. Lord Rothschild stood for a long time facing the deafening booing and cheering, but was obliged to content himself with addressing the reporters.

Sir Charles Walpole, the Unionist candidate in Chertsey, has made public use of a letter from Whitelaw Reid, the American Ambassador, on the subject of unemployment in the United States. The election agent for the opposing candidate has drawn attention in The Daily Chronicle to this, asking whether it is permissible for a foreign Ambassador thus to interfere in politics.

The Chronicle says that if the letter was published without the Ambassador's authority it is merely a local matter, but that if Sir Charles has authority for its publication the matter will be brought to the notice of Sir Edward Grey the Foreign Secretary.

The letter referred to was written by Ambassador Reid in December, 1908. The Times describes the incident as a "mare's nest."

Premier Asquith, David Lloyd-George, Chancellor of the Exchequer; John Burns, President of the Local Government Board, and other members of the Government occupied to-night in denouncing A. J. Balfour's alarmist references to Germany.

Chancellor Lloyd-George, who received an ovation at Peckham, in London, described Mr. Balfour's speech as the last resort of a thoroughly desperate man, who saw that his cause was lost. Mr. Balfour had indulged in plucking the German eagle's tail feathers, when tail-twisting had become a discreditable practice, even in America. He was sorry to see the leader of a great party, and an ex-Premier, reduced to the extremity of following in the footsteps of the most discredited type of politician in the United States. Such talk was dangerous to the world's peace and a disgrace to British politics.

With reference to the effect of the budget on trade, the Chancellor took the unusual course of prematurely announcing to the meeting the returns of the Board of Trade for December. They showed an increase in exports over December of 1908 amounting to $21,940,000. The biggest year British trade ever saw was 1907, and the Chancellor pointed out that trade for the last month was better than in December, 1907, by $5,000,000 and over in exports, and if they took both exports and imports it was better by $25,000,000. It looked as though the coming year would be the biggest British trade ever experienced from the foundation of the empire.

Premier Asquith, speaking at Bath, reiterated his statemet so far as equipment and armament were concerned.

Mr. Balfour to-night at Ipswich followed Lord Lansdowne with regard to the reform of the House of Lords. "By all means," he said, "let us reform the House of Lords in order to strengthen it." He proceeded: "Let us ask any American citizen whether he thought life would be worth living if the elaborate precautions taken by the framers of the Constitution were disregarded, and only the House of Representatives should rule. He would reply that the man who made such a suggestion was a lunatic."

Mr. Balfour wished that the question of the reform of the House of Lords could be dealt with by both parties, irrespective of party.

SCOTT TO SUCCEED RAINES.

Lawyer Wins State Senatorship Over Wilson with Third Candidate's Votes.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Royal R. Scott is the choice of the Ontario County Convention for Senator in the Forty-second District to succeed the late John Raines.

Early in the convention this afternoon it appeared that the forces supporting Scott, who is a lawyer of Canandaigua, and Thomas B. Wilson, lecturer under the direction of the State at farmers' institutes, would be deadlocked, but on the second ballot supporters of a third candidate joined the Scott forces, deciding the contest for him.

Sign River Plate Protocol.

MONTEVIDEO, Jan. 6.—A protocol was signed to-day by Uruguay and the Argentine Republic, terminating the long pending question of the jurisdiction of the River Plate.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
Bloomingdales
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th Street.

The Real Value of a store like this to the community at large is difficult to tell in space necessarily so limited as a newspaper announcement affords. So please remember that the title "The Store of Certain Satisfaction" was not bestowed on Bloomingdales' as a matter of favor but as a well earned reward for meritorious merchandising. Bloomingdales'—The easiest store in Greater New York to reach whether you travel via auto, carriage, elevated train, surface car or afoot.

Linen Dinner Cloths, pure Irish linen; pretty designs, open work border, 8-4 size; regularly $2.00, in the White Sale at.................. $1.49

Dinner Napkins, satin damask; superior quality, 24x24 inches; beautiful designs; regularly $3.50 a dozen; in the White Sale at........ $2.29

Turkish Bath Sheets, white and fringed; size 1½x2¼ yards; regularly $1.25; in the White Sale at.............................. 69c

Huck Towels, pure linen, hemstitched, large size, white only, the best 40c. grades, in the White Sale at.............................. 29c

Bloomingdales', Lexington to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

POLICEMAN SCARES A CROWD.

Number of People at Station to Charge Mann with Intoxication.

Policeman John W. Mann of the Mercer Street Station went on a rampage last night, and after an exciting scene, in which an angry mob followed him into the station, his shield and revolver were taken away by Capt. Dominick Henry and Mann was suspended and locked up, charged with having assaulted several citizens. His arrest followed a hurried talk over the telephone between Capt. Henry and Police Commissioner Baker.

Along about 7 o'clock Mann sent in a patrol wagon call from Broadway and Thirteenth Street. The desk Sergeant at the Mercer Street Station had just dispatched the wagon when he was called on the telephone by a man who said he was at Fourth Avenue and Fourteenth Street and wanted to complain about Policeman Mann. The voice over the wire suggested that some policemen had better come quick or there would be trouble.

The desk Sergeant called out a couple of men on reserve and they were about to leave the station when the patrol wagon came back. In it were Policeman Mann and William J. Houston, an engineer, of 66 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn. Mann marched him up to the desk and said he wished to prefer a charge of drunkenness against him. But just then a mob which had been following the patrol wagon began to crowd into the station, several men trying to talk at once. The general purport of what they said seemed to be against Policeman Mann.

Capt. Henry called sixteen of the excited men and two women into his private room and told them to cool down and tell him all about it. Southerland D. George of 303 West Nineteenth Street made the first charge against the policeman.

George said that he and his wife were shopping late in the afternoon when they noticed Policeman Mann, who seemed to them to be very much intoxicated. "He was staggering along Fourteenth Street, and a crowd of boys was following him and hooting," said George.

"My wife and I went on shopping. Some time later we again saw him. This time he had another intoxicated man with him. He had him by the collar and was lurching about the pavement, jostling the passers-by. We stopped a minute and we saw the policeman strike the drunken man several times, apparently without cause. At that I protested.

"'Here, what do you mean by striking a drunken man so?' I exclaimed. With that the policeman loosened his grip on his prisoner and struck me."

At that point Mrs. George took up the story. She said that she, too, protested to Mann.

"You are drunk or you would not act so," she said to him.

Mrs. Henry Miller of the Hotel Albert, at Fifteenth Street and University Place, corroborated the story, as also did several of the others in the Captain's room.

It also came out that Mann had arrested Houston at Thirteenth Street and Fourth Avenue, and instead of taking him to the patrol box at Thirteenth Street and Broadway, had marched him about the neighborhood for about an hour. During most of this time a crowd followed the policeman and his prisoner. As the reeling pair neared the patrol box Mann stood his prisoner up against a wall and turned on the crowd. It retreated as he drew his night stick and charged.

When Capt. Henry had heard all the crowd had to say he called up Commissioner Baker. Police Surgeon Donlon, after examining Mann, said that the policeman had been drinking heavily.

Mann has been on the force fifteen years. He has a wife and five children. About eight months ago he was tried by former Deputy Police Commissioner Hanson on the charge of being drunk on post. But on that occasion Capt. Henry requested that Mann be given another chance, and the charge was dismissed.

DICKINSON AT SANTIAGO.

Secretary of War Arrives from Santo Domingo on Mayflower.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, Jan. 6.—The United States converted yacht Mayflower, with Secretary of War Jacob M. Dickinson and party aboard, arrived here to-day from Santo Domingo.

The Mayflower proceeded for Havana. The Secretary visited the battlefields and will leave for Havana to-morrow by rail.

To Hurry Up Dry Dock No. 4.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Changes have been made in the plans for Dry Dock No. 4, now being constructed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, so as to provide for its completion six months earlier than had been contemplated. The charges will eliminate the use of piling in the construction.

HEARD CHINAMEN MAKE DEATH THREAT

Witnesses Tell of Sinister Words in Bow Kum's Room the Night She Was Slain.

LAWYER SAYS IT'S A PLOT

Thinks All of the Testimony Against the Prisoners Emanates from the On Leong Tong.

No end of circumstantial evidence was adduced yesterday to connect Lau Tang and Lau Shong with the murder of little Bow Kum, but by the end of the day Supreme Court Justice Goff did not seem greatly impressed with it, and this morning he will give his ruling on the motion for dismissal made by Terence McManus for the defense.

Bow Kum was bought in the markets of Southern China by a San Francisco member of the Four Brothers, and when she later deserted his resort to join Chin Lem, a member of the On Leong Tong, and live with him here in New York, deputations of the Four Brothers demanded the payment of $3,000 and threatened vengeance when it was refused. According to the prosecution, this was the motive for the murder of the little Chinese slave girl, which occurred on the night of Aug. 14, 1909, in her rooms at 17 Mott Street.

Loy Yung Hok, a room mate of Chin Lem, told yesterday how he had seen Lau Tang and Lau Shong in heated conference with the lover of Bow Kum, and how he had heard them threaten death if the money was not paid. He himself was no On Leong Tong, and had never attended any of their meetings.

Then came one Hong Fong to the stand, a laundryman who had come to 17 Mott Street. He saw Bow Kum shortly after 10 on the night she was killed, and found Lau Tang and Lau Shong in her room.

"The shades were half-way up," he said, "and I noticed that their faces were greenish, and that they seemed nervous. I left them with her, and as I went down and out the alleyway I saw that the shades were drawn, and I heard two groans."

He, too, was not a member of the On Leong Tongs.

"A little after 10 that night, I saw Lau Tang leaving Bow Kum's room," said the next witness, one Hom Hong, an inmate of the place. "And I said to him: 'Lau Tang, do you visit girls?' He did not answer, and I saw that his face was greenish. I saw Lau Tang close the woman's door from the outside, and later I heard groans from somewhere."

Still another Chinaman saw the two defendants leave the room, all declaring that it was between 10 and 11. It was shortly after 2 in the morning that Bow Kum was found lying on the floor of her room, a stab wound through her heart.

A fourth witness seemed to have been wandering in the rear yard of 17 Mott Street, just in time to collide with Lau Tang and Lau Shong as they made a furtive exit from the place.

Mr. McManus has declared that the whole prosecution must rest upon a conspiracy on the part of the On Leong Tong to throw the blame for the murder on two members of their rival organization, but no one of the witnesses yesterday admitted that he was a member of the Chinese fraternity, and some of them even professed never to have heard of it.

When Charley Lee, and after him Lou Chou, went on the stand, each declaring that he had seen the two prisoners leaving the girl's room, it was too much for the patience of Mr. McManus.

"Were you having a mass meeting in that back yard?" he cried. "Was this murder committed with a brass band accompaniment? How many more people, pray, lurked in that little stairway when these two men are said to have left Bow Kum's room?"

When this outburst was softened in the process of interpretation it hardly discountenanced Lou Chou.

"There were quite many more on the side walk," he said, smiling blandly.

Assistant District Attorney Moss rested the case for the prosecution, declaring that it had shown motive, threat, and the presence of the defendants; but Mr. McManus argued for a dismissal of the indictments.

"You have had no evidence but what is circumstantial," he said. "Every witness was an interested one; all of them confessed friends of Chin Lem. We have a conspiracy to place the blame admitted by the president of the On Leong Tong, and even without that point in our favor, is not the conspiracy perfectly plain?"

O'NEILL-ADAMS Co
(Established 42 Years)
TO-DAY'S NEWS

An Irish Lace Exhibit
And Demonstration
O'Neill Building—Second Floor.

Father O'Flanagan, direct from Ireland, is here to show New Yorkers just how real Irish laces are made. Three young Irish girls are showing the stitches, and demonstrating the exquisite quality of, perhaps, as fine Irish lace as New York is likely to see.

It was in 1849 that Irish crochet lace came into great favor. The peasants turned to and worked like honey-bees on these beautiful laces in order to get some sort of relief from the famine which spread over Ireland at that time.

When the Franco-Prussian War came it stopped the lace-making industry on the Continent. Before the War was over there were eighteen thousand lace makers in the neighborhood of Cork alone.

When the War ended Paris dressmakers began the use of imitation laces, thinking their patrons wouldn't know the difference, and there were so many who *didn't*, that the lace industry of Ireland was spoiled.

About five years ago women began to resent the use of imitation laces in the place of real by Paris dressmakers, and demanded Irish crochet lace in so determined a manner that Paris was forced to get the genuine, and use it alone.

Then the demand became so great that Ireland could not supply it, and France and Switzerland both invented imitations which are no more real Irish than the map of New Jersey is that of all Europe.

What real Irish is, how exquisitely white and snowy and delicate it can be, is being demonstrated by these young Irish girls, who will be glad to answer any question that you may wish to have answered on the subject of Irish lace.

One of the three girls is at work on Irish Duchesse, another on Carrickmacross, while the third crochets what we call Baby-Irish.

We Give and Redeem Surety Stamps

Sixth Ave. 20th to 22d St. O'NEILL-ADAMS Co Sixth Ave. 20th to 22d St.

CHAUFFEUR GOT HER MONEY.

Told New Haven Woman He Was British Diplomat—Now Goes to Jail.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Herbert Titlow was sentenced in the court at Coventry today to eight months' imprisonment at hard labor for defrauding Miss Clara S. Libbey of New Haven, Conn., of various sums of money.

Titlow, who is a chauffeur, met Miss Libbey at New Haven, where he is alleged to have represented himself as Sir Claud Campbell of the British Diplomatic Service. He returned to England and was later joined here by Miss Libbey, who had expected to marry him. After he had secured all of her money through various pretenses the woman caused her fiancé's arrest.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 6.—Miss Clara S. Libbey, whom Herbert Titlow defrauded, until recently kept a store for the sale of art materials near Yale University. At the time she disposed of her business the announcement was made that she was going to London to be married.

SUIT AGAINST LEISHMANS.

Tradesman Tries to Seize Property in Ambassador's Paris Residence.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—Following a controversy over a bill of $1,800 for curtains furnished the residence in the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne of Mrs. Leishman, wife of the United States Ambassador to Italy, a tradesman to-day attempted a seizure, which was resisted.

Subsequently the case was brought into court, where the question of diplomatic exemption from the usual course of the law was raised. The case was adjourned finally until Jan. 12, before which date, it was hoped, a settlement out of court will be reached. All of the members of the Leishman family are in Rome. They have maintained a home here for some years.

ATTACK ON JOHN BURNS.

Unidentified Man Leaps Upon Minister as He Is Entering Motor Car.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—John Burns, President of the Local Government Board and labor leader in the House of Commons, had a smart mix-up with an unidentified man as he was leaving a political meeting last night. The Minister was about to enter his motor car when the other sprang upon him from behind and threw him to the ground.

There was a lively struggle and exchange of blows until the police pulled the assailant away. In the excitement the offender escaped.

QUEEN DINES WOODFORD.

Wilhelmina Entertains Him as President of Hudson-Fulton Celebration.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 6.—Queen Wilhelmina gives a banquet to-night in honor of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, President of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Commission, who came here to express the thanks of the commission for Holland's participation in the historic festivities in New York.

Mrs. Woodford and Arthur M. Beaupre, United States Minister to the Netherlands, will be among the guests.

STRATHCONA AIDS MONTREAL.

Cables $25,000 and Pledges $100,000 If Needed to Fight Typhoid.

MONTREAL, Jan. 6.—Sir Hugh Graham received a cablegram to-day from Lord Strathcona in London stating that he was cabling $25,000 for the Emergency Hospital, which has opened in connection with the typhoid fever outbreak and that he was prepared to subscribe $100,000 toward the eradication of the cause should a citizens' fund be started.

The Emergency Hospital has so far received forty cases and others are being brought in hourly.

Dog's Head
Bass' Ale
The World's Best
H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York.

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

THINKS HER FOOD POISONED.

Woman, Giving New York Address, Barricades Herself in Worcester Hotel.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 6.—Mrs. Helen Burns, 62 years old and well dressed, who gave her address as 28 Sixtieth Street, New York City, was taken from the fourth story of a Pleasant Street hotel early this morning, apparently demented, and transferred to the Worcester City Hospital by the police.

Passing the hotel building, a workman heard some one rapping hard on the window of an upper story and a faint call for police, whom he immediately summoned. The police found Mrs. Burns barricaded in the hotel room, with her trunk against the door. After telling her they were policemen she admitted them, but would only say, "My food is being tampered with and they are trying to poison me to get me out of the way. I can't died this way, and want protection of the police of this city."

Other than that she had come in search of relatives, whom she found had removed to Albany, N. Y., nothing could be learned from the woman except that her husband and daughter live in New York and she had a son in business in Milwaukee. She did not want the police to tell them of her condition or whereabouts. She had $125.12 in cash and a trunk full of fine dresses.

At 28 West Sixtieth Street, a furnished-room house, it was said by the proprietress, Mrs. De Witt, that a Mrs. Burns had roomed there for several weeks, but had left about two weeks ago. She mingled little with the other people at the house, it was said, and little was known about her except that she had frequent conferences with a lawyer and spoke of some lawsuit in which she was engaged. She was described as tall and rather good looking, with dark complexion and hair, and well dressed.

Train Collision Kills Three.

FOGGIA, Jan. 6.—In a collision to-day between an express and a freight train two miles from here three persons were killed and several injured, the latter including the Prefect of Bari.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
B'way at 6th Av. 34 to 35th St.

$63,000 Worth of Furs for $31,500

Buy Furs Now

It's a peculiar phase of the Fur business that manufacturers must *literally* make hay while the sun shines. By the time *real* winter sets in their season is on the wane, and unsold balances go to the block. That's why we can now offer

Furs at About Half Price

They are the left-overs of a prominent manufacturer. There isn't anything unusual about such a sacrifice in January. It's the expected thing. We counted on it. So did many of our customers, who are as familiar with the routine seasonal sales as we are ourselves. Many have been waiting for this very announcement. Deferred purchases may have caused them to shiver a little. But that's all forgotten in the light of present savings.

The display is comprehensive. Medium grades; rich grades. All worthy and desirable.

Whether your mind is on a Coat, a Muff, a Scarf—or all three—you're practically sure of finding the particular kind and style you want—*and at about half the price of the recent past.*

Second Floor.

Men's Suits Reduced

Fifth Floor.

Men's Sack Suits, made of fine worsteds, cheviots and cassimeres in medium and heavy weights.

They are the latest models—tailored and trimmed with that care for detail that has given such wonderful impulse to Ready-to-wear Clothing during recent years.

Regulars, stouts and slims, in 34 to 46 sizes.

Suits we sold up to $19.75 reduced to $14.75
Suits we sold up to $22.75 reduced to $17.75
Suits we sold up to $32.50 reduced to $24.75

Men's $24.75 Cravenetted Overcoats at $17.75

These Overcoats are made of Priestley's Cravenetted Cassimeres and Cheviots in fancy grays and black. They are the new "Stanlay" model with convertible collars—the ones that may be worn close around neck military fashion or turned down. The lapels are adjustable to three positions.

OPERA WAR HALTS AT THEATRE DINNER

Herren Dippel and Hammerstein Confer Earnestly Despite the Gibes of Fellow Guests.

HARD TIMES, MANAGERS SAY

Agree with Hammerstein, Who Declares Season Has Been "Rotten"—Savage Criticises Opera Management.

Evidences of good feeling between the operatic interests in this city, despite the fact that the Metropolitan Opera House Directors have denied that there is a possibility of a working agreement between the Metropolitan and the Manhattan Opera House, were perceptible last night at the seventh annual dinner of the Theatrical Managers' Association at the Hotel Knickerbocker. Every theatrical interest in the city, including vaudeville and the burlesque houses, was represented. About 150 well-known Broadway managers were present, and half a dozen made speeches.

Herr Dippel of the Metropolitan Opera House and Oscar Hammerstein of the Manhattan occupied seats at the main table. When the dinner began they were several seats apart, but as it progressed it was noticeable that Mr. Hammerstein hitched his chair until he sat on Mr. Dippel's right hand.

Then the two began an animated discourse. Mr. Hammerstein seemed to be all attention, and both were oblivious to the merriment which circulated around the board at their expense. Long before the dinner had broken up Mr. Hammerstein slipped away, but he stayed long enough to make a speech. It was a very short speech, and he received unstinted applause when he summed up the situation in the statement that his business this season had been "rotten." Herr Dippel did not address the gathering, but Henry W. Savage, in a letter to the President of the association, Charles Burnham, had several things to say.

Hammerstein Tells of Hard Times.

"The operatic affairs of the city," said Oscar Hammerstein, "are in no worse condition than the dramatic affairs, so far as I can ascertain. The fact of the matter is that it has been extremely dull this season in every branch of the business. I have been looking for the reason along with the others, but I have been unable to find it. You will have to excuse me for not making my speech more flowery, but the fact of the matter is business has been so rotten—" The applause and laughter which followed drowned what else Mr. Hammerstein said, and he sat down.

It was noticed that Herr Dippel applauded Hammerstein more vociferously than any one else. When asked later if he cared to enlarge on his remarks, Mr. Hammerstein merely shrugged his shoulders. This is what Henry W. Savage had to say regarding the operatic situation:

Calls Present Opera a Fad.

"In view of the rather widespread public discussion now current about certain features of the grand opera matter, I hesitate to take advantage of the door you have so generously opened. Nevertheless, it is possible that I may be able to express an opinion helpful to the members of the association, based upon a rather wide and varied experience.

"Grand opera is a form of musical art that is now permanently a part of our entertainment field. But it will not be permanent in its present form—or, rather, in the prevailing manner of its presentation and control. Nothing depending upon the public can long retain its power when treated as an exotic or as a mere fad.

"The public will not long support anything whose chief claim to distinction is its exclusion among the 'things one just sees.' The thing which is 'the' thing, must be seen and heard does not remain 'the thing' for any great length of time. Nor is it a mere social diversion, valuable as that must be in connection with any entertainment, sufficently powerful to permanently maintain even grand opera.

"But there is a strong popular interest in the musico-dramatic art, a rapidly growing appreciation of it on an artistic basis and a widespread demand. Therefore that must and will be filled.

"Before this demand can be properly filled, however, I believe that the American people must come to the point of taking grand opera as an integral part of the Nation's life. Instead of the recent semi-hysteria over great names and great sensationalism there must be an acceptance of grand opera as an established institution, as a regular factor in the entertainment world. In Europe this is the case to-day. Scarcely a town on the Continent so small as not have its quota of grand opera—all taken as a matter of course, sans excitement, sans outcry, and absurd puffery. We must attain the European viewpoint—and I am confident that we shall.

"I look for a decided modification of the grand opera craze, a reaction such as is inevitable after undue expansion. But after grand opera shall have found itself in its proper place I also look as confidently for a steady and sure growth. We shall then have not two or three topheavy organizations, supported by a few wealthy enthusiasts, but a number of well-balanced companies supported by the people directly. There will be far less hysteria, but much more real enthusiasm; fewer super-stars, but greater general efficiency; less talk about art and more of it; in a word, a reasonable, sane, firm-foundationed pursuit of what is perhaps the very finest phase of art ever devised for all the people.

Present System Destroying Itself.

"The present system is automatically destroying itself. A star to be a star must not only possess rare and distinguished abilities but he or she must be one of a very few. If there were hundreds of great stars all would soon become commonplace in the estimate of the general public. But it is sought to extend the star system of grand opera throughout the country. Two organizations in New York, two in Philadelphia, one in Boston, one in Baltimore, and possibly two in Chicago—these are but a few of the attempts or projected attempts. The present supply of stars is insufficient for even two of these ventures. Where are the other brilliant luminaries to come from? And if by some miracle they are found or evolved, will they retain their stellar attributes of attracting great crowds? They cannot do so long, for the reason that then the stars will be too many to be distinctive."

MANY SUFFRAGE MEETINGS.

Mrs. Harper Will Explain the Movement at the Colony Club.

The Collegiate Equal Suffrage League held its regular meeting at the home of Mrs. Henry Wise Miller yesterday afternoon, and Miss Jessie Ashley, the President, told how the franchise might be obtained from the Federal Government, and Miss Caroline Lexow, the Secretary, how it might be obtained from the State.

Mrs. Gilbert Jones yesterday afternoon talked to the members of the League for the Civic Education of Women upon anti-suffrage at the headquarters of the league, 222 Madison Avenue. Upon the invitation of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, head of the Political Equality Association, a limited number of women, who can be taken in the big reception room of the Colony Club, will be addressed this afternoon by Mrs. Ida Husted Harper upon the principles of woman suffrage. Mrs. Harper will treat the matter from a kindergarten standpoint, and the women not familiar with the subject are invited to be converted.

Prof. Frances Squire Potter will speak on woman suffrage at the regular meeting of the New York Woman Suffrage Association at the Hotel Astor to-morrow at 3:30 o'clock. The new suffrage club of young east side men and women will be addressed by Mrs. Marie Jennie Howe at the Davidson Rooms, 307 Henry Street, at 8 P. M.

It was announced at the meeting of the State Board of the State Suffrage Headquarters, 505 Fifth Avenue, yesterday that a great campaign of organization is to begin throughout the State. New organizers were appointed, and Miss Harriet May Mills, who has just returned from a tour through the State, says that new members are coming in from all quarters. Mrs. Frank J. Shuler, Corresponding Secretary of the tate Association, who came from her home in Buffalo to attend the meeting, said that there was an average gain of thirty-five new suffragists a month in that city.

DEMAND DR. ROBERTS'S JOB.

Opponents Rise Up Against Treasurer of Presbyterian General Assembly.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 6.—Trouble which has smoldered for years inside the Presbyterian Church of America broke out to-day when opponents of the Rev. Dr. William Henry Roberts of Philadelphia, stated clerk and treasurer of the Presbyterian General Assembly, who is styled "the Pope of the Presbyterian Church" by them, came out in the open with a demand that he resign as treasurer.

In addition to these two high offices Dr. Roberts holds nearly sixty other positions of trust in the General Assembly. The Pittsburg Presbytery is almost unanimous in indorsing the attack, which was started by the Blairsville Presbytery. Arrayed against Dr. Roberts are many of the Presbyteries of the United States.

To-day the Presbyterian Banner, the official organ of the Church, openly insists on the dethronement of the treasurer, taking the ground that affairs of the Presbytery are not conducted in a businesslike way, and that matters are run too much by one man. It is alleged that some of the "sixty other positions" held in the Presbytery by the Philadelphia clergyman pay good salaries.

Friends of Dr. Roberts, on the other hand, declare the attacks are inspired by jealousy, and say he will not resign.

GETS A WRIT FOR HER CHILD.

Mrs. McKnight Charges Her Husband with Restraining the Girl.

Mrs. Louise S. McKnight, whose husband, Chauncey P. McKnight, obtained a decree of separation from her last April on the ground of her conduct toward him, obtained a writ of habeas corpus yesterday directing him to produce in court their four-year-old daughter, Sylvestress, whom she alleges is restrained of her liberty by him.

According to the papers, Chauncey McKnight, 11 years old, and his sister, Sylvestress, were found early in October by a Children's Society agent, who took them to the Children's Court on the charge that they had been found without proper guardianship and neglected by their parents, who did not live together. The children were then with their mother, at 526 West 175th Street. Magistrate Mayo on Oct. 11 directed that the children be placed in the custody of their father.

Mrs. McKnight says that her daughter is restrained by McKnight at 117 Wadsworth Avenue. This, she alleges, defeats the order of the Supreme Court, when her husband obtained the separation decree, which gave her the custody of the little girl.

PLAN TO CALL OUT 3,000 MORE STRIKERS

Union Ready to Punish Manufacturers Who Have Been Doing Non-Union Work Secretly.

MRS. BELMONT CHIDES JUDGE

Perfectly Willing to Tell the Waistmakers the "Sad News" That Barlow Hasn't Resigned.

Because some of the manufacturers who have settled with the shirtwaist makers have been doing work for certain firms that have refused to make terms, the officials of the waistmakers' union have decided to call shop meetings in the next few days at which, it is expected, 3,000 girls will be called out on strike again. A general strike order, however, will not be issued, according to Solomon Schindler and A. Baroff, leaders of the strikers.

"There are eight or ten shops which are suspected of doing work for shops that have not settled, and that is all," said Mr. Baroff. "This is not a new thing. Some of the shops have been suspected before, and their employes threatened a strike unless a promise was made that no work would be done for firms which have not settled. In all large strikes of this kind there are similar cases. But to say that there is any suggestion of ordering a general strike over again is preposterous."

Chairman Simon of the Executive Committee of the Associated Waist and Dress Manufacturers, in denying that any manufacturer in the association had had work done by firms which had settled, said they would be violating the rules of the association by so doing. He believed the strike was nearing an end.

In answer to a letter from Justice Barlow, in which he credits Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont with the statement made at the Carnegie Hall meeting, in the interest of the shirtwaist strikers on last Sunday, that he had resigned from office, Mrs. Belmont yesterday sent the following answer:

Jan. 6, 1910.

Hon. Peter T. Barlow,
55 East Twenty-first Street, City.

Dear Judge Barlow: In answer to your letter of Jan. 5 I will say that it was given out publicly from the platform Sunday night last at Carnegie Hall at the big protest meeting that you had resigned from the bench.

Two ladies lunched with me yesterday. During our conversation this fact was mentioned. One of these ladies, your informant, took extraordinary interest in wishing me to state why you had resigned, and what forces I thought had caused you to resign. To all such questions I answered repeatedly, "I do not know." It would have been impossible for me to have made any other statement, as I knew nothing of your resignation except what I had heard at Carnegie Hall, and no cause for said resignation was given there. I think it wise for you to settle the matter of the cause of your resignation with the lady from whom I must infer you received it.

As to contradicting the notice given out at Carnegie Hall of your resignation from the bench, I was only one of a large audience of several thousand to whom this piece of news was given. I think I am right in saying the audience received it with pleasure, and will now regret to hear that they have been misinformed.

You request me in your letter "to give my contradiction of the vicious fabrication as much publicity as possible." Although I hardly deem it my place to do so, or see the necessity of defending you against a public statement, yet my deep interest in the shirtwaist makers prompts me to make this letter public. By so doing the sad news may reach them that they are still to come under your jurisdiction and it may help them to prepare to bravely arm themselves with the necessary courage to again, perhaps, face the workhouse or Blackwell's Island. Yours very truly,

ALVA E. BELMONT.

It was decided yesterday afternoon at a meeting at the Woman's Trade Union League, 43 East Twenty-second Street, to hold the meeting to distribute the tickets for the three weeks' performances of "The Barrier"—the strikers to get one-half of the proceeds of the tickets sold in accordance with the offer of Klaw & Erlanger—in the New Amsterdam Theatre, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Among those present will be Mrs. R. Erskine Ely, Miss Alice Lewissohn, Mrs. Clarence Burns, Miss Mary E. Dreier, Julius Hopp, Miss Elizabth Marbury, Miss Anne Morgan, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Miss Henrietta Rodman, Miss Garrigues, and Miss Grace Strachan.

It is expected that Miss Strachan and John Mitchell will speak. Among other speakers will be Miss Dreier, Miss Inez Milholland, and several members of women's clubs.

SAID IT, OLMSTED ADMITS.

But Defends "Strike Against God" Talk as a Moral Precept.

Justice Olmsted of Special Sessions seemed only diverted yesterday when he read the comment on his recent remarks to youthful strikers cabled to America by George Bernard Shaw. In the Children's Court on Dec. 30 Justice Olmsted thus reproached a striker:

"I know you are not working and are on strike. You are on strike against God and nature, whose prime law it is that man shall earn his bread by the sweat of his brow. You are on strike against God."

"Delightful mediaeval America," wrote Mr. Shaw. "Always in the intimate personal confidence of the Almighty."

Justice Olmsted admitted yesterday that he had said it, but added: "If the worthy Mr. Shaw only knew the circumstances he might not have written thus. Perhaps that is the trouble with many of his remarks. These words of mine were spoken to children and for children, not for the world at large, nor for such astute minds as that of Mr. Shaw. What I said was uttered as a moral precept. And what could be better for an audience of children than the daily utterance of moral precepts? Mr. Shaw just didn't consider."

FULTON MONUMENT AWARDS.

Prizes Given to Architects Winning Preliminary Contest.

From the sixty-two designs submitted by the leading architects of the country for the great water gate and Fulton memorial which is to be erected in Riverside Drive between 114th and 116th Streets at an approximate cost of $2,500,000, the jury of award of the Robert Fulton Monument Association announced yesterday at the Engineers' Club the names of the ten successful competitors in the preliminary competition.

The jury of award consisted of two architects, Thomas Hastings and George B. Post; two laymen, Robert Fulton Cutting and Isaac Guggenheim, and Lansing C. Holden as advisory architect. Each of these ten competitors received a prize of $500. The successful contestants are Charles P. Huntington, Mills & Greenleaf, Lawrence F. Peck, J. H. Freedlander, Bosworth & Holden, and Harold Van Buren Magonigle of New York City; Robert P. Bellows of Boston, Albert Kelsey, Albert C. Cret, and Heacock & Hokanson of Philadelphia, and Herbert Scott Olin of Watertown, N. Y.

These ten will be required to submit their final and enlarged designs to the board on March 1, and the final award will be made a few days later. The winner of the competition will receive a prize of $3,000, and the other four of the five final selections will receive respectively $2,000, $1,500, $1,000, and $500. It is planned to give soon after the final award an exhibition of all the sixty-two designs, as, in the opinion of the committee, they are the most remarkable set of drawings ever submitted for an artistic competition in America.

"I have been on many juries in this country and Europe for twenty years," said Mr. Hastings, "and I have never seen anything approaching the high character shown in these designs. The conditions of the contest called for the best talent in this country. I do not believe any other country in the world, with the possible exception of France—and I am not sure of that—could make a higher showing in the best standards of art than has been done by the sixty-two competitors who entered this contest. It marks a great step forward in the art development of America."

Mr. Hastings called attention to the fact that with one exception all of the successful ten in this preliminary competition are Beaux Arts graduates, and have all accomplished high-class work. Albert C. Cret, one of the successful ten, is a Frenchman, but now a citizen of the United States, and is connected with the University of Pennsylvania.

Isaac Guggenheim, Chairman of the Finance Committee, said that when the final award is made subscriptions will be asked for from all parts of the country. It will take about two years to build the monument.

THE WHISKY DIDN'T KILL.

But a Lovelorn Youth Thought It Would Send Him to a Better Place.

A novel, and what may become a popular method of committing suicide, was used yesterday by George Wagner, a lovelorn Brooklyn youth. His way of shuffling off this mortal coil was to drink Myrtle Avenue whisky. The fact that he did not succeed is taken as conclusive proof that the "fine old Kentucky rye" sold around there is not always deadly, as many in Brooklyn had supposed.

Standing in front of the Martyrs' Monument in Fort Greene Park, Wagner struck a dramatic attitude, and addressing nobody in particular, said:

"Farewell, c-r-o-o-l world; it is a far, far better place I go to than I have ever known."

Then he drank the contents of a flask and proceeded to writhe in agony, Myrtle Avenue whisky being new to his system. A policeman called an ambulance surgeon from the Cumberland Street Hospital, and the doctor relieved Wagner of the alcohol. The youth was then taken to the Flushing Avenue Police Station, which was not the "far, far better place" he had had in mind. Wagner was jilted by a Williamsburg girl. He had in his pocket a letter addressed to her, in which he cheerily informed her that he would be dead when she received. He won't.

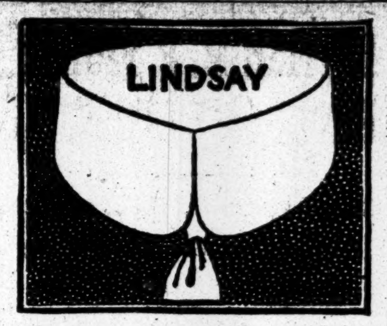
CONSUL'S CLERK LOCKED UP.

Del Cippo, Son of Italian Professor, Charged with Petty Larceny.

Fiore Del Cippo of 775 East 152d Street, until recently a clerk in the Italian Consul's office here and a son of a professor in the University of Padua, was arrested last night at Morris Avenue and 156th Street on the charge of petty larceny.

Several weeks ago young Del Cippo went to the jewelry store of Attilio Pennacchi, at 519 Morris Avenue, and told him that he wanted a ring as nearly like a diamond ring as he had. He knew that Pennacchi was an intimate friend of Ferdenando Corsi, a Secretary at the Italian Consulate, and so he told the jeweler, it is charged, that Corsi had told him to get the ring. It was valued at less than $25.

The jeweler received no money for his ring, and yesterday he went down to the Italian Consulate to see about it. He was told that the young man had no authority to buy jewelry on Mr. Corsi's account, and on complaint of Pennacchi Del Cippo was locked up in the Morrisania Station last night.



A most comfortable and stylish
ARROW COLLAR
15 cents each—2 for 25 cents
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers
ARROW CUFFS, 25 cents a Pair

KIND TO METZ AND McGOWAN.

Good Committees Picked for Them on Board of Education.

President Winthrop of the Board of Education has given good committee assignments to ex-Controller Herman A. Metz and Patrick F. McGowan, ex-President of the Board of Aldermen, as shown by yesterday's announcement of the standing committee appointments for 1910. One of the last official acts of ex-Mayor McClellan was to appoint the Controller and the President of the Aldermen of his administration to the Board of Education, together with several women.

Ex-Controller Metz has been assigned to the Finance Committee, succeeding Commissioner Lewis Haase, whose term has expired. He also succeeds Mr. Haase on the committee which selects school sites, one of the most important duties from a business viewpoint devolving upon the board. Mr. Metz will sit in the Local School Board of District 32, Brooklyn, one of the largest districts in the city.

Ex-President McGowan takes Mr. Haase's place in the Building Committee and Commissioner Lazansky's post in the Lecture and Libraries Committee. He has also been assigned to the Executive Committee of the Nautical School and to Local Board 7 in the east side of Manhattan.

Mrs. Helen C. Robbins has been assigned to the Committee on Supplies, and Mrs. Alice Lee Post to the Elementary Schools Committee. Mrs. Robbins also takes Mr. Francolini's place in the Textbook Committee, and Mrs. Post succeeds Mr. Vandenhoff in the Lecture Committee. Commissioner Samuel Stern succeeds Mr. Higgins, now Park Commissioner for the Bronx, as Chairman of the Committee on Care of Buildings.

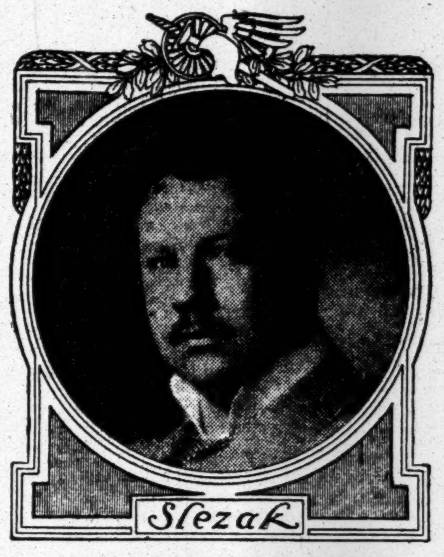
SEEKS HER $12,000 JEWELS.

Police and Bulldog Having Failed Her, Mrs. Respess Tries the Lost Column.

The police having failed to find a single clue to the whereabouts of the $12,000 worth of jewelry, of which the house of Mrs. Jessie T. Respess of 119 West 117th Street was robbed while she was at the theatre on the night of Dec. 17, Mrs. Respess is now trying THE TIMES's Lost Column. She offers a liberal reward this morning either for the return of the jewelry or for information leading to its recovery.

Like the police, Mrs. Respess's pet bulldog failed her at the time of the robbery. Her butler downstairs heard no disturbance, and the faithful buldog slept on the threshold of her room.

Leo Slezak
The Prince of all Grand Opera Tenors



now sings for the
Edison Phonograph

THE big feature of the Grand Opera season in New York is the wonderful voice of the great lyric tenor, Leo Slezak, of the Metropolitan Opera House. Not since the days when Nordica shone forth as the brightest star among the Wagnerian prima donnas has such a sensation occurred in the musical world as the first appearance of this great tenor, in the role of Verdi's Otello.

The fact that Slezak has made ten new Records for the Edison Phonograph, makes it not only possible for those who cannot afford Grand Opera prices to hear this wonderful voice, but no matter where you live this peer of all lyric tenors is within your reach.

Slezak sings for the Edison Phonograph the same great arias from the Italian Operas, that have made him famous in America—and our contract with him is practically exclusive, covering the songs to be sung during his American engagement.

Slezak Records are all Amberol. Amberol Records play longer than any other Records made, so that only on Amberol Records do you get Grand Opera as it should be played, without hurrying or omitting. And only on the Edison Phonograph do you get Amberol Records

THE AMBEROLA
The Highest Type of Edison Phonograph

The Amberola combines all the accurate reproducing qualities, the beauty and richness of tone of the Edison Phonograph, with the most charmingly designed and finished exterior, fit to take its place as a beautiful piece of furniture among the most prized possessions of any home. It plays both Edison Standard and Amberol Records and has space, in the lower part, for holding 100 Records. It comes in several finishes of Mahogany and Oak. The price is $200. Other types of Edison Phonographs, $12.50 to $125.00.

Go to your dealer today and hear and see the Amberola—and be sure to ask to hear the Slezak Records.

Edison Grand Opera Records, 75c. and $1.00. Edison Standard Records, 35c. Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long), 50c.

NATIONAL PHONOGRAPH CO., Lakeside Ave., Orange, N. J.

Would the Extension of the Ballot to Women Make for the Betterment of City Government?

Many well-known men will discuss this question in thoughtful papers in the forthcoming number of THE SUNDAY TIMES. Among them are George Haven Putnam, Robert Treat Paine, Jr., J. Horace McFarland, Charles Richardson, William G. Low, Adolph Roeder, Norman Hapgood, Thomas N. Strong and James Phinney Baxter. These men have long been students of municipal affairs. Their papers represent a nation-wide view of the Woman Suffrage question, for their homes range from Maine to Oregon. The readers of THE TIMES are advised to read these contributions. They merit the attention they are certain to receive.

THE SUNDAY TIMES will contain many additional features of interest and value. There will be a striking short story by Leonid Andreyev, the brilliant writer whose "Story of the Crucifixion" was published by this newspaper a few weeks since. It is a powerfully written tragedy.——There will be a timely and important article on the plan of the Administration to scotch gambling in futures.——The controversy regarding Mars will be the subject of another feature.——Dr. Felix Adler will give his views on the Moral Training of Children in another article.——Paulhan, the man who has flown higher than any other, will tell of his work, and this will be accompanied by a large drawing of the aeroplane with which he expects to win money and honors at Los Angeles.——Another feature will describe a group of seven New York financiers who represent the greatest aggregation of capital in the world.——There will be many other articles and features appealing to interest's widest range.

THE PICTURE SECTION.

A full page of the Picture Section of THE TIMES next Sunday will be given to a fine reproduction of Kowalski's famous painting, "Overtaken." This picture portrays a man with his sledge team surrounded by wolves. It is a stirring picture—certain to interest every one and to hold the attention.——The inauguration of Mayor Gaynor and his associates will be shown on another page.——There will be a page of scenes from successful plays now running on the New York stage.——Interesting Wintertime scenes in and about the city; photographs of women prominent in society, of people—men and women—in the public eye just at present; striking parallel photographs of English and German army manoeuvres. These will be a few of the other features of the Picture Section.

The Sunday TIMES should always be ordered in advance.

Smith Gray
REORGANIZATION

Values in men's apparel, Smith Gray quality, are greater now than at any time in our history.

Our reorganization, effective in a few days, makes necessary reducing our splendid stock to the lowest working minimum.

Prices therefor will prevail until Jan. 15th, which will represent values never approached in all our 65 years.

Men's & Young Men's Suits & Overcoats

Reduced from $18, 20 & 22,	$12.50
Reduced from $25, 28 & 30,	$16.00
Reduced from $32 & 35,	$21.00
Reduced from $38 & 40,	$26.00
Reduced from $42 & 45,	$32.00

Some Very Special Overcoats

Reduced from $48, 50 & 55,	$37.00

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Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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The Brooklyn Eagle
in the volume of advertising carried, during the month of December, 1909, reached
Second Place
among all the New York City papers. Only one paper in New York City carried more advertising than the Brooklyn Eagle.

The large Department Stores of Brooklyn and Manhattan concentrate their advertising in the Brooklyn Eagle in order to get into the prosperous well-to-do homes in Brooklyn.

The Brooklyn Eagle
Carried over 780,000 lines of paid advertising, at full rates, during December.

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QUALITY HIGHER THAN PRICE.
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It may mean **$100** to you.

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Skimmed Milk is Pure

But would you put it in your coffee in preference to rich cream? Hardly.

Ordinary Vanilla May Be Pure

But why injure the flavor of your desserts when you can get the finest, purest, most delicious extract made at practically the same cost?

BURNETT'S VANILLA

surpasses ordinary vanilla as much as rich cream surpasses skimmed milk. A trial bottle will convince you.

Mental and Physical Work demand a well-nourished body. Take R 42400 after meals and you will be able to eat what you want and enjoy what you eat. It prevents distress and assists digestion. Sold by druggists everywhere and by

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The Silent Servant

Besides doing electrical work of every description we sell at lowest prices Lamps, Stoves, Laundry and Domestic Irons, Curling Iron Heaters, Toasters and Milk Warmers of the renowned "Simplex" Quality.

C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

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CHINESE CURIO COMPANY

Beg to announce that they have just received from Peking, China, a collection CONSISTING OF Chinese Jade Ornaments, Porcelain and Pottery; Oriental Jewelry and Fine Silk Embroidery. Send for booklet T.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

7-20-4
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10c CIGAR

Increased sales in past year, 4,048,667. Money's worth to the smoker tells the story. R. G. SULLIVAN, sole proprietor, Manchester, N. H.

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how your present office equipment can be replaced to your advantage. Everything for the office, A1 in quality and fully guaranteed.

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PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT AND CONNOISSEURS PREFER IT. At all fine grocers and good druggists. Salad book free.

Have You Telephones Enough?

ORDERS LOST WHEN YOUR LINE IS "BUSY" WOULD MORE THAN PAY FOR THE COST OF ANOTHER LINE OR TWO.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.,
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BERLIOZ SYMPHONY AT PHILHARMONIC

Mr. Mahler Conducts a Fine Performance of It at the Fourth Concert.

A WORK THAT FASCINATES

Interesting in Every Way Except Musically—Mr. Busoni Plays Beethoven's E Flat Concerto.

The fourth concert of the regular series of the Philharmonic Society was given last evening, (to be repeated in due course this afternoon.) Berlioz's "Symphonie Fantastique" was the principal orchestral number on the programme, the only other one being the prelude to Wagner's "Meistersinger." Mr. Ferruccio Busoni, pianist, was the soloist; he played Beethoven's E flat major concerto, instead of Liszt's arrangement with orchestral accompaniment of Schubert's "Wanderer" fantasie, that had been announced.

Berlioz's symphony has had several performances in New York in the last few years, two of them being due to the fact that both Mr. Colonne and Mr. Weingartner have made the work one of their battle horses, and when they came to New York as "guest" conductors in the interregnum before the engagement of Mr. Safonoff, each, not unnaturally, wished to produce it, as something of which they stood as exponents of special authority. But years before that the symphony had been made familiar to the subscribers of the Philharmonic, which had been doing pioneering work for Berlioz from its early days.

It is still an astonishing work, considering the date of its composition and the youthfulness of its composer when he created it. It embodies in perhaps the highest degree Berlioz's originality of mind and his strivings to embody in musical art his conception of the delineative function of music, and concentrate many of the strangely fascinating qualities of the man that still exercise their potency and keep the musical historians, essayists, and critics writing about him and the ideas that he set in motion.

It fascinates through the dramatic and poetical intentions that underly it; the seething imagination that endeavors to find expression in it; the autobiographical significance he gave it, which is hinted at in the annotation of the programme; the extravagance of the whole conception, which is an epitome of the nature of the composer—its extravagance in tenderness and romantic impulsiveness as well as in its sardonic and baleful conclusion.

It fascinates equally by many of its technical features; the interesting rise of the "fixed idea" throughout its movements, and its development; by the originality and power of its instrumentation, though this no longer seems of such richness and beauty as it once did. It fascinates in almost every way—except, alas, that of specifically musical invention, musical beauty, musical characterization and musically compelling power.

Here was Berlioz's weakness, and the Symphonic Fantastique is a conspicuous example of that colossal ambition that panted so urgently after musical inspiration all his life, and that so seldom caught up with it. He is most successful when he has need to be least musical, where the subject is grotesque, diabolical, as in the "March to the Scaffold" and the "Dream on the Night of the Witches' Sabbath," or where there is something of purely decorative significance to be set forth, as in the ball scene.

The movements that would naturally call for the most eloquent, the deepest musical expression, are the weakest. The first, called "Dreams, Passions," is vague and disjointed, a helpless inconsequence of insignificant ideas. The "Scene in the Fields" has poetical passages, but they are fleeting, and as music it is pale and unsubstantial.

The performance under Mr. Mahler's direction was a wonderfully graphic, vivid, and powerful reading of the score, and let no detail in it escape its due presentation, in its proper proportion and significance. The reading was free, full of expressive nuance, intensely colored and brilliantly rhythmed. He put at least a plausible poetical accent into the first movement, and especially into the "Scene in the Fields," in which there was an especially imaginative quality, the effect of a free improvisation.

The effect of the "March to the Scaffold" was most incisive and picturesque, and in the final phantasmagoria there was nothing lost of all Berlioz's sinister imagination. The orchestra was enlarged to meet Berlioz's demands for sonority, in which it may be hoped there was complete success.

The last two movements of the symprony aroused the audience to stormy applause, and Mr. Mahler made his men rise to take for themselves their share of it—well deserved, for the performance was most brilliant.

Mr. Busoni returns to America after several years of absence, and this was his first appearance. His art has undergone little change since he last played here, apparently.

He is a pianist of consummate powers, of a cery finished style, of the most perfect and polished technique. His performance of Beethoven's concerto had dignity of style and continence of expression. It was a remarkably clear exposition of the contents of the work, as regards phrasing, accentuation, and the audjustment of its proportions. It was deeply interesting, but it was interesting in an analytical way rather than compellingly emotional, and it did not, on the whole, greatly warm the heart. The rhythmical incisiveness and glitter of the last movement under his hands stirred the audience deeply. He was again and again recalled, and finally sat down to play again, not in accordance with the well-justified rules of the society for such cases made and provided. His piece was Chopin's A flat Polonaise, of which he gave an impressive performance.

The playing of the prelude of "Die Meistersinger," was broad and dramatically pulsing; yet it seemed that Mr. Mahler used his augmented forces a little too eagerly in the production of a merely loud sound without consideration of its stridency. There was much fine detail in the exposition of the complicated contrapuntal passages, and the performance was not finished and ornate in detail as it was splendid and sonorous in its larger proportions.

MESSAGES ON OPERATIC WAR.

Paris Director Says New York Competition Has Demoralized Artists.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—André Messager, director of the Paris Opera House, stated to-day that an agreement between the Metropolitan and the Manhattan Opera Companies was foreshadowed in an interview which Oscr Hammerstein cabled here.

Director Messager thought that such an understanding would restore the equilibrium of the operatic world. He declared that the extreme competition in New York resulting in the ridiculously high prices paid there had thoroughly demoralized the artists of Europe. The ending of the musical war in New York City would, he believed, be followed by a return to normal conditions on both sides of the Atlantic.

DIVORCED FROM HACKETT.

Mary Mannering Has Obtained Her Decree—Keeps Her Daughter.

Mary Mannering, the actress, has obtained a decree of divorce from James K. Hackett, the actor. The decree was granted by Supreme Court Justice Blanchard upon the report of Maurice Deiches, referee in the case. Miss Mannering obtains the custody of her five-year-old daughter, Elsie. The papers in the case have not yet been filed with the County Clerk.

Opera and Pantomime at New Theatre

"Pagliacci" was sung at The New Theatre yesterday afternon, with Mme. Noria and Messrs. Martin, Forsell, and Gilly. It was preceded by the pantomime, "Histoire d'un Pierrot," in which Mlle. Sacchetto and Mlle. Lipvin enacted the principal rôles.

PILGRIMS TO DINE WHITE.

Retiring Ambassador to be Entertained at Delmonico's.

The Pilgrims Society, of which J. Pierpont Morgan has just been elected Vice President, will give a dinner next Tuesday evening, at Delmonico's, in honor of Henry White, on his return to the United States, after many years of service abroad, as Secretary of the Embassy in London, Ambassador to Italy, and Ambassador to France. W. Butler Duncan, President of the society, will preside, and among the speakers will be Joseph H. Choate, F. Hopkinson Smith, Senator John C. Spooner, and Patrick Francis Murphy.

Among those invited are Commander Peary, Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, who is joining the Executive Committee of the Pilgrims; John Bigelow, the Marquis de Beauvoir, Nelson W. Aldrich, Cornelius N. Bliss, Andrew Carnegie, John L. Cadwalader, John Ridgely Carter, the newly appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to Roumania; Levi P. Morton, William Travers Jerome, Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard, President John H. Finley of the College of the City of New York; J. Hampden Robb, E. N. Tailer, Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. A.; Rear Admiral Joseph Murdoch, U. S. N.; Alton B. Parker, Charles Lanier, James Speyer, John W. Griggs, A. E. Borie, and August Belmont.

SUES EX-SENATOR CLARK.

Real Estate Broker Demands Commission for Selling His Property.

Ex-Senator William A. Clark of Montana was an interested auditor yesterday in Justice Platzek's part of the Supreme Court, to testimony in a suit brought against the W. A. Clark Realty Company by Benjamin Channing Miller. Mr. Miller seeks to recover commissions of $1,638 for alleged services in a real estate transaction.

Miller and his partner, Archibald Duffie, testified that they had obtained a purchaser in April, 1908, for the Senator's property at Eighty-sixth Street and Park Avenue, and that a company was to have been formed to take the property over and improve it. They admitted that Harold Carpen, the purchaser, was a dummy, and that the proposed company never took the title or was even incorporated.

Duffie told the jury that transactions of this nature in the names of dummies are very common in the real estate world. Forty per cent. of the business transacted in New York, according to Duffie, is done in the name of some one besides the real purchasers. He said he had never had a dispute over a commission in fourteen years. Miller's commission became due when the contract was signed, he said.

Senator Clark's version is according to his answer, that the whole affair is "a hold-up." Miller was an old friend of his children, the Senator said, and represented that he had clients who wished to buy the property and improve it. Finally after many visits Senator Clark put a valuation of $150,000 on the land. A trick contract was then prepared, Senator Clark alleges, and by its terms Miller obtained a sixty-day option on the property.

ON THE "WHITE SLAVE" TRAIL.

One Arrest Made—Whitman Confers with Turner and Rockefeller, Jr.

Four men who will play important parts in the investigation of the "white slave" charges, which is to begin before the Grand Jury on Monday, took luncheon together yesterday at the Mid-day Club. They were District Attorney Whitman, George Kibbe Turner, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and Assistant District Attorney Appleton.

Mr. Turner, whose story of the "white slave" traffic started the discussion, has been subpoenaed to appear before the Grand Jury.

"I cannot too strongly emphasize my appreciation of the enthusiasm with which Mr. Rockefeller has attacked this task," said Mr. Whitman last night. "He has repeatedly expressed his willingness to give all his time during the next two months to the end that the investigation shall be thorough and final."

Probation Officer Graveur of Special Sessions feels that he is on the track of an extensive "white slave" traffic in the arrest yesterday of one Joseph Kalinsky of 1,442 Fifth Avenue. Upon information furnished by Mr. Graveur Detective Griffin made the arrest, and Kalinsky was arraigned before Magistrate Harris, in the Tombs Court, charged with keeping a disorderly house in Cathedral Parkway. He was committed to the Tombs in default of $1,000 bail, to be held for examination on Saturday.

Mr. Graveur said he felt that he could bring evidence to show that Kalinsky was responsible for a chain of disorderly houses. Several men recently convicted on this charge will be brought from prison as witnesses against Kalinsky.

SAYS GAS CO. SELLS AIR.

State Senator Kissell Makes Complaint to the Public Service Board.

State Senator Kissell of Brooklyn called to the attention of the Public Service Commission yesterday a letter of complaint from Louis J. Altkrug, a Brooklyn lawyer, charging that since the 80-cent gas law has been declared constitutional by the Supreme Court gas bills for consumers in New York City have been as large as ever. This is one of many complaints of the same kind that have come to the commission in recent months.

The letter from Mr. Altkrug asserted that the gas companies had been pumping air into their gas and have been able to "fix" various inspectors so that violations have not been reported.

Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission, on receiving the Altkrug letter, dictated a reply in which he called attention to the pertinence of the commission's suggestion made to the last two Legislatures that its powers over gas companies be enlarged. Mr. Willcox notes that the commission has power only to take up such complaints as are presented by the Mayor or by at least 100 citizens, and states that the commission considers it highly desirable that it should have the power to consider and rule upon such matters of its own motion.

Later in the day Robert E. Livingston, press agent of the Consolidated Gas Company, issued a statement denying that the company pumped air into the gas which it supplied.

$2,797,200 TRACTION SUIT UP.

But More Delay Is Expected in Metropolitan Securities Case.

The suit brought jointly a year ago by the receivers of the Metropolitan Street Railway and the New York City Railway to recover $2,797,200 from the Metropolitan Securities Company and its Directors will come to trial on Monday before Judge Ray, in the United States Circuit Court. It is probable that the trial will be postponed for several weeks on account of the engagement of counsel elsewhere.

This suit is based upon the operations by which the Metropolitan Securities Company took large quantities of the notes of the New York City Railway in 1902 and discounted them at 70, making the City Railway redeem them at par within a few months. It has been before the courts many times on different motions during the last year, and considerable testimony has been taken before referees. The individual defendants include Thomas F. Ryan, E. J. Berwind, Paul D. Cravath, Mortimer L. Schiff, P. A. B. Widener, John D. Crimmins, Thomas P. Fowler, H. H. Vreeland, and Thomas Dolan.

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"JIM THE PENMAN" ESCAPES THE TOILS

Habeas Corpus Releases Matthew T. Brennan, Whose Prison Term Was Cut by Mistake.

A FORGER WITH A RECORD

Short 5 Years 9 Months of His Auburn Term, but Court Rules Nothing Can Be Done About It.

Matthew T. Brennan, "Jim the Penman," one of the luckiest of convicts, is free again. Supreme Court Justice Seabury yesterday ordered his discharge from the custody of the Sheriff on a writ of habeas corpus. In his memorandum Justice Seabury notes that Brennan was released on Dec. 23, 1903, when under the law he still had five years nine months and twenty-nine days to serve. This chance cheating of justice cannot be charged against him, Justice Seabury holds, on any present or future term, hence his discharge now.

When Brennan was first convicted of forgery he was sentenced to Elmira Reformatory, where the maximum period of detention is ten years. He began his first term on Oct. 19, 1888, and received commutation of five years nine months and twenty-nine days for good behavior, gaining his release on Dec. 19, 1902.

Under the terms of Section 14 of Chapter 21 of the Laws of 1886, it was provided that any convict whose term was commuted for good behavior and should before his full term expired commit another felony should serve in addition to his next sentence the full uncommuted time which he had earned by good behavior. This would have added nearly five years and ten months to Brennan's next term, also for forgery, which he began in the Auburn State Prison on Feb. 27, 1894. But by some unexplained slip he was turned loose on Dec. 23, 1903, though his second sentence had been for ten years, on which he was entitled to good behavior allowance only for the first ten years, the unexpired portion of his previous sentence not being subject to commutation under the terms of the law.

Brennan got in the toils of the law again on Nov. 4, 1904, when he was sentenced to one year in the Blackwell's Island Penitentiary, and his third sentence expired Sept. 5, 1905. He had been detained on the theory that since the unexpired term had not been added to his second sentence he could be held for it on a subsequent offense.

TO INDICT PAPERMAKERS.

Report That the Combination of Manufacturers Must Face Charges.

Indictments will be returned this week, according to information obtained yesterday, against the combination of manufacturers of newsprint paper, against which the American Newspaper Publishers' Association recently furnished information to the Federal authorities. The investigation by the Grand Jury has been completed from evidence submitted by the publishers through John Norris, their special representative.

The charges which the publishers presented were contained in these articles:

1. Restrictions of forty-six newsprint paper mills in use of newsprint paper, making impossible either an open market or public quotations of paper prices.
2. Action of newsprint paper mills east of the Rocky Mountains in refusing to sell free on board, mill, for spot cash or in quoting excessive prices because presumably it would interfere with a "gentlemen's agreement."
3. Refusal of many newsprint paper mills to sell other than thirty-two-pound paper.
4. Restrictions of contracts by many mills to one-year periods, and inclusion of wrappers on rolls in actual gross weight to be paid for.
5. Collection by the American Paper and Pulp Association of daily reports from practically all newsprint paper mills, and most of the other paper mills, which information has apparently been used as a basis for concerted action in regulating prices.
6. "Trade customs" adopted by paper makers, and used by them as basis for concerted action in regulating prices.
7. Meetings of paper makers to discuss prices.
8. Reported agreement upon newsprint paper price by two large paper-making concerns.
9. Action which seems to be contempt of court by former members of General Paper Company and of the fiber and manila pool, through disregard of injunctions of prohibition.

Mr. Norris, for the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, has already furnished the Federal authorities with evidence on which the wrapping paper and the boxboard paper combinations were indicted and pleaded guilty.

AFTER SUGAR SUBSIDIARIES.

Government Investigating Alleged Independent Concerns.

The Federal investigators into the affairs of the American Sugar Refining Company have now turned their attention to the relations existing between the trust and some of the supposedly independent concerns engaged in the sugar trade. As a result the combination long formed by the American and the National Sugar Refining Company has come under the Government's attention, and the prosecutors are also inquiring whether the Arbuckle interests have any understanding with the American regarding prices and output of sugar.

To-morrow the men convicted recently of the sugar weighing frauds on the Havemeyer & Elder piers in Williamsburg will come up for sentence before Judge Martin in the United States Circuit Court. It is understood that whatever they have said to the Federal authorities has not contributed in any material respect to the fund of information concerning the weighing frauds, and that therefore there will be no motion from the Government that sentences should be made light.

The men are Oliver Spitzer, the former pier boss at the Havemeyer & Elder plants, and four checkers named Kehoe, Hennessy, Boyle, and Coyle.

ASSISTANT FOR BISHOP GREER

Bishop Mann of North Dakota Coming to Help in the New York Diocese.

The Right Rev. Cameron Mann, Bishop of North Dakota, is to be temporary assistant to Bishop David H. Greer of the Diocese of New York for the next three months. Bishop Mann will arrive in New York the middle of January, and he will return to his Wesetrn diocese about April 1. During that time he will assist Bishop Greer in visiting his diocese.

At this particular season of the year the roads in the Western Bishop's diocese are impassible, and his work is greatly curtailed thereby. On the other hand Bishop Greer's work during the latter part of Winter is the hardest of the whole year, and when Bishop Mann announced that he was coming to New York for a visit Bishop Greer immediately pressed him into service.

Bishop Mann was born in this city in 1845, and is the son of the Rev. Cameron Duncan Mann. He was graduated from Hobart College in 1870, and from the General Theological Seminary here in 1882. He was ordained deacon in 1873 and priest in 1876. He was consecrated Bishop of North Dakota, a missionary diocese, in 1901.

SAY MRS. HORTON'S A NEGRESS

Witnesses Testify That She is Aware Her Father Was a Mulatto.

The testimony of Ella Williams of Bridgeport, Conn., and Gladys E. De Val of the same city was filed yesterday with the County Clerk to show that Edith May De Williams Horton, who is being sued by her husband, William S. Horton, a plumbing contractor in Harlem, for an annulment of their marriage, has negro blood in her veins.

Mrs. Williams, who says she is 63 years old, and is the maternal grandmother of Mrs. Horton, states that the mother of the defendant was her daughter, Mary Ella Williams. Her granddaughter's father, according to Mrs. Williams, was Howard T. Williams, and his mother was a negress. Mrs. Horton's mother and father were married in 1885 and had four children. Edith was born on Jan. 22, 1890, and Mrs. Williams says that she saw her father, but does not think that she was old enough to remember him.

She further testifies that Mrs. Horton's father ran away with a negress named Augusta Garrison when his youngest child was born. Mrs. Horton denies, in her answer to her husband's suit, that she ever knew her father. Mrs. Williams, however, says that she was told that he was a mulatto, and that he had run away and left her.

When Mrs. Williams was asked by Commissioner John J. Phelan of Bridgeport, who was appointed by Justice Dowling to take her testimony, whether she knew, as alleged by Mrs. Horton, that her ancestry was a mixture of French and Spanish blood, she replied that she was unaware of it.

The testimony of Gladys E. De Val, a maternal aunt, corroborated that of Mrs. Williams. She says that Mrs. Horton's father was a mulatto and that his mother was a "brown-skinner colored woman—a negress." She further says that Edith was told by both Mrs. Williams and herself that her father was a mulatto, and that he ran away, leaving her.

The testimony will be used in the trial of the case now pending.

SEEK A SLAYER OF EIGHT.

German Consul General Offers Reward for a Fugitive from Prussia.

The German Consul General is offering a reward of $1,250 for information leading to the arrest of the murderer of a peasant named Stanislaus Wasielewski, his wife, and six children in the little Prussian frontier town of Boguslawice, district of Pleschen, Province of Posen.

The murder was committed by a tramp who applied one night a few weeks ago to Wasielewski for food and a night's lodging. The stranger moved the farmer to pity, who took him in and fed him. The next morning he gave him employment. A few days later he was gone and his eight victims were found dead.

The German authorities, incensed at the brutal slaughter, have telegraphed descriptions of the alleged murderer to every country in Europe, and yesterday the news came to this city. The murderer is said to be a deserter from the Russian army, and about 25 years old. He is believed to be hiding with friends in the vicinity of this city.

The Consul General's office said that Timotaus Kulikof, Nikolaus Guroff, and Eduard Lajba deserted from the Russian army a short time before the murder.

The fugitive in telling his story to the farmer he later slew said his Captain found him asleep on duty in front of the prison at Lodz. He escaped and made his way to Boguslowice, near the Russian frontier.

100-YEAR-OLD DISPUTE ENDS.

Contest Over the Scarsdale-New Rochelle Boundary Practically Settled.

After lasting more than a century a dispute regarding the exact location of the boundary line between the town of Scarsdale and the City of New Rochelle, which has become a sort of standing joke, has been practically settled by the Westchester County Board of Supervisors.

Year after year residents of New Rochelle have brought the matter before the Supervisors, urging them to shift the line so that some of the property would be in the town of the Scarsdale, where it is taxed much lower than in New Rochelle.

It was contended that the boundary marks had been shifted by some one and the exact line could not be found.

A special committee to whom the dispute was referred has made its report directing that the boundary line shall be in the centre of Weaver Street, the boundary between the towns. The decision affects about $50,000 in assessed valuations, and leaves some of the property in both towns.

It is understood that the taxpayers of New Rochelle will oppose the report when it comes up on Jan. 19 for confirmation.

E. E. Scovill in Trowbridge & Co.

The Stock Exchange house of Trowbridge & Co., of 111 Broadway has admitted to general partnership Edward Ely Scovill, who for nine years has been associated with N. W. Harris & Co. as their representative in Connecticut. Mr. Scovill is a son of the late Thomas L. Scovill, a member of the Stock Exchange for many years, and belongs to the Waterbury family of that name. He will represent Trowbridge & Co. throughout Connecticut, having charge of the office which the firm has opened at 134 Orange Street, New Haven.

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INQUEST OPENED ON CENTRAL WRECK

Witnesses Tell of Crash in Which Spencer Trask, the Banker, Was Killer.

BLAME FREIGHT ENGINEER

Signals Were Properly Set and Witnesses Declare Brakeman of Express Went Back with a Lantern.

OSSINING, N. Y., Jan. 6.—The investigation into the cause of the fatal collision on the New York Central Railroad at Croton on Dec. 31, in which Spencer Trask, the banker, was killed, began here this afternoon under Coroner A. O. Squire. After taking the testimony of several witnesses the inquest was adjourned until next Wednesday morning.

John Avery, a civil engineer, was the first witness. He produced a map of the railroad at the scene of the accident. The nearest semaphore signal was 1,700 feet north of the place where the crash occurred. Leverett Robinson, a switchman at the Brook Street crossing, where the collision of the freight and express train took place, testified that he was on duty at the time. The express had stopped, he said. He heard the fast freight coming. The automatic signal was set at danger, and at the time of the collision the express had just started to move on. He saw the rear brakeman go a few feet back as required by the rules. The witness noticed that the brakes had been applied on the freight and the wheels were sliding. Whe nhe saw the collision was inevitablq he ran behind his house to avoid the splinters.

George F. Tolly, the engineer of the express train, was the next and last witness. He said he had been having trouble with the injector on the right side of his engine, which had frozen. He noticed the signal where he stopped was set at danger when he approached it and that would have caused the signal above the Croton station to show caution. He blew two short blasts as is customary in answer to the danger signal. He came up to it at the rate of fourteen miles an hour without any steam on owing to the injector trouble. As soon as he slid by, the signal was changed to caution, which permitted him to proceed with his train under control.

In answer to a question he said he did not think he could stop a loaded freight train of a dozen cars running at thirty miles an hour in less than 2,200 feet, as freight car brakes are not so good as those on passenger cars.

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THE PRESIDENT AND PATRONAGE.

What is Mr. Taft's notion of the power granted him by the Constitution to appoint officers in the service of the United States and of the duty that goes with that power? Suppose, for a moment, that he were not a party leader, but a Judge before whom had come a case in which he was called on to answer those questions. Would he say that the power was given to the President to promote the success of one party and the defeat of another, or to advance the interests of one faction in one party and to injure another faction? And if he ventured to make this amazing decision, in what provisions of the Constitution, in what report of the proceedings of the Constitutional Convention, in what subsequent utterances of the members of that convention, in what authoritative and pertinent decisions or opinions of the Federal courts would he find the shadow of support for it? We are aware that such questionings remind us of "the heaven from which we came," and not of the environment of the White House or the Capitol at the present time. But they are grave and interesting questions all the same, which a former Judge and actual President might ponder for instruction, admonition, and reproof.

If, however, Mr. Taft does not find it convenient to devote his time and attention to the study of such queries, if he prefers to take the politician's view of his powers and duties in regard to appointments, there is still much for him to consider. As long ago as the Autumn of 1907, when preparations were making in his own State for his nomination as the Republican candidate for President, there was proposed in the State Convention of that party and unanimously adopted, avowedly with his approval and at his suggestion, a pledge to seek the revision of the tariff in accordance with a definite and practical principle—namely, that the duties should not exceed the difference between home and foreign cost of production with a reasonable profit to the home industries. Later this pledge was put into the National platform of the party on which he was nominated. Still later during the campaign and after his election, he accepted this pledge unqualifiedly, and bound himself as firmly as his word of honor can bind a man in public office to carry it out.

A tariff bill was passed at the late session of Congress. It was elaborately debated in the Senate, and to some extent in the House. It was vigorously attacked and was earnestly, if not very candidly, defended. After its passage by Congress it was signed by the President. Later he made a tour through the land and delivered numerous speeches, some of them devoted to the tariff. In the debate in Congress, in the speeches of the President, there has never been the slightest or remotest approach to a declaration that the tariff fulfilled the pledge of the party, the pledge of the President. Now in the Middle West there are certain Senators and Congressman who fought this betrayal of the party pledge, and who are sustained in that fight by a large majority of the people of their own States. They have returned to Washington resolved, so far as lies in their power, to secure the righting of a great wrong. The offices within the control or direct gift of Mr. Taft are being used to defeat this purpose, to strengthen their opponents, and to drive them out of public life.

We cannot readily understand the ethics or the wisdom of tactics on the part of the head of a party which tend and are intended to defeat and persecute members of the party whose only offense is strict loyalty to the explicit, authoritative, repeated pledge of the party.

POLITICS TO LIVE BY, NOT ON.

After listening to an evangelical sermon developing the virtues of a religion compulsory upon the daily life of all men Lord Melbourne is reported to have remarked: "Things have come to a pretty pass when religion is allowed to invade the sphere of private life." Local politics is now undergoing a like test, beginning by the assertion and demonstration of the thesis that public money must be spent for a public use, and not for the comfort of officials, or the support of a party machine.

The query famous in Federal politics "What is the Constitution between friends?" lost its convincing quality when used publicly instead of privately. A like experience now lies before the similar query, long effective in New York politics, "What is the budget between friends?" The time-honored practice has been to get money voted upon any well-sounding pretext, and thereafter to expend it as convenience suggested. Hereafter money voted for labor must be spent for labor, and the labor must be done for the City. This is a shocking experience for that large section of our community. Fancy having to work for your share of the City money, and being compelled to be prompt and polite when a taxpayer stands before the wicket. Would boiling oil be bad enough for a Mayor capable of disapproving the employment of "eighty-four foremen to 119 men, or any other padded payroll"? What shall be done to a Borough President capable of saying to a faithful worker in the political vineyard that the Subway or shank's mare is good enough for his betters, and must be good enough for the rank and file, and their sisters, cousins, and aunts?

This is the coldest Winter since the collapse of the Ice Trust, and one or two similar occasions when even the best and straightest things went wrong. Such things are not only happening now—they happen amid jeers by an unfeeling citizenry who are glad at the reverses in life which are overtaking the faithful bureaucracy. The taxpayers are bewildered, and are wondering if the day of the common man, the man in the street, the man who pays the taxes, has come at last. New brooms sweep clean.

PALISADES PARK EXTENSION.

Few dwellers in this vast and crowded city can yet realize the advantages that will accrue in having a great State park, comparable with the Catskill and Adirondack State Parks, reaching to the city's gates and within easy access of all. Toward this plan the most munificent of the private givers are, of course, the late Edward H. Harriman and Mrs. Harriman, who carries out his wishes, Mr. Rockefeller, and Mr. Morgan. These, and the fourteen other contributors to the grand total of $2,625,000 in cash and lands—$125,000 more than was necessary to fulfill the conditions of the plan—have put to shame this wealthiest of all the Commonwealths by their offer of this inducement to conserve a precious heritage of the people. They have gone more than half way. If the State will now meet them in their project of public beneficence a noble and beautiful park, filled with natural beauties and hallowed with the associations of the Nation's earliest history, will be preserved to the children and the children's children of those now living.

But one of the minor contributors of money was, perhaps, the chief shaper of the policy under which the project is well begun, already more than half done, and, under the most favorable auspices, presented for ratification to the Legislature. Mr. George W. Perkins, as President of the Inter-State Palisades Park Commission, has played a conspicuous part in the first extension of the Palisades reserve from Piermont to Stony Point, and in making feasible this second and chiefest development of the city's recreation ground. Concerning him and his associates on the Commission Gov. Hughes remarked that they have conducted the enterprise not only with ability and advantage to the State, and without compensation, but "I am informed that the total amount received by them for their personal expenses during the nine years of their services is only $457.93."

In every aspect of this enterprise it affords a cheering exhibition of public spirit and patriotic service.

AUTOMOBILES FOR EXPORT.

With one automobile show in full swing, and another but a few days distant, there is timeliness in the publication by the Department of Commerce of several Consular reports on trade openings for the export of American-made motors. It is within easy recollection when the idea would have been an absurdity, but it is already as little absurd to ask who uses an American motor car as to ask who reads an American book. The answer depends as much on the judgment of the man who wants the book or the car as on the excellence of the article wanted.

That time is past. Americans going abroad now prefer their own country's product for foreign use. This is the best advertisement they could have. It is a natural complement that foreign cars are less in demand for home use. They are still wanted for a certain quality of trade and use, but there is an immensely larger trade which cannot supply its needs equally well from foreign makes. We excel in this trade exactly as we have long excelled in others—that is, in the standardization of manufacture and large-scale production. We have not displaced the highest grade of hand-made watches, but we have made our teachers in the art wonder at the facility and cheapness with which we produce very excellent timekeepers at prices which put them into the pockets of those who could never hope to have a watch made otherwise. We have done the same thing for the motor trade. Price and quality considered, our cars "cannot be beat." If there are better foreign cars they may not be worth the higher price. It will not be long before these facts make their way wherever our cars are seen in performance.

Therefore it is well for those contemplating a foreign trade—if ever they get ahead of their home demand—to know that in all Scotland there are only two factories making complete cars, and they are small concerns. Russia offers a good opening, and in all Russia there is but one American seeking custom, although there is not one Russian factory in the American sense. In both countries a few machines are made to order to suit individual tastes. The machine for the many has yet to be introduced. But our pride should not outrun discretion. Our peculiar excellence lies in our methods. Our product cannot unqualifiedly be said to be better, and our materials are certainly less good. The nature of automobile work is such that it demands materials of exceptional fitness as well as superior quality. It is useless to place the hardest metal where toughness is wanted, and a metal may be both hard and tough and yet fail in qualities adapting it for easy and cheap manufacture. It may be an excellent metal, and yet suffer from heat in manufacture or from vibration in use. In these qualities we are not hopelessly distanced, but we are far enough behind to put our chemists on notice that they must place themselves on a par with our mechanicians. We should still be modest, but we have a growing cause for pride.

THE BRITISH POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

The humors of the political campaign in Great Britain are bitter. There is nothing lighthearted in the chaffing. The cartoons are hard hitters. David Lloyd-George is probably the most audacious and sharpest-tongued radical leader England has known since John Wilkes. He has morals, which Wilkes had not, he has appreciable constructive skill. As a destructive force, however, he fairly equals Wilkes. He makes phrases that sting. The Conservatives and Liberal Unionists take him seriously, the aristocracy frowns upon him and Winston Churchill, and there are rumors that Mr. Asquith is getting very tired of both of them.

The lampooning and mud-throwing of the campaign surpass any we remember in recent American politics. Personalities are as freely employed as they were in the Eatanswill election described in "Pickwick." The peers are not spared. Nearly every one of political prominence has had his share of abuse. On the other hand, the Conservatives and Liberal Unionists are making a strong fight. Mr. Balfour has angered the Germans by reviving the war scare, but he is not bidding for German votes, and his Henley speech seems to be "good politics." The Marquis of Lansdowne, in his Liverpool speech, met one of the Radical issues bravely by suggesting a plan of immediate reform of the upper house which, at present, he admits, is unwieldy. With all the fuss, the issues are not too clearly defined. Both sides promise more work, more pay, more liberty to the masses. Both sides assert their confidence in victory.

The London Times's Book Club has published a pamphlet called "The Swing of the Pendulum," showing the party changes since the passage of the Reform Bill in 1832. In that year the Liberal (or Whig) majority was 300. It was diminished in the election of 1835 and 1837, and in 1841 the Conservatives went into power with a small majority. A Liberal majority of only two in 1847 gave way to a Conservative majority of eight in 1852. The Liberals carried the country in 1859 and remained in power fourteen years, but majorities were small.

The pendulum did not swing freely, in fact, until Gladstone carried the country with his Irish policy in 1880, and the backward swing, after the Home Rule fiasco in 1886, was tremendous. Rosebery's Government in 1892 had a small majority, and for eleven years after 1895 the Conservatives ruled. The swing forward under combined Liberals, Nationalists, and Laborites in 1896 was tremendous, and the chances of a backward swing this year are good enough to encourage the Conservatives. They may yet win by a large majority, while the Liberals, even if they hold their own, have no prospect of a brilliant triumph. It is still a contest of the two great political parties which have about equally shared the burdens and honors of Government in the last century. In most cases where a Government has appealed to the country on the rejection of one of its measures it has been defeated.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE HANDSHAKE.

There is much ado in Boston because Mr. Storrow, the favorite candidate of the municipal reformers for Mayor of Boston, refused to shake hands with his most dangerous opponent, Mr. Fitzgerald, when they met in joint debate. This shows, of course, that Mr. Storrow is deficient in "sporting blood." Mr. Fitzgerald, however, is full of it. To Mr. Storrow Fitzgerald represents all that is dangerous, low, and inefficient in local politics. To Mr. Fitzgerald, on the other hand, Mr. Storrow represents only an opposing force in a contest, in which he sincerely hopes the "best man" will win.

Mr. Storrow has accepted the nomination forced upon him, at some personal loss, at the sacrifice of comfort, because of his desire to redeem the city from the control of politicians. Mr. Fitzgerald worked up his nomination with great theatrical effect, and has gone into the contest to get "what there is in it" for himself and his friends. He proffered his hand to his opponent in the spirit of the prize-fighter. Mr. Storrow, who doubtless has no acquaintances in the prize ring, refused the hand for good ethical reasons. A handshake means much to Storrow. It means much to Fitzgerald, too, for it means that everywhere and always Fitzgerald is a "good fellow," with an open hand, a hearty grip, and a cheerful promise for everybody.

It seems that much depends on the significance of that rejected tender of a handshake. Mr. Storrow is earnest, self-sacrificing, always serious, and his one present aim is the election of the reform ticket. Mr. Fitzgerald is very much in earnest, too, and equally self-sacrificing. He it was who, casting aside his pride, told all the Boston reporters about Storrow's rejection of his proffered hand. Storrow did not tell.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Illustrating a System of Education.

When a boy of 13 interests an assemblage of learned men—and in Boston, at that!—by a lecture on fourth dimensional geometry, it is hard to avoid the conclusion that he was presented as a youthful prodigy. Close to it is an apprehensive feeling that his will be the usual fate of child wonders, which is to fall into mediocrity or something worse as soon as their years catch up with their precocious achievements. As we understand this case, however, the father of young Sidis is trying to show, not what an abnormally bright and intelligent boy can do, but to illustrate what a new and improved method of education would or might accomplish if generally applied.

In other words, it is the claim of Dr. Sidis that mental training can profitably be begun sooner and carried much further and faster than is the custom of our schools, and he offers his son as proof that this contention is correct. That the boy is not a mere "mathematical prodigy" is shown by the fact that his progress in the languages and other lines of study has been as remarkable as in the science of form and number, and that his education is as well rounded and well balanced as is that of children who at his age are still dealing reluctantly and clumsily with the rudiments of learning.

Of course a single instance is not a sufficient basis for a generalization as large as that which Dr. Sidis makes, and there is still room for much doubt that the same sort of pushing would produce the same results in other children as it has in this one. It is true, however, that young Sidis shows no signs of overwork, and that he seems to be like other boys except when he reveals the extent of his information and the development of his mental powers. And certainly it would be a great gain to the world if it were demonstrated that the fraction of life devoted to education can safely and profitably be shortened by from five to ten years, and that the productive period can be as much lengthened. It is from that point of view that the Sidis boy is of interest and importance. The fact that he talks as intelligibly as do gray-haired mathematicians about a non-existent dimension is trivial in comparison.

Neglecting Great Opportunities.

Col. H. L. Scott, in his annual report as Superintendent of the Military Academy at West Point, again and with emphasis calls attention to the fact that what he describes as "the plant" is working less than its full capacity, and therefore not economically or to the best advantage of itself or the country. The Cadet Corps is now 123 below its authorized strength, and for years past its graduating classes have not been sufficiently large to make up for the ordinary casualties—deaths, resignations, retirements, &c.—in our little army.

This is a situation to be lamented by all except the queer people who think that peace is best preserved by assuming that there will never be any more wars and making no preparation for their possible arrival. That, however, is not a large or an influential group, and it is really mysterious why greater appreciation of the many advantages which go with an appointment to a cadetship at the academy is not shown. To be sure, the work there is hard and the discipline strict, but there is much in the life at West Point to appeal to boyish taste and ambition, and the training received is of a kind to be extremely valuable in civil as well as military life. Whether he remains a soldier or not, the graduate from this famous school is freed for life from most of life's sordid anxieties, and he has before him something like the certainty of an honorable and profitable career.

Yet there is no wild rush for these easily secured appointments, and many of them go begging year after year! Nothing could better prove that we are not a military, though a warlike, people, or that we still cherish the stupid illusion that armies can be improvised at any time when a need for them arises.

Inquiry Into the Search for the Nourmahal.

It is more than a little pitiful that Congress, with as much work on its hands as it now has, and work that is so important, should bother itself and the Treasury Department with the silly question why revenue cutters were ordered out to look for the Astor yacht during the week when that vessel was on the list of missing ships. The inquiry is based, of course, on the assumption, or pretense, that like orders would not have been issued had the owner of the yacht not been a very rich man, and the expectation is, presumably, that a showing of stern inquisitiveness in this case will somehow create political capital for somebody.

The experiment is a rather dangerous one, for it will be easy to show that nothing out of the common was done, and that such search as was made for the Nourmahal was prompted, not by Col. Astor's wealth, but by the fact that she was a big steamer with a big crew, and there was pretty good reason for fearing that many lives were in peril. Then the general interest in the yacht's fate counted for something, and did so very properly.

The department has only to tell what it is doing all the time for the merchant marine to make the proposers of this question look small and feel mean.

Storm with Peculiarities.

Perhaps the most curious result of the storm which began Wednesday afternoon was its isolation of the warships out in the bleak ice floes of the Hudson, and its forcing, or at least causing, the fleet to remain at anchor yesterday instead of steaming out to sea at the time appointed for its departure toward southern waters. Of course, neither the ice nor the fog made it really impossible for the men to get aboard the ships or for the ships to start. It was only that the combination of the two obstacles to navigation was of sufficient seriousness to make delay wise, in the circumstances, and the risks that would have been promptly taken in time of war were avoided in time of peace. Still, a storm that can hold up a fleet as large and powerful as this is something far out of the common, and doubtless it will make a remembered date in the navy.

Many a New York landsman will remember the date, too, to say nothing of the poor horses and the wildly skidding automobiles. Such slippery sidewalks and pavements as were to be found everywhere in the city Wednesday evening have not been known for many a year. Just why what fell hour after hour as rain should have turned to ice the moment it struck the ground—and should have remained ice so long—is a mystery of no small proportions, and even more hard to explain is the fact that the trees in the parks and out in the suburbs were not burdened by the sleet that beat upon them. For some reason or other it was only a rainstorm for them and they suffered from it not at all.

THE SPREAD FOR BREAD.

Its Tint, Whether Butter or Oleomargarine, Should Not Be Penalized.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Numerous correspondents have protested through the columns of THE TIMES against the raising of the price of butter, by imposing a tax of ten cents a pound on its only competitor, oleomargarine. This tax was intended and supposed to be prohibitive. The reason it has not proved so, is because the dairymen have taken advantage of their Federal monopoly to put the price of butter so high that the sales of oleomargarine have nearly doubled in the last five years. This will doubtless lead the dairymen to make new demands for more stringent legislation to protect their interests. They may even bring forward again the measures, which in some States they formerly tried to get enacted, requiring oleomargarine to be colored green, and any restaurant using it to hang on the walls a big placard reading "Adulterated Food Used Here." The general public is rightly enthusiastic over the movement for pure food and correct labeling, but does not sufficiently realize how often the movement has been made to favor special interests. As the matter stands now, almost any greasy stuff from a filthy farmyard can be colored yellow and sold without tax or license, but oleomargarine, even though sterilized and handled only by machinery, must either be made to look like lard or bear a tax of ten cents a pound and various vexatious restrictions in selling. More unjust still, the oleomargarine men are not allowed to use in its manufacture any vegetable fats and oils, however harmless and nutritious, which would give the product a yellow tinge.

The pure food laws contain a clause which if construed literally would prevent the use of annatto in butter as well as oleomargarine, that "an article shall be deemed to be adulterated * * * If it is colored * * * or by any means made to appear better or of greater value than it really is." Fortunately it is not in most cases construed literally, for there is no more reason for prohibiting the use of harmless coloring matter in foods than of prohibiting a lady from appearing in the street with her prettiest bonnet. But, if the dairymen were, like their rivals, not allowed freely to use annatto, the greater part of their product would be as pallid and unattractive as uncolored oleo. That is, consumers demand an oleaginous spread which is yellower than ordinary butter or ordinary oleomargarine. They have shown that they are willing to pay ten cents or more a pound extra to get this tint in both cases. This may be a foolish preference, but it is not fair to penalize the folly in one case and not in the other. Since the oleomargarine tax law was passed the price of butter has risen on the average 78.9 per cent. How much higher it will go depends on how successfully the dairy interests are able to maintain their artificial monopoly.

EDWIN E. SLOSSON.

New York, Jan. 4, 1910.

American vs. British Pronunciation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Our English friends are extraordinarily kind, not to say officious, in their efforts to show us the error of our ways. But would it not be well for John Bull to remove the beam in his own eye before endeavoring to extract the mote from Uncle Sam's? Let him learn the value of the middle a and the flat a and not annoy Americans by his persistent and incorrect use of the broad a. And oh, let him put a g on his ing!

It appears impossible for the average English person to comprehend that America is not only independent of English standards, but has her own standards that are the proper ones for her to use.

Last Winter it was publicly stated in the University of Berlin that the purest English in the world is spoken in the United States; and at about the same time it was announced in Paris that Americans are very much more apt in acquiring proper pronunciation of a foreign language than are any other people except the Russians.

America has her own English and her own dictionaries, and in many respects she has preserved the purity of the early English better than have the English.

Time and again while in Europe have I been told by Germans, Finns, Frenchmen, and others that American enunciation was a pleasure to listen to while English "mouthing" was distressing.

And may I add a word about Americans having no history? Truly an extraordinary statement! Did Americans spring from savages three or four centuries ago? Why! America inherits not only the history of England, but of all Europe. How many of noble blood were the first settlers here! Let the gentleman who says Americans have no history read David Starr Jordan's "Blood of a Nation."

We must make allowances for insular people. Their horizon is so limited they cannot help taking themselves overseriously and exaggerating their own importance.

AMERICAN, with 1,200 years of history.

New York, Jan. 5, 1910.

Standard Oil Company's Disclaimer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Standard Oil Company wishes to enter an emphatic protest against the charge made in certain papers in discussing the price of milk, that the Standard Oil Company is interested in either Borden's Condensed Milk Company or the Corn Products Refining Company. It is absolutely false. The charge has been made and denied before, but it is reiterated nevertheless. That the aim is to affix at any cost a sensational stigma upon the Standard Oil Company may surely be assumed when one reads such a headline as "Standard Oil, by Sly Trick, Robs the Farmer of his Profits," and knows the fact, namely, that the Standard Oil Company has nothing whatever to do, either by direct or indirect ownership of shares, or by the most remote community of interests with any company serving milk or furnishing feed.

CHARLES T. WHITE,
Assistant Secretary Standard Oil Company.

New York, Jan. 6, 1910.

Civil Service Records.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial comment to-day on the method of ascertaining the experience of Civil Service employes is a timely one. The applicant should not only swear to the statements made in his application, but the statements should also be published, as well as the ratings he gets on his technical and experience papers in the examination. This would soon put a stop to a number of applicants bolstering up their "experience." I hope that the new Civil Service Commissioners will see to it that the efficiency records in each department are made public, so that each employe can see whether he is receiving a fair and just mark for his work in the service. At present an employe can only see his own marks. This is unfair to him, as it is only by comparison with the other employes that he can tell whether he is receiving a proper and just mark for his work. MARTIN BERNHARDT.

New York, Jan. 4, 1910.

WAYS TO PROTECT WORKMEN.

Suggestions to Legislative Commission by Prof. Hutton and Others.

Foreign systems of compensating employes injured at work and their dependents were discussed before the Legislative Commission on Employers' Liability and Cause of Industrial Accidents yesterday at the Twenty-third Street Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association. Besides representatives of labor organizations, George W. Alger, an attorney and author of text books on the law of employers' liability, and Prof. Frederick R. Hutton of Columbia University appeared before the commission. Mr. Alger presented a draft of a new law for consideration. He said:

"As a matter of public policy, an employer should be responsible for an injury to a workman when another employe is responsible for the accident just as he is to-day when an outsider is injured. As to the assumption of risk, the employer should be held responsible for the condition of his machinery and apparatus, whether or not the employe knows that the equipment which he is forced to use is unsafe. I advocate the adoption of the English Workman's Compensation act, with a permissive clause, allowing employers and employes to arrange for compensation in case of accident."

Prof. Hutton advocated a museum of sanitation and safety, which should contain the latest devices to prevent accidents and reduce the extent of occupational diseases. He said that part of the $3,000,000 endowment needed should be supplied by the State and part by private subscription. Prof. Hutton presented the commission with records of industrial accidents in this country and abroad and copies of laws adopted in Germany, Belgium, and Great Britain, which he characterized as the most progressive countries.

John Snyder, business agent of the Housesmiths' and Bridgemen's Union, declared in favor of a law compelling the planking of the floors of all buildings as the work of erection proceeds. In five years, he said, there have been 180 deaths by accident in a membership of 2,900 in his union. In addition 463 members received injury benefits for periods exceeding two weeks.

"To-day buildings are going up," said Mr. Snyder, "in which there is no planking for six stories, with the result that if a man misses his step he falls to the bottom of the building. If there were planking on the story below he might break his arm or a leg, but his life would be safe."

L. Schramm, Chairman of the labor department of the United States Brewers' Association, whose members employ 50,000 men, said:

"In every accident three parties are vitally interested, the employer, the workman, and the State. These three should contribute to a common fund which would insure compensation to every man injured. This fund should be administered by a commission, which would see that the workman should get the help he needs at once. At the present time the appeal for compensation involves much litigation and the expenditure goes largely to lawyers."

Miles M. Dawson, attorney for the shirtwaist strikers, advocated the Rhode Island system, which is modeled on the system prevailing in Germany.

HARMON FOR THE SENATE.

Governor of Ohio Will Be Named as Candidate for Dick's Place.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 6.—Friends of Gov. Judson Harmon will launch his name to-morrow as a candidate for United States Senator to succeed Charles Dick. This move will make quite a change in the political affairs of Ohio. Two weeks ago it was announced that Gov. Harmon would make the race to succeed himself, but the last decision puts a new aspect on the situation.

The primaries to nominate the candidates for the next Legislature will be held in May, and the Legislature and Harmon's successor as Governor will be elected on the same day next November. Should Harmon run for Governor and be defeated he will be a candidate for United States Senator if the Legislature is Democratic. The Legislature chooses the Senator in January next. If defeated for Governor by a large majority, it is not believed the Governor would stand a very strong chance as a candidate for the Presidential nomination, but beaten for Governor and elected two months later for United States Senator, it is thought, he would be in line for the Presidency.

Wall Street Ahead Again.

[From the financial summary of The Associated Press yesterday.]

The distribution of the advance copies of the [President's] message brought into Wall Street offices the usual inkling of its contents. The knowledge thus secured brought with it professions of confidence that the effect of the reading of the full message would prove reassuring to corporation and capital interests, which had been apprehensive of the treatment of anti-corporation policies to be found there. The prospect of further suspense until Monday, while rumors and discussion of the contents of the message might continue, was not relished apparently by the speculative element.

Hardships of House Servants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I can heartily sympathize with "A Workingman," who writes in to-day's issue on house servants. Few who read of the lot of the shirtwaist strikers have any idea of the conditions under which servants labor. A man or woman in a private house is little better than a puppet, as he is subject to the slightest whim or fancy of the employer. The girl who works in a store or factory is protected by law from being forced to work more than a certain number of hours each week. The servant girl has to work until all her mistress's wants are satisfied, and no matter whether she is finished at 8 P. M. or 2 A. M. she must rise at the same hour in the morning. Sundays are called days of rest, for a servant they are as a rule the hardest days of the week, as weekend parties fill the house with company. Does any one who reads of Mrs. Blank giving a small dinner dance for thirty or forty guests ever realize the amount of extra work it entails, for which, by the way, no overtime is allowed? No matter how great a servant's ability may be, if his or her reference contains the least reflection upon the service rendered it is useless. I know of one case in which a butler was kept from employment for over a year by a woman who desired to retain him in her own house, and failing that, used her influence to bar him from other situations. I have had nine years' experience as a private servant, but am now out of service, thank goodness, and as long as I can earn enough to keep myself respectable I will stay out of it. If some of those who are doing good work in public would try to help their own servants by a little appreciation and a kind word it would be well repaid. "BELOW STAIRS."

New York, Jan. 4, 1910.

THE CLASSMATES.

He isn't distinguished and yet
I read about him every day;
Mediocre, he chances to get
His name in the papers someway;
It isn't through talent or art,
It isn't through genius or graft,
But he got a wonderful start,
For he was a classmate of Taft.

He bobs up here, there, everywhere,
Upon the most trivial hint,
The papers have some lines to spare
When he wants to get into print;
He isn't a high financier,
Or yet an exponent of craft,
The secret of it is right here,
That he was a classmate of Taft.

His fame came to him all unsought,
He never went out of the way
To get all the plaudits he got,
To win all his honors to-day;
He may be downhearted or poor,
Be sorry of look fore and aft,
What matter—his fame is secure,
For he was a classmate of Taft.

Oh, see the Grand Army that comes
From uttermost parts of the world,
With resonant beating of drums,
With banners and streamers unfurled;
With three-cornered ensigns abeam,
With hurrahs and rah-rahs abaft,
Uncounted as sands by the stream,
The men who were classmates of Taft.

J. W. FOLEY.

MAYOR CONFERS WITH FUSION OFFICIALS

Prendergast, Mitchel, and McAneny Discuss Urgent City Affairs with Him.

MANY CALLERS AT CITY HALL

Louis H. Reynolds Made Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner and Sent to Brooklyn.

Controller Prendergast, President Mitchel of the Alderman and Borough President McAneny of Manhattan, the three principal city officials elected on the Fusion ticket, held a conference with Mayor Gaynor yesterday afternoon in an attempt to find out just how they are to stand in the new Board of Estimate.

Borough Presidents Steers of Brooklyn, Miller of the Bronx, Cromwell of Richmond and Gresser of Queens were not present. It has been taken for granted that President Gresser will stand with the Mayor. At the organization of the new Board of Aldermen he and his Aldermen voted with Tammany.

The men who met yesterday represented eleven of the sixteen votes of the Board of Estimate. The Mayor, the Controller and the President of the Aldermen have three votes each; the Borough Presidents of Manhattan and Brooklyn two each and the other Borough Presidents one each.

The conference lasted for more than an hour and did not break up until nearly six o'clock. When the Fusion officials left the Mayor they were uncommunicative about the results of the conference and when the Mayor was seen a little later he also said that he did not care to talk about it.

It was learned, however, that the discussion included nearly all of the matters that will come before the Board of Estimate in the near future, and particularly the subway question. It is believed that the Mayor informed his fellow-members of the board that, while he is in favor of the building of more subways as soon as practicable, he will not vote for their construction until the administration has disposed of other matters which are before it and got the reins of the City Government well in hand.

The first meeting of the board will be held to-day. It had been expected that the question of the election of a Secretary would be taken up at that time. The place is important, in that it pays $7,500 a year. The present incumbent is Joseph Haag, who ran for Borough President against Mr. McAneny on the Tammany ticket. He has been in the city service for nearly thirty years. For many years he was in the Department of Finance, serving under Controllers Grout and Coler as chief bookkeeper of the office.

The Fusion members of the board have agreed, it is understood, upon the election of Raymond B. Fosdick, who is at present an Assistant Corporation Counsel at $3,000 a year. Dr. William H. Allen, one of the directors of the Bureau of Municipal Research, is also a candidate, and would have the backing of Mr. McAneny undoubtedly if he could get further strength.

It was decided at the conference to let this matter lay over for the present. Mr. Haag will undoubtedly be instructed to-day to place the election of his successor on the calendar for the next meeting of the board.

The only new name added to the list of appointments yesterday was that of Louis H. Reynolds as Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner in charge in Brooklyn to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Alfred W. Booraem, who returned to his old place in the Corporation Counsel's office just before the old administration went out.

Mr. Reynolds is a lawyer, and lives at 272 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn. He has been friendly with the Mayor for a long time. He is a Republican, and the appointment is understood to be purely a personal one. Mr. Reynolds graduated from the Albany Law School in 1882, and began the practice of law at Amsterdam, N. Y. He served as Corporation Counsel for that city for four terms before coming to New York.

Despite the stormy weather the Mayor walked from his home in Brooklyn to the City Hall as usual. One of his first callers was ex-Park Commissioner Smith, who called to find out if the slurring references made in the Mayor's letter reappointing Park Commissioner Kennedy of Brooklyn had been directed at him. After Mr. Smith left the Mayor issued this statement:

"In justice to ex-Park Commissioner Smith, I desire to say that in referring to eighty-four foremen to 119 workmen on the payrolls, I didn't refer to him. I am sorry such an inference was drawn. It seems dangerous to draw inferences. The reference was made to another department."

Other early callers were George Gordon Battle, who ran for District Attorney on the Tammany ticket against Mr. Whitman, and Charles B. Stover, who has been active for years in obtaining public parks on the east side. It is understood that the latter is a likely candidate for Park Commissioner. They were followed into the Mayor's office by Senator Robert Wagner, Alderman Marx, ex-Gov. Lounsbury of Connecticut, Michael J. Drummond, the Mayor's new Commissioner of Charities; Health Commissioner Darlington, Rudolph P. Miller, the new Superintendent of Buildings for Manhattan; Thomas J. Curtis and Frank Joyce of the Central Federated Union, Park Commissioner Kennedy, Deputy Water Commissioner Bemis, who was sworn in, and First Deputy Police Commissioner Bugher. It is believed that Mr. Bugher will be the Mayor's choice for Police Commissioner if he decides to supplant Commissioner Baker. He has given Mr. Bugher several gratuitous compliments recently.

SOFT POLICE SNAP ENDS.

Controller Sends a Lieutenant at His Office Back to Regular Duty.

Controller Prendergast decided yesterday to dispense with the services of a policeman outside the front door of his office, and instructed Lieut. Shevlin, who has been been on duty there ever since Bird S. Coler was Controller, to report to Police Headquarters. The new Controller gave Shevlin this letter to take to Commissioner Baker:

The Hon. William F. Baker, Commissioner of Police, New York, N. Y.

Sir: I have this day instructed Lieut. John F. Shevlin, assigned to the executive offices of this department, to report to you for duty. I take this action without prejudice as to Lieut. Shevlin's service and deportment, which, in the short time that I have been here, have seemed to me very exemplary; but the point is that I do not require his services.

As a matter of general administration may I suggest that it is not entirely in the public interest to have a police officer doing mere messenger duty in any of the departments, for this is all the duty that seems to be required of the Lieutenant here. Especially in view of the fact that our police force needs augmentation and that every possible available man should be pressed into active service, so I take the liberty of advancing the opinion expressed in this letter. Believe me, yours very truly,

WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST,
Controller.

It is expected that this order will be extended to other departments.

Regan Made Deputy Register.

James S. Regan, Democratic leader of the Fifth Assembly District, Brooklyn, was appointed Deputy County Register in that borough yesterday by Register Lundy. His salary will be $5,000 a year. Regan was the choice of the Brooklyn Democratic organization for Park Commissioner in that borough, but Mayor Gaynor reappointed Park Commissioner Michael J. Kennedy.

New Park Board Members Meet.

Two members of the Park Board held a meeting at the Arsenal in Central Park yesterday. Only one matter of business was transacted. This was the opening of a bid for repairing and keeping in repair the lawn mowers of the Department of Parks in the Bronx. The bid was $1,[illegible] and probably will be accepted.

"JOLLY BACHELORS" LIVELY AND FUNNY

Plot Does Not Bother Good Singers and Dancers a Bit—Its Scenes Attractive.

NORA BAYES AS AN HEIRESS

Stella Mayhew, Josie Sadler, Jack Norworth, and Al Leech Aid in New Musical Comedy's Success.

THE JOLLY BACHELORS, a musical spectacle in two acts and seven scenes. Words by Glen MacDonough, music by Raymond Hubbell. Broadway Theatre.

Dr. Lancelot Lightfoot	Walter Percival
Howson Lot	Jack Norworth
Bunburry Tankerville	Lionel Walsh
Asharita Vandergould	Nora Bayes
Guy	Billie Taylor
Carola Gayley	Elizabeth Brice
Chase Payne	Al. Leech
Harold McCann	Robert L. Dailey
Veronica Verdigris Jackson	Stella Mayhew
Perdita Pears	Topsy Siegrist
Lily Kraus	Josie Sadler
Fannie Faintwell	Nellie Lynch
Notta Sound	Gertrude Vanderbilt
Ludwig	Nat Fields
"Pudge" Wilson	Lew Fullerton
Hardy Hyde	Henry Lehmann

The Broadway Theatre seems to have another success. After "The Midnight Sons" comes "The Jolly Bachelors," with speed and bustle and much music, some of it loud, with many musical comedy favorites in the cast, and with at least a dozen novelties in ensembles and individual turns. From the very first number, a lively opening chorus, there is no rest for the actors or the audience, unless the three or four quiet ballads give the people out front a chance for a little relaxation from laughter. Some of the situations are not as funny as they are clever—lines that take a little time to sink in, but succeed in bringing a responsive chuckle not too late.

Nora Bayes does much of the work, and contributes a large share of the fun, but none of the people are allowed to languish. Miss Bayes has the rôle of an heiress pining for romance and taking a position as a cashier in a drug store to find it. She is followed by three professional bachelors, as they call themselves, who have fallen in love with her. Through a mistake she gives a bottle of poison intended to kill an elephant to a college boy who is hunting for a cure of the "morning after" feeling. She and her various followers set out to find the lost medicine, and their chase leads them to the college, and then into an airship, and at last on board an ocean liner, where they finally discover a German servant girl with the bottle of "dope." As usual with such pieces the plot does not bother the singers and dancers a bit.

Besides being the drug clerk Miss Bayes sang three or four songs in her usual way. One of them referred to a lost Kelly, and it is likely that the boys on the street will be inquiring in plaintive tones for that person before the play has been in town a week. Then Jack Norworth was in the cast as a real estate agent, and he helped Miss Bayes in several of her numbers and gave a few by himself, including his medley of college airs.

Elizabeth Brice also sang and danced some in a way that seemed to please the house immensely. Stella Mayhew appeared as a colored chorus girl, with a song about "Stop Dat Rag," and another one entitled "Savannah." Lionel Walsh did his usual English type of stupidity with his usual success, Al Leech danced, Walter Percival made a good looking and rather agreeable voiced comedy bachelor, and Billie Taylor was the brother of the heiress, with a song or two to his credit. Robert L. Dailey, as manager of the drug store, was the central figure in an ensemble number called "We 'Uns from Dixie," that included a clog dance in unison by twenty dancers and that was encored half a dozen times. Josie Sadler was the German servant girl, Topsy Seagrist as a shopper, Gertrude Vanderbilt danced, and Nat Fields was a low comedy office boy that succeded in getting a good many laughs in a way not unlike his brother Lew.

Last night the performance ended close to midnight, but the audience remained with the company to the end. The scenes were all attractive, and the dressing of the good-looking chorus was in excellent taste. The use of various shades of brown throughout the drug store scene was as effective as it was novel. Ned Wayburn staged the production.

"BETHLEHEM" AT CARNEGIE.

Nativity Play Presented by Episcopal Sunday School Actors.

Housmann's nativity play, "Bethlehem," was given at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Christmas Play Association of New York. The piece, written and presented after the style of the old mystery plays, was listened to attentively by a large audience. The performers were drawn from various Episcopal Sunday schools, and the production was staged by Ben Greet. "Bethlehem" will be repeated to-night at the same place, and the audience will be made up of people from the Sunday schools connected with the Episcopal Church.

The Christmas Play Association, of which the Bishop of New York is the President, was organized for the purpose of giving a nativity play during the Christmas holidays each year, in the hope that such productions would induce a return of the old reverence for Christmas, which the association thinks is rapidly disappearing. Yesterday was chosen for the first performance on account of the day being Epiphany, in the church calendar.

MARUM QUARTET'S CONCERT.

Its Music Is Thoroughly Enjoyed by Audience at Cooper Union.

The Marum Quartet, one of the few chamber music organizations of which New York can boast, began its fifth season of concerts last evening in Cooper Union before a good-sized audience which seemed to thoroughly enjoy the music which was provided for its delectation. The playing of this quartet is of a sort to give real pleasure to discriminating auditors.

It preserves a nice balance of tone, with the proper spirit of ensemble so essential to a quartet. Precision and an accurate attack are other qualities which make it a worth-while organization.

Last evening the programme began with Mozart's D major quartet and ended with Dvorak's F major or American quartet. Between these two numbers Mr. Marum and Mr. Kurt Schindler played Schubert's "Rondo Brilliant," opus 70 for piano and violin with more spirit than conviction, and Mrs. Ludwig Marum sang three songs by Beethoven, Shubert, and Brahms.

Miss Adams Plays Here Again in Year.

When Maude Adams leaves the Empire Theatre at the end of next week she will not be seen in New York again for a year, unless she is able to be here for the Actors' Fund benefit, to appear in a new one-act play by J. M. Barrie. This play and another one-act play given to Ethel Barrymore by Mr. Barrie, are Mr. Barrie's contributions to the Actors' Fund benefit. In Miss Adams's play, the opposite rôle will be taken by William Gillette. Only Miss Adams and Miss Barrymore will appear in these plays in this country, but they will be performed at Charles Frohman's Repertoire Theatre in London by other players.

"[illegible]" Sung at the Metropolitan.

[illegible] was sung at the Metropolitan [illegible] last evening by Mme. Alda, [illegible] Slezak and Amato. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Robert Endicott will give a dance at Sherry's this evening for her débutante daughter, Miss Lillian Endicott.

Miss Mary Helen Carlisle will give a reception this afternoon from 3 to 6 at her studio, 147 East Fortieth Street, for Mme. Liza Lehmann.

Miss Katherine Ames, the daughter of Mrs. Elias Hurlburt Ames, will make her début to-morrow at a reception to be given by her mother in Morristown. The débutante is a niece of Mrs. Elbert Kip.

Henry Van Duzer gave a dinner of sixteen covers last night at his residence for Miss Elizabeth Gorham Bacon, the débutante daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Gorham Bacon. Among the guests were the Misses Leila Haven, Doris Dick, Frances Burr, Beatrice Claflin, Miss McCormick, and Mrs. Cheney.

A bridge tournament will be held at the Plaza on the afternoon of Jan. 25 for the benefit of the New York School of Applied Design for Women.

Mrs. Franklin M. Warner will give a reception with music on Jan. 15 at the Plaza, where Mrs. Warner has just arrived for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Van Valkenburgh gave a dinner to Count Albert de Sonis at the St. Regis Wednesday. The Count has sailed for the Riviera, as will Mr. and Mrs. Van Valkenburgh in a month's time.

A recital of Irish poetry and song and W. B. Yeats's play, "The Hour Glass," will be given this evening at 4 West Fortieth Street by Josephine Sharkey, Edith Cline Ford, and Grace Ewing.

Mrs. John E. Alexandre gave a small dinner last night at her residence, 26 West Thirty-eighth Street.

Mrs. James Harper North was at home yesterday at her residence, 50 East Seventy-third Street. Her younger daughter, Miss Marjorie North, will not make her début until next year.

The Baron and Baroness de Fork of Berlin are stopping at the Wolcott with Mrs. E. W. Morse, the sister of the Baroness.

Mrs. Thomas Buchanan Gilford, Jr., of 53 West Fiftieth Street will give a dinner this evening.

Mrs. Edwin P. Shattuck will give the first of two receptions this afternoon at 154 West Twelfth Street. The second will occur on Jan. 14.

The artists to appear at Mr. Bagby's Musical Morning on Monday are Miss Geraldine Farrar, Ricardo Martin, and Mischa Elman.

The New York Chapter of the Daughters of St. Mary's Hall, Burlington, N. J., will hold a bridge party at the Waldorf-Astoria next Monday afternoon. The regular business meeting will be held to-day at the residence of Mrs. Charles Wylie, 139 West Ninety-second Street.

THEIR ENGAGEMENT SEVERED.

Walbridge Taft and Miss Herrick Not to Wed—Mrs. Taft's Statement.

Mrs. Henry W. Taft of 36 West Forty-eighth Street, gave out a statement yesterday to the effect that the engagement of her son, Walbridge S. Taft, to Miss Ethel Herrick had been discontinued. Walbridge Taft is a nephew of the President.

Mrs. Taft's statement was due to the many conflicting rumors in circulation regarding the young couple whose engagement was announced last September.

"Whereas they are both the best of friends," Mrs. Taft said, "they have come to the conclusion that they had rather remain friends than enter into any closer relationship."

Mr. Taft is a student in the Harvard Law School. Miss Herrick is the daughter of Mrs. Frederick Herrick of Paris and New York. She sailed Wednesday to join her mother.

Music School Settlement Benefit.

For the benefit of the Music School Settlement there will be an amateur performance at The New Theatre on the afternoon of Friday, Feb. 4. A number of prominent young women will take part. The committee in charge are Miss Beatrice Pratt, Chairman; Mrs. Courtland D. Barnes, Miss Dorothea Draper, and Miss Lorraine Roosevelt. They have secured the co-operation of Joseph Lindon Smith, a Boston artist, to present a series of pantomimes written and arranged by Mr. Smith to music by Grieg and Massenet. The music will be furnished by the New York Symphony Orchestra under the direction of Walter Damrosch.

Thursday Evening Club Hears Scientist.

There was a meeting of the Thursday Evening Club yesterday at the residence of Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn, 850 Madison Avenue. Mr. Dagmore, an English scientist, gave an illustrated talk on South Africa and the life of animals there. Among the members present were Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mrs. Philip Schuyler, Mr. and Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. Robert de Forest, Miss Bigelow, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Appleton, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sturges, and Gen. Porter.

German Ambassador Dinner Guest.

Count Johann Von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, was the guest at dinner last night in the Metropolitan Club of the officers and directors of the Germanistic Society of America, of which Edward D. Adams is President. The dinner was private.

To-night the Ambassador will attend a dinner at the German Club, 112 Central Park South. It will not be a large affair.

Edward B. McLean Buys The Briars.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—It was announced today that The Briars, one of the most beautiful Summer residences on Ocean Walk, at Bar Harbor, Me., has been sold by Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears, to Edward Beale McLean, son of John R. McLean, of Cincinnati. The Briars has been occupied by the Sears family for nearly a quarter of a century. This residence was at one time occupied by John D. Rockefeller.

Daughter of Judge O'Gorman to Wed.

Judge James A. O'Gorman and Mrs. O'Gorman announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ellen Katharine O'Gorman, to William L. J. Duffy. The wedding will take place in the Spring.

SCHWEITZER—KIRSH.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Kirsh of 123 West 118th Street announced yesterday the marriage of their daughter Julia to Nathan Schweitzer of this city. The wedding took place in the Hotel Astor last Tuesday. Two hundred guests were present. Mr. Schweitzer's brother Isidor was best man, and his sister Ruth was among the bridesmaids. The service was performed by the Rev. Drs. Guranowsky and Drachman of the Ohab Zedek Synagogue. After a honeymoon, the couple will live in this city.

KOPS—KLAUBER.

Daniel Kops announces the engagement of his daughter, Miss Helen V. Kops, to Leonard E. Klauber. A reception will be given on Jan. 23 from 3 to 6 o'clock, at 904 West End Avenue.

Friars Honor Hitchcock and Barrymore

The Friars Club will give a dinner at the Hotel Astor on Sunday evening, Jan. 16, in honor of Raymond Hitchcock and John Barrymore. Rennold Wolf will act as "advance agent" for Mr. Hitchcock and J. Fred Zimmermann will "go ahead" of Mr. Barrymore. Among the speakers will be Winchell Smith, Max Steuer, Percy Williams, William Killette, and other notables, and the committee in charge of the arrangements is composed of Frederick Edward McKay, Edward Everett Pidgeon, Ryan Walker, John M. Welch, Bert Feibleman, Arthur Klein, and Walter Moore. Friar Abbott John Rumsay will preside.

Busoni for Manhattan Concert.

Oscar Hammerstein has specially engaged Ferruccio Busoni, the Italian pianist who made his debut with the Philharmonic Orchestra last night, for a series of appearances at his Manhattan Opera House Sunday night concerts. Mr. Busoni will play at the Manhattan for the first time on next Sunday night. Others who will take part in the Sunday night concert will be Mlle. Gerville-Réache, Mlle. Cavalieri, Miss Alice Baron, and Messrs. Dufranne, Duffault, and Vallier.

WILLIAM SELIGMAN, PARIS BANKER, DEAD

Second of Eight Seligman Brothers, Bankers, Dies at Paris Home, Aged 88.

FOUNDED BRANCH IN 1864

Aided in Placing United States Bond Issues in France—Dean of American Chamber of Commerce.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—William Seligman of Seligman & Co., bankers, of New York and Paris, died to-day at his residence on the Boulevard Malesherbes. His funeral will be held on Sunday.

William Seligman was the second of the eight Seligman brothers. His elder brother, Joseph, the original head of the banking family, died about ten years ago. The eight brothers were natives of Germany, William Seligman having been born in Bayersdorf in 1822. All the boys received a good school education, and Joseph, the oldest, immigrated to this country while still young and settled in Mauch Chunk, Penn. There, at the age of 17, William joined him temporarily, but later went to Alabama and embarked in the clothing and commission business.

When the civil war began to threaten, both brothers joined again in this city and started a dry goods firm. In 1862 this dry goods firm was converted into the present banking house of J. & W. Seligman & Co., and, through the activity and talents of the eight brothers, the banking house subsequently reached out into half a dozen of the principal cities of the world. The original New York City dry goods firm had a California branch which had been in charge of the younger brothers, Jesse, Abraham, Leopold, and Henry. When the elder brothers started the banking business here in 1862, this California branch was turned into the Anglo-American Bank, Limited, of San Francisco.

Then William Seligman went to Paris and, with Max Hellman, Jesse Seligman's brother-in-law, opened a French branch of the banking firm, Seligman, Freres et Cie. Isaac and Leopold Seligman opened a London branch, and Henry and Abraham Seligman opened a branch at Frankfort. Joseph, William, James, and Jesse Seligman had charge of the New York firm. But, like the organization of the still more famous Rothschild banking firm, all the brothers had an equal interest jointly in the profits of all the firms.

This arrangement lasted for nearly forty years, as long as the eight brothers remained alive. Since 1898 it has gradually changed because of the deaths of Joseph, Jesse, Henry, and Abraham Seligman.

William Seligman always took a lively interest in politics. In the early days in Alabama, like every one else, he was a Democrat. But he foresaw that there was trouble coming over slavery and threw in his fortunes with the Republicans and the North. Later, in France, during the Franco-Prussian war, in 1870, he allowed the American Minister, E. B. Washburn, to make his headquarters in his Paris house. He did a great deal to place United States Government bond issues in France, where, before he went there in 1864, they had been unpopular. He entertained American visitors to Paris extensively. Distinguished in personal appearance, he had always been a notable figure in Paris's American colony, and tourists who visited either the American Chamber of Commerce there or the Stock Exchange carried away a vivid memory of his patriarchal aquiline features and dignified ways. His addresses on the Fourth of July celebrations and the annual banquets were a feature of the Chamber. He was Dean of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris. In appearance he was said by the Parisians to resemble Louis Philippe. He was made an officer of the Legion of Honor in 1878, and did much, by influence and advice, in the drafting of reciprocal trade treaties between France and the United States.

MRS. FLORA DARLING DEAD.

Founder of Three Patriotic Societies of Women and Writer of Books.

Mrs. Flora Adams Darling, founder of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the Daughters of the Revolution, and the Daughters of 1812, dropped dead of an attack of apoplexy yesterday morning in front of the home of her brother, John Quincy Adams, at 153 West 117th Street.

Mrs. Darling had lived in Washington for several years, at 1907 N Street, N. W., and had been on a visit over the holidays with her brother. She was 69 years old, and had not been in good health for some time.

Mrs. Darling's birthplace was Lancaster, N. H., and there she will be buried on Saturday, at 2 o'clock, funeral services being held at the home of her brother, here. Mrs. Darling was educated in Lancaster Academy, and the degree of A. M. was conferred upon her by the Western Maryland College in 1886.

In 1859 she was married in this city to Gen. Irving Darling and moved to Louisiana. Her husband enlisted with the South in the civil war and was killed in battle, leaving his widow with one son, Edward Irving Darling, who, after attaining prominence as a musical composer, died in 1894.

After the civil war Mrs. Darling made her home in Washington. She devoted much of her time to writing books, among her best-known works being "Mrs. Darling's Letters," "Memories of the Civil War," "A Social Diplomat," "A Wayward, Winning Woman," "Was It a Just Verdict?" "History of the Founding of the D. A. R. and D. R. Societies," and "Legends of the Granite State."

Mrs. Darling's estate, left to her by her husband, was lost in unprofitable investments, but she retrieved, to some extent, her losses through the sale of her books.

MacDowell Club to Hear "Elektra."

There will be a reading of Gilbert Murray's translation of the "Elektra" of Euripides, at the rooms of the MacDowell Club, in the Metropolitan Opera House building, next Monday afternoon. The play will be read by Louis Hauffman Anspacher. It was originally planned to have a reading of "The Faith Healer," by William Vaughn Moody, but Henry Miller, who owns the rights to the play, refused to permit it, as he expects to produce the piece in New York. "Elektra" was then chosen by way of illustrating the contrast between the Greek version of a myth and the modern operatic version soon to be produced at the Manhattan Opera House.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Nellie McCoy, now appearing with Genee in "The Silver Star," is going into vaudeville, opening at Hammerstein's Victoria on Jan. 17.

Mike Donlin is to play a detective sergeant when his wife, Mabel Hite, is starred in "A Certain Party," the comedy by Edward W. Townsend and Frank Ward O'Malley.

Harriet Ford, part author of "A Little Brother of the Rich," gave a "temperamental luncheon" to Hilda Spong and Ida Conquest at Sherry's yesterday afternoon. The temperamental part consisted of separate menus suited to the characters played by Miss Spong and Miss Conquest. Each actress found at her plate a card bearing Leo Mielziner's idea of how she looked in the play.

William Collier will give his first New York performance of "A Lucky Star" at the Hudson Theatre on Tuesday, Jan. 18, instead of on Monday, in order not to interfere with the openings of Sir Charles Wyndham at the Empire Theatre and of "The Arcadians" at the Liberty, which occur on Monday night.

George Edwardes of London has purchased the English rights of "Is Matrimony a Failure?" from David Belasco, through Sanger & Jordan, play agents.

SAMUEL S. SANFORD DEAD.

Former Professor of Applied Music at Yale and a Millionaire.

Prof. Samuel Simons Sanford, until recently Professor of Applied Music at Yale University, and one of the foremost and most accomplished musical authorities in this country, died yesterday at the age of 60 years at his home, 50 West Fifty-second Street.

Prof. Sanford was stricken partially blind two years ago during an automobile vacation tour of France. While his motor car was approaching the village of Coblenz he completely and without warning lost sight in his left eye. After consulting Paris specialists he returned to Yale in the Autumn of 1907, suffering intense pain in his right eye, which was affected sympathetically. The cause of his blindness was at that time ascribed to rheumatic gout. His trouble increased during the ensuing Winter of 1908 to such an extent that he had to have his left eye removed and give up his work at Yale. Since then he has been living in retirement at his homes in either Bridgeport or this city. The immediate cause of his death was Bright's disease.

Prof. Sanford was one of Yale University's wealthiest professors. As the son and heir of Henry Sanford, founder of the Adams Express Company, who died in the early nineties, he was worth several million dollars, and taught from sheer enjoyment of everything connected with music. He was the best pianist in Yale, and was a patron of the New York Musical Society, the New York Symphony Orchestra, and the New York Mozart Society. He was a member of the Union League, Metropolitan, Yale, New York Yacht, and Racquet Clubs. Paderewski, whom he knew well, spoke of him as "the most musically gifted person I ever knew."

He left a son, Henry, and a daughter, Mrs. George Sheffield of New London, Conn. He will be buried on Saturday in Bridgeport, where he was born. His mother, a Miss Simons, was the daughter of a prominent physician of that town.

He was elected to the chair of Applied Music in the Yale Music School in 1894, and in addition to his professional duties was active in developing the Yale Symphony Orchestra and in installing the big Newberry organ in Woolsey Hall. Two insignia belonging to Yale will be an eternal memorial to him. These are the jeweled collar and mace which the President of the university always wears at commencement, and which were presented to the university many years ago by Prof. Sanford.

Prof. Sanford was the pupil and friend of noted musicians. He began studying in this country at an early age under Karl Klingman, William Mason, and S. B. Mills. Going to Paris at the age of 19 he studied under Rubinstein, having as fellow pupils Edward Battiste and Theodore Ritter. He was the intimate friend of von Buelow, Joseffy, Rosenthal, and Paderewski. During Rubinstein's long tour of this country in 1871 to 1873 Sanford accompanied him. He refused all remuneration for his work at Yale.

GEN. D. H. RUCKER DEAD AT 98.

Oldest Retired Officer of the United States Army That Ever Lived.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Gen. Daniel H. Rucker, the oldest retired officer of the United States Army that ever lived, died at his home here to-day, aged 98 years. He was born in New Jersey and appointed to the army from Michigan.

Daniel Henry Rucker was born at Belleville, N. J., on April 28, 1812. He was appointed a Second Lieutenant of the First United States Dragoons on Oct. 13, 1837, and ten years later had risen to the rank of Captain. He was appointed a Brigadier General of Volunteers at the outbreak of the civil war and for meritorious services was breveted a Major General.

After the war Gen. Rucker served for several years as Quartermaster of the Army. He was retired at his own request in 1882.

Mrs. Rose Frank.

Mrs. Rose Frank, who was formerly a resident of Philadelphia, but in recent years had lived in New York, died yesterday at the Hotel Buckingham. Mrs. Frank was the widow of Henry Frank, and had a large circle of friends in Philadelphia. She had also taken a great interest in Jewish charities there. She was a sister of Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim of this city. The funeral services will be held on Sunday morning in Philadelphia at the Henry S. Frank Memorial Synagogue, at the Jewish Hospital which she had erected in her husband's memory.

Auxiliary Bishop Brady Dead.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—The Right Rev. John Brady, Auxiliary Bishop of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Boston and titular Bishop of Alabanda, died at his residence in South Boston to-day. Death followed a paralytic shock suffered recently. He was 67 years old.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM P. FAY, President of the American Bill Posting Company, who was interested in bill posting in eighty cities in this country, died on Wednesday at his home, 212 St. James's Place, Brooklyn, in his fiftieth year. Mr. Fay became interested in the bill posting business fifteen years ago with Thomas J. Murphy, the former President of the American Bill Posting Company.

Mrs. SARAH A. WALKER, widow of Alexander Walker of Buffalo, died in her home, 36 Washington Square West, on Tuesday of heart disease in her eighty-first year. She left two daughters, Mrs. Rose L. McDuffie of this city, and Mrs. G. W. Coates of Mobile, Ala.

ALFRED C. HICKS, only son of Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Hicks of Long Branch, N. J., died on Wednesday in the Chicago Baptist Hospital of inflammatory rheumatism in his twenty-fifth year.

Mrs. SARAH A. NOSTRAND, one of the founders of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at her home, 149 Taylor Street, Brooklyn, of bronchial pneumonia in her eighty-fourth year. She was the widow of Lewis P. Nostrand.

JOSEPH H. CLEMENTE, a wholesale wine merchant, died on Tuesday in his home, 52 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, of heart disease in his sixty-ninth year.

Mrs. EDWARD COLLINGS DWIGHT, JR., died Wednesday morning at the Plaza Hotel after an illness of several months. She and her husband had been stopping there since their return from Newport, their Summer residence. Mrs. Dwight was a daughter of Edmund Parson Dwight of Philadelphia. She is survived by her husband, to whom she was married in 1886, and by her daughter, Mrs. Sidney Jones Colford, Jr., of this city.

WILLIAM J. WALKER, who was in the real estate business in Manhattan, and who lived at 75 Somers Street, Brooklyn, died on Tuesday. He was born in Manhattan in 1842, and served in the civil war with the Fifth New York Regiment. His wife, two daughters and a son survive him.

THOMAS DILLON, father of Thomas A. Dillon, Clerk of the Board of Education, died yesterday at his home, 1,235 Park Avenue, from a complication of diseases at the age of 70. He was one of the oldest painters and decorators in this city, having started in the business forty-three years ago on Third Avenue. He was born in Ireland and came to this country at the age of seventeen. He left a widow, six sons, and a daughter. He was for many years a pew holder in St. Vincent Ferrer's Church.

GEORGE EDWARD GRAHAM, 43 years old, editorial writer on a Los Angeles newspaper, died yesterday. Before going to Los Angeles three years ago, because of shattered health, Mr. Graham was connected with newspapers in New York City, Buffalo, Washington, and other cities. At the outbreak of the Spanish War, Mr. Graham, who was at that time Albany correspondent of The Associated Press, was detailed as correspondent on Admiral Schley's flagship, the Brooklyn, and was at the battle of Santiago.

MORRIS VICTORIUS of 243 East Sixty-first Street, the aged merchant who was run down by a taxicab on Monday night at Sixty-first Street and Lexington Avenue, died yesterday as a result of the accident. Mr. Victorius was a member of the Produce Exchange, the Bna Brith, and the Noah Lodge. He retired from the wholesale tobacco business fifteen years ago. He was 73 years old. He married Rachel Gattman forty-three years ago. Besides his widow he leaves three daughters and four sons.

FRANK L. BLAISDELL died at his home in Redbank, N. J., yesterday, aged 56 years. The cause of his death was intestinal trouble, of which he had been ailing for a long time. He was extensively engaged in the kindlewood business in the Eastern States. He was the largest real estate owner in Red Bank, and owned scores of houses. Just before he was taken ill he made plans for erecting thirty-four houses. He leaves a widow and six children.

Mrs. SARAH JORALEMON TALMAGE, widow of Col. D. M. Talmage, and who formerly lived in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at the home of her son, Richard Talmage, in Hyannis, Mass. She was born in Brooklyn eighty-three years ago. Col. Talmage, her husband, was a Brooklynite and commanded a New York State regiment in the civil war. Two sons and three daughters survive her.

The Rev. Dr. HERMANUS VANDERWART, until recently pastor of the old historic First Reformed Church in Hackensack, N. J., died in Hackensack yesterday. Heart disease and complications were the cause. He was forced to retire from active work a few months ago after twenty-three years' pastorate. He was born in Albany sixty years ago. He graduated from Hope College in Michigan. His doctor's degree was given him by Rutgers four years ago. He is survived by his widow, two sons, and a daughter.

WILLIAM C. POST, Vice President and Treasurer of the firm of Post & McCord, structural steel contracting company, died suddenly at Atlantic City on Wednesday at the age of 48. Mr. Post, who was the son of Andrew J. Post of Jersey City, the founder of Post & McCord, married Mary Arnold Headley, the daughter of Albert Ogden Headley, last September. Born in Jersey City, Mr. Post graduated from Stevens Institute in the class of 1886. He became an Alumni Trustee of the Institute and was President of the Stevens Alumni Association for several years. He was a member of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity, the Baltusrol, Englewood, and Garden City Golf Clubs, the Carteret Club of Jersey City, the Chelsea Plantation Club of South Carolina, the Bloominggrove Hunting and Field Club, and other social organizations. The funeral will take place to-day at his residence in Englewood.

JAMES MALCOLM, Esq., D. L., formerly High Sheriff of County Armagh, Ireland, and for many years a magistrate and Deputy Lieutenant of County Armagh, died yesterday at his home in Lurgan, Ireland, at the age of 70. He was the father of Fred C. Malcolm of Clendenning & Co. of this city and an uncle of Stuart Malcolm of 115 East 63d Street. The William Watson family of Westchester County are relatives of his wife.

CHARLES E. ALLCOCK, a lumber contractor, died Wednesday night in his Newark, N. J., home from a complication of diseases. He was a native of Millburn, and was educated at the Newark Academy and in this city. He was one of the organizers of the Triton Boat Club in Newark and a charter member of the Garfield Club. He is survived by a widow and two children. Mr. Allcock was 44 years old.

Harry Louderbough.

Harry Louderbough, President of the Lincoln Trust Company in Jersey City, died yesterday at his home, 47 Gifford Avenue, after a two weeks' illness, of heart disease. He was 65 years old, born in Bristol, Penn. He came to Jersey City in 1867, and later established the New Jersey Paint Works in Jersey City, and was made President and manager. At his death he was President of the Jersey City Board of Trade, the Lincoln Trust Company, the C. A. Woolsey Paint Company, the Manhattan Laundry Company, and the Newman Mission. He was also a Director in the Children's Home and other institutions. He gave considerable money to charity. Besides a wife he is survived by a son, a grandson, and two sisters.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

AMES.—Jan. 5, at Westfield, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. Harry O. Ames, a daughter.

Married.

COFFIN—BROWN.—In New York City, on Wednesday, Jan. 5, 1910, by the Rev. Thomas F. Murphy, Marie Louise Brown to Charles Wolston Coffin.

SCHWEITZER—KIRSH.—At Hotel Astor, on Tuesday, Jan. 4, 1910, by the Rev. Drs. Guranowsky and Drachman, Julia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Kirsh, to Mr. Nathan Schweitezr.

BENN—BOAL.—Jan. 5, Arta C. Boal to Francis H. Benn.

BOGERT—BENE.—Jan. 4, Eugenie M. Bene to Andrew D. Bogert.

GLAESER—FEE.—Jan. 2, Florence Fee to Henry Glaeser.

ELDRIDGE—BEARDSLEY.—Jan. 5, Constance Beardsley to Orris S. Eldridge.

HASENFLUG — BLEICHER. — Jan. 5, Eliza Bleicher to August Hasenflug.

HOYT—WALDORF.—Jan. 4, Mildred L. Waldorf to Harold B. Hoyt.

WAITT—HAINES.—Jan. 6, Frances C. W. Haines to Weyner H. Waitt.

Connecticut.

BURR—SIEBERT.—Jan. 3, East Hampton, Gertrude Siebert to Frank L. Burr.

LUDLOW—MARKLE.—Jan. 1, Danbury, Dora Markle to Towner Ludlow.

MEGGAT—FERGUSON.—Jan. 5, Hartford, Marie R. Ferguson to William C. Meggat.

NORRIS—WHITEHEAD.—Jan. 1, Danbury, Maude H. Whitehead to Clarence E. Norris.

SEYMOUR—RISLEY.—Jan. 4, New Milford, Emily Risley to William Seymour.

WEST—DIAMOND.—Jan. 1, Danbury, Fanny Diamond to John H. West.

New Jersey.

BOULGER—DOWNS.—Jan. 3, Newark, Ella M. Downs to Sylvester S. Boulger.

BRITTINGHAM—BAKER.—Jan. 5, Westfield, Louise Baker to Lyle Brittingham.

EVANS.—Gertrude J., Rutherford, Jan. 5. Funeral service to-day.

HIGGINS—FORD.—Jan. 5, Bloomfield, Rose Ford to William P. Higgins.

MEGEAR—ATKINSON.—Jan. 5, Short Hills, Virginia Atkinson to Thomas J. Megear.

MORGAN—WILKINS.—Jan. 2, Nutley, Ada H. Wilkins to William H. Morgan.

POWELL — SHANNON. — Jan. 3, Elizabeth, Mary Shannon to George Powell.

SHEERIN—FINLEY.—Jan. 5, Orange, Gertrude Finley to Thomas Sheerin.

Died.

ANDERSON.—On Monday evening, Jan. 3, Mrs. Harriet Anderson, (nee Young,) relict of the late Robert J. M. Anderson and mother of Myles M. and Naomi Anderson. Funeral from residence, 4,636A Evans Av., St. Louis, Thursday, Jan. 6, at 1 P. M., to St. Peter's Cemetery.

CARR.—Suddenly, at 541 West 113th St., on Thursday, Jan. 6, 1910, Willard Browne, infant son of Henry W. and Juliet E. Carr.

COOK.—At North Asbury Park, Jan. 5, 1910, in the 84th year of her age, Abigail Thompson, widow of Josiah L. Cook. Services at her late residence, 701 Sunset Av., Friday, Jan. 7, on arrival of 11:20 A. M. train, N. J. Central R. R., from West 23d St., New York. Interment at Clinton, N. Y.

DARLING.—Suddenly, of apoplexy, Jan. 6, 1910, Flora Adams, widow of Gen. Edward Irving Darling, at the residence of her brother, John Quincy Adams, 153 West 117th St. Funeral service at All Souls' Church, St. Nicholas Av. and 114th St., Saturday, at 11 A. M. Interment, Lancaster, N. H.

DATER.—Mrs. Elizabeth, mother of Mrs. William R. Meneely, Jan. 5. Interment at Troy, N. Y., on Friday, Jan. 7.

DIBBLEE.—At Albany, N. Y., Jan. 5, 1910, Joanna Dibblee, in her 88th year. Funeral private Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock from her late residence, Kenwood. Interment at Clermont, N. Y.

DILLON.—Thomas Dillon, on the 6th inst., the beloved husband of Rosalena M. Dillon, at his late residence, 1,235 Park Av. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 8, at 9:45 A. M., to St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St. Mass at 10:30. Interment in Calvary.

FRANK.—At New York City, on Wednesday, Jan. 5, after a lingering illness, Rose Frank, widow of Henry S. Frank of Philadelphia. Funeral services will be held at the Henry S. Frank Memorial Synagogue at the Jewish Hospital in Philadelphia, on Sunday morning, Jan. 9, at 10:30 o'clock.

HALL.—On Thursday, Jan. 6, 1910, at her residence, 120 West 183d St., after a lingering illness, Emma I. Lord, wife of Henry B. Hall. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAYES.—At his late residence, 404 South Ocean Av., Freeport, L. I., Jan. 5th, Thomas G., beloved husband of Eliza J. Hayes, (nee Martin.) Funeral services Saturday, Jan. 8, at 9 A. M., in the Church of Our Holy Redeemer. Coaches will meet train leaving New York, East 34th St., at 7:50; Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 8:05 A. M.; also on arrival of train from Freeport in L. I. City 11:06 A. M. Interment in Calvary Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

HELDT.—On Jan. 5, Albert Heldt. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BLDG.,) Friday, 8 P. M.

HULL.—Suddenly, Nov. 3, 1909, by drowning in New York Bay, Washington Hull. Memorial services will be held at his late residence, 154 South Portland Av., Brooklyn, at 4 P. M., Sunday, Jan. 9, 1910. Kindly omit flowers.

HULL.—On Jan. 5, William Madison Hull. Funeral private, from THE FUNERAL BLDG.)

JOHNSTON.—At Hoboken, N. J., Jan. 4, 1910, Joseph H. Johnston, in his 75th year. Funeral service will be held from the residence of Lewis C. Johnston, 527 Bloomfield St., on Thursday evening, Jan. 6, at 7:30 P. M. Interment on Friday at convenience of family.

KNIGHT.—On Wednesday, Jan. 5, Clara Dwight, wife of Edward Collings Knight, Jr. Funeral will be on Saturday, at 12 o'clock, from the residence of Edmund Waterman Dwight, 1729 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

MACDONALD.—At her residence, 72 West 12th St., on Tuesday morning, Jan. 4, 1910, in the 58th year of her age, Mary, wife of Pierre Fleming Macdonald, and daughter of Matilda Young. Funeral services will be held at Trinity Church, Broadway and Wall Street, Friday morning, Jan. 7, at 11 o'clock. Philadelphia papers please copy.

MALCOLM.—Suddenly, on Thursday morning, Jan. 6, James Malcolm, Esq., D. L., at Lurgan, Ireland.

MILLS.—At Millbrae, San Mateo County, California, on Monday the 3d inst., Darius Ogden Mills, in the 85th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MOORE.—On Tuesday, Jan 4, at his residence, 349 West 84th St., William H. Helme Moore, in the 86th year of his age. Funeral services at the Brick Church, 5th Av. and 37th St., Friday, Jan. 7th, at 3:30 o'clock.

MURRAY.—On Jan 6, John Herbert Murray. Body lying at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BLDG.)

PATTERSON.—At Orange, N. J., Jan. 4, 1910, C. Godfrey Patterson, age 74 years. Funeral service at the Central Presbyterian Church, Orange, N. J., on Friday, Jan. 7, at 3 o'clock. Interment Middletown, Conn.

POST.—At Atlantic City, N. J., on Jan. 5, William C. Post, beloved husband of Mary Headley Post. Funeral from his late residence at Englewood, N. J., on Friday, Jan. 7. Train leaves Erie R. R., Jersey City Station, at 1:34 P. M. Services at 2:30 P. M.

IRON LEAGUE.
35 West 32d Street.

POST.—To Members:
Your attention is called to the decease of our esteemed member, Mr. W. C. Post, on Jan. 5th. Funeral services at his late residence, Englewood, N. J., Friday, Jan. 7th, on arrival of train leaving Jersey City at 1:34 P. M.

THOS. DIMOND,
President.

C. E. CHENEY,
Acting Secretary.

POST.—The attention of members of the Building Trades Employers' Association is called to the decease of Mr. William C. Post, a member of the Board of Governors, on Jan. 5. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Englewood, N. J., Friday, Jan. 7. Train leaves Jersey City at 1:34 P. M.
ROSS F. TUCKER, Chairman Board of Governors. WM. J. HOLMES, Secretary.

PREHN.—Thomas, Jr., 11 years old, son of Thomas Prehn and Constanze (nee Seebass) of Passaic, N. J., after a short illness. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

ROBINSON.—At Villanova, Penn., on 4th inst., Edward Moore Robinson, son of Mrs. J. Hood Wright, in his 42d year. Funeral services at his late residence, Villanova, Penn., Friday, 7th inst., at 11 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn, New York. London and Paris papers please copy.

ROSE.—In this city, Jan. 4, Mrs. Margaret E. Rose. Funeral service and interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

SANFORD.—At his home, 50 West 52d St., New York City, Jan. 6, 1910, Samuel Simons Sanford. Funeral services will be held at the family residence, Washington Av., Bridgeport, Conn., on Saturday, 8th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Special car will leave Lexington Av. station at 12:30 noon to convey friends to the funeral in Bridgeport. Coaches will be in waiting at the Bridgeport station.

SCRIBNER.—At Yonkers, N. Y., Jan. 5, 1910, Hon. G. Hilton Scribner, aged 78 years. Funeral service at his late residence, Inglehurst, Pine St., Yonkers, on Saturday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. Carriages will meet train arriving at Yonkers at 2:11 P. M.

SHOENBERG.—On Thursday, Jan. 6, after a brief illness, Dudley C. Shoenberg, beloved son of Louis D. Shoenberg, in his 24th year. Funeral services will be held at the Temple Emanu El, 5th Av. and 43d St., on Sunday morning, Jan. 9, at 9:30 o'clock. Cleveland, St. Louis, and Denver papers please copy.

SNOW.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Jan. 6, 1910, Sarah H. R., wife of Oliver N. Snow. Funeral services and interment at convenience of the family. Please omit flowers.

STONE.—On Thursday, Jan. 6, 1910, Hubbard G. Stone, aged 90 years and 10 months. Funeral service from his late residence, 41 West 96th St., on Saturday, Jan. 8, at 10:30 A. M.

TOWNSEND.—On Jan. 5, 1910, at her late residence, 14 East 60th St., Virginia Roberta, daughter of Benjamin and Herta S. Orne and wife of John R. Townsend. Funeral service will be held at 53 West 46th St., Saturday, 10 A. M. Philadelphia, Baltimore and Pittsburg papers please copy.

VANDERWART.—At Hackensack, N. J., on Jan. 6, the Rev. Hermanus Vanderwart, D. D., son of the late Jacob and Katherine Vanderwart of Albany, N. Y., in the 60th year of his age. Funeral services in his church, the First Reformed Church of Hackensack, Saturday, Jan. 8, 1910, at 3 P. M. Interment on Sunday, Jan. 9, in the family plot at Brewster, N. Y. Albany and Schenectady papers please copy.

VICTORIUS.—On Thursday, Jan. 6, after a short illness, in his 73d year, Morris, beloved husband of Rachel Gattman Victorius. Funeral private, from his late residence, 243 East 61st St.

WORK.—On Wednesday, Jan. 5, at Lawrence, L. I., Mabel W. Work, daughter of Marie P. Warner and James Henry Work. Funeral services in the Lecture Room of Fifth Av. Presbyterian Church, New York City, on Saturday morning, Jan. 8, at 11 o'clock.

BADT.—Herbert, 63 West 113th St., Jan. 5. Funeral notice later.

BECKETT.—Nellie I., 102 East 123d St., Jan. 2. Funeral Jan. 9, 1 P. M.

BREE.—Jennie M., 1,711 Bathgate Av., Jan. 5.

BROWN.—Joseph, 528 West 134th St., Jan. 5. Funeral notice later.

BROWN.—Lucinda H., East View, Jan. 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CARS.—Margaret A., 164 West 122d St., Jan. 4. Funeral notice later.

DILLON.—Thomas, 1,235 Park Av., Jan. 5. Funeral notice later.

DONOVAN.—Mary, 530 West 58th St., Jan. 4. Funeral to-day.

FLAHERTY.—Mary E., 438 10th Av., Jan. 3. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FRYER.—Hyman M., 245 West 113th St., Jan. 5, aged 63.

GLACKEN.—Edward, 576 West 130th St., Jan. 3.

GORMAN.—Jane, 2,329 Broadway, Jan. 4. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

GORMAN.—Sarah, 218 West 10th St., Jan. 4. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

GRASSELL.—George, Hudson, N. Y., Jan. 3, aged 74.

GRIESMER.—Wilhelm C., 302 East 12th St., Jan. 5, aged 89.

HECKLER.—Emma L., 366 Alexander Av., Bronx, Jan. 5, aged 59. Funeral private.

HEFFERON.—Marguerite E., 266 West 118th St., Jan. 4, aged 17.

HENNESSY.—Thomas C., 108 West 103d St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-day.

HURLEY.—Mary, 2,647 8th Av., Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

KELLY.—Thomas, 218 West 128th St., Jan. 4. Funeral to-day.

KRUSE.—John, 439 East 85th St., Jan. 5, aged 31. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MEYER.—Henry, 277 West 128th St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

MULLIGAN.—Elizabeth, 434 West 35th St., Jan. 3. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

NICKEL.—August F., 404 East 140th St., Jan. 5, aged 84.

O'CONNOR.—Daniel, 232 Woodworth Av., Jan. L. Funeral to-morrow, 11 A. M.

PARKER.—John R., 60 St. Nicholas Av., Jan. Funeral to-morrow, 11 A. M.

PFISTNER.—Lisette, 69 West 138th St., Jan. 5, aged 32. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

POTTER.—Maria, 61 West 98th St., Jan. 4.

REILLY.—Michael, 161 10th Av., Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

ROSENTHAL.—Nettie, 324 East 51st St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

RYAN.—Albert J., 288 West 70th St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SANFORD.—Samuel S., 50 West 52d St., Jan. 6.

SEVESTRE.—Camelia, 246 West 129th St., Jan. 4. Funeral private.

STONE.—Hubbard G., 41 West 96th St., Jan. 6. Funeral notice later.

TARPY.—Thomas, 517 East 69th St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BEAN.—Elizabeth H., 288 Stuyvesant Av., Jan. 5. Funeral to-day.

CANTER.—Helena, 332 South 2d St., Jan. 4, aged 80. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CURRY.—James, 63 Heywood St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

DONOVAN.—Mary, 384 Cumberland St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow.

FAY.—William P., 212 St. James's Place, Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow.

FLANAGAN.—Thomas, 132 Colyer St., Jan. 5, aged 80. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

GEORGI.—Margaretha, 716 Hart St., Jan. 4, aged 68.

HAYWOOD.—Sarah A., 374 Ocean Parkway, Jan. 5, aged 90. Funeral to-day.

JOHNSON.—Fanny A., 802 St. John's Place, Jan. 5.

KEAN.—Eleanor T., 1,444 Bedford Av., Jan. 5, aged 24. Funeral to-morrow.

KUHNE.—Ernest, 1,260 57th St., Jan. 5. Funeral service to-day.

KROOSS.—Ferdinand, 72 Euclid Av., Jan. 5, aged 72. Funeral Jan. 9.

LE FEVRE.—Ella M., 939 Bedford Av., Jan. 6. Funeral service to-day.

LOVE.—William S., 810 Sterling Place, Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow.

LYSTER.—Elizabeth, 320 Washington St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

McFARLANE.—George, 156 Clifton Place, Jan. 4.

McLAUGHLIN.—Catherine, 21 Tompkins Place, Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow.

McKENNA.—Martin, 469 Hicks St., Jan. 5, aged 48. Funeral to-day.

Died.

MacEAVITT.—John, 407 Clinton St., Jan. 6, aged 89.

MOORE.—Mary E., 294 Gates Av., Jan. 6. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

O'CONNOR.—Michael, 7A 2d Place, Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 3:30 P. M.

SCHNEIDER.—Elizabeth, 760 Broadway, Jan. 6, aged 82.

SCULLY.—Mary, 187 South 9th St., Jan. 5. Funeral notice later.

SMITH.—Elizabeth, 323 Bond St., Jan. 4, aged 37. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

STONE.—James H., 656 Carroll St., Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

WEBER.—Christina W., 800 McDonough St., Jan. 4. Funeral to-morrow.

WITTE.—Caroline, 346 Ashford St., Jan. 5, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

Connecticut.

ALLEN.—Ira P., Enfield, Jan. 4, aged 52.

BROCKETT.—Elizabeth, Suffield, Jan. 4, aged 86.

DRAKE.—Belinda F., 81 Fremont St., Bridgeport, Jan. 4. Funeral to-day.

JENNINGS.—Robert H., 42 4th St., Bridgeport, Jan. 4, aged 39. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

DOUGHERTY.—Lizzie, Hartford, Jan. 5, aged 48.

MANNING.—Daniel, Hartford, Jan. 4.

HENNESSEY.—Edward, Hartford, Jan. 4.

KEEVERS.—William J., Hartford, Jan. 4.

MEIGS.—Sarah J., Hartford, Jan. 4, aged 79.

HALLADAY.—Theresa, Suffield, Jan. 5. Funeral to-day.

PECK.—Edward B., Hartford, Jan. 3, aged 63.

QUINLAN.—Patrick, Bloomfield, Jan. 3, aged 75.

SHIPMAN.—Isabella, Hartford, Jan. 5, aged 61. Funeral to-day.

SKINNER.—Catherine, Hartford, Jan. 4.

SAMPSON.—Clara, West Haven, Jan. 4.

SMITH.—William S., Hartford, Jan. 3, aged 54.

WALLACE.—Mary, Hartford, Jan. 5.

Long Island.

BIGELOW.—Henry W., Woodside, Jan. 4. Funeral service to-day.

CLARKE.—Sister M. Gervase, Brentwood, Jan. 6.

HAFF.—Irma B., Islip, Jan. 5, aged 11.

PLATH.—Charles H., Bayville, Jan. 4. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

WORK.—Mabel, Lawrence, Jan. 5. Funeral notice later.

New Jersey.

ALLCOCK.—Charles E., 1,139 Broad St., Newark, Jan. 5, aged 45.

ANDERSON.—George, Kearny, Jan. 6, aged 18. Funeral Jan. 10, 2 P. M.

BERKLY.—Helen, Kearny, Jan. 6, aged 50. Funeral Jan. 9, 2 P. M.

BENNETT.—Charles, Paterson, Jan. 4, aged 57.

BERTRAM.—George, 21 Weldon St., Jersey City, Jan. 5. Funeral to-day.

BOYLE.—Rose A., Kearny, Jan. 6, aged 56.

BRADY.—Eugene, 63 Wickliffe St., Newrak, Jan. 6.

CALLAGY.—Annie, Union Hill, Jan. 6, aged 42.

COOPER.—Charles W., Paterson, Jan. 4, aged 61.

CORRIGAN.—Catherine, 98 Nolan St., Jersey City, Jan. 6.

CULLEN.—Archibald, 227 3d St., Jersey City, Jan. 6. Funeral to-morrow.

DECKER.—Anna M., East Orange, Jan. 5, aged 90.

DECKER.—Morgan Jr., 289 Harrison Av., Jersey City, Jan. 5. Funeral to-day.

DUNN.—Elizabeth, 150 West 50th St., Bayonne, Jan. 4.

DURR.—Frederick, 61 Madison St., Hoboken, Jan. 5. Funeral notice later.

EVANS.—Gertrude E., Rutherford, Jan. 5. Funeral service to-day.

FINNEGAN.—Thomas, Dover, Jan. 4, aged 80.

GUIRK.—John, Newark, Jan. 4.

HARRIS.—Mary I., 9 Gautier Av., Jersey City, Jan. 4.

HOY.—John P., Perth Amboy, Jan. 4, aged 46. Funeral to-day.

HUTTENLOCHER.—Elizabeth, Union Hill, Jan. 4. Funeral to-day.

KELLY.—Kate, Rahway, Jan. 4, aged 74.

KUEHNL.—Sophie, 159 3d St., Hoboken, Jan. 4, aged 40. Funeral to-morrow.

LOCKWOOD.—Edwin A., 28 South 8th St., Newark, Jan. 5. Funeral notice later.

LOUDERBOUGH.—Harry, Jersey City, Jan. 6, aged 64. Funeral Jan. 10, 2 P. M.

LOUIS.—M. A., Washington, Jan. 5, aged 61.

LYNCH.—Edna C., Dundee Lake, Jan. 4.

McCANN.—John, Newark, Jan. 5, aged 10.

McCAULEY.—Arthur T., Millburn, Jan. 5, aged 36.

MADARA.—Grace J., 273 Warren St., Newark, Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MOHAN.—Michael, 382 South 11th St., Newark, Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow.

MURPHY.—William, 214 Broad St., Elizabeth, Jan. 5, aged 35.

NEARY.—Julia, 109 Boyden St., Newark, Jan. 6. Funeral notice later.

OSBORN.—Ann M., 285 Roseville Av., Newark, Jan. 5, aged 86.

OWENS.—William, Orange, Jan. 6. Funeral notice later.

POPPOURCH.—Joseph, 745 South 18th St., Jan. 4, aged 45.

PORTER.—Mary L., Somerville, Jan. 5, aged 83. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

QUINN.—William H., 39 West Hamilton Place, Jersey City, Jan. 4.

QUINN.—Hannah, 267 Grand St., Jersey City, Jan. 6. Funeral to-morrow.

ROGERS.—John, Bayonne, Jan. 6, aged 28.

RYNO.—Ella F., 603 Bergen St., Newark, Jan. 6, aged 45.

SCHNITZ.—Grace, Orange, Jan. 5, aged 33. Funeral Jan. 9.

SCOTT.—John, 238 13th St., Jersey City, Jan. 6.

SCOTT.—Otto W., West New York, Jan. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SEEHOUSE.—Constantine, 78 Hancock Av., Jersey City, Jan. 4, aged 76.

SUNDSTROM.—Elise, 61 Laidlaw Av., Jersey City, Jan. 4, aged 43. Funeral to-day.

VAN KIRK.—Frank A., Paterson, Jan. 4, aged 28.

WATERS.—Daniel, 247 Wayne St., Jersey City, Jan. 4. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

WATSON.—Jennie, 14 Long St., Jersey City, Jan. 5, aged 31. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

WILEY.—James, 429 Bullsferry Road, West New York, Jan. 5.

WILLIAMS.—Eliza, Orange, Jan. 5. Funeral service to-day.

WILSON.—Mary E., 100 Bank St., Newark, Jan. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WINES.—Sarah, 521 Jersey Av., Jersey City, Jan. 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

ABRAHAM.—In constant, loving memory of Eva H. Abraham, Jan. 6, 1908.

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BEG US TO RETURN TO THE GREEK LAY

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan in Bare Feet and Ancient Tunics Appeal for the Simple Life in Music.

THE DANCER HIS SISTER

New Musical Doctrine Too Complex for Commonalty, but You Can Make Carpenters Through Dancing.

Clad in Greek robes with bare sandaled feet, Raymond Duncan and his wife Penelope appeared last night in the Horace Mann auditorium of Teachers' College to explain to an American audience that their conceptions of music were altogether wrong. They hoped, however, said Mr. Duncan, that Americans had not attended so many concerts and operas as their European cousins, and so had escaped in some measure the disturbance of their systems caused by the inharmonic vibrations of modern composers.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Duncan wore the white Greek peplum, a tunic of homespun with a narrow border of yellow woven into it. Mrs. Duncan's reached to the ground and she had a terra cotta cloak draped under her right and over her left arm. Her hair was confined by a net, but on either side of her face straight locks hung down level with her chin. Mr. Duncan's tunic ceased at the knees and his legs were bare. He too had a shawl covering the left arm and leaving his right arm exposed, and his hair, parted in the middle, fell simply down as low as his shoulders.

He began by declaring that he could not prove his theory that Greek music properly understood was the music of all primitive peoples in all parts of the world, because he had not yet found any one who could understand him, and he must talk to his audience with the same simplicity that a missionary would use in explaining the wonders of electricity to Africans.

Then he plunged into his subject with the aid of diagrams, which, he admitted, looked rather like the plan of an apartment house. It appears that there are three genders in music—the diatonic, the chromatic, and the entonic. He went on:

"You must clearly realize people don't sing according to scales, but scales are formed according to the rhythm with which people sing. This is a little difficult for you to understand, so I won't try to explain it to you."

Then he declared that it was not the sound which forms music, but the vibrations which go with the sound. A deaf person he asserted can hear music, and if a brass or wooden instrument can feel the vibrations, how much more should a person with the delicate connection of his tissues and nerves?

Producing a wooden instrument lookin gsomething like a club, four feet long, with marks at intervals on it, he announced that this was his monochord, which he had himself made on the exact model of the instrument used by Pythagoras to measure notes.

"It will," he said, "set down the rhythm of Indian music. It will help solve chemical problems by showing the true rhythmical action of matter. A doctor may better learn how to cure disease by studying music than medicine, if he will study the rhythmic proportions of the human frame."

The point of Mr. Duncan's theory was that the ancient Greeks, by having besides the octave system or diapason method of writing music also the diaphonic, the triphonic, and the tetraphonic, were enabled to understand the folk-music sung by every tribe and nation, from the people of the Hebrides to the tribes of Australia.

He called on Mrs. Penelope Duncan to illustrate his theories, and without accompaniment she stood up and sang a number of Greek melodies. In some she illustrated the chromatic scale; in others she produced, it was asserted, the quarter tones that musicians say cannot be sung at will. In one she gave expression to the natural feeling of joy. There was a certain charm about the simplicity of her performance, and the music reminded one, as it was intended, of the folk airs of many nations. In explanation of the pleasure it gave, Mr. Duncan pointed out that the melodies had been written, with thought only of the human voice and not of any musical instrument.

In conclusion, Mr. Duncan spoke of the art of dancing, which he hoped to reintroduce. He referred to his sister, Isadora Duncan, and declared that in a year he could, by teaching dancing, so perfect the human frame that his pupils might become weavers, blacksmiths, or carpenters with little special training in their trades.

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan are staying at a hotel in West Forty-seventh Street, and according to their manager will go with bare sandalled feet about New York, regardless alike of the severity of the weather and the opinion of the citizens.

PURSUED BY A COUNTESS.

Hard-Pressed Magnus de Laing Seeks Mother's Protection.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The mother of the well-known pianist, Magnus de Laing, is contemplating calling the police to aid her in protecting her son from the amorous importunities of a Russian Countess, who has pursued him from Vienna and almost succeeded in kidnapping him one evening this week at Frascati's restaurant. Mme. de Laing rescued him in time, and on the morning following received this letter from the Countess:

"You prevented me from finishing the conversation with your son yesterday.

"Well, the evil be on your own shoulders.

"It is absolutely useless for you to jealously guard and shadow him.

"I love him with a love you cannot fathom, and will die sooner than give him up.

"I can give him everything that wealth can procure.

"Send him to me, and you shall find a great reward."

M. de Laing, who is about 30, but looks younger, with large, infantile eyes and long hair, has played in Italy, in Denmark, and in Austria, and is now in the middle of a tour, which has been so strangely interrupted by this romance, in England. His performances have completely captivated his audiences, and when he played in Vienna and the Countess heard him she fell madly in love with the performer.

She is a dark, beautiful woman of 30 or 35, and it is understood that she belongs to a noble family that has large estates in Russian Poland. In Vienna she had a charming villa, and entertained her guests magnificently. When M. de Laing left Austria and went home to New Zealand her peace of mind forsook her, and when she heard that he was in London and was starting a tour in England at St. James's Hall she hurried to him as fast as express trains across Europe would bring her.

Then came the meeting at Frascati's and the strange scene outside. But though the Countess's attempt to kidnap the pianist was thus frustrated, she was determined to make another effort. The next evening M. de Laing was engaged to perform at a peer's house in the West End. As he was on his way to keep the engagement the Countess dashed up in a motor car, persuaded him to drive with her, and, instead of setting him down at his destination, whirled him around and around London hour after hour, till not only the time of his engagement passed, but till midnight struck and the early hours of the morning came and went. It was a mad, wild, passionate drive, the Countess imploring the handsome and gifted young pianist to elope with her, the latter resisting all entreaties. "It is no use," he says; "I cannot love her as she loves me." At last, finding all entreaties useless, the Countess set him down, in the middle of the night, and drove off.

His mother, greatly alarmed by her son's disappearance for all these hours, decided to place the whole matter in the hands of Biden Steele, solicitor of 11 St. Martin's Court, Westminster, who is endeavoring to trace the Countess. The Countess, however, has temporarily disappeared.

OPERA FOUND IN COAL CELLAR.

Tito Mattei's Lost Work Has Trial in London.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—"Vivette," a comic opera, written nearly twenty years ago by Signor Tito Mattei, and then lost, received a trial performance this week. The book is by Frank Romer and the lyrics by Clifton Bingham. "Vivette" is described as something between "Veronique" and "La Poupée."

It seems that Signor Bocchi was in Broadstairs some time ago, listening to the new compositions by Signor Tito Mattei, which so much impressed him that he asked the composer why he did not write another work for the operatic stage. Signor Tito Mattei then told him about this comic opera, that had gone the round of the theatres, but without success, and said he had not thought any more about it, and had given up that class of work.

"Let me hear it," Signor Bocchi urged.

"I haven't the remotest idea where it is," was the composer's reply.

The appeal, however, to try the music was so persistent that it was decided to hunt for the opera. Signor Tito Mattei's house, 79 Baker Street, W., was tried as soon as a day could be arranged. High and low they searched, but without success. At last the coal cellar was suggested. An old case was lying there. The case was opened, and there was the opera, growing faded and yellow.

The music was played over, and every one who heard it was so delighted that Signor Bocchi, with the composer's sanction, decided upon the trial performance with a view to its production at a West End theatre some time next year.

"Vivette" is in three acts, and the music has a different motif and a different style in each. "Light and charming," said Signor Bocchi, "is the first act, it becomes in the second quite military, with a dashing finale, à la Sousa, while in the third it has all the warmth and color of Algeria, in which country the last scene is laid."

Mr. Romer's libretto, according to the same authority, is no less interesting than the music. Vivette is a woman who becomes a vivandière against her will. She is a bride just leaving church when the bridegroom hears that he has been chosen by lot for the war. How he contrives to place the burden upon other shoulders and how these other shoulders, by way of revenge, carry off Vivette are situations in which Mr. Romer appears to have dealt in a very amusing manner.

"And you cannot tell what the end is," to quote Signor Bocchi again, "until five minutes before the final curtain."

We quite envy our long overcoats of rough fancy cheviots.

So many of them are going off on charming Winter trips.

Still, we can't blame them—they're specially adapted for traveling; and the plaids woven into the reverse of the cloths look so smart when the sea breezes blow.

Some with military collars.

The artist evidently admires our Derbies so much that he wants them to travel, to show how fine American Derbies can be.

For ourselves, we prefer soft hats for traveling—cloth hats for instance; soft, but sticking safely to the head, and indifferent to rain.

$3 and $3.50.

"Double" shoes, waterproofed are the tourist's ideal footgear.

Double thickness all over, each thickness separately waterproofed, $5.50.

Oiled silk turned into the exposed seams.

Steamer rugs, steamer trunks, suit cases, dressing cases and all requisites for the traveler.

Safety razors for shipboard use.

Speaking of travelers, our traveling buyer picked up abroad a very handsome collection of neckwear silks.

These, with the rich neckwear silks already here, equip us to cater to the most fastidious man who wants his scarfs made to his special order, in his special way.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

"FRISCO"

made in 3 heights for particular Men

One of the newest Frisbie-Coon styles

Sets equally well on soft and stiff bosom shirts

Stays put in front

25 cents for Two At all good Shops

RECORD ATTENDANCE AT PALACE SHOW

Fashionable Folk and Buyers Brave Weather to See Automobiles.

MAXWELL-BRISCOE BANQUET

Well-Known Motor Car Company Entertains 300 Guests—No Speeches but Vaudeville.

The automobile, in its brightest enamel and its latest trappings, equipped with the newest minor creations of the inventor's genius, again attracted large crowds to the show at Grand Central Palace yesterday. The pretentious exhibit, with its numerous cars, comes to a close this evening, and the motor populace will venture into new surroundings. The weather yesterday was a boon for the motor car, because on the slippery streets in front of the palace, where the sharp shoes of the horse slipped, the automobile tire, guarded by anti-skid appliances, rolled successfully up to the door of the show, and the big fleet of taxies did a rushing business. The snow, sleet, ice, and rain had no terrors for the automobile. The attendance at this show has surpassed all others, and last evening the estimated attendance at the show during the week was placed at 110,000. Dealers from all over the country flocked to the show yesterday as the guests of the management, and up to last night nearly 1,500 dealers and agents had registered.

The fashionable element among motorists was again well represented at the show yesterday. Col. John Jacob Astor arrived early in the afternoon, and was examining machines for quite a time. Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish were also among the people present during the day. They spent over an hour at the show. Mrs. Fish wore a black cloth tailor-made gown with a large black hat trimmed with black feathers. Miss Geraldine Farrar, the singer, was another visitor. She wore a dark gown with a large picture hat. Mrs. Clarence Mackay made a tour of the hall. Another interested visitor was A. A. Anderson, the artist. Mr. Anderson made a record auto trip in Yellowstone Park last Summer. Mr. and Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Jr., were also at the exhibit during the afternoon. Others who were present included J. H. Manley, Harold S. Vanderbilt, Judge and Mrs. E. H. Gary, H. K. Bloodgood, J. F. Coleman, Walter C. Taylor, Mrs. H. H. Oltman, Arthur J. Moulton, Buchanan Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Weatherbee, P. Bramwell, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Forsythe, Mr. and Mrs. Dave Hennen Morris, J. Du M. Thompson, and H. H. Whiting.

It was a big day among the dealers, and many sales were reported. Men who are in touch with that sort of thing did not hesitate to say that next season would see more motors on the road than ever before.

There was much excitement around the Brush Runabout Company exhibit yesterday when a telegram came from Minneapolis with the information that the little machine had taken the grand prize in the Minneapolis-Fargo reliability tour. It was a $500 runabout driven by D. W. Kemp against twenty-four other cars, which took the prize.

Much interest was shown among the spectators in the tire exhibits. The Firestone demountable rims for carrying extra tires already inflated ready to change at a moment's notice attracted much attention. Speculation has been rife of late among motorists as to whether another show would be held in New York. Manager Reeves yesterday set all doubts at rest in so far as the American Motor Car Manufacturers' Association is concerned, with the announcement that his organization holds a lease for the exclusive right to hold automobile shows for the next two years in Grand Central Palace or any building erected to take its place. This lease makes it incumbent upon the owners of the present building to provide another suitable exposition place and assures the erection of the new auditorium projected several blocks further north on Lexington Avenue.

Francis L. Herreshoff of the family of yacht and automobile designers was a visitor at the show, and placed an order with the Pennsylvania Rubber Company for a pair of specially constructed tires for an aeroplane. The tires contracted for are to be made along special lines, 28 by 3 inches in size, with the idea of strength, lightness, and resiliency in the combination.

Despite the many new inventions, the Mora Transmission stands high with the auto fraternity While not greatly different from many others, it has some features worthy of notice, such as the position of the countershaft above the main shaft, making the case rather tall but of very small area. The shafts run on annular bearings and there is a stuffing box at each end of the main shaft to insure that the case remains oil tight, with absolute protection from dust.

Herbert Lytle, the race driver, who was severely injured during the Riverhead road race while driving an Apperson car, was a visitor at the show yesterday, and Elliott F. Shepherd, well known as a Vanderbilt Cup contestant a few years ago, and who has been prominently connected with the sport both here and in Europe, makes his headquarters at the Hotchkiss booth.

There was a big collection of motorists and agents at the Hotel Manhattan last evening, when the Maxwell-Briscoe Company gave its annual banquet to sales managers, factory heads, and dealers. More than 300 guests were present and many parts of the country were represented. It was a speechless dinner, and not a man got up to remark to the assembled guests, "We have with us to-night." This gathering was invited to dine, and not to listen to oratory, and it is one of the few events in the history of banqueting where some one has not tried to delve into oratorical flights. Instead of speeches at this dinner they had several entertaining vaudeville acts.

At a meeting of the Motor and Accessory Manufacturers, held yesterday, the entire list of officials and the old Board of Directors were re-elected for another term. The list is as follows: R. E. Raymond, President, (the B. F. Goodrich Company;) H. T. Dunn, First Vice President, (the Fisk Rubber Company;) F. E. Castle, Second Vice President, (the Atwood-Castle Company;) C. E. Whitney, Third Vice President, (the Whitney Manufacturing Company;) W. S. Gorton, Treasurer, (the Standard Welding Company;) P. S. Steenstrup, Secretary, (the Hyatt Roller Bearing Company.)

Directors—H. S. White, (National Tube Company,) D. J. Post, (Veeder Manufacturing Company,) C. T. Byrne, (Byrne-Kingston & Co.,) H. W. Chapin, (Brown-Lipe Gear Company,) E. S. Fretz, (Light Manufacturing and Foundry Company,) L. M. Wainwright, (Diamond Chain and Manufacturing Company.)

Meeting of A. A. A. Good Roads Board.

An important meeting of the Good Roads Board of the American Automobile Association was held yesterday at the National headquarters, 437 Fifth Avenue. It was the first meeting of the new board for the year 1910. Chairman George C. Diehl of Buffalo presided. Among the prominent members and officials from various parts of the country were Robert P. Hooper, President of the Pennsylvania Motor Federation; S. D. Foster, chief road engineer of Allegheny County, Pittsburg, Penn.; S. C. Tallman, President of the Auburn Automobile Club; W. L. Brown, President of the Automobile Club of Syracuse; W. H. Chase, President of the Wachusetts Automobile Club; John Maxwell, President of the Oneida Automobile Club; Lewis R. Speare, President; A. G. Batchelder, Chairman of the Executive Committee; F. H. Elliott, Secretary; Clay W. Holmes, President of the Elmira Automobile Club

The work for the coming year was carefully discussed in many details. It was unanimously agreed that the board should proceed with the plan to arrange for the third annual Good Roads Convention, to be held at St. Louis in October next. To stimulate public interest in this convention it was agreed that a series of articles should be prepared in the office of the Chairman of the Good Roads Board based on information and statistics gathered by members of the board and from highway officials throughout the country, in addition to good roads enthusiasts. There was also discussed the question of properly improving and maintaining town and lateral roads by the use of split log drag and similar devices; also the proper posting of suitable signs along the roads throughout the country.

Fighter Attell in New York.

Abe Attell, the lightweight fighter, arrived in the city last night after a trip through the South. On last Saturday night Attell defeated Eddie Kelly, the Buffalo newsboy, in two rounds. Attell, contrary to many reports, says that he is not going to England looking for Jem Driscoll or any other British lightweights, but will begin negotiations, he says, to have Driscoll come to this country to fight. Attell says he wants to meet the Englishman in a finish battle or a forty-five-round go on the day before the Jeffries-Johnson fight on the same battle ground where that fight is to be held, whether it be Salt Lake City or San Francisco.

Nelson and Wolgast Matched.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Battling Nelson, lightweight champion, and Ad Wolgast were matched to-day by Sid Hester of the Mission Athletic Club to fight forty-five rounds on Feb. 22 at a new arena to be built at San Mateo County, just south of San Francisco. Wolgast accepted by telegraph Hester's offer of $3,750, and the articles were mailed to him to-day. Nelson's share will be $12,000.

Ferns Defeats Lenny in Ring.

Harry Ferns defeated Harry Lenny in ten rounds at the Long Acre Athletic Club, West Twenty-ninth Street, last night. A large crowd witnessed the main contest. Ferns injured his right arm in the seventh round, and was only able to fight with one hand during the remainder of the contest.

Niagara Defeats St. John's Team.

For the first time this season the basket ball team of St. John's College of Brooklyn met defeat last night. Niagara University did the trick, by the score of 29 to 25. The game was played in the St. John's gymnasium before a large crowd, who wanted very much to applaud the victory of the local five, but had to maintain a more or less dignified silence while Brennan, O'Keefe, and Dillon of the visiting team pulled the game out for Niagara. Yates of St. John's was the star of his aggregation.

Delehanty Signs with Champion Tigers

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 6.—"Jim" Delehanty, second-baseman of the Detroit American League Baseball team last year, signed a contract to-night with the Detroit team for 1910. He is the first of Detroit's infielders to sign up for next season.

Close Billiard Match in Brooklyn.

Playing in the 18.2 handicap billiard tournament at the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy in Brooklyn last night, G. E. Baxter, playing 200, just managed to beat out W. St. John, playing 260, by a score of 200 to 259. St. John made an average of 6 1-43 and a high run of 31, while Baxter clustered an inning of 38 and averaged 4 28-43. To-night C. Scheidig will play H. H. Smith.

NEW YORK MOTOR BOAT CLUB.

Plans for Next Season Approved at Annual Meeting of Members.

After a very interesting session the annual meeting of the New York Motor Boat Club, held last night at its clubhouse, Hudson River and 147th Street, resulted in the election of the following officers for 1910, the vote for all being unanimous; Commodore, Frank D. Green; Vice Commodore, A. T. S. Clark; Rear Commodore, E. E. Barney; Treasurer, C. F. Chapman; Secretary, C. H. Dougliss; member of the Board of Governors, Arthur Bradley, Jr.

The report of the Secretary showed that the club is in a very prosperous condition and growing extremely rapidly, ninety-nine new members having been added in the year just past. An additional hundred feet of water front adjoining its old grounds have recently been secured by the club to provide adequate room for the growing number of its boats.

As a promoter of races the Motor Boat Club had been signally successful and conspicuous, having conducted a larger number of these contests in 1909 than ever before, and exceeding in number those of many other organizations. The New York to Albany race, held in July last, was very successful, and proved so popular that it will doubtless become as fixed on the schedule of motor boat events as the Bermuda, Marblehead, and Block Island races.

Under the auspices of the club the National carnival was held in September, and there was added to these events the special races that were a feature of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration.

For the season of 1910 a very ambitious programme of races, club runs, regattas, and carnivals was set forth, and approved by the members. The meeting adjourned at a late hour after refreshments had been served.

Colonial Yacht Club Officers.

The annual meeting of the Colonial Yacht Club was held last night at the clubhouse at 138th Street and the Hudson River, and the new board of officers was then installed.

Commodore Welch was presented to the members by retiring Commodore Vestnor, and the new head of the organization outlined a broad and vigorous policy for the coming season that was enthusiastically greeted. He was followed by Vice Commodore Charles M. Hilliker, Rear Commodore M. H. Dyckman, Secretary Franklin P. Pratt, Treasurer Frederick Gerst, Financial Secretary Charles Stone, and Chairman William G. Philippeau of the Board of Directors, all of whom expressed their views as to what was needed for the season of 1910.

Commodore Welch then announced the following staff appointments and committees for the ensuing year: Fleet Captain—Jeremiah Crowley; Fleet Surgeon—Dr. Henry M. Burns; Fleet Chaplain—the Rev. John W. Dooley; Measurer—Thomas W. Purdie; House Committee—Albert Robinson, (Chairman,) R. P. Boissett, Charles P. Holland, Charles T. McGlone, John B. Linderman, H. S. May, and Joseph H. Bashore.

The Regetta Committee consists of the following: David Crow, (Chairman,) Ernest Vallient, James Wallace, E. K. Vandenberg, and Nathan Salomonsky. Frank E. Hipple is Chairman of the new Law Committee, and his associates are James E. Donegan and S. H. Immergluck. The Auditing Committee is W. B. Russland, (Chairman,) P. Walker Morrison, and Frank Pohle. The Membership Committee is Irving T. Warren, (Chairman,) E. D. Knowles, and Warren C. Reed.

Capt. Charles T. Franklin, Chairman of the Entertainment Committee, reported that all arrangements for the vaudeville and dance to be held at the Harlem Casino on Jan. 27 had been practically completed.

Naval Academy Fencing Schedule.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 6.—The fencing schedule of the Naval Academy team was announced to-day. There will be ten meets in Annapolis, including the preliminaries of the Intercollegiate Fencing Association, which will take place on March 19. The Naval Academy will also send representatives to the finals of the Association, should it qualify in the preliminaries. The dates are: Jan. 15, Princeton; 21, Baltimore Fencers' Club; 29, Naval Academy instructors; Feb. 5, Naval officers; 12, New York Fencing Club; 22, Columbia; 26, University of Pennsylvania; March 5, Cornell; 12, Yale; 19, Columbia, Princeton, and University of Pennsylvania preliminary meet of Intercollegiate Fencing Association.

Turf and Field Club Meets.

The Turf and Field Club Board of Governors held a meeting at the Windsor Arcade yesterday and elected William C. Van Antwerp, C. W. Hammill, Dr. Louis N. Larnhart, and Dr. Preston P. Satterwhite members of the organization. Hon. Perry Belmont presided, and the governors present were John Jacob Astor, Gen. Brayton Ives, Henry W. Bull, J. G. Livingston, and Frank K. Sturgis.

WHITE LABEL BASS ALE

FINEST BOTTLED ALE IN THE WORLD

Empty White Label Bottles Redeemed
Pints at 15c. a doz. Splits at 12c. a doz.

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5th Avenue & 42nd Street, N. Y.

Hockey Stars in Rink Game To-night.

Local hockey enthusiasts are looking forward to to-night's game between the New York Athletic Club and Wanderers' Hockey Club at the St. Nicholas Rink for the reason that it will have a more important bearing upon the ultimate result of the Amateur Hockey League championship than any other game scheduled to take place this season. Both clubs realize the importance of this game, and may be depended upon to put their most determined energy into their efforts to win. The Athletic team holds the Championship Cup, and will put out, with the exception of Sheriff, about the same seven which last season won for the club the coveted distinction. The Wanderers, however, have been strengthened through the acquisition of three of the most expert players in Canada. Otis and Sprague Cleghorn and Smeaton, who formerly played with the amateur champions of Montreal, have been in demand by the professional clubs of Canada for several seasons past, and may be depended upon to give the local followers of the game a real treat in expert hockey playing.

West Point's Hockey Dates.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Jan. 6.—A fine hockey schedule has been arranged for the West Point Cadets and cold weather has supplied fine ice and enabled the Army team to get into fairly good shape. An attempt is being made to flood the tennis courts to form a rink, but thus far it has been unsuccessful. The first game on the schedule with Princeton was canceled last Wednesday and the opening game will be played with Pennsylvania on Saturday. The schedule follows: Jan. 8, University of Pennsylvania; 20, Amherst; 22, Trinity; 29, Seventh Regiment; Feb. 3, Springfield Training School; 5, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; 12, Company K, Seventh Regiment; 19, Rensselaer Poly; 22, Williams. All games are to be played at West Point.

Ice Races for P. S. A. L. Athletes.

Cornelius Fellowes has notified Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Secretary of the Public Schools Athletic League, that he will allow the use of the St. Nicholas Rink and donate silver and bronze medals for skating races closed to Public School Athletic League athletes. Taking advantage of the offer, it has been arranged to hold a quarter-mile race for elementary school boys, a six-lap race for high school boys under 120 pounds, and an eight-lap race for high school boys, unlimited weight. The first race will be held on Feb. 5, the second on Feb. 12, and the third will take place Feb. 19.

C. C. N. Y. Gymnastic Schedule.

The College of the City of New York gymnastic team opens its schedule to-night, when it meets the Columbia University and Bedford Y. M. C. A. teams at the C. C. N. Y. gymnasium. The team has shown excellent form, especially Badkamhar, formerly of the University of Calcutta. The schedule:

Jan. 7—Columbia University, Bedford Y. M. C. A., and C. C. N. Y., at home; 29—Orange Y. M. C. A. vs. C. C. N. Y., at Orange, N. Y.; Feb. 11—Baltimore A. C. vs. C. C. N. Y. at Baltimore; 22—Amherst vs C. C. N. Y., at C. C. N. Y.; March 5—Pennsylvania vs. C. C. N. Y., at C. C. N. Y.; 11—Amherst vs. C. C. N. Y., at Amherst; 18—Yale vs C. C. N. Y., at C C. N. Y.

Blackburn Takes "Pro" Roller Race.

William Blackburn won another victory last night at the Metropolitan Roller Skating Rink, Broadway and Fifty-third Street, defeating W. Doxey and J. Kirkwood in a two-mile professional event in 6:30 2-5. Blackburn was on scratch, and Doxey and Kirkwood had handicaps of 35 and 50 yards, respectively.

MICHELIN TIRES

There are more Michelins in use to-day than any other two makes combined.

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BREWSTER & CO.
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45 H. P., '07-'08, seating seven, refinished, rebuilt, and guaranteed like new. Also '09 "24" Brougham and an '07-'08 "30" Demi-Limousine. All three cars are exceptionally desirable. Sold, without commission, for account of customers who have purchased new Pierce Sixes. Our representatives can be seen at the Pierce Exhibit during Madison Square Garden Show.

Ellis Motor Car Company,
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Ready Reference for Buyers

ALCO	American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway. Tel. 5300 Col.
BENZ	Benz Auto Import Co. of America, 1599 to 1601 Broadway, N. Y.
BRUSH CAR, $485.	John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
Columbus	Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,661 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus
COATES-GOSHEN.	Hotel Marie Antoinette. G. W. Floyd. Tel. 2740 Col.
CORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
GROUT	45 H. P. $2,500. Garage and Machine Shop. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON	A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA	IMPORT COMPANY, 1,623 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX	Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4338 Col.
LOZIER	56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
Marion Flyer Overland	CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. Phone 5130 Col.
MATHESON	Matheson Automobile Co., 1886-1888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.
MOON	Moon Motor Car Co., of N. Y., 1761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL	POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1933 B'way, (64th St.) 'Phone 5986 Col.
OAKLAND	30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.
Palmer-Singer Cars	Palmer & Singer Mfg. Co., 1620-22-24 B'y. Tel. 5030 Col.
PULLMAN	Cinilotti Bros., 1,855 Broadway. Telephone 1772 Columbus.
"SIMPLEX"	"Made in New York City." 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.
STEVENS-DURYEA	A. G. Spalding & Bros., 29 W. 42d. Tel. 433 Bryant.
WHITE	WHITE CO., B'way & 62d St. Phone 2952 Col.
ZUST	"The Car That Lasts." American Zust Co., 1989 Broadway. 'Phone Col. 4288.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

Auto Bodies	Closed bodies; immediate delivery. C. Jensen, Incorp., 244 E. 75th St.
BALL BEARINGS	HESS-BRIGHT CO., 1974 B'way, (66th St.)
U H	THE MASTER MAGNETO—F. & S. BEARINGS. BOWDEN WIRE. J. S. BRETZ CO. TIMES BLDG. PHONE 345 BRYANT.
ECONOMIZERS	G. L. Economizer Co., 1,777 Broadway. Tel. 5026 Col.
SPLITDORF MAGNETO	Walton Ave. & 138th St. Branch 1679 Broadway.
Tops and Windshields	National Auto Top Co., 1,904 Broadway.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

BIG SNAP.
1909 Locomobile, toy tonneau, completely overhauled by reliable garage; guarantee 60 miles hour, with $500 worth extras; $3,000. J. G., 100 Times, Times Square.

Handsome pair bear robes, perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and fur-lined coat; no cash offer refused. 9 East 53d, near 5th Av.

16 H. P. 4-cylinder Panhard. Continental Garage, Lexington Av. and 75th. $425. Thoroughly overhauled.

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For rent, monthly or weekly, beautiful, roomy French landaulet. Bretey, 152 East 36th St., city.

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AUTOMOBILE instruction for owners, prospective owners, and chauffeurs; new term just starting; booklet. Y. M. C. A., 317 West 57th St.

The Automobile Exchange published every Sunday in The New York Times is the best medium for disposing of any kind of used cars. Numerous bargains in every list.

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VISIT THE STUDEBAKER PRIVATE EXHIBIT
At Broadway and 48th St.,

The largest and most extensive display of Automobiles of one make ever shown.

Cars of every style, for every purpose, at every price.

STUDEBAKER "40":
Touring cars, roadsters and enclosed cars are too well known to require special comment.

STUDEBAKER-E. M. F. "30":
Touring cars and landaulets; such automobile value has never been offered before in a popular priced car.

STUDEBAKER ELECTRICS:
Runabouts, victorias, coupes and landaulets; the most luxurious and serviceable electric vehicles procurable.

STUDEBAKER ELECTRIC DELIVERY WAGONS AND TRUCKS:
850 lbs. to 10,000 lbs. capacity; are more economical to maintain than any other type of motor vehicle.

NOTICE TO STUDEBAKER-E. M. F. OWNERS!
A shipment of landaulet bodies for Studebaker-E. M. F. chasses has just been received. They are a luxurious five-passenger town car body, designed for the Studebaker-E. M. F. chassis, and for winter use are worth far more than they cost.
Price complete: $600.00 f. o. b. New York

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You've Always Known the Name!

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$1,500

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Don't Pay More Than $1,500 for a Roadster Until You See the COLE FLYER

See it at our Exhibit at the Grand Central Palace Show on the Second Balcony. We have the poorest location, but the best exhibit.

Thousands of show visitors have voted the COLE FLYER the classiest Roadster on exhibition. Experienced Autoists have pronounced it the best value on the market. But its best recommendation is its wonderful sale.

The COLE FLYER is a combination of style, speed, stamina and service. It is the lion of the drive—the greyhound of the speedway. It is ready for a transcontinental tour or a trip through congested downtown. It has the endurance for the first and the easy control for the latter.

It has a low, rakish torpedo body. It has a long hood and big wheels. It has a fine finish. It is made by master workmen of materials of the best quality—*and looks it.*

Its 4-cylinder, 4-cycle, 30 H. P. engine is as noiseless as an electric motor. Its power gives the driver the ability to go where he pleases as fast as he pleases, whether the roads be rough, sandy, hilly or asphalt.

At $1,500 the COLE 30 is the only moderate priced car that gives the superb and silent service of the $3,000 or $4,000 machines.

Equipment of COLE 30 FLYER at $1,500 includes magneto, head lamps, oil lamps, generator, tools, 34-inch wheels, "Firestone" demountable rims, extra tire and demountable rim and 18-inch steering wheel.

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We are also Selling Agents for the "PAIGE-DETROIT" at $800. A stylish, speedy, 25 H. P. Roadster.

BUTLER PLANS FOR YONKERS RACING

Course Will Be Enlarged and Stakes Increased for Next Season.

BUYS STOCK IN JAUREZ CLUB

Mexico Racing Prospect Pleases New Yorker and He Invests $200,000 in Stock to Enlarge the Plant.

James Butler, who has returned from a long visit to the Jaurez race course in Mexico, is enthusiastic over the prospects for a good racing season about New York. He said yesterday that, in his opinion, the outlook was much improved over the last two seasons, and that he had already planned several important changes and additions to the Yonkers course of the Empire City Racing Association. A plot of ground at Jerome Avenue and Yonkers Avenue, that adjoins the track, has been purchased, and it will be utilized to enlarge and beautify the paddock, which he proposes shall be patterned after the big saddling inclosure of the Sheepshead Bay track.

The grand stand will be lengthened toward the field inclosure and made more comfortable. A long promenade will be built with this addition, and the grounds generally will undergo many changes.

Mr. Butler had nothing to say of the stakes that would be offered except that there would be many increases in value and in the number. That is a matter entirely in the hands of Manager Matt Winn, and he has already made known his intention of keeping the Empire City Racing Association abreast of the older racing associations.

In addition to his racing interests in Yonkers, Mr. Butler is a heavy stockholder in the Jaurez Club, and he spoke enthusiastically of the future of racing there. He said that he had observed during his trip that both racing and breeding were big things in America, and that people everywhere were coming to that way of thinking. The people of El Paso are very much in favor of racing, and at present a petition was being framed and would be sent to Secretary of State Knox setting forth that the sport at Jaurez had the hearty approval and support of the people of El Paso.

So confident is Mr. Butler of the success of racing in Mexico that he subscribed to $200,000 of stock recently. This is part of a fund that will be expended in enlarging the course and building a big clubhouse.

ENGLISH HORSES COMING.

Louis Winans's Stable of Trotters to Race on Grand Circuit.

Harness horses born, bred, and trained in England will be raced in the Grand Circuit this year, according to A. C. Pennock, the former Cleveland reinsman, who has been in England for several years as the manager of the racing stable of Louis Winans, an American, but now a resident of Brighton, England. Pennock writes that he will sail from England for New York on Feb. 5, and immediately after his arrival here will ship his horses to the North Randall track at Cleveland, where they will be prepared for the Summer campaign.

This will be the first time that a string of horses from the other side has been sent to the United States for racing purposes, and the result of their campaign will probably prove a problem which has for several years excited more or less comment, and that is, whether the trotting horses bred in Europe, even though of American parentage, are the equal of those bred on this side, for in the string there are two of the best European bred winners of recent years. One of them is Dora, which at three and four years old was the champion trotter of Europe. She won many celebrated stakes and rich prizes, including the Austrian Derby. Another is Wily, one of the most consistent winners of big purses at Vienna and Budapest during the last two years. Two other European trotters, or as they call them abroad, inlanders, are in the stable.

In Mr. Winans's strings that is coming here are also Allen Winter, the stallion which won the first $50,000 American trotting derby at Readville two years ago, and later in the season took a record of 2:06½ at Cleveland. He was purchased by Mr. Winans shortly after winning the Derby and taken to Europe. The other American bred horse in the collection is Siliks, winner of the Kentucky Futurity, and rated as the best three and four-year-old in the United States in his day. On the other side he has been regarded as a champion.

AMATEUR TURF RACING.

United Hunts Clubs to Pool Issues Next Season—Bryan as Secretary.

The National Steeplechase and Hunt Association and the Hunts Committee have made various arrangements for the improvement of the sport, and the most important move has been the decision to establish joint headquarters in the Windsor Arcade. This decision was reached at a meeting yesterday, and Frank J. Bryan, who was named Secretary of the Hunts Committee, will have charge of the office.

It was an annual meeting, and August Belmont was again elected President of the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association, with J. H. Alexandre, Vice President, and J. E. Cowdin, Secretary and Treasurer. J. H. Alexandre, H. J. Morris, and J. E. Widener were elected stewards for three years.

Several gentlemen were granted licenses to ride, and the following appointments for the race meeting of the Brookline Country Club were approved: F. J. Bryan, starter; H. P. Conklin, clerk of the scales; W. S. Vosburgh, handicapper.

During the afternoon there was also a meeting of the United Hunts Association, at which a number of routine matters were considered and some plans for the race meetings of the coming season were discussed. It will pool all the issues, and the season may be conducted with a much better profit to each individual club. These meetings are amateur affairs, and many of them have been run annually at a considerable loss.

Columbia and Princeton on Court.

Columbia is primed for the basket ball match against Princeton to-night in the gymnasium on Morningside Heights. This will mark the tenth year that these universities have met in this sport, and a big crowd is expected. In spite of the fact that the students have had ten days' vacation, the basket ball players had no let-up in their work. Harry Fisher, the coach, had the team practicing as hard as during the regular session, and he was helped by several veterans, who have been trying to get in shape for the 'Varsity-Alumni game next Tuesday. Capt. Kiendl, who was threatened with blood poisoning in his leg, has fully recovered, and will lead the Morningside five against the Tigers.

Manhattan to Play Delaware.

To-night at De La Salle Institute the Manhattan College basket ball team will play the Delaware College team. On Monday the Manhattan team goes on a Southern trip. Tuesday they play Georgetown at Washington. Wednesday, Central Y. M. C. A. of Baltimore; Thursday, Mount St. Mary at Emmitsburg; Friday, Delaware team at Newark, Del., and on Saturday they end their trip by playing the Navy at Annapolis.

Seventy-first Infantry Meet.

The annual games of the Seventy-first Infantry will be held in the Regimental Armory, Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue, Saturday evening, Jan. 22, which will include the usual big programme of events. Gold, silver, and bronze prizes will be given the winners and second and third men in various competitions.

CREW CALL AT HARVARD.

Forty Freshmen Respond to Coach Wray's Request for Candidates.

The first, or preliminary, call for freshman crew candidates was made at Harvard on Tuesday, and as a result of it about forty candidates reported to Coach Wray at the Newell Boathouse yesterday. Included in this number were six members of the Harvard 1914 football eleven. Eight 'Varsity football men of last Fall also reported as candidates for the 'Varsity crew and started in work under Wray's directions.

The Harvard 'Varsity crew this year is, according to Coach Wray, blessed with the largest amount of good material that has ever been the case in Cambridge. Wray has told several of his friends that he could boat at least four 'Varsity eights, all of them of first-class calibre, and with mighty little to choose among them for first place.

Under these conditions, and with almost diametrically opposite conditions prevailing at New Haven, there is small room for wonder over Harvard's exurberance over the rowing situation for this year. Whereas the Crimson is going to be enabled either to boat eight veterans or eight good men early in the Spring, and leave this crew almost intact right up to the day of the big race, there is an aggravating dearth of material, so far as superficial examination has revealed, at Yale.

It seems certain that picking the New Haven crew this year will be one of the hardest jobs John Kennedy ever tackled. After which he may have to face the hardest of his career—that of coaching it and bringing it to perfect oarsmanship. But if he meets the situation as he did one last Fall, it may not be all Harvard's way at that.

MURPHY NOT FOR HARMONY.

President of Chicago Cubs Says Recent Wrangle Was Good Thing for Baseball.

"Too much harmony is not a good thing for a baseball league," is the rather startling statement made by President Murphy of the Chicago Nationals in talking of the recent annual meeting of the National League. "There has been a lot of talk," said President Murphy, "that we have been doing baseball a great injury by our little contest over the National League Presidency. I look at it from a different angle. I do not believe in too much harmony. It is not a good thing for anything.

"Some of the club owners in the league had certain ideas about methods of conducting our business. Other club owners had a different opinion. When we went into the meeting we fought out these differences, and I believe the result will be shown in the improved conditions. I think the baseball public looks upon our differences in the same way. Both sides had good plans, and by means of a give-and-take process we reached a compromise that cannot help strengthening the league.

"The same rule applies to a baseball club. I do not think there ever was a championship baseball team, or one up in front in a fight for a pennant, in which perfect harmony prevailed. The nature of the game makes for strife. The player who is in the game with his whole heart and soul is bound to feel sore when some other player makes a bonehead move on the diamond. That is a kind of a player who makes for a winning team."

"Matty" Writes a Baseball Book.

Christy Mathewson has finished the three games of championship baseball with an account of which he brings to a close his book for boys of all ages. The colleges which figure in the play are Lowell and Occident, and Lowell is the hero-college. If any fan feels like tracing a connection between Lowell and Yale—Matty won't care. As for Occident—well, that's a Western college, and maybe the Chicagoans will recognize their educational pride in the description eased up by the pitcher-author.

Of course Lowell wins the odd game, but the boys know they've been to a ball game before Occident gets through with them.

Matty has picked his teams and given his college players names which sound mighty like the names of a number of favorite professionals.

He has chosen a 'varsity and a substitute team for Lowell and a 'varsity team for Occident, and there is a southpaw pitcher and a blond first baseman, and a crouching shortstop. The book is edited by W. W. Aulick.

Washington Club May Move.

The owners of the Washington Baseball Club are contemplating buying a new home. The matter was discussed at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the club on Tuesday. While no definite action was decided upon, it was agreed that something should be done to give the National capital a ball park in keeping with those of other major league cities. Improvements on the present site are out of the question because the present lease has only a few more years to run, and the owners of the grounds have placed a prohibitive price upon them. The club would like to retain its ball park, but if it cannot be had on reasonable terms another site will be picked out.

Holmes to Manage Toledo Club.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 6.—William (Ducky) Holmes of Sioux City, and last year manager of the team of that city in the Western League, to-day wired President Armour his acceptance as manager of the Toledo team in the American Association next season.

"Kid" Gleason to be Released.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—The Philadelphia National League Baseball Club has decided to release "Kid" Gleason, its former second baseman. The club will make an effort to find him a place as manager of a minor league team.

"Tom" Gallagher Defeats Ames.

Fred Ames of Boston, who is the challenger of Alfred De Oro for the three-cushion billiard championship, played two practice games at McGraw's Billiard Academy yesterday, and, after an easy victory in the afternoon from Anthony Sartoni, caught a Tartar in Tom Gallagher in the evening and lost by 50 to 45. In this match, which went eighty-one innings, Ames was at the fifty-third inning 22 points behind his opponent. Gallagher during this game showed some pretty shots and on one occasion clustered a neat four. The advantage of Ames over Sartoni in the afternoon is represented by the figures, 50 to 39. Each made a high run of three.

McFarland to Challenge Welch.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Packey McFarland, Chicago's lightweight fighter, left here to-day for New York, from where he will take a steamer for England. Packey is going abroad for the purpose of forcing Freddie Welch to fight him, as he says he has given up all hope of securing a match with Champion Battling Nelson.

New York Athletes at Boston.

Harry Gissing and Mel Sheppard have forwarded their signed entry blanks to Manager Hopkins of the big athletic meet to be held in Mechanics' Hall, Boston, on Jan. 22. These entries are for a special 600-yard race. The two local fliers will meet several Harvard cracks in this event, and Hopkins has written to a New York friend that Gissing and Sheppard's work will be well cut out for them. Gidney and Lawrence of Harvard, both well known in collegiate circles, have entered the high-jump event, and they are going to try for an indoor record.

Mohawk A. C. Winter Sports.

The Mohawk Athletic Club will hold its annual indoor games at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory Saturday evening, March 5. The prizes will be diamond ring to the first, diamond cuff links to second, and diamond pin to third in each event. In the relay races the prizes will be the usual Mohawk standard of solid gold medals to first teams, silver to second, and bronze to third.

The club will hold invitation cross-country runs from the clubhouse every Sunday afternoon, and all athletes, whether members of athletic clubs or not, are cordially invited to take part.

Manual Training H. S. Games.

On Saturday evening the Manual Training High School will hold its annual athletic meet and dance at the Fourteenth Regiment Armory, Fifteenth Street and Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn. The events are closed to the boys of the Manual Training High School, with the exception of two events which are open to the Fourteenth Regiment Athletic Association. Sprints, relay races, and middle distance running will comprise the track events. High jumping, shot-putting, and wall-scaling will be included in the field portion of the programme. A basket ball game will be played by teams representing the Manual Training High School and the High School of Commerce for the Public Schools Athletic League championship.

HART WILL NOT QUIT PRINCETON'S ELEVEN

Tiger's Captain Will Help Coach Team if He Is Physically Unfit to Play.

ROPER AS THE HEAD COACH

Faculty Committee Ratifies His Selection—May Also Be Appointed Director of Athletics.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 6.—The appointment of William W. Roper, 1902, as head coach of the Princeton 1910 football team, was to-night ratified by the Faculty Committee on Outdoor Sports. Nothing was done, however, regarding the proposed offer to him of the position of general director of athletics here. His appointment to this office is now in the form of a recommendation to the Board of Trustees, who will act on the matter at a meeting to be held in the near future. It is expected that that body will give its sanction, but until it does nothing further will be done regarding Roper's appointment to the new office.

Edward J. Hart has not as yet resigned as Captain of the eleven, and is not considering any such move at present. It is said here, on the best authority, that should his physical condition be found such as to preclude his playing next Fall, he will be urged to retain the Captaincy and act as a coach.

Hart received a severe injury to his neck while playing on the Exeter eleven about three years ago. He, however, kept on playing football until last season, when the Princeton Faculty required him to submit to an examination before giving him permission to play. He used, on the advice of the coaches, a head gear, which, while weighing but little more than the ordinary head piece, was so constructed as to shift the impact of tackling from his head to his shoulders.

Hart will be given another thorough examination some time before the opening of the next season, and the results of the examination will be made public.

CAPT. MILLER MUST EXPLAIN.

Michigan University to Hear Football Player's Defense in Ineligibility Charge.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Jan. 6.—At a meeting of the Engineering Faculty held this afternoon to consider the case of J. Joy Miller of Detroit, the University of Michigan football Captain, who recently was declared by the board n control of athletics ineligible a letter was sent to Miller citing him to eligible to a position on the 1909 team, a letter was drafted to Miller citing him to appear before the Faculty to-morrow. Miller will be asked to show cause why he should not be banished from the university or suspended.

PRINCETON SQUASH VICTORY.

Crescent A. C. Loses by Score of 5 to 0 Against the Collegians.

The squash players from Princeton University were too strong for the representatives of the Crescent Athletic Club yesterday, the Tiger players in a five-man team match scoring a victory by a total of 5 to 0. While the Crescent combination tried hard to pull out the victory it was evident that there was greater skill to draw from on the part of the collegians. Three sets were necessary in all of the matches, with the exception of that between W. A. W. Stewart of Princeton and McGowan of the Crescent A. C., the former winning in straight sets at 7—15 and 10—15. S. H. Bird of Princeton and W. Pell of the Crescents put forth an interesting struggle, the Brooklynite coming close to snatching out a victory after having lost the first set ingloriously. Leary held out rather a promising match for the Crescents, winning the first set by 9 to 15 from Tobey of Princeton. He was woefully weak on the two succeeding sets, however, and was beaten easily. The summary:

O. D. G. Vanderbilt, Princeton, defeated C. M. Bull, Crescent A. C., 9—15, 15—4, 9—15; S. H. Bird, Princeton, defeated W. Pell, Crescent A. C., 6—15, 15—8, 11—15; A. W. Riley, Princeton, defeated H. C. Martin, Crescent A. C., 15—8, 8—15, 12—15; W. A. W. Stewart, Princeton, defeated McGowan, Crescent A. C., 7—15, 10—15; Harold Tobey, Princeton, defeated Leary, Crescent A. C., 15—9, 3—15, 9—15.

Yacht Tolna Drops Anchor in the Bay.

The schooner yacht Tolna has arrived at Manning's yacht basin, in South Brooklyn, where she will lie up for some time pending the completion of her owner's new plans. The Tolna was once the Thistle, famous as the property of Commodore Robert E. Tod of the Atlantic Yacht Club. When the Count Rudolph Festetics de Tolna acquired her, he changed her name to Tolna, and after he had had her put in the best of condition it had been his intention to go on a long voyage with her. His party was completed, and the effects of several of them were aboard, when the contemplated trip was brought to a sudden halt by the recent death of Mrs. Anna G. Wetherbee, mother of the Countess de Tolna. The Tolna will remain at Manning's yard for at least a couple of weeks, and it is then probable that the interrupted cruise, with the number of guests considerably lessened, will take place.

Morris A. C. to Take a Walk.

The Morris Athletic Club will hold its second scheduled walk next Sunday. The start will be from the clubhouse, 162d Street and Grand Avenue, at 9 o'clock, and the course will be to Glen Island. All athletes, whether registered or not, are invited to take part.

Clay Bird Championship Shoot.

The second annual amateur clay bird championship of Long Island Sound will be decided Saturday, Jan. 22, under the auspices of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club at Port Washington, L. I. The competition is open to members of any club situated on Long Island Sound or its bays or harbors. Three trophies will be given to the three high guns.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Designations of officers to conduct professional examinations of Captains and First and Second Lieutenants for detail in Ordnance Department: For the Philippines Division: the commanding officer, Manila Ordnance Department; for the depot of California, excepting Hawaii, the commanding officer Bonica Arsenal, California; for the Department of Columbia, such officers as the commanding General of that department may designate for the departments of Colorado, of Dakota, of the Lakes, and of the Missouri; the commanding officer, Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois, as such officer at Denver as may be designated by the commanding General Department of the Colorado; for the Department of the East, Col. O. B. Mitcham; for the Department of the Gulf, the commanding officer, Augusta Arsenal, Georgia; for the Department of Texas, the commanding officer, San Antonio Arsenal, Texas; for Hawaii, such officer as the commanding General, Department of California, may designate.

First Lieut. H. S. Miller, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from present duties and proceed to San Francisco and take transport for the Philippines.

First Lieut. A. H. Eber, Medical Reserve, to Fort Dade, Florida, for duty as member of board of officers to examine candidates for appointment as Second Lieutenants in the Coast Artillery Corps.

First Lieut. F. H. Sparrenberger, Medical Reserve, to Fort Banks, Massachusetts, for service as member of board of officers for the examination of candidates for appointment as Second Lieutenants in the Coast Artillery Corps.

First Lieut. W. B. Elliott, Seventh Infantry, to California for duty.

The Navy.

Lieut. V. S. Houston, detached from duty command of the Iroquois and continue other duties.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Sterling at Guantanamo.

Sailed—Nanshan, from Cavite for Yokohama; Tacoma, from Port Limon for Bocas del Toro; Mayflower, from Santo Domingo City for Santiago de Cuba; Mississippi and Idaho, from Philadelphia for Sandy Hook; Georgia, from Norfolk for Guantanamo; Callao and Wilmington, from Shanghai for Amoy.

TWO BREAKS IN COTTON.

Drops of 40 Points Recovered and Close Was Near Former Levels.

Wednesday's break in cotton was continued yesterday, and prices were forced about 40 points, or $2 a bale, lower in the early trading. As on Wednesday, the decline was held to a great extent by the wholesale uncovering of stop-loss orders, which came out in abundance around the level of 15¼ cents a pound for the May option. With the knowledge that as great a load of stop-loss orders was set at 15.50 cents as had been caught at the sixteen-cent and fifteen-and-three-quarter-cent levels, the bull leaders stood from under and let the market take its course.

Selling was augmented by overnight orders from customers of commission houses who had been called on for margins, and there seemed in the early trading to be no limit to the amount of cotton offered. With the principal option, May, at its low level, 15.27 cents per pound, reached in the early trading, the decline from the top level of the December rise amounted to 119 points, or $5.95 a bale. By a coincidence, this is the exact amount of the decline during the big break of the early Fall, which followed the popular entry into the bull movement which first put cotton above 15 cents.

The low prices of the first hour occasioned heavy buying by shorts and bulls, which sent prices up again to around the level of Wednesday's close. The ground gained was lost on a second decline, followed by a similar recovery. At the close the May option was 1 point below Wednesday's closing price; July was 1 point and March 11 points below.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 6.—Bears broke the cotton future market again to-day, their pressure resulting in a decline equivalent to nearly $4 a bale. This, coming on the heels of the sensational slump of Wednesday, created what almost amounted to a small panic among some of the weakest of the long traders.

The eagerness of short interests to profit by the slump, however, resulted in a decided recovery. Rumors from New York and Liverpool that a clique had been formed to put through a bear raid proved somewhat demoralizing to the more timid bulls.

UNION PACIFIC A BUYER.

Reported in the Market for More Southern Pacific Stock.

The Union Pacific was reported in the financial district yesterday to be adding to its holdings of Southern Pacific stock, with the object of converting its present minority interest into a majority. Representatives of the Union Pacific interests were non-committal regarding the report.

The Union Pacific has dominated the Southern Pacific through the ownership of about 45 per cent. of its stock, which is a large enough percentage under all ordinary circumstances to control a corporation. The suggested reason for adding to these holdings enough stock to make an actual majority of the Southern Pacific's $272,000,000 outstanding capital stock is to forestall the effect of a change in the Inter-State Commerce law which would prevent further acquisition of railroad stock by another railroad except in cases where one road already owns an actual majority of the other road's stock.

President Taft is understood to favor such an addition to the law, and it is believed his forthcoming message in respect to amendments to the Inter-State Commerce act will recommend such an enactment.

FALL RIVER PRICES UP.

Offer of 4⅛ Cents a Yard for Regulars Finds Few Takers.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 6.—M. C. D. Borden, through his local brokers, began bidding 4⅛ cents a yard for regulars Wednesday afternoon. This is an advance of ⅛ of a cent a yard over the previous nominal quotation of 4 cents a yard, at which price the mills have refused to take contracts for a number of weeks. Very little goods was bought until this forenoon, when a small amount was sold to the American at the new price for deliveries during January, February, and March. The number of pieces procured is understood to be very limited, and Mr. Borden's brokers are still ready to take all that may be offered in the face of the drop in the cotton market.

Brokers and buyers for other interests do not take the interest in the market moves of the American that they did in former years because recent experience has proved that prices on other goods do not follow the quotations for regulars, as was the case for a great many years. The American is now the only large buyer of regulars and has no competitor on that one line of goods, and there are only a few local mills which have looms available for the contracts. Manufacturers say that there is no money in manufacturing at the new price if cotton is purchased on the present basis, and that relatively goods were selling higher in October than they are at the present time. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the American was still in the market for regulars at 4⅛ cents, to be delivered up to April 1.

ACKERT WITH HAWLEY LINES.

Disposes of Rumor That He Was to Replace Shonts in Interborough.

The election of Charles H. Ackert, till now Vice President and General Manager of the Southern Railway, as Vice President and General Manager in charge of operation and maintenance of the Hawley lines was announced yesterday by Theodore P. Shonts. Mr. Ackert is to be placed in charge of the operation of the Clover Leaf, the Chicago & Alton, the Iowa Central, and the Minneapolis & St. Louis, of all of which Mr. Shonts is President. This is another step in furtherance of the plan for the unification of the Hawley lines. General officers serving all four roads are now in position.

The election of Mr. Ackert as Vice President of the Hawley roads was accepted yesterday as definite refutation of the recently published report that he was about to replace Mr. Shonts as President of the Interborough. Mr. Ackert's resignation from the Southern Railway is to take effect Jan. 15, on which date E. H. Capman will be promoted to the post of General Manager of the Southern.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday there was no improvement in business. Prices were somewhat irregular. Spot and January copper were a shade off in the asking price, while later deliveries were firmer. Tin was down ¼c. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday copper for both spot and future deliveries at the close showed a decline of 2s 6d from the initial prices of the day and of 7s 6d from the final figures of Wednesday. The market finished easy, closing quotations ruling at, spot, £61 3s 9d; futures, £62 2s 6d. Pig tin ended easy, with spot and future deliveries down 17s 6d, to £150 10s and £151 17s 6d, respectively. Spelter was steady at a gain of 2s 6d, to £23 5s. Spanish pig lead was easier at a recession of 1s 3d, to £13 12s 6d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s 4½d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	Thursday.		Wednesday.	
Standard Copper.	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	13.25	13.55	13.25	13.60
January	13.25	13.55	13.25	13.60
February	13.40	13.60	13.25	13.60
March	13.50	13.65	13.25	13.60
Spelter	6.10	6.25	6.10	6.25
Lead	4.67½	4.72½	4.67½	4.72
Tin	33.00	33.25	33.25	33.50

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 6.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange today:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Albert Scott Cop. (P.P.)	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
500	Canble Con.	5c.	5c.	5c.
1,385	Crucible Steel	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜
275	Crucible Steel pf.	93	92⅞	93
50	Fireproofing pf.	29¼	29¼	29¼
300	Interior Mining	7c.	7c.	7c.
634	Mfrs. L. & H.	22¼	22⅛	22⅛
50	Ohio Fuel	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜
275	Pittsburg Brew.	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
10	Pittsburg Brew. pf.	42¾	42¾	42¾
80	Pittsburg Coal pf.	82½	82½	82½
25	Pittsburg Plate Glass	120	120	120
520	River Coal	10	10	10
3,000	Ross Mining	21c.	20c.	21c.
25	West. Elec. 2ds	41	40¾	40¾
50	West. Penn.	45	45	45

BONDS.

$5,000	Ind. Brewing 6s	80	80	80
5,000	Pitts. Brewing 6s	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	Jones & Laughlin 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼

UNLISTED.

10	Kansas Gas	42½	42½	42½
100	Lustre Mining	20c.	20c.	20c.
3,100	Mount Elliott	28c.	28c.	28c.
20	Ohio Fuel Oil	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
90	Oklahoma Gas	42½	42½	42½
500	Silver Peak	90c.	90c.	90c.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
4th week Dec.	$234,018	$193,436	$40,582
Month Dec.	717,193	599,651	117,542
July 1-Dec. 31	4,840,609	3,910,720	929,889

CANADIAN NORTHERN—

4th week Dec.	325,900	254,600	71,300
Month	1,160,300	927,900	232,400
July 1-Dec. 31	6,789,400	5,635,100	1,154,300

GREAT NORTHERN—

Month Dec.	3,704,799	4,125,555	*420,756
July 1-Dec. 31	33,851,507	30,795,468	3,056,039

MISSOURI PACIFIC—

4th week Dec.	1,553,000	1,427,000	126,000
Month Dec.	4,280,463	4,125,440	155,023
July 1-Dec. 31	27,036,017	24,061,090	2,974,927

MOBILE & OHIO—

4th week Dec.	284,291	255,213	29,078
Month Dec.	930,434	892,001	38,433
July 1-Dec. 31	5,236,627	4,934,987	301,640

NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO—

4th week Dec.	1,365,389	1,341,319	24,070
Month Dec.	4,303,517	4,192,160	111,357
July 1-Dec. 31	23,948,204	22,803,874	1,144,330

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

4th week Dec.	282 772	305,830	*23,058
Month Dec.	938,276	1,008,994	*70,718
July 1-Dec. 31	5,773,357	5,530,802	242,555

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—

4th week Dec.	39,268	32,637	6,631
Month Dec.	105,468	92,194	13,274
July 1-Dec. 31	591,175	580,166	11,009

ATLANTIC COAST LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

Mileage	4,481	4,407	74
Total op. revs.	2,746,291	2,247,222	499,069
Total op. exp.	1,553,292	1,396,072	157,220
Total net revs.	1,192,998	851,150	341,848
Taxes	95,500	90,000	5,500
Op. income	1,097,498	761,150	336,348
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. revs.	11,080,800	9,690,508	1,390,292
Total op. exp.	7,301,401	6,733,242	568,164
Total net revs.	3,779,393	2,957,365	822,127
Taxes	472,000	450,000	22,000
Op. income	3,307,393	2,507,265	800,127

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

Mileage	7,458	7,458	....
Total op. revs.	7,798,337	6,638,401	1,159,935
Total op. exp.	4,821,327	4,001,750	819,577
Total net revs.	2,977,009	2,636,651	340,358
Taxes	287,658	42,327	245,330
Op. income	2,689,351	2,594,323	95,027
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. revs.	36,469,841	31,376,370	5,093,470
Total op. exp.	22,076,354	19,153,997	2,922,356
Total net revs.	14,393,487	12,222,372	2,171,114
Taxes	1,301,489	1,104,737	196,751
Op. income	13,091,997	11,117,635	1,974,362

*Decrease.

CHICAGO & ALTON for November—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Av. mileage	998	998	......
Gross	1,215,708	1,036,842	1,052,378
Exp. and taxes	780,903	690,066	*764,297
Net	434,805	346,776	288,081
Other income	†45,485	24,887	......
Total income	389,320	321,889	288,081
5 mos. gross	6,110,378	5,620,801	5,605,786
Exp. and taxes	3,672,311	3,237,745	*3,800,349
5 mos. net	2,438,067	2,383,056	1,805,437
Other income	†203,383	214,195	......
Total income	2,234,684	2,168,861	1,805,437

*Includes also miscellaneous charges and credits to income. †Debit.

CHICAGO & ERIE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	269.56	269.56	......
Total op. revs.	451,335	340,060	111,274
Total op. exp.	344,034	315,916	28,117
Total net revs.	107,900	24,744	83,156
Taxes	10,938	11,083	*144
Op. income	96,962	13,660	83,301
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. revs.	2,113,849	1,792,627	321,221
Total op. exp.	1,688,787	1,533,584	155,202
Total net revs.	425,061	259,043	166,018
Taxes	54,692	56,996	*2,304
Op. income	370,369	202,046	168,322

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

Mileage	9,020.82	9,022.98	*2.16
Total op. revs.	7,952,241	6,632,676	1,319,565
Total op. exp.	5,452,830	4,662,342	790,487
Net op. revs.	2,499,411	1,970,333	529,077
Out. op. (debit)	18,465	46,694	*28,229
Total net revs.	2,480,045	1,923,639	557,306
Taxes	215,587	212,600	2,987
Op. income	2,265,358	1,711,039	554,319
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. revs.	38,849,135	34,860,273	3,988,862
Total op. exp.	26,720,511	22,719,373	4,001,137
Net op. revs.	12,128,624	12,140,899	*12,274
Out. op. (debit)	64,726	54,485	10,240
Total net revs.	12,063,897	12,086,413	*22,515
Taxes	1,077,976	1,063,000	14,976
Op. income	10,985,921	11,023,413	*37,491

*Decrease.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for November—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	5,956,752	5,129,361	5,004,691
Exp. and taxes	4,068,432	3,596,367	3,602,257
Net	1,888,320	1,532,994	1,402,434
5 mos. gross	29,567,441	27,573,907	26,770,885
Exp. and taxes	19,989,456	17,915,291	17,306,346
5 mos. net	9,577,985	9,658,616	9,464,539

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	1,036.05	1,036.05	......
Total op. rev.	898,533	704,548	193,984
Total op. exp.	614,984	543,793	71,190
Total net rev.	283,549	160,755	122,794
Taxes	25,833	25,010	823
Op. income	257,715	135,745	121,970
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. rev.	4,234,782	3,590,035	644,746
Total op. exp.	3,051,947	2,730,444	321,503
Total net rev.	1,182,835	859,519	323,243
Taxes	129,166	125,393	3,773
Op. income	1,053,668	734,198	319,470

DENVER & RIO GRANDE for November—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	2,117,055	1,836,889	1,858,378
Exp. and taxes	1,500,691	1,354,542	1,258,182
Net	616,364	482,347	600,196
Other income	130,736	33,079	16,870
Total income	747,100	515,426	617,066
Charges	457,581	343,593	362,643
Balance	289,519	171,833	254,423
Renew. fund	10,000	10,000	10,000
Surplus	279,519	161,834	244,423
5 months gross	10,555,445	9,240,966	10,163,494
Exp. and taxes	7,173,620	6,248,539	6,727,262
5 months net	3,381,825	2,992,429	3,436,232
Other income	577,908	328,866	188,410
Total income	3,959,733	3,321,293	3,624,642
Charges	2,168,450	1,640,904	1,760,380
Balance	1,791,283	1,680,389	1,864,262
Renew. fund	50,000	50,000	50,000
5 months surp.	1,741,283	1,630,389	1,814,262

ERIE RAILROAD reports as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	1,961,254	1,901,600	59,654
Total oper. rev.	4,240,370	3,684,317	556,053
Total oper. exp.	2,545,297	2,668,472	*123,175
Net oper. rev.	1,695,072	1,015,844	679,228
Outside op., deb.	5,226	23,823	29,049
Total net rev.	1,689,846	1,039,667	650,179
Taxes	108,929	105,994	2,935
Oper. income	1,580,916	933,673	647,243
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total oper. rev.	20,253,712	18,887,880	1,365,822
Total oper. exp.	12,978,918	12,888,184	90,734
Net oper. rev.	7,274,793	5,999,705	1,275,088
Outside op., net	25,066	138,200	*113,133
Total net rev.	7,299,860	6,137,905	1,161,954
Taxes	522,137	482,616	39,520
Oper. income	6,777,723	5,655,289	1,122,433

NEW YORK CENTRAL report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

Mileage	3,587	3,587	*0.64
Total oper. rev.	8,441,637	7,369,423	1,072,213
Total oper. exp.	5,638,422	5,137,214	501,208
Net oper. rev.	2,803,214	2,232,209	571,005
Outside op., net.	44,487	21,321	23,165
Total net rev.	2,847,702	2,253,531	594,170
Taxes	434,592	468,834	*34,242
Oper. income	2,413,110	1,784,697	628,412
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total oper. rev.	42,181,033	37,987,906	4,193,126
Total oper. exp.	28,028,444	25,999,607	2,028,836
Net oper. rev.	14,152,589	11,988,298	2,164,290
Outside op., net.	142,155	97,760	44,394
Total net rev.	14,294,745	12,086,059	2,208,685
Taxes	1,951,916	1,771,146	180,769
Oper. income	12,342,829	10,314,912	2,027,916

*Decrease.

OREGON SHORT LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	1,508.69	1,455.87	52.82
Total op. rev.	1,906,918	1,680,755	226,162
Total op. exp.	756,796	558,532	198,264
Net oper. rev.	1,150,121	1,122,223	27,898
Out. op. (deb.)	3,472	314	3,158
Total net rev.	1,146,648	1,121,908	24,740
Taxes	50,000	48,083	1,916
Op. income	1,096,648	1,073,825	22,823
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. rev.	9,122,957	7,786,962	1,335,994
Total op. exp.	3,596,910	3,104,138	492,877
Net op. exp.	5,526,046	4,682,924	843,121
Out. op. (net)	13,627	3,453	10,173
Total net rev.	5,539,674	4,686,378	853,295
Taxes	250,000	242,092	7,907
Oper. income	5,289,674	4,444,286	845,387

SOUTHERN PACIFIC, (Atlantic Steamship Lines,) report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

Total op. rev.	628,611	584,577	44,034
Total op. exp.	475,010	479,592	*4,581
Net op. rev.	153,600	104,984	48,616
Out. op. (net)	5.019	5,922	*903
Total net rev.	158,620	110,907	47,713
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. rev.	2,545,548	2,569,582	*24,034
Total op. exp.	2,279,800	2,180,692	99,107
Net op. rev.	265,747	388,889	*123,141
Out. op. (net)	12,896	25,115	*12,218
Total net rev.	278,644	414,004	*135,360

*Decrease.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for November—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Mileage	450.72	450.72	......
Gross	353,044	301,899	351,337
Exp. & tax	214,717	195,905	214,515
Net	138,327	105,993	136,822
Oth. in. (deb.)	4,885	9,359	7,915
Total income	133,472	96,634	128,907
5 mos. gross	1,658,122	1,514,807	1,889,545
Exp. & tax	1,064,624	1,012,835	1,270,185
5 mos. net	593,498	501,972	669,360
Oth. in., deb.	43,465	41,190	49,447
Total income	550,033	460,782	569,913

WISCONSIN CENTRAL report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	1,029.94	1,022.74	7.20
Total op. rev.	797,473	696,729	100,774
Total op. exp.	492,305	445,660	46,644
Net op. rev.	305,168	251,068	54,099
Out. op. (net)	984	373	611
Total net revs.	306 152	251,441	54,710
Taxes	28,844	29,638	*794
Op. income	277,308	221,803	55,505
July 1 to Oct. 31—			
Total op. rev.	2,959,931	2,718,357	241,574
Total op. exp.	1,816,943	1,665,368	151,574
Net op. rev.	1,142,987	1,052,988	89,999
Out. op. (net)	3,673	3,513	160
Total net revs.	1,146,665	1,056,501	90,159
Taxes	115,845	116,904	*1,058
Op. income	1,030,815	939,397	91,213

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court to-day:

316—The United States, appellant, vs. The American Tobacco Company and others;

317—The American Tobacco Company and others, appellants, vs. The United States.—Argument concluded for the United States. Leave granted both sides to file additional briefs.

366—Frederick A. Peckham, appellant, vs. William Henkel, United States Marshal, &c., and

367—Moses Haas, appellant, vs. William Henkel, United States Marshal, &c.—Argument commenced for the appellants and continued for the appellee.

Adjourned until to-morrow. Day call for Jan. 7: Nos. 366, (and 367,) 385, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, and 76.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 123—Hendricks Brick Co v. Barge Guinan. 54—Ransome Concrete Mach Co v. United Co. 183—Crown Co v. Brooklyn Co. 224—In re Kohl-Hepp Brick Co. 125—Juilliard v. Barr. 127—D L & W R R v. Royce. 128—Hensel v. U S. 129—Western Elec. &c, Co v. Empire Co. 130—Monk v. Ferryboat Englis. 131—Am Can Co v. Williams.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J.—Jury calendar. 82—Lehtoner v. N Y, N H & H R R. 200—Berthold v. Burton. 97—McCaffrey v. N Y, N H & H R R. 70—Ferguson v. Cons Rub Co. 86—Same v. same. 92—Sparrow v. Hurtig. 93—Same v. Weber. 94—Same v. Rush. 10—Frost v. Barber. 76—O'Hara v. C R R of N J. 79—Castronuovo v. Joline. 103—Sparrow v. Hill. 201—Ward v. Cornell. 106—Haring v. Woman's Hotel Co. 110—Vohl v. Pullman Co. 113—Savage v. Lehigh Valley R R. 115—Smith v. Houston Oil Co. 116—Leirich v. Cons. Stock Exch. Bldg Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Motion calendar. 1—Miller v. G & A R R. 2—Motion Pictures Patents Co v. Actophine Co. 3—Subtarget Gun Co v. Hallifield. 4—Auto Spring Repairer Co v. Manhattan. 5—Columbia Const Co v. McBride. 6—Mygatt v. Gill & Co. 7—Holeproof v. Wallach. 8—Victor T M Co v. Regina Co. 9—Campbell v. Rudolph. 10—Same v. Kupperberg. 11—Motion Pictures Pat Co v. Lammle. 12—Courtney v. Knickerbocker. 13—Battle v. Earle. 14—Burlingham v. Ormiston. 15—Cuming v. Stevens & Co. 16—Jacobs v. Petersen Lake &c. 17—Victor v. Schroeder. 18—Heim v. Harris. 19—Gorham Mfg Co v. Weintraub. 20—Robinson v. Mut Res L I Co. 21—W C P Taxicab v. Bristol. 22—Kinnell Mfg Co v. O'Connell. 23—Submarine Rock v. Submarine. 24—Astruc v. Star Co. 25—Welsbach Light Co v. Cohn. 26—Penn Steel Co v. Met St Ry. 27—Anatomik Footwear v. Coward. 28—Johnson-Ajax v. Grieb. 29—Newman Clock Co v. Newman. 30—Hartridge v. Thaw.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Motions. Non-enumerated motions. 2—Brion v. Busch. 3—Gussaroff v. Cohen. 6—Fromme v. Miller, et al. 7—Ship v. Fridenberg. 8—Sheldon v. Mills. 13—Matter of Schneider. 15—Germansky v. Guterman. 16—Phillips v. Raynes. 17—Cochran v. Reich. 18—Searle v. Halstead & Co. 19—Jones v. Davis. 20—Jones v. Davis. 21—Matter of Concrete Steel and Tile Const Co. 22—Pratt v. N Y Mercantile Exchange. 23—Berger v. Russell. 24—Barclay v. Barrie. 25—Becker v. Woodcock. 26—Knapp v. Knapp. 27—Frohmann v. Sherman Square Hotel Co. 28—Kapnik v. Met Leather Paring Co. 29—Bulkley v. Whiting Mfg Co. 30—Graham v. Aschenbach. 31—Hammerstein v N Y Press. 32—Coakley v. Rickard. 33—Met Trust Co v. Heinze. 34—Edwards v. N J & H R Ry and Ferry Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I., Hendrick, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Dodge v. Dodge. 2—Gottlieb v. Horowitz. 3—White v. White. 4—Schmid v. McKee. 5—Mutual Life Ins Co v. Nicholas. 6—In re Curtiss. 7—Hawkins v. Hawkins. 8—In re Fordham Road. 9—Voska v. Manchester Marble Co. 10—Percival v. Hudson & Man R R. 11—Coleman v. Ab Car & Foundry Co. 12—Doherty v. Gates & Co. 13—Wright v. Peerless Motor Car Co. 14—McDermott v. Litchfield Const Co. 15—Shea v. Spellman. 16—Corsari v. Corsari. 17—Lawless v. Midland R R Terminal Co. 18—Rosenbaum v. Rosenbaum. 19—Zeltner Brew Co v. Del Bello. 20—Smith v. Smith. 21—Am Woolen Co v. Moskowitz. 22—Pavenstedt v. Smithers, &c. Co. 23—In re Longzone 24—In re Krotenberg. 25—Malcolm Knitting Co v. Malcolm. 26—Tunis v. Tunis. 27—Sacks v. Sacks. 28—Nathan v. Dowling. 29—Watstein v. Miskind. 30—Cohn v. Cong Kabal Yesburun. 31—Fuchs v. Saladino. 32—Flegel v. Bernstein. 33—Seidl v. Kaempfer. 34—Zuern v. Zuern. 35—Furst v. Altieri. 36—Kalman v. Ritz Co. 37—Lawson v. Levy. 38—Petrette v. Petrette. 39—In re Cook, &c. Co. 40—Tunis v. Tunis. 41—Fish v. Fish. 42—In re Mapes Av. 43—Rosenhirsch v. Levy. 44—In re Graham. 45—In re Glovinska. 46—In re Norvell. 47—Jones v. Armenia Ins Co. 48—Mansell-Hunt-Catty Co v. Catty. 49—Creatore v. Creatore. 50—Lucast v. Mills. 51—In re Int Supply Co. 52—Smith v. Miller. 53—Habermann v. Hermann Lumber Co. 54—In re Old Pier 36 E R. 55—In re Sewerage Dist 43. 56—Powelson v. Goodman. 57—Ziverman v. Ziverman. 58—City of N Y v. Great Northern Dock Co. 59—Film Import and Trading Co v. Centaur Film Co. 60—Parker v. Parker. 61—In re Old Pier 36 E R. 62—In re Geild. 63—Jones v. Armenia Ins Co. 64—Sec Warehousing Co v. Am Exch Nat Bk. 65—Miller v. Albany Ins Co. 66—Same v. Rochester German Ins Co. 67—Same v. Buffalo German Ins Co. 68—In re Kurlander Young Men's Mutual Socy. 69—Lamfre v. Lamfre. 70—Cottonwood Creek Copper Co v. Barnes. 71—Same v. Kneuhert. 72—Nammack v. Polk. 73—Nathan v. Dowling. 74—Castell v. Woodcock. 75—In re Levy. 76—City of N Y v. Imperial Braid Co. 77—Nathan v. Dowling. 78—In re Cornish. 79—Zuckerman v. Broder. 80—Feuer v. Henigsberg. 81—Muller v. City of Philadelphia. 82—Vogel v. Nachemson. 83—Parker v. Parker. 84—Batjeman v. Bruckhof. 85—Reynard v. Gralig. 86—Sinn v. Stine. 87—Scheer v. Markowitz. 88—In re Harding. 89—Scheer v. Markowitz. 90—Hill v. Hill. 91—Seaman v. Zechnowitz. 92—English v. Kwint.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Amend, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J.—Motions. Demurrer. 2394—Howe v. N Y, N H & H R R. Preferred causes. 4536—Campbell v. Campbell. 4018—Kenkade v. Live Oak Copper Mining Co. General calendar. 3637—De Benedetto v. C Realty Co. 3232—Federal Title Co v. Apartment Const Co. 3715—Larsen v. Green Court Building Co. 3621—Ludwig & Co v. Claviola Co. 3628—Rossman Co v. Freedman. 3635—Welcke v. Trageser. 3067—Haff v. Haff. 1583 Reading Hardware Co v. Morton & Co. 3647—Fletcher v. Fletcher. 3658—Schmitt v. Simon. 3675—Lewine v. Diamond. 3686—Eisler v. Kaskel. 3719—Cohen v. Kameny. 3369—Wolf v. Wolf. 2856—Conrady v. Streck. 3396—Barnes v. Cottonwood Creek Copper Co. 3215—Smith v. Smith.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—O'Gorman, J.—Elevated railroad cases. 1500—Reynolds v. Int R T. 1562—Lerch v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I—Goff, J.—(Criminal Term.)—Pleadings. 1—Jacob Kronenberg. 2—Peter Regan. 3—Amos Chambers. Trial Calendar. 1—Clarinda De Pasquale. 2—Eugenia Nikowski. 3—Lau Tang, Lau Shong. 4—Amata Samtaniello.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J. 5739—Hannon v. Waddell. 6309—Meyer v. Levy. 9296—Rosenthal v. Frankel. 9196—Riker v. Clinton.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Trem—Part VIII.—Platzek, J. 2658—McGovern v. Cohen. 2817—Carelli v. N Y Con Co. 1033½—Reynolds v. Ireland. 656—Armstrong v. Chambers. 1704—Gross v. Pearson & Son. 2364—Steckler v. Am Ice Co. 4159—Brady v. Penn Steel Co. 2048—La Torre v. Wilson. 2581—Buchanan v. same. 1783—Boas v. Bernheimer. 1220—Hoffman v. Rubens. 88—Vedral v. Roebling Con Co. 2795—Neale v. Hudson Companies. 6426—Stockhower v. N Y Edison Co. 4338—Geis v. City of N Y. 1215—Goddard v. N Y Times Co. 2713—Anastasio v. Beck. 2624—Kulike v. Baraschnick. 2769—Svabold v. Martin. 2849—Eierman v. Unger. 2386, 2387—Waldheimer v. Hardenbergh. 5180—Silverman v. Bender & Baum. 1904—Vesotsky v. Bock. 2039—Costain v. N Y Cab Co. 344—Farrell v. N Y Con Co. 1189—Smith v. N Y Times Co. 1190—Quinlan v. same. 2185—Crichton v. Folsom. 1341—Schleiter v. Streeter Co. 1909—Shincafsky v. Cook. 469½—Buch v. City of N Y. 2122—Mittnauchte v. Reddy. 2136—Handley v. Star Co. 2280—Guttman v. Warheit Pub Co. 2206—Flint v. Lawyers T I & T Co. 2216—Geraghty v. Degnon Con Co. 2229—Treacey v. Konkle. 2230—Holahan v. same. 2234—Levy v. Star Co. 2235—Same v. Morning Journal Assn. 2303—McManus v. City of N Y. 2305—Kirka v. Rosenson. 2327—McCabe v. Bostock. 2359—White v. Clyde S S Co. 2365—Murray v. Higgins. 2371—Romo v. Manzella. 2380—Peck v. Besser. 2416—Linbarger v. Bearns. 2427—Auerbach v. Phelps. 2747—Carlsberg v. Heidenreich.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Giegerich, J.—3149—Morse v. Dickinson. 6216—Clement v. Enright. 2341—Clark v. Chanler. 6098—Clement v. Bernhard. 1994—Millard Const Co v. Aetna Ind Co. 2688—Mali v. Bernstein. 3723—Carpenter v. Howes. 326½—Herklot v. Loeb. 1894—Zeltner Brew Co v. Hoffman. 3442—Duryea v. Ernestus Gulick Co. 3219—Kadushin v. Jacobs. 2608—Majud v. Weil. 662—Plaut v. Garland. 598—Patten v. Lynch. 3269—Stein v. Davies. 3504—Jas Reilly & Son v. Hamblen. 3530—Kelly v. Murphy. 3554—Lyons v. Petry. 3563—Gerli v. Hill Silk Mfg Co. 3568—Baldwin Co v. Perry. 3569—Dolan v. Beagen. 3571—Schreiber v. Rosenthal. 3595—Winter v. Yarfitz. 3601—New Jersey Co v. Thos B Leahy Bldg Co. 3608—Ralston v. Gleen. 3614—Edwards v. Jacobs. 3620—Downing v. Locomobile Co of America. 3675—Reichenbach v. Kottler. 3682—Bank of Martin County v. Houghton. 3687—Consumers' Brew Co v. Kuhlmann. 3688—Marine Magnetic Control Co v. Constantine. 3411—Kohn v. Shoninger. 1959—Watson v. City of N Y. 3673—Salter v. Hammerstein. 3698—Willis v. Fellows. 3703—New Brunswick Tile Co v. Lipp. 3707, 3708, 3709—14th St Bank v. Jacobs. 3712—Kirkpatrick v. Blau. 3728—City of N Y v. Taylor. 3734—Uterberg v. Parker. 3737—Whitcomb v. Burr. 3738—City of N Y v. Worth. 3449—Same v. Peale. 3757—Strauss v. Dilg.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Motion calendar. Estates of Adolf Flashen, Margaret Shea, James Treubig, Sadie I. Quint, Ethel Quint, Miriam Quint, Hattie Reiss, Alfred Straut, Lillian B. Schulze, Mollie Moskowitz, Charles Johnson, Frank Williams, Karl M. Wallach, John C. Latham, Julia Huff, Edwin S. Lemoine, Clarence Tilley, Albert Zanmatti, Pasquale Catania, Jacob Finelite, William H. Down, Norma A. Down, William R. Down, Bridget McGlynn, Nina L. Rieger, Thomas F. Monaghan, Robert B. Reilly, Hugh Craig, Eugene W. Spofford, Robert J. Fitzgerald, Etta M. Lovejoy, Fanny R. Fruhauf, Antonio Olivetti, Clara Zadek, Gaetano Lo Giudice, Barbara Goebel, Ernest G. Stedman, Patrick O'Brien, Philip Ketterer, Marie Schenkel, Albert Klauber, Catherine M. Andrews, Edward D. Vock, Bertha I. Vock, James C. McCormick, Hieronimus Herold, George F. Seymour, William I. Gutterson, Elias Dubrowsky, Elizabeth A. Devereux, Henry Mainard, Lazar Hirsch, Bridget Hanlon. Wills for probate: Elizabeth F. Smith, Max Meyer, Bowditch Morton, Antonio Sebastino, Eugene Shiff, Emily C. Kavanagh, Susan C. Twombly, John B. Bristol, Margaret Leahy.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Donnelly, J.; Part II., Smith, J.; Part III., Lynch, J.; Part IV., Green, J.; Part V., Schmuck, J.; Part VI., McAvoy, J.; Part VII., Finelite, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J. Court opens at 9:45. 3708—Morse v. Stanley & Paterson. 5372—Gerstein v. Joline. 5479½—Marcellino v. Taxler. 2806—McDermott v. Weil. 5912—Birnbaum v. Hirsch. 2203—McCarthy v. Willcoff. 2761—Di Pasquale v. United Eng & C Co. 3761—Porter v. Lyne. 3762—Same v. same. 3847—Dingivan v. Hudson Bindery. 3867—Eisenberg v. Magnet Light Co. 3877—Commercial Bank v. Gluck. 3897—Woolf v. Schmidt. 3923—Feiner v. Levy. 4010—Cohen v. Gerli. 4244—Baber v. Sittenham. 2562—Deutsch v. Isman. 2787—Central Brew Co v. Penn R R. 2826—Levy v. N Y C & HR R R. 5720—Grace v. Nyleon & Co. 5733 Carcoine v. same. 5920—Cohn v. Schwingle. 5951—Hibbert v. Schinasi. 1962—Leven v. Trilling. 5884—Friswell v. Green. 4781—Economy Plumbing Co. v. Harris. 4888—Brainard v. Emp State Garage. 1878—Steinman v. Goldberg. 5660—Meustell v. von der Heydt. 4701½—Higginson v. Clark. 4147—The J B Lippincott Co v. Mansfield. 715—Caplan v. Moness. 702—Golnick v. Goldwater Drug Co. 1958—Tull v. Simpson. 1580—Gould Stor & Battery Co v. Ebling Brew Co. 4893—Kerster v. Interborough R T Co. 4918—Lawyers Title Ins & Trust Co v. Altieri. 4932—Glickman v. Sheer. 4935—Marzigliano v. Motorotonde. 4972—Warner v. Modern Stories Pub Co. 4975—Frankenberg v. Wyckoff. 4991 Penn R R v. Bloch. 4992—Murtha v. Wills. 4998—Bronstein v. Epstein. 5000—Gilman v. Weiss. 5021—Manning v. Terry & Tench Co. 5033—Strauss v. Robertson. 5034—Sange v. De Jong. 5058—Goldberg v. Walker. 5068—Porter Screen Mfg Co v. Lamont, Corliss & Co. 5073—Haff v. Doelger. 5074—Cohen v. Herzog. 5085—Manning v. Faber. 4287—Scharles v. Hubbard. 5096—Eisenberg v. Wilmerding. 5089—Bosek v. Satz.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Green, J. 1486—Stolzenberg v. Stricker. 1673—Haba v. Hamod. 1675—Clark v. Cohen. 992—Norton v. Sayles. 1708—United Mchts Realty, &c, Co. v. Victor. 1714—Heilner v. Pillone. 1663—Ferber v. Kahn. 1664—Friedman v. Kappel. 1665—Lowbin v. U S Grand Lodge, &c. 1686—Wiederman v. Michalson. 1624—Pollock v. Sussman. 1716—Bendick v. Dennis. 1718—Mechanics' National Bank v. Makfonz. 1719—McKown v. Realty Supervision Co. 1720—Becker v. Erlanger. 1721—Less v. Haffman. 1723—Hansman v. Zeldin. 1725—Belfiore v. Illinois Surety Co. 1726—Arminio v. same. 1615—Sarben v. Greenfield. 1668—Salkind v. Miller. 1648—Perles v. Brecher. 1738—Pendleton v. Senpture. 1739—Weinberg v. Northwestern Realty Co. 1646—Cohen v. Stock. 1641—Flint v. Stein. 1620—Levinson v. Levin. 1694—Schenke v. Dressner. 1695—Manheimer v. Morris. 1609—Barondess v. Masur. 1701—Bath v. Met Merc, &c, Co. 1704—Franklin v. Sandro. 1591—Jalkoff v. Menage. 1613—Hess v. Investors & Traders Realty Co. 1626—Ball v. Weeks. 1618—Burnstiner v. Goldstein. 1060—Bowsky, &c, Co. v. Weinstein. 1621—Stephan v. Stephan. 1644—Bruce v. Spencer. 1652—Turner v. Waterman. 1647—Schussler v. Hudson Auto Co. 1640—Simon v. Hamburg. 1570—Briggs v. Middledich Co. 1693—Sanitary, &c, Co. v. Gumbleton. 1508—Schnee v. Mountain Const Co. 1696—Colender v. Kohn. 1698—Schmidt v. Hottenroth. 1706—Terry v. Lucas. 1707—Auto Utilities Co. v. William Sales Co. 1709—Levine v. Gallo. 1710—Fischel v. Scheftels. 1623—Davis v. Freudenmacher. 1611—Glatzer v. Zunetbaum. 1736—Pendleton v. Jones. 1715—Ullman Realty Co. v. Hollander. 1740—Radin v. Elman. 1742—Concentino v. Illinois Surety Co.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Esther Lion v. Emilo Morante—Henry Hofheimer. Cooper Realty Co v. Henry Benoit—Louis Oppenheim. Julius Fleischmann v. Gustav Marder—Frederick P Fox. Rachel Feinberg v. Abram Brothers—Samuel S Isaacs.

CITY COURT—Green, J.—Raisler Heating Co v. Hudson Grant View Co—I. Maurice Warmser.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Dotter v. Bloch—William Allen. In re Bunke—Charles A Edgerton. Richards v. Richards—Sidney Bernstein.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Frey v. Epstein—Edward W Crittenden. Northern Bank v. Roylance—Charles L Hoffman. Busch v. Lesser—Waldemar F Timme.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Hirschberg, P. J.; Woodward, Jenks, Burr, Thomas, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. 49MA—Shimer v. Ronk. 50—Baucher v. Stewart. 52MA—Clark v. Joline, &c. 53—Millard v. Adams. 54—Mitchell v. Mitchell. 56MA—O'Gara v. Montevede. 57—Surnear v. Provident Savings. 58—Surnear v. Seaman's Bk. 59—Pedersen v. Meretsky. 59—Wahler v. L I R R.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Marean, J.—2578—Moore v. Rosenberg. 4045—B U E R R v. Friedman. 4418—Weems v. Lindblow. 2304—Diemer v. Diemer.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Sutherland, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Kapper, J.; Part V., Jaycox, J.; Part VI., Putnam, J.; Part VII., Garretson, J.—7563—Van Norden v. Nassau R R. 7452—O'Donnell v. Hoye. 4848—Lafayette Trust Co v. Lacker et al. 5292—Quimby v. Griffin-White Shoe Co. 7244—Teunis v. Tymecki et al. 1542—Desmond v. Foundation Co. 7335—Kirton v. Bridge Operating Co. 6978, 6979—Moriarty v. B H R R. 6083—Calarusso v. same. 6694—Mosson v. Mosson Co. 6999—Carlin Const Co v. Hauser. 4306—Jacobsohn v. Schaffer Flaum Co. 6190—Deebach v. Gair Co. 5032—Entwisle v. Kosower. 7354—Forshay v. Capellino. 2175—Krapp v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2185—Kacerow v. Dunkleman. 327, 328—Schor v. B H R R. 7620—Hirschberg v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 3763—Leiser v. same. 5880—Lasky v. Schram. 2156—Perine v. Clark. 2201—Stewart v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2203—Schwartz v. Nathan. 2205—Impellizzeri v. Cranford. 2206—Devlin v. N Y & Q Co R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 2254.

COUNTY COURT—Dike, J.—Actions triable by the court without a jury. 1078—Bossey v. Klein. 1178—Feldman v. Becker. 1154—Reisenstein v. Levin. 1185—Carll v. Richman. 1186-7-8—Suydam v. Richman. 1203-4-5—Ashner v. Manning. 1199—Bolton v. Brooklyn and Trenton Real Estate Co. 1200—Martin v. Barashick. 1209—[illegible] —Union Bank of Brooklyn v. [illegible]. Criminal appeal: The People, &c., v. Sullivan.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Police Building, Long Island City—Humphrey, J.—2564—Sagne v. John Decker. 2584—Same v. [illegible]. Same v. Steve [illegible]. Michael Jaznis. [illegible]son. 2601—Same v. [illegible]. Same v. Henry J. Meyer.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Scudder, J.—13—Burgess et al. v. [illegible]ton, an infant, v. L I R R Co. [illegible] Price v. L I R R Co. [illegible] passed until Monday, Jan. 10. Highest number reached on calendar, [illegible].

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Mills, J.—9—Tompkins v. Stewart et al. [illegible] v. Gironda. 23—Same v. [illegible]berg v. Painter. 36—Rogers v. Village of Tarrytown. [illegible] Murphy v. Van Scoy. [illegible] 48, 49—Armour v. [illegible] Closter.

Richmond County.

SUPREME COURT—Clark, J.—Case on trial. No day calendar.

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COPPER SHARES ADVANCE

Trading Shows Uncertainty Prevalent Over President's Special Message —More Gold for Argentina.

The movement of prices in yesterday's stock market session disclosed no decided trend. It is true that at the close of the day by far the greater number of shares actively dealt in had scored advances, but in a representative list of fifty stocks in only six issues did the gains exceed relatively unimportant fractions, and a recovery of this extent was hardly sufficient to fulfill the technical requirements arising from so heavy a market fall as that of Wednesday. It is apparent, therefore, that there were factors at work in the trading yesterday tending to hold the stock market in check. Exactly what these were it is difficult to determine. Certainly the day's changes in the money position here and in London were entirely favorable, for, after touching 7 per cent. early in the day, call money rates on the Stock Exchange declined to 4 per cent., the final quotation, while in London the Bank of England reduced its official discount from 4½ per cent. to 4 per cent., and at the same time released for shipment to India and elsewhere nearly $5,000,000 gold. Perhaps the chief factor inviting caution in the making of market commitments was to be found in the uncertainty which existed over the contents of the special message to be submitted to Congress to-day by President Taft. What purported to be forecasts of this document, as is always the case on the eve of the transmission of Presidential messages, were in circulation in the financial district, but curiously enough, while such forecasts were considered reassuring by those who placed credence in them, there seemed to be no reflection of this opinion in the course of the stock market. News of the reopening of a number of the more important mines in the Butte district led to decided strength in Amalgamated and Anaconda shares, and Southern Pacific continued to display evidence of accumulation, one report in this connection having it that the buying was for the purpose of solidifying Union Pacific' control of the property. Of interest were the November earnings statements of the St. Paul and its coast extension, the Puget Sound, the former showing an increase of $827,000 in operating revenues, and the latter actual operating returns for the month of $1,044,000, a very satisfactory exhibit for a road so recently opened for traffic. Another violent break in the cotton market carried prices down to levels which may perhaps result in enlarged exports of the staple.

It was apparent from the course of money here during the day that the situation is gradually easing, following the return of the large year-end distributions to banking channels. The banks again gained from the Sub-Treasury on routine transactions, while another engagement of gold amounting to $600,000 was made for shipment to Argentina. The English Bank made what must be considered a strong report in connection with the reduction of its discount rate.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
Shawingan Water and Power Co.
DIVIDEND PAYABLE.
National Licorice Co. on common.
SPECIAL MEETING.
Illinois Brick Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 4@7 per cent., with the last loan at 4 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 6½ per cent.

Time money rates, 4½@4¾ per cent. for sixty days, 4½ per cent. for ninety days, four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¾@5¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 3¼ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2¾ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3⅜ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $525,980,150; balances, $22,250,569; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,458,522.

The local banks have gained $1,411,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was weaker, with demand quoted at $4,8685@$4.8690, sixty days at $4.8415, and cables at $4.8730@$4.8735.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16¼ less 3-32@5.16¼ less 1-32 for cables, and 5.16⅞ less 1-32@5.16⅞ plus 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 5-16 less 1-64@95⅜ less 1-64 for cables, 95 3-16 less 1-64@95¼ for sight, and 94 11-16@94⅞ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 30c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; St. Paul, 70c premium; Savannah, buying 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 15⅝ premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 24 3-16d per ounce, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 52½c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

Rock Island Bonds to Speyer & Co.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, it was announced yesterday, has sold $3,500,000 additional first and refunding 4 per cent. bonds to Speyer & Co. None of the bonds is to be offered for sale in the United States, the entire issue being offered for subscription by Speyer Brothers & Co. of London. The proceeds of the bonds are to be applied to improvements, the sale being under the clause of the first and refunding mortgages authorizing the issuance of bonds for this purpose in annual installments. There are now outstanding a total of $83,422,000 out of the total authorized issue of $163,000,000.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 6.—Demand was inactive, and transactions, as a rule, were at unchanged prices, an exception was American Bonding, which lost 1 point, to 80, and Mechanics' Bank, which advanced 2 points on a small transaction. Sales—Shares, 1,205; bonds, $51,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	A. C. L. Con 4s	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
3,000	A. C. L. of Conn. 5-20s	93	93	93
2,000	Con. G., E. L. & P. 4½s	85½	85½	85½
3,000	Col. & Greenv. 1st	107	107	107
2,000	Con. Gas 4½s	95¾	95¾	95¾
8,000	Fair. & Clarks. Tr. 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼
1,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	42	42	42
3,000	Ga., Car. & North. 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼
2,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜
1,000	Md. & Penn. inc	64⅜	64⅜	64⅜
10,000	Seaboard 10-year 5s	99½	99½	99½
2,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	85	85	85
12,000	United Rys. inc	60½	60½	60½

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Am. Bonding	80	80	80
200	Con. Gas. El. L. & P.	50	50	50
80	Con. Coal	116¼	115½	116
65	Fidelity & Deposit	155	155	155
15	Farm. & Merch. Bank	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
100	Georgia & Florida	12½	12½	12½
200	Ga. Creek Coal & I.	122½	122½	122½
40	Houston Oil	8½	8½	8½
120	Md. Trust	106	106	106
10	Merchants' Bank	173	173	173
5	Mechanics' Bank	29	29	29
140	Seaboard Co. common	27¼	27	27
200	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales July 6, 1910	961,162
From Jan. 1, 1910	4,302,633
Corresponding period last year	5,073,063

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
250	280	20	Adams Express	270	270	270	270	...
14¾	15	500	Allis-Chalmers	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	...
54¼	54¾	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	54½	54½	54½	54½	− ¼
88	88⅛	54,350	*Amalgamated Cop	87½	88⅝	87	88	+1⅛
47	47½	400	Am. Agricul. Chem	47½	47½	47	47½	− ½
45¾	46	500	Am. Beet Sugar	46¼	46¼	46	46	− ¼
13⅛	13¼	1,500	Am. Can	13⅛	13⅜	13⅛	13⅛	...
80½	81	2,600	Am. Can pf	81	81½	80½	80½	− ⅝
71½	71⅝	900	Am. Car & Foundry	71⅛	71⅝	71	71⅝	+ ⅝
66¾	67½	100	Am. Cotton Oil	67	67	67	67	− ¼
103	107	10	Am. Cotton Oil pf	105	105	105	105	...
300	310	25	Am. Express	300	300	300	300	...
46¼	46¾	1,300	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	46½	47¼	46⅜	46½	− ½
25	26	400	Am. Ice Securities	25⅛	25½	25	25½	+ ⅝
17	17½	220	*Am. Linseed	16⅝	17	16⅝	17	+ ½
45¼	46	600	*Am. Linseed pf	45¼	45⅜	45	45⅛	− ⅜
60	60½	1,700	Am. Locomotive	60	60¾	59⅞	60¼	+ ¼
114	115	100	Am. Locomotive pf	114	114	114	114	...
40½	41	300	Am. Malt pf	41	41	40½	41	...
101¼	101⅜	17,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	100½	102⅛	100⅝	101⅜	+1
111½	112	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	111¾	111¾	111½	111½	− ¼
90	90¼	200	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	90½	90½	90¼	90¼	− ⅛
64½	65	200	Am. Steel Foundries	65	65	64¾	64¾	+ ¼
122¼	123	900	Am. Sugar Refining	122	122⅜	121¾	122¼	+ ¼
121	123	136	*Am. Sugar Ref. pf	121½	121½	121½	121½	−1
140	140¼	3,400	Am. Tel. & Tel	140⅜	140½	140	140⅛	− ¼
95	96⅜	200	Am. Tobacco pf	94¾	95	94¾	95	+ ¾
35¾	36½	500	Am. Woolen	36⅛	36⅛	35¾	35¾	...
102½	102¾	200	*Am. Woolen pf	103	103	102⅝	102⅝	− ⅛
52½	52¾	7,940	*Anaconda Cop. Min	51⅛	52¾	51⅛	52⅝	+2
121⅝	121⅞	23,600	Atch., Top. & S. F	121⅞	122¼	121⅜	121⅞	+ ⅝
103	104	1,150	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103¾	103⅞	103½	103⅞	+ ⅜
135½	136	700	Atlantic Coast Line	136	136¼	135¾	135⅞	− ¼
117⅞	118	4,300	Baltimore & Ohio	117¾	118⅛	117⅝	117⅞	+ ½
92	93	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	...
33	34	300	Bethlehem Steel	33⅛	33¼	33	33	− ¼
78⅝	78¾	1,130	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	78⅝	79	78⅝	78⅝	+ ½
160	161	1,800	Brooklyn Union Gas	160	161¼	160	160⅞	−1⅜
181	181¾	400	Canadian Pacific	180¼	181	180¼	181	+ ¾
47⅝	47⅞	2,425	Central Leather Co	47¼	47¾	47¼	47¾	+ ¾
108½	108⅞	500	Cent. Leather Co. pf	108½	108½	108½	108½	...
305	315	10	Central R. R. of N. J	305	305	305	305	...
116	120	10	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	117¼	117¼	117¼	117¼	...
90¾	90⅞	21,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	90⅛	91⅜	90⅛	90⅞	+1⅛
35¼	35½	1,800	Chi. Gt. West. new	34¾	35¾	34¾	35¼	...
62⅛	62⅝	1,400	Chi. Gt. West. pf. new	62⅛	62⅝	62	62⅛	− ⅜
..	..	500	Chi. Gt. Western pf. B t. r. 3d pd	30	30	30	30	−1½
154¾	155⅛	11,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	155¼	155⅜	154⅝	154⅞	− ½
171¼	172¼	275	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	172	172	171½	171½	+ ¼
178	179½	500	Chi. & Northwestern	179	179⅝	179	179⅝	+1⅝
215	230	100	Chi. & Northwest. pf	225	225	225	225	...
..	..	2,900	Chi. & N. W. rights	16	16	15¾	15¾	+ ⅛
3⅞	4	220	Chi. Terminal Trans	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+ ¼
4⅞	5¼	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta	5	5	5	5	− ½
80¼	81½	700	Clev., C., C. & St. L	82½	82⅝	81¼	81¼	+ ½
47⅞	48¼	8,100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	48	48⅜	47⅝	48	+ ⅛
115	130	100	Colorado Fuel & I. pf	116	116	116	116	+1
59¼	59½	3,415	Colorado & Southern	57½	60½	57¼	59½	+2
81	82	110	Col. & South. 1st pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	+ ¼
80	81	300	Col. & South. 2d pf	81	81	81	81	+ ½
91¼	91½	300	Col. & Hock. C. & I	91	91½	91	91½	− ½
158¼	158½	7,600	Consolidated Gas	158¾	159⅞	158	158¼	+ ½
22½	22⅞	7,175	Corn Products Ref	22⅝	23¼	22½	22⅝	+ ¼
85⅛	86	1,300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	85	85¼	85	85¼	+ ⅝
58	63	40	Crex Carpet	60	60	60	60	...
182	183	400	Delaware & Hudson	183	183	182	182	...
50	50⅜	2,400	Denver & Rio Grande	50⅜	51⅛	50	50¼	+ ¼
83	83½	400	Den. & Rio Grande pf	83⅛	83¾	83⅛	83¾	+ ¾
36	36½	400	*Distillers' Securities	36⅜	36⅜	36	36	− ½
17⅜	17⅞	220	Duluth, S. S. & A	17½	17½	17½	17½	− ⅜
33⅝	33⅞	4,000	Erie	33½	34⅛	33½	33⅝	+ ⅛
51	51⅜	3,900	Erie 1st pf	51	51¾	51	51	...
40¼	41	300	Erie 2d pf	41	41	40¼	40¼	−1½
160¼	160¾	5,500	General Electric	159	160⅞	159	160⅝	+ ⅞
141¾	142¼	2,700	Great Northern pf	141½	142¼	141½	141⅞	+ ⅜
79¼	79¾	1,300	*G. N. certs. ore prop	79	79¾	79	79¼	+ ¼
98	99¾	100	Havana Electric pf	98	98	98	98	−1
81	85	100	Homestake Mining	81	81	81	81	+ ⅞
146	146½	800	Illinois Central	146¼	146½	146	146½	− ¼
24	24⅛	6,500	Interborough-Met	23¼	24⅛	23¼	24⅛	+ ½
59⅞	60	5,500	Interborough-Met. pf	59½	60¼	58¾	59⅝	+ ⅛
121¾	122½	1,300	Int. Harvester	122	123	122	122	...
58½	60	100	Int. Paper pf. x d	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	+1
54¼	54½	14,550	Int. Steam Pump	51½	54½	51½	54½	+3
89¾	90	200	Int. Steam Pump pf	89½	89½	89½	89½	...
43¼	43½	550	Kansas City South	43	43½	43	43¼	+ ¼
114	114¼	6,050	Laclede Gas	113¾	114¼	113¾	114	+ ½
61½	63	300	Lake Erie & West. pf	61½	61½	61½	61½	+ ⅛
157¾	158	2,300	Louisville & Nash	158	158⅜	157¾	158	...
90¼	90¾	100	Mackay Cos	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	− ⅜
136	138	200	Manhattan Elevated	137	137	137	137	− ⅞
7¼	7½	400	Mercantile Marine	7¼	7¼	7	7¼	+ ¼
23¼	24	300	Mercantile Marine pf	23½	23¾	23½	23⅜	+ ¼
51	53	400	Minn. & St. Louis	53½	53⅝	53½	53⅝	− ½
139	139½	725	M., St. P. & S. S. M	139⅞	139⅞	138¾	139	− ½
92⅜	93	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M. l. l	92¾	92¾	92⅝	92¾	+ ⅜
49⅝	49⅞	22,450	Mo., Kansas & Texas	49⅝	50⅝	49½	49⅞	+ ⅝
73¾	74	300	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	74	74½	74	74½	+ ½
71⅝	71⅞	5,900	Missouri Pacific	70⅞	72⅝	70¾	71⅝	+ ⅞
110	115	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co	115	115	115	115	...
121	123	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	123	123	123	123	− ½
27¼	28	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	+ ⅛
88¾	89¼	2,600	Nat. Lead Co	89	89¼	88¾	89	+ ¾
110	111	600	Nat. Lead Co. pf	110	110	109	109	−1
25¼	25½	1,200	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	25⅝	25⅝	25	25¼	− ½
92	93¼	100	N. Y. Air Brake	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	− ⅞
123½	123⅝	10,600	N. Y. Central	123⅝	124	123¼	123½	+ ½
..	..	4,930	N. Y. Central rights	5⅞	5 15-16	5¾	5¾	+ ½
155	157½	600	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	157⅜	157¾	156½	156½	−1½
146¾	147¼	200	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs., 1st paid	147	147	147	147	−1
49	49¼	1,800	N. Y., Ont. & West	49⅝	49⅝	49	49¼	+ ⅝
98¾	99	3,500	Norfolk & Western	99¼	99½	98¾	98¾	...
89	90	100	Norfolk & West. pf	90	90	90	90	+ ⅝
82⅛	82½	1,000	North American	83	83	82¼	82¼	...
142¾	143¼	3,450	Northern Pacific	143¼	143½	142⅞	142⅞	− ⅛
116	118	13	Pacific Coast	118	118	118	118	...
41	41⅝	300	Pacific Mail	40½	40¾	40⅛	40¾	...
135½	135⅝	23,350	Pennsylvania	135½	136⅛	135¼	135⅝	+ ⅝
..	..	162	Penn. sub. cts., 1st pd	132¾	132¾	132¾	132¾	...
114¼	114¾	2,880	People's Gas, Chi	114¼	114⅞	113½	114⅛	− ⅛
27	29	100	Peoria & Eastern	27	27	27	27	...
103	103½	1,200	Philadelphia Co	103	103½	103	103	+ ⅞
99⅝	99⅞	2,555	P., C., C. & St. L	99¾	100	99¾	100	+ ½
26¼	26½	1,800	Pittsburg Coal	26¼	26½	26¼	26½	− ¼
82	83	1,500	Pittsburg Coal pf	83¼	83¼	82	82½	...
50	51	400	Pressed Steel Car	50½	50⅝	50	50⅝	+ ⅛
191	192	525	Pullman Company	189¾	191½	189¾	191½	+1⅜
4¼	4¾	200	Quicksilver pf	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	+ ⅞
49	51	1,200	*R'way Steel Spring	49	50¼	49	50¼	+1½
167⅛	167¼	92,100	Reading	167¼	168⅜	167⅛	167¼	+ ⅛
44½	45	1,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	44⅝	45	44½	44½	...
103⅝	104	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	103⅝	103¾	103⅝	103¾	− ¼
47¼	47⅜	115,100	Rock Island Co	48¼	48⅜	46¼	47¼	− ¾
86½	87½	2,700	Rock Island Co. pf	86½	87½	85¾	86	− ⅜
72	73	565	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	72½	73	72	72	+ ½
58¼	58½	300	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	58½	58⅛	58⅛	58½	+1
32⅞	33⅛	2,300	St. L. Southwest'n	32¾	33⅛	32¾	33	...
75¾	76¼	900	St. L. Southwest'n pf	76½	77⅛	76	76½	− ¼
81	83	100	South Port R. Sugar	81⅜	81⅜	81⅜	81⅜	−1¼
136½	136⅝	68,300	Southern Pacific	136½	137⅜	136⅜	136½	+ ⅛
32⅞	33	6,600	Southern R'way ext	32⅝	33¼	32⅝	33	+ ⅝
73⅝	73½	1,620	South. R'way pf., ext	73	73¾	73	73½	...
39	40	100	Tennessee Copper	39	39	39	39	− ½
35¼	36	8,200	Texas & Pacific	35¼	36⅛	35⅛	35½	+ ¼
18¼	18¾	1,525	Third Avenue	18⅜	18½	18	18¼	+ ½
11½	11⅞	200	Tol. R'way & Light	11¾	12	11¾	12	+ ½
53¼	53⅜	200	Tol., St. L. & West	53⅜	53⅞	53⅜	53⅜	− ⅝
71½	71⅞	800	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	71	71⅞	71	71⅞	+ ⅞
115½	116¼	260	Twin City R. Transit	116	116	116	116	− ¼
12	13½	100	Union Bag & Paper	12	12	12	12	+ ⅛
201⅜	201½	53,200	Union Pacific	201	202	200½	201⅜	+ ⅞
102¼	102⅜	1,800	Union Pacific pf	102½	102¾	102¼	102⅜	+ ½
112¼	112½	506	United Dry Goods pf	113	113	112½	112½	− ¼
70	71	300	United Rys. Inv. pf	71	71	70½	70½	− ½
83½	84½	210	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	− ⅛
116	120	200	U. S. Express	114	115	114	115	+3
83	84	200	U. S. Realty & Imp	83	83⅛	83	83⅛	− ⅝
50	50½	2,000	U. S. Rubber	50¼	50⅜	50	50	...
..	..	300	U. S. Rubber rights	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	...
115⅞	116¾	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	...
82½	83	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	82½	82½	82½	82½	− ½
87⅝	87¾	211,300	U. S. Steel	87½	88½	87¼	87⅝	+ ½
123⅞	124¼	1,600	U. S. Steel pf	123¾	124¼	123⅝	123⅞	+ ¼
59¼	59½	7,300	Utah Copper	58½	60¼	58¼	59¼	+ ⅝
53¾	53⅞	1,900	Va.-Caro. Chemical	53¾	54	53½	53¾	...
128	128½	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	128½	128½	128½	128½	+ ¼
21	25	75	Vulcan Detinning	23	23	22	22	...
77	88	110	Vulcan Detinning pf	80	80	80	80	+3½
25	25¼	7,000	Wabash	25¼	25½	24¾	25⅛	+ ⅞
57¼	57⅝	15,400	Wabash pf	57¼	57⅝	56½	57¼	+ ½
50¾	51¼	800	Western Md., 4th pd	51½	51½	51	51	...
75¾	76¼	500	Western Union Tel	76	76	75¾	75¾	− ¼
81⅝	81⅞	1,020	Westinghouse E. & M	81¼	82	81¼	81⅝	− ⅜
125	131¼	100	Westinghouse 1st pf	128¼	128¼	128¼	128¼	−3
22	23	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	22	22	22	22	− ¼

*Unlisted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	101	101¾
2s, c., 1930	101	..
3s, r., 1918	101¾	102½
3s, c., 1918	101¾	102½
4s, r., 1925	114½	115½
4s, c., 1925	115	116
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅝	101⅛
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅝	101⅛
Alb. & S.	286½	..
Am. Ag. C. pf.	99	..
Am. B. S. pf.	92	93¾
A. C. & F. pf.	118¾	120
Am. Coal	100	150
Am. D. T.	10	25
Am. H. & L.	7⅛	8
Am. Malt	6⅝	7
Am. Snuff	250	..
Am. Sn. pf.	95	100
A. T. & C.	70	77
Ann Arbor	15	20
Ann A. pf.	..	50
Batopilas M.	3½	4
Beth. S. pf.	63¾	66
Bruns. Ter.	17½	18½
B., R. & P.	101½	106
B., R. & P. pf.	133	138
B. & S. pf.	..	60
But'k Co.	33	34
Canada So.	67	69½
Chi. & Alt.	66⅛	66½
C. & A. pf.	68½	69
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	124
Chi., Ind. & Louis. pf.	65	80
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	153	160
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	175
Chi. Ter. T. pf.	12	..
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	10⅝	12
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	104	108½
Cleve. & P.	174¾	..
Cons. Coal	100	..
D. L. & W.	600	626
D. M. & Ft. D.	9	15
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.	..	65
D. & M. pf.	..	95

	Bid.	Asked.
Det. U. R.	63	65
D. S. S. & A. pf.	33½	34¼
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	87	88
Ev. & T. H.	56	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S.	70	79
F. M. & S. pf.	84¼	88
Gen. C. Co.	90	95
Gen. C. Co. pf.	103	105
Granby Con.	107	112
G. B. & W.	80	..
Hav. E. R.	..	100½
Hock. V. r.	..	123
Hock. V. pf.	..	92
Ill. C. l. l.	98	..
Inger.-Rand.	90	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	..
Int. H. pf.	126	127½
Int. Paper	15	15½
Int. Power	8¼	30
Iowa Cent.	28½	29
Iowa C. pf.	52	53
Jol. & Chi.	170	..
K. & M. r.	55	59
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	78	80
Kan. C. So. pf.	70	70¾
K. & D. M.	8	10
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45
Kings Co. El. L. & P.	128	133
Lacl. G. pf.	94	98
L. E. & W.	25	26
Lake Shore	300	400
Long Island	68	70
L. [illegible] W. C.	200	..
Mackay Cos. pf.	77	78
[illegible] C. R.	310	..
[illegible] Beach	3	6
Md. [illegible] pf.	50	70
Met. [illegible] R.	20	23
Mich. Cent.	135	160
M. S. T. pf.	92	..
M. & St. L. pf.	81	88
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	155½	157
N., C. & St. L.	139	142
Nat. En. pf.	96	100

	Bid.	Asked.
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	62¼	63
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y., C. & St. L.	62	65
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	105	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	90	95
N. Y. D. Co.	37	40
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	82	83½
Nor. Cent.	200	..
N. O. T. & L.	35½	37
Ont. Mining	2¾	3
Pac. C. 1st pf.	101	103
Pac. C. 2d pf.	115	118
Pac. Tel. & Tel.	45¼	46
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	90	98
Phelps-D'ge.	245	265
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	110	120
P., Ft. W. & C.	173⅛	..
Pr. St. Car pf.	106	108
Quicksilver	3½	3¾
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	104⅛	106⅜
Rdg. 1st pf.	93	93¾
Rdg. 2d pf.	105	108
Rens. & S.	200	..
R., W. & O.	124	..
Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	100	110
Rutland pf.	30	35
St. J. & G. Island	20	23
St. J. & G. Isl. 1st pf.	56	60¼
St. J. & G. Isl. 2d pf.	40	41½

	Bid.	Asked.
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	150	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	64	68
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	119
Sears-R. pf.	..	125
S.-S. S. & I.	86	87
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	118	119
So. P. R. S. pf.	110	113
So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	84⅛	90
Texas Cent.	35	..
Texas Cent. pf.	70	..
T. P. L. Tr.	88	89¾
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. C. R. T. pf.	140	145
Un. Bag & Paper pf.	73	77
Un. Cig. M. pf.	109	111
Un. Dry G.	110½	121¾
U. Rys. In.	41	41½
U. S. C. I. Pipe	31½	32
U. S. R. & Ref.	9	12
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	26	32
U. & B. R.	174	..
Va. I., C. & Coke	72	74
W. F. Exp.	170	190
West. Md. war.	50½	51¼
W. & L. E.	9½	10
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	11½	12¼
Wis. Cent.	49	49⅞

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The Treasury statement issued for to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Jan. 5.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,226,588	$2,402,880	$170,258,874
Internal revenue	674,234	1,977,053	139,005,456
Miscellaneous	132,675	475,037	22,469,702
Total receipts	2,033,499	4,854,970	331,734,033
Expenditures	2,360,045	5,864,553	356,663,587
Excess of disbursem'ts over receipts	326,546	1,009,583	24,929,493

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

	Sales.	Price.
U S 4s, cpn, 1925	20,000	115
Impri Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan	38,000	95¼
2d series	1,000	94¾
	44,000	95
4s, sterl loan	21,500	88½
	25,000	88⅜
	1,000	88⅝
Sao Paulo 5s	2,000	96½
Rep of Cuba 5s	1,000	102⅝
Va 6s defd, Brown Bros & Co ctfs	5,000	55
	5,000	53½
N Y City 4s, 1957	1,000	100½
N Y City 4s, 1958	20,000	100⅝
	3,000	100½
	61,000	100⅝
	7,000	100½
N Y City 4s, 1959	41,000	100½
N Y City 4½s, 1957	23,000	109⅝
	2,000	109⅞
new	1,000	109⅝
	1,000	109¾
Adams Express 4s	500	92
Allis-Chalmers 5s	7,000	84⅝
	20,000	84½
	11,000	84⅜
	7,000	84½
	1,000	84⅜
Am Ag Ch conv 5s	2,000	102
Am Hide & L 6s	1,000	101¼
	2,000	101⅛
Am T & T conv 4s	5,000	104⅛
	2,000	104¼
	2,000	104⅛
	27,000	104⅛
	28,000	104⅛
	2,000	104⅛
Am Tobacco 6s	4,000	106
Am Tobacco 4s	7,000	76⅛
	15,000	76½
	4,000	76¼
	13,000	76½
Ann Arbor 1st 4s	1,000	77½
	1,000	78
At, T & S F gen 4s	1,000	100¼
	9,000	100⅜
	10,000	100¼
	5,000	100⅜
conv 5s	1,000	121⅝
conv 4s	10,000	121¼
	10,000	120⅞
adjustment 4s	4,000	94⅛
Trans S L 4s	9,000	94⅛
Atl & Birm 4s	10,000	87
Atl Coast Line 4s	4,000	95½
At Coast Line, Lo & Nash col 4s	10,000	95
	3,000	94½
	2,000	94⅜
	5,000	94½
	5,000	94⅜
Balt & O gold 4s	10,000	99¼
	13,000	99
	1,000	99⅛
prior lien 3½s	14,000	92⅞
Sthwn div 3½s	5,000	90¼
	500	89½
	1,000	90½
Beth Steel 5s	8,000	88½
Bklyn Rap Tr refg conv 4s	10,000	80⅝
	5,000	80
Bklyn Un Elev 1st	1,000	102½
Buffalo Gas 5s	3,000	64
Cent Leather 5s	7,000	99
	2,000	99¼
Centl Pac gtd 4s	1,000	97⅝
	4,000	97¼
	5,000	97⅜
Ches & O con 5s, gen 4½s	5,000	103
fund 5s	1,000	105½
Ches & O con 5s	1,000	114¼
C & O, R & A div 1st con 4s	3,000	98
Chi & Alton R R 3s	1,000	76
	2,000	75⅝
Chi & Alton 3½s	1,000	74⅞
Chi, B & Q gen 4s	4,000	99⅞
	1,000	99⅜
	13,000	99⅝
	33,000	99½
Chi, B & Q joint 4s	1,000	96⅜
	73,000	96⅜
	5,000	96⅜
	5,000	96⅝
	15,000	96½
Ill div 4s	7,000	100¼
Ill div 3½s	5,000	89⅛
Nebr ext 4s	1,000	100
Chi, Mil & St Paul gen 4s, Ser A	138,000	100
	53,000	100⅛
Chi & Nthw ext 4s	19,000	99⅞
C, R I & P gen 4s	3,000	98¾
Chi, R I & Pac Ry refundg 4s	14,000	91¾
	1,000	91⅛
	71,000	91¼
	25,000	91⅛
	8,000	91½
	11,000s10f	91⅜
	25,000	91½
C, R I & P R R 4s	15,000	81⅞
	5,000	81⅝
	69,000	81¾
	18,000	81⅝
	15,000	82
	4,000	82⅛
	17,000	82
	8,000	82½
	6,000	82
Chi, R I & Pac R R col trust 5s	1,000	102⅞
Chi, St L & N O gold 5s	5,000	117¼
Col & South ref & ext 4½s	4,000	97¾
	1,000	98
Del & Hud conv 4s	1,000	102
1st & ref 4s	11,000	100¼
lien eqpt 4½s	1,000	101⅞
Den & R G con 4s	1,000	93½
Den & R Gde 1st & ref 5s	10,000	94⅜
	16,000	94½
Dis Sec Corp 5s	10,000	74½
Erie 1st gen 4s	11,000	76¼
	5,000	76½
Erie conv 4s, Ser A	10,000	81½
	5,000	81¼
Series B	23,000	72½
	27,000	72
Gen El conv deb 5s	500	146
	5,000	147¼
H & St Jo con 6s	6,000	101¼
Hock Val 1st 4½s	2,000	102½
Ill Cent refundg 4s	8,000	99⅜
Inter-Metro 4½s	5,000	82¾
	27,000	83
	10,000	82⅞
	50,000	82¾
	1,000	83
	5,000	82¾
	13,000	82⅞
Int Rap Tr 5s	30,000	103⅝
Interb R T conv 6s	10,000	104
Int & Gt Nor 6s	4,000	110
Int & Gt Nor 2d 5s, Tr ctfs of dep	10,000	106⅜
Iowa Cent ref 4s	1,000	76½
K C, Ft S & M 4s	1,000	82⅜
Kan City So 5s	3,000	102⅝
Kentucky Cent 4s	3,000	97⅛
Keok & Des M 1st	500	100
L S & M So 4s	10,000	95⅝
L S & M So 4s, 1931	14,000	95⅛
Lo & N unified 4s	1,000	100¼
	10,000	100⅛
	3,000	100⅛
Manhattan con 4s	5,000	98
Man con 4s, tax ex	5,000	99⅛
	5,000	99¼
Man con 4s, tax ex	25,000	99⅜
Mer Mar col tr 4½s	18,000	70½
Mex Cent con 4s	2,000	96⅞
Mich State T 5s	1,000	99
Milwaukee Gas 4s	1,000	91⅝
Mo, K & T 1st 4s	4,000	99⅜
Mo, K & T s f 4½s	7,000	90½
	10,000	90¼
Mo Pacific 4s	1,000	81⅞
	4,000	81⅜
	1,000	81⅞
	2,000	81⅜
	3,000	81⅝
Nas Elec R R 4s	14,000	81½
	1,000	82
Nat Rys of M gen 4s	2,000	88⅝
Nat R R of Mexico 1st con 4s	2,000	84
N Y C & H R R R deb 4s, 1934	2,000	95
	2,000	95½
gen 3½s	1,000	91⅞
L Sh col 3½s	2,000	80½
	18,000	80⅜
	2,000	80⅜
	5,000	80⅜
N Y Dock 4s	5,000	93⅝
N Y G, E L, H & P pur money 4s	3,000	84¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	4,000	133⅝
	1,000	133⅞
	10,000	134
	1,000	133⅞
conv 3½s	15,000	100⅝
non conv deb 4s, 1956	1,000	95¼
N Y, O & W ref 4s	2,000	96½
Norf & W conv 4s	25,000	101⅜
	20,000	102
	5,000	102¼
	47,000	102
	10,000	101¾
New River 6s	1,000	124
North Pac 4s	500	102¼
	5,000	102
Nor Pac gen 3s	1,000	73½
	500	73¾
Ore R & N con 4s	1,000	98½
	3,000	98¼
Ore Short Line gtd refg 4s	3,000	94⅜
Pac Tel & Tel 5s	5,000	99½
	3,000	99⅝
Penn conv 3½s	5,000	101½
	1,000	101¼
1915	30,000	96½
Penn 4s, 1948	9,000	104½
	2,000	104⅝
Peo & E inc 4s	9,000	67
Pere Mar ref 4s	20,000	78½
	15,000	78⅞
	10,000	79
Reading gen 4s	2,000	99¾
	6,000	99⅝
	5,000 c	99⅜
	2,000	99⅞
	12,000	99⅝
St L I M & So gen 5s	11,000	109⅝
Riv & Gulf 4s	3,000	87¼
	1,000	87⅝
St L & S F R R gen 5s	2,000	88⅝
	14,000	88½
	15,000	88⅝
	2,000	88⅝
ref 4s	3,000	85
	20,000	84½
Seaboard A L Ry refunding 5s	1,000	99½
South Pac 4s	15,000	91⅜
South Pac conv 4s	10,000	105⅛
	78,000	105½
	36,000	105⅜
	31,000	105½
	50,000	105¾
	25,000	105⅝
	119,000	105¾
	3,000	105⅝
	25,000	105½
	30,000	105⅝
	27,000	105⅝
	59,000	105½
	6,000	105⅝
So Pac ref 4s	7,000	94⅞
	4,000	94⅝
	10,000 c	94⅞
	1,000	94⅞
South Ry 1st 5s	5,000	110½
South Ry gen 4s	13,000	81¾
	2,000	81½
	5,000	81¼
	43,000	81
M & O col 4s	2,000	90
Tenn Coal, I & R gen 5s	1,000	104
Tex & Pac 1st 5s	10,000	112
Third Av con 4s	10,000	69½
	10,000	69
Cent Trust Co ctfs stamped	125,000	68
Underground Elect Rys of London 4½s	500	83½
Union Bag & P 5s stamped	3,000	96¼
	1,000	96½
Un Pac 1st 4s	18,000	101⅞
	6,000	101
	1,000	101¼
	9,000	101⅛
Un Pac conv 4s	2,000	115⅜
	11,000	115
	25,000	114¾
Union Pac 1st & ref 4s	5,000	98
United Railroads of San Fran 4s	2,000	73
U S Rubber 6s	4,000	104½
U S Steel Corp s f 5s	3,000	104⅞
	25,000	104⅜
	3,000	104⅞
	64,000	104⅜
	12,000	104½
	9,000	104⅝
	18,000	104½
	2,000	104¾
Wabash 1st 5s	7,000	112¼
Wabash ref & ext 4s	10,000	76¼
	10,000	76⅜
	40,000	76¼
	1,000	76¼
	10,000	76⅛
	20,000	76½
	5,000	76⅝
	18,000	76½
	5,000	76⅝
	13,000	76½
	10,000	76⅜
	10,000	76¼
	3,000	76⅜
	10,000	76¼
	10,000	76½
Wabash Pitts Ter 1st	24,000	51½
Trust Co ctfs	87,000	51½
	6,000	51¾
	2,000	51½
	1,000	51
Wabash Pitts 2d	28,000	11
Trust Co ctfs	10,000	11
	20,000	11⅛
	72,000	11
West Md 4s	2,000	85⅝
	1,000	85½
	4,000	85⅝
West Shore 4s	1,000	101⅛
West Un Tel col tr 5s	8,000	100
Western Union conv 4s, Series A	2,000	102⅜
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s	6,000	98
	19,000	92¼
Wis Cent, Sup & DuluDiv & Term 4s	2,000	92¼
Wis Cent gen 4s	12,000	94¼
	9,000	94
	1,000	94¼

MINING BONDS.

	Sales.	Price.
Comstock Tun 1st 4s	$2,000	20

Total sales Jan. 6, 1910	$3,680,000
From Jan. 1, 1910	18,270,500
Corresponding period last year	28,808,520

If you want high-class help, see Page 17.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Sluggish Market on the Curb Extends to Kerr Lake, Which Sags Materially.

TRADING IN LESS VOLUME

Many of the Copper Issues Close Even with Opening Prices After Light Trading—Miami Off 1 Point.

Recessions were general in the Curb list yesterday and trading was in much smaller volume than has been the usual experience in recent markets. Kerr Lake, which has gone up in the face of recessions in the general market, also felt the effect of the indifferent sentiment yesterday. Transactions of only 12,000 shares were reported against 30,000 on Wednesday, and the price fell off from 10 13-16 to 10⅝, the close being 10 7-16, 9-16 below the high level of Wednesday. Coppers for the most part moved narrowly, many closing even with the opening levels. Miami closed 1 point below Wednesday's last price and Ray Consolidated gained 1 point.

⁂

The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
77	Am. Tobacco	426	426	422	422
1,500	June Oil	20	22	20	22
750	Manh. Transit	2¼	2½	2⅛	2 1-16
100	Standard Mill	20	20	20	20
35	Standard Oil	661	661	660	661
400	Un. Cig. Mfg.	91⅞	92	91⅞	92
2,410	U. S. L. & H.	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
20	U. S. L. & H. pf.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
300	Chi. Subway	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½
200	K. C., M. & O.	19⅝	19½	19⅝	19½
400	St. L. & S. F., when releas.	43¼	43¼	42⅞	42⅞
150	S. S. Trac.	54½	54½	54⅜	54⅜

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
8,500	Boston Cop.	21½	22	21⅝	21½
100	Brad. Cop.	4 13-16	4 13-16	4 13-16	4 13-16
600	Brit. Col. Cop.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
100	Butte Coalition	27½	27½	27½	27½
3,000	Butte & N. Y.	2	2	1⅞	2
1,400	*Carisa	50	51	50	51
3,000	Chino Cop.	12⅛	12½	12⅛	12¼
6,000	*Cobalt Cent.	21	21½	20½	21
1,200	*Comb. Frac.	38	39	38	39
500	*Com'l Min.	51	51	51	51
8,000	Con. Ar. Sm.	3 7-16	3½	3⅜	3 7-16
400	Davis-D. Cop.	4½	4½	4⅜	4½
500	Dolores M. Co.	7½	7½	7½	7½
200	El Rayo	2 13-16	2⅞	2 13-16	2⅞
3,000	Gila Copper	9⅝	9⅞	9½	9⅝
6,000	Giroux Min.	11½	12	11½	11¾
2,800	Goldf. Con.	7⅞	7⅞	7 11-16	7 11-16
1,500	Greene-Can.	11¼	11⅜	11⅛	11¼
8,900	*Greenwater	12	12	10½	11
3,000	Harc. Cop.	57	59	57	59
1,200	Insp. Cop.	9⅝	†9⅞	†9 11-16	9 13-16
12,000	Kerr Lake	10 13-16	10 13-16	10⅜	10 7-16
75	*La Rose Con.	5	5	4 13-16	4 13-16
200	*McKin.-Dar.	82	82	82	82
400	Mason Valley	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
8,500	Miami Copper	28	28	27¼	27½
200	Mont. Corbin	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
1,000	Mines Co. of A.	50	50	50	50
1,500	Nev. Con. Cop.	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26⅝
1,600	Nov. Smelt.	1	1 1-16	1	1 1-16
2,400	N.-U. M. & S.	1 7-16	1 9-16	1 7-16	1½
500	Nip. Mines Co.	10⅛	10⅜	10⅛	10¼
850	Ohio Copper	5½	5½	5⅜	5⅜
2,000	*Otisse	19	19	19	19
2,700	Pacific Smelt.	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1⅝
500	Precious Met.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
4,000	Ray Central	3½	3⅝	3½	3 9-16
3,000	Ray. Cons.	25½	25½	26⅜	26⅛
1,500	Silver Leaf	13	13½	13	13½
300	Tenabo M. & S.	2	2	2	2
300	*Tonopah Ex.	70	70	70	70
500	*Tramps Cons.	5	5	5	5
200	Tri-Bullion	1	1	1	1
2,300	Tularosa	1½	1½	1⅜	1½
2,700	Union Mines	2	2⅛	1 15-16	2⅛
5,800	*United Rico.	23	25	23	25
150	Yuk. G. M.	4 15-16	4 15-16	4 15-16	4 15-16

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
$14,000	C. G. W. 4s, w. i.	91	91	91	91
250	Con. Ariz. S. 5s	60	60	60	60
4,000	Mo. Pac. 5s, less interest	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
10,000	N. Y. Tel. 4½s w. i.	98⅜	98⅜	98¼	98¼
35,000	West. Pac. 5s	97⅞	98	97⅞	97⅞

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	Jan. 6. Bid.	Jan. 6. Asked.	Jan. 5. Bid.	Jan. 5. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	421	422	423	429
Am. Writing Paper	2¼	3½	2¾	3½
Am. Writing Paper pf.	25	27	25	27
Am. Light & Traction	301	303	301	303
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110
Borden's Cond. Milk	119	121	119	121
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	106	107	106	107
Boston Cop.	21½	21¾	21⅝	21⅝
Brit. Col. Cop.	8½	8½	8½	8¾
Braden Copper	4⅝	4⅞	4¼	4⅞
Butte Coalition	27⅝	27⅝	27½	28
Chicago Subway	4½	4¾	4½	4⅞
Combination Fraction	38	40	38	40
Cobalt Central	20¼	21¼	21	22
Davis-Daly Copper	4⅝	4½	4½	4¾
Goldfield Con.	7 11-16	7 3-16	7 13-16	7 15-16
Greene-Cananea	11⅛	11⅜	11⅜	11½
International Salt	4	8	4	8
Kerr Lake	10⅜	10½	10⅜	10⅞
Manhattan Transit	6	7	..	..
Mason Valley	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2¼
Miami Copper	27⅛	27¼	28¼	28⅝
Nevada Con. Copper	26⅝	26¾	26⅛	26⅞
N. Y. Transportation	6	7	6	7
Nipissing Mines Co.	10⅛	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
Ohio Copper	5 5-16	5 7-16	5 7-16	5½
Pope Manufacturing	80	85	80	85
Pope Mfg. pf.	85½	86½	85½	86¼
Ray Central	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
Ray Con.	26	26½	26	26½
St. L. & S. F., w. rel.	42	43	42	43
Seaboard	26½	27½	26½	27¼
Southern I. & S.	22	24	22	24
Southern I. & S. pf.	52	56	52	56
South. Utah M. & S.	3¾	4	3¾	4
Standard Milling	19⅝	20¼	19½	20
Standard Milling pf.	57⅝	58½	57⅝	58½
Standard Oil	659	663	660	665
Tonopah Mining	6⅞	7	6⅞	7
Tri-Bullion	1	1 1-16	1	1 1-16
United Cigar Manuf.	90	92	91	92
United Copper	8½	9	8⅝	8⅞
U. S. L. & Heat	2⅝	2¾	..	..
U. S. L. & Heat. pf.	8½	8¾	..	..
Western Pacific 5s	97⅞	98	97⅞	98
Yukon Gold Mining	4⅞	5	4⅞	5

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—With the arbitrage stocks scoring sharp recoveries it was but natural that the general local list should show marked strength this morning. In the afternoon, however, the general tone again became reactionary, and most of the morning gains were canceled. The close was irregular.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Amal Asbestos	30¼	30¼	30¼
520	Amal. Copper	88½	88¼	88½
57	American Cement	27	27	27
118	American Railways	49	48	49
241	Anaconda	50	49⅝	50
125	American Smelting	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜
5,777	Cambria Steel	49⅝	48⅞	49¼
130	Con. Traction of N. J.	77½	77	77
740	Electric Storage	61⅛	60⅝	60⅞
1,026	General Asphalt	31⅝	31½	31⅝
605	General Asphalt pf.	82½	81½	82½
30	Ins. Co. of America	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
101	Lake Superior Corp.	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜
503	Lehigh Navigation	122	122	122
145	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	122¼	122	122
12,430	Lehigh Valley	109	106⅞	107¼
100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	50	50	50
10	Northern Penn.	100½	100½	100½
578	Pennsylvania	67⅝	67⅜	67 13-16
1,055	Philadelphia Co.	51⅝	51½	51⅝
110	Philadelphia Co. pf.	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
175	Philadelphia Electric	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛
17	Phila. National Bank	300	300	300
520	Phila. Rapid Transit	27½	27⅜	27⅜
83	Philadelphia Traction	88	88	88
25	Pacific Mail	41¼	41⅛	41¼
130	Reading	84	83⅜	84
200	Rock Island	48¼	48⅛	48⅛
100	Tonopah Belmont	⅞	⅞	⅞
510	Tonopah Mining	6 15-16	6⅞	6⅞
6	Trust Co. of N. A.	118	118	118
225	Union Traction	52¼	52	52
3	United Cos. of N. J.	250	250	250
1,484	United Gas Imp.	94¼	94	94¼
11,395	U. S. Steel	88⅝	87⅜	87⅝
110	Warwick I. & S.	11⅛	11⅛	11½
270	West. N. Y. & Penn.	5½	5⅛	5½
114	W. J. & S. S.	55	55	55

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4s, May, '59, l'chg	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
4½s, May, '57, l'chg	109⅝	109¾	109⅝	109¾
4½s, Nov., '57, l'chg	109⅝	109¾	109⅝	109¾
4½s, May, '17, l'chg	103	103½	103	103½
4s, May, '57, l'chg	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
4s, Nov., '58, l'chg	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
4s, Nov., '56, reg	100	100½	100	100½
4s, Nov., '36, reg	99¾	100½	99¾	100½
3½s, Nov., '55, l'chg	89¼	89⅞	89¼	89⅞
3½s, May, '54, coup	89¼	89⅞	89¼	89⅞
3½s, May, '54, reg	89	89⅝	89	89⅝
*6s, Nov., '10, rev	102⅝	103	102⅝	103
Rects 4s, May, '59	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜

*Coupon or registered.

To keep in touch with developments in the bond, stock, money, grain, cotton, and metal markets, investors consult The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Reliable quotation tables and correspondence from all parts of the world on financial topics. Mailed to any part of the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

Wanted
50 Albany Trust Co.
100 Amer. Dist. Telegraph of N. J.
100 Amer. La-Fr. Fire E. Co. Com.
100 Childs Company Com.
200 City & Suburban Homes.
100 Federal Sugar Pfd.
100 General Chemical Pfd.
100 Ingersoll-Rand Pfd.
100 Pope Manufact'g Com. & Pfd.
20 Union Typewriter 1st Pfd.
25 Union Typewriter Com.
100 U. S. Ind. Alcohol Pfd.
50 U. S. Light & Heating Pfd.

For Sale
150 American Manufacturing.
200 American Thread.
100 Barney & Smith Com.
100 Federal Sugar Com.
100 Gt. Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.
100 Nat. Light, Heat & Power Com.
100 U. S. Industrial Alcohol Com.
25 Union Typewriter 1st Pfd.
50 Union Typewriter 2nd Pfd.
100 Union Typewriter Com.

Hallowell & Henry
Tel. Br. 4997. 52 Beaver St.

WILL BUY:
100 American Vanadium..........Offering
5 Buffalo Gas 1st 5s..........@ 64½
50 Cripple Creek Cent'l Pfd....@ 47½
100 Electric Boat Common.......@ 25
100 Flannery Bolt & Nut..........Offering
100 Kings Co. E. L. & Power......@130
2 Park & Tilford 6s..........@ 96
10 Syracuse R. T. 2d 5s..........Offering
100 United Bank Note Pfd..........@ 52½
25 Vanadium Sales Co..........Offering

WILL SELL:
10 Atlas Portland Cement 6s.....@110
4 Hecker Milling Deb. 6s........@ 92
1 N. Y. & Cuba Mail S. S. 5s...@ 77
25 Ogden Gas 1st 5s, 1945......@ 95
100 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.......@136
65 Texas Central Pfd..........@ 82½
50 Texas & Pacific Coal..........Bid
100 Thomas Iron Co..........@ 60
100 Trenton Potteries Com..........@ 7½
17 Union Typewriter 1st..........@113½
10 Union Typewriter Com..........@ 63½
Bonds "and interest."

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25 BROAD STREET - - NEW YORK
'Phones: 4294-5-6-7-8-9 Broad.

Trowbridge & Co.
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Members New York Stock Exchange
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111 Broadway 134 Orange St.

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100 American Coal Products
200 American Type Founders Com.
100 American Type Founders Pfd.
50 Delaware, Lackawanna & West. Coal
200 Fidelity Fire Ins.
200 Sen-Sen Chiclet

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Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities of Railroads and Other Corporations in the United States and Elsewhere.
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United Electric Co. of N. J. 4s.
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B. H. & F. W. PELZER
'Phone 6060 Hanover. 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

First Mortgage Railroad Bonds to Net 5%
Price and particulars on application.
CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN,
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POPE MAN'F'G COM. & PFD.
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Cleveland & Pittsburg 3½s
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HOGGSON BROTHERS Inc.
Designers and Builders of Fine Residences
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Pfd. and Common Shares
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Bonds of villages in New York to net 4.10%, tax exempt.
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Send for January circular covering offerings of many desirable municipal issues for investment.
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Orders may be telegraphed at our expense.

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Lack. & Wyo. Valley Rap. Trans. 5s, 1951
Am. Brake Shoe & Fdry. Stocks
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EXAMINATIONS & REPORTS
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Dealers Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
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We are offering securities yielding an income from % to 6½%, particulars of which we will send on request.
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Guayaquil & Quito 1st 5s, 1932
Bush [illegible]nal Cons. 5%, 1955
Lexington Eastern Gen. 5%, 1935
Utah [illegible]thern 1st Mtge. 5%, 1926
Dallas [illegible]co Guar. 5%, 1940
Kan. [illegible] Mex. & Orient 4%, 1951
[illegible]UNGE & CO.
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Result of Rock Island Gymnastics.

The erratic movements of Rock Island common in the last two weeks were bound to bring out, sooner or later, the report which similar movements in stocks always produce, namely, that the issues involved incurred the dislike of bankers as security for loans. It is usually found, when reports of this kind are run down, that somebody has put into a batch of collateral which he is offering as security for a loan at a bank an undue amount of the particular stock in question. There are a good many reasons why Rock Island common should form only a moderate proportion of the entire collateral offered as security for a loan, but there seems to be no good reason why it should be discriminated against beyond this. The stock always labored under the disadvantages of paying no dividends and of having only restricted voting rights. This was bad enough, but now it has developed the further unlovely characteristics of the disciples of St. Vitus.

⁂

Money in Irrigation Bonds.

It would be highly interesting to know just what part the appearance of irrigation, drainage, and timber bonds in volume in the last year has played in the failure of the January reinvestment movement to appear. The higher cost of living the country over has forced many people whose income from bonds bearing low rates has heretofore been sufficient to cover their expenses and leave something over to seek a bond of greater yield. The excellent results produced by irrigation and drainage and the enormous and steady demand for timber has served to make attractive bonds secured by such properties, particularly so since they yield from 5 to 6 per cent. They are not listed on the larger Exchanges, so that the trading in them is not a matter of record, although there can be little doubt that it is large enough to account in a considerable degree for the dullness of the less remunerative bonds dealt in on the Exchanges.

⁂

A Record in Car Loading.

December provided unexpected records in a business way, but one which had been looked for and came in according to schedule was that relating to the New York Central car loading during that period. The New York Central lines in December handled a total of 1,674,123 carloads, an increase of 162,894 loads over the loading of the same period last year. This is the largest car movement in the history of the roads for this month. For the entire year 1909 these lines handled 19,243,191 carloads, an increase of 2,728,866 loads over the year 1908, and again of 87,479 loads over the record year, 1907.

⁂

St. Paul Earnings.

The report of the St. Paul's Pacific Coast Line, the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway, for November, issued yesterday, showed gross earnings of $1,044,000, compared with an average of about $835,000 a month for the previous three months, for which the road has submitted reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission. The operating expenses for November were $436,272, and the net earnings $608,516, bringing the net earnings for the four months from Aug. 1 to Nov. 30 up to $2,130,012. The operating income, after the payment of taxes, was $691,491 for November, and $2,067,133 for the four months. On the basis of this showing the Puget Sound is earning about $6,200,000 a year applicable to bond interest and dividends. The annual interest requirements on its outstanding bonds, all of which are held in the treasury of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, are $4,000,000 a year. On the basis of the four months' showing this would leave $2,200,000 available for dividends on the Puget Sound's stock, which, like the road's bonds, is all held by the old St. Paul. At the rate at which the road's traffic has been growing it may well be, however, that the balance available for dividends at the end of the twelve months will be above this figure.

⁂

Mystic Figures in Cotton.

When cotton was at its lowest in yesterday's bear market some one noticed that at 15.27, the bottom level of the May option in the heavy selling of the morning, the decline from the high price of 16.46 cents a pound reached at the crest of the late rise, Dec. 30, amounted to 119 points, or $5.95 a bale. This is exactly the extent of the decline which followed the burst of popular enthusiasm on the bull side which first carried cotton above 15 cents early in the Fall. At that time the price for May went to 15.38 cents a pound, only to decline again to 14.19 cents a pound under almost similar conditions of over-extended accounts and stop-loss orders, which brought about the slump of the last two days. One difference is that this time the break has been brewing for a week.

⁂

Nervous Over Rock Island Findings.

Professional Wall Street has not yet recovered from the uneasiness engendered by last week's episode in Rock Island. The possible outcome of the affair was more a subject of gossip yesteraday than at any time since its enactment. Brokers speak with certainty of a big stick in pickle for the firm which distributed a big batch of the buying orders that put the stock up so suddenly, though the ground for discipline the Exchange authorities will find is variously guessed at. Yesterday the greatest interest centred in potential consequences to those behind the brokers. The argument that the displeasure over the affair in banking circles would force a number of resignations from banking and industrial directorates was not generally regarded as sound.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Jan. 6.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	7⅞	8	Old Gold ..	4	4⅜
Elkton	69½	70	McKinney..	44½	50
El Paso	63	64	Portland....	86⅞	90
Gold Dollar.	11	12	Vindicator..	75	76
Isabella	18⅜	18⅞	J. Sample...	8	8½
Jackpot	7	7¼			

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Sixty-two hundred shares of Comstock Tunnel sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday at 34 cents@31 cents@32 cents.

Sixty-five shares of Fourth National Bank stock sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday at 203@202, and 191 rights at 2@1¼.

N. W. Halsey & Co.'s January circular offers a variety of municipal, railroad, and public utility bonds, yielding from 3.85 to about 6 per cent.

The United States Rubber Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. on the first preferred stock (including all outstanding old "preferred" stock) and a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the second preferred stock of this company, to stockholders of record on Jan. 15, payable Jan. 31.

More than half of the $2,300,000 5 per cent. Iroquois Iron Company's first mortgage bonds offered by Lee, Higginson & Co. and the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, have been placed. At the price the income yield is 5½ per cent. Eventually, through the serial maturity feature of this new bond issue, the Iroquois Iron Company will own a plant addition which involves more than 100 per cent. increase in capacity without any capitalization against it.

Spencer Trask & Co. are offering $4,000,000 first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of the Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company at 103 and interest, yielding about 4.80 per cent. More than three-fourths of the $4,000,000 bonds already have been sold. The property which the new issue covers shows a cost Dec. 31, 1908, of over $8,310,000, or more than twice the outstanding new issue. The capital stock authorized is $6,500,000, of which there is now outstanding $5,364,400, and upon which regular dividends are being paid.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—The undertone in the local market showed some improvement to-day, and prices with few exceptions are higher as a result of the day's trading. Lake Copper was the particular feature of strength, gaining 4 points, to 72¾, on transactions of over 6,000 shares. Copper Range sold up to 84¾, and Superior Copper advanced 3 points. North Butte was about the only weak spot, recording a further decline to 45, the lowest point yet reached on the present movement. The general list closed steady at the advance.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	93	93	93
2,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
9,000	A., G. & W. I. SS. 5s	73	72½	72½
500	Central Vt. 1st 4s	89	89	89
300	Central Vt. 4s, reg	85	85	85
75,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
5,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	96¼	96¼	96¼
6,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101½	101½	101½
2,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98½	98½	98½
1,000	N. E. Cotn. Yarn 5s	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
10,000	New River 5s	79	79	79
1,000	United Fruit 4½s	96¼	96¼	96¼
	RAILROADS.			
450	Atchison	122⅛	122	122
300	Atchison pf	103½	103⅜	103½
125	Boston Elev	136½	135¾	135¾
100	Boston Elev., $80 pd.	106	106	106
9	Boston & Albany	232	232	232
25	Boston & Maine	148	148	148
5	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	117	117	117
50	Fitchburg pf	132	132	132
210	Mass. Electric	18	18	18
100	Mass. Elec. pf	80	80	80
637	N. Y., N. H. & H.	157¾	156½	157
150	N. Y., N. H. & H., 25 per cent. paid	148½	147½	148
1	West End	94	94	94
	TELEPHONES.			
1,695	American	140½	140	140¼
1	New England	187	137	137
914	Western	18	16¾	18
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
420	Am. Agr. Chem	47¾	47	47
627	Am. Agr. Chem. pf	103	101½	102½
135	A., G. & W. I.	11	11	11
280	A., G. & W. I. pf	28	27¾	27¾
310	Am. Pneu. Service	7⅝	7½	7½
60	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf	20¼	20¼	20¼
120	Am. Sugar Rfg	122	122	122
100	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf	122	121½	121½
176	Am. Woolen pf	103¼	103	103¼
10	C. F. & I.	48	48	48
150	East Boston Land	11½	11½	11½
330	Edison	247¼	247	247¼
330	Edison rights	4	3⅞	3⅞
114	General Elec	160½	159	160½
437	Mass. Gas	82½	82	82½
146	Mass. Gas. pf	95¼	95	95¼
31	Mergenthaler	215	215	215
96	N. E. Cotton Yarn	123¼	123⅛	123⅛
3	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf	112¼	112	112
67	Pullman	190	190	190
50	Rotary Ring	13¼	13¼	13¼
30	Seattle Elec.	115¾	115¼	115½
10	Seattle Elec. pf	104½	104½	104½
47	Swift	108⅞	108⅜	108⅞
10	Torrington pf	27½	27½	27½
50	Torrington, Class A.	34¼	34¼	34¼
15	United Fruit	167½	167½	167½
1,131	United Shoe	69	68	69
60	United Shoe pf	30½	30½	30½
3,335	U. S. Steel	88½	87¼	87¾
9	U. S. Steel pf	123½	123½	123½
	MINING.			
345	Adventure	6½	6⅛	6¼
5,390	Amalgamated	88⅝	87⅛	88
15	Allouez	56	56	56
255	Am. Zinc	39½	38	39½
505	Arcadian	8½	8¼	8¼
1,890	Arizona Com'l	48¾	48	48¾
100	Arnold	80c.	80c.	80c.
25	Atlantic	11½	11½	11½
381	Boston Con	22	21⅞	21⅞
1,025	Boston Corbin	22¾	22	22½
100	Butte Balaklala	12⅛	11⅝	12⅛
330	Butte Coalition	28	27½	28
80	Calumet & Arizona	101½	101	101
10	Calumet & Hecla	670	670	670
205	Centennial	36½	36	36⅜
1,405	Copper Range	84¾	83⅛	84
860	East Butte	12¾	12¼	12½
125	Elm River	1⅝	1¼	1¼
195	Franklin	18	17¾	17¾
4,668	Giroux	12⅛	11⅝	11¾
160	Granby	111¼	110	111¼
1,434	Greene-Cananea	11½	11¼	11⅜
1,580	Hancock	33¾	31	32½
25	Helvetia	5¾	5½	5½
80	Isle Royale	27¼	27¼	27¼
1,820	Kerr Lake	10⅞	10⅜	10½
405	Keeweenaw	5⅞	5⅛	5¾
6,037	Lake	72¾	68¾	71½
315	La Salle	17	16½	16¾
385	Mass.	5½	5¼	5½
3,121	Miami	28	27⅜	27½
245	Michigan	7	7	7
450	Mohawk	67½	66	67½
1,400	M., C. & C.	5c.	5c.	5c.
264	Nevada	26½	26¼	26½
100	Newhouse	4	4	4
275	Nipissing	10¼	10	10¼
7,675	North Butte	46¾	45	45½
320	North Lake	8⅛	8	8⅛
170	Ojibway	10¾	10¼	10¼
255	Old Dominion	53½	53	53¼
61	Osceola	165	161	165
250	Parrot	21½	20¾	20⅛
59	Quincy	90	88	89
170	Santa Fe	2¾	2⅝	2¾
1,795	Shannon	18	17½	17½
1,367	Superior	65½	62	65½
470	Superior & Boston	16½	15⅝	16
315	Superior & Pittsburg	16¼	16	16¼
180	Tamarack	78	75	77
780	Trinity	11	10¼	10½
100	U. S. Oil	37¼	37¼	37¼
800	U. S. Smelting	53⅞	53¼	53¾
515	U. S. Smelting pf	52½	52¼	52½
310	Utah-Apex	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
90	Utah Con	45	45	45
75	Utah Copper	59½	58¼	59½
955	Winona	12⅛	11¾	11⅞
350	Wyandotte	2½	2½	2½

SAVINGS BANKS.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK
23RD ST. Northeast Corner 6TH AVE.
The Trustees have ordered interest credited to depositors January 1, 1910, at the rate of 4% per annum on all sums of $5 and upward to $3,000.
Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1910.
Accounts can be opened and Deposits made by mail.
Booklet "Banking by Mail" will be sent on application.
WILLIAM J. ROOME, Pres.
JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Sec'y.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
280 Fourth Avenue, Dec. 16th, 1909.
181ST SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.
The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the Six Months ending December 31st, 1909, at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after Jan. 20th, 1910.
The dividend will be credited to depositors as principal January 1st, 1910.
Deposits made on or before January 10th will draw interest from January 1st, 1910.
WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
CHARLES A. SHERMAN, Secretary.
JAMES KNOWLES, Comptroller.

AMER. BRAKE SHOE COM. & PFD.
AMER. POWER & LIGHT COM. & PFD.
AMER. GAS & ELEC. COM. & PFD.
CENTRAL RWAY. SYNDICATE
CITY INVESTING CO.
KAS. CITY, M. & ORIENT BDS. & STKS.
INTERNATIONAL SILVER COM.
N. Y. & CUBA MAIL STEAMSHIP 5s, 1932
ROCHESTER, SYR. & EASTERN 5s, 1945
UTICA BELT LINE 1ST 5s, 1939
WM. M. CLARKE
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STRONGEST IN WORKING CAPITAL
Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

$4,000,000
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.
First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds

Dated April 1, 1909. Due April 1, 1939. Interest payable April 1 and October 1. In coupon form, $500 and $1,000 each. Principal may be registered. Redeemable on April 1, 1924, at 107½ and interest, and thereafter, due notice being given, on any interest date at a price decreasing at the rate of ½ of 1% yearly to maturity. Authorized issue, $30,000,000. Outstanding, $4,000,000.

Of the $4,000,000 bonds outstanding, a sufficient amount will provide for the retirement of $1,700,000 first mortgage 5% bonds (old issue) called for payment at 110 and interest on April 1, 1910, and $1,500,000 first and general morrgage 6% bonds called for payment at 100 and interest on May 1, 1910.

Having sold more than three-fourths of these bonds we offer the balance, subject to sale, at
103 and interest, yielding about 4.80%.

Holders of the old issue of first mortgage 5% bonds and the general mortgage 6% bonds, desiring to exchange the same for the new issue of first mortgage 5% bonds, are requested to communicate with us.

We summarize the conditions which are of prime importance in determining the intrinsic value of the security:

1. A well-known and growing municipality, the population of the territory served by the Company being conservatively estimated to be at least 525,000.

2. An established business of many years' standing, with a large earning power of steady yet consistent growth. The net income for 1908, after payment of taxes and insurance, is reported as $802,388.08, **equal to over four times the annual interest on the $4,000,000 bonds of this issue now outstanding.** The earnings to latest date show a substantial increase over those for the same period of 1908.

3. Experienced and capable management, combined with low capitalization. The property which the first mortgage 5% bonds will cover shows a cost December 31, 1908, of $8,310,729.11, **which is more than twice the amount of the $4,000,000 bonds of this issue now outstanding.**

4. **The mortgage provides that beyond the first $5,000,000 bonds, additional bonds can be issued only to the extent of 80% of the cost of improvements made or property acquired hereafter; and when issue is made of any part of the remaining $25,000,000 bonds the net earnings for the preceding year shall be equal to at least twice the amount of the interest for one year on all of these bonds outstanding, as well as upon the bonds then to be issued.**

5. Capital stock authorized, $6,500,000, of which there is at present issued $5,360,400. **The Company's property could not be reproduced for its capitalization, including both stock and bonded indebtedness.**

6. Franchises unlimited, both as to time and also as to the scope of the Company's business in the electric lighting field.

A member of our firm is a Director of the Company, with the administration of which we have for many years been identified. The preferred and common stocks are held largely by discriminating investors who are clients of our firm.

The legal proceedings and mortgage have been approved by Messrs. Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, Cleveland, Ohio, counsel for the Company, and our attorneys, Messrs. Masten & Nichols, New York City.

The facts relating to these bonds are fully set forth in a letter furnished us by Mr. Samuel Scovil, the Vice-President and Treasurer of the Company, copies of which will be furnished by us upon request.

We recommend the bonds as a sound investment.

Spencer Trask & Co.
BRANCH OFFICES: Albany, N. Y. Boston, Mass. Chicago, Ill.
William and Pine Streets, New York.

WHICH BONDS TO BUY?—NO. 2
A comparison of a dozen railroad bonds affording relatively high returns, together with our reasons for the selection of investments of this character.
Jackson & Curtis
Members New York and Boston Stock Exchanges.
1 Nassau Street, NEW YORK
19 Congress Street, BOSTON

SAVINGS BANKS.

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION
Broadway, Cor. Bleecker.
117th SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
Dec. 23d, 1909.
The Trustees of this Institution have declared interest at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on all sums not exceeding $3,000 remaining on deposit during the three or six months ending on the 31st inst., payable on and after Jan. 17, 1910.
Deposits made on or before Jan. 10, 1910, will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1910.
JOSEPH BIRD, President.
FRANK G. STILES, SECRETARY.
CONSTANT M. BIRD, Ass't Secretary.

Metropolitan Savings Bank
1 and 3 THIRD AVE., (opp. Cooper Institute.)
CHARTERED 1852.
113th DIVIDEND
New York, Dec. 14th, 1909.
INTEREST FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING DEC. 31ST, 1909, at the rate of
Four Per Cent. Per Annum
will be credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $3,000.
INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 19TH, 1910.
MONEY DEPOSITED on or before January 13th will draw interest from January 1st.
JONATHAN B. CURREY, President.
EDWARD SHERER, Secretary.

THE FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK
Corner 8th Avenue & 42d Street
98th semi-annual dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after January 17th, 1910
Deposits made on or before Jan'y 10th will draw interest from the 1st.
Wm. G. Conklin, Pres.
J. Hallock Waring, Sec.

HARLEM SAVINGS BANK
125th St. and Lexington Ave.
THE TRUSTEES HAVE DECLARED A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND AT THE RATE OF
4%
per annum on all deposits entitled thereto, according to the by-laws, from $5 up to $3,000, payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1910. Money deposited on or before Jan. 10th, 1910, will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1910.
WILLIAM A. TROTTER, President.
THOMAS R. EBERT, Secretary.

EAST RIVER SAVING BANK
(Incorporated 1848)
280 BROADWAY & 53 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK.
SURPLUS OVER 12%
THE 123RD SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
has been declared at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT per Annum
Deposits Made on or Before Jan. 10th will Draw Interest from Jan. 1st.
D. S. RAMSAY, Pres. C. A. WHITNEY, Sec.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

SAVINGS BANKS.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK
31 W. 34th St. bet. 5th & 6th Aves.
88TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
A dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum has been declared and credited to depositors on January 1, 1910, on sums of $5. to $3000.
Money deposited on or before January 10, will draw interest from January 1.
Bank open 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Mondays 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.
Saturdays 10 a. m. to 12 m.
Samuel D. Styles, President
Fred'k N. Cheshire, Sec. & Treas.
George T. Connett, Asst. Treas.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION
115 Chambers St., N. Y.
The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1909, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum, on all sums from $1 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws, payable on and after Monday, January 17th, 1910.
Deposits made on or before Jan. 13th will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1910.
W. H. B. TOTTEN, President
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary
H. E. TENER, Jr., Chairman of Finance Committee

MAIDEN LANE SAVINGS BANK
170 Broadway—Corner Maiden Lane
4% a semi-annual dividend at the rate of 4% per annum will be credited January 1, 1910, on all sums entitled thereto.
Money deposited now and up to January 10 will draw interest from January 1. Deposits received from 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.
J. Heynen, Secretary
Louis Windmuller, President

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue.
Jan. 1, 1910, dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1.
WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK
S. E. Cor. 6th Ave. and 16th St.
INTEREST AT THE RATE OF FOUR PER CENT.
4% PER ANNUM will be credited depositors for the SIX MONTHS ENDING DEC. 31 on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws, payable January 17.
Deposits made on or before JAN. 10 will draw interest from JAN. 1, 1910.
JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treas.
J. HAMPDEN ROBB, FRANCIS M. BACON, Jr., Secretaries.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
5 & 7 Park Place, N. Y.
116th Semi-Annual Dividend
4% Per Annum Payable on and after Jan. 17, 1910. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1910.
H. F. Hutchinson, Prest. W. H. Rose, Secty.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY
Broadway & 73rd St. 55 Cedar St. 8th Ave. & 125th St.
Pays interest on deposits subject to cheque and allows special rates on time deposits. Issues foreign and domestic letters of credit. Prepares and certifies municipal and corporation bonds and acts in all fiduciary capacities
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $6,000,000

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York.
LONDON, 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

Franklin Trust Company
166 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN 140 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Acts in every fiduciary capacity. Allows interest on Demand and Time Deposits

Tax Exempt Investments
Yielding from 4% to 5½%
Tax Date Jan 10th
In the past, investment in tax-exempt obligations in this state has been confined largely to municipal bonds and guaranteed stocks yielding a comparatively low income return. Since the enactment of the recording mortgage tax law, however, a number of railroad, public service corporation and industrial bonds have also become available for tax-exempt investment.
We offer several issues of this character, protected by ample surplus earnings,
To Yield from 4% to 5.50%
Manhattan Tax Rate........$16.78 per $1,000
Brooklyn Tax Rate..........$17.37 per $1,000
Full particulars on application.
WILLIAM SALOMON & Co
BANKERS
25 Broad Street NEW YORK
181 La Salle Street CHICAGO

The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York
59 Liberty Street, New York
STATEMENT OF CONDITION, JANUARY 1, 1910

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Mortgages	$5,433,271.40	Capital	$2,000,000.00
U. S. and other Bonds	21,284.00	Surplus	400,000.00
Interest Receivable	97,350.46	Undivided Profits	78.043.83
Discount Account	153,042.50	Mortgage-Bonds	2,608,700.00
Cash	113,383.87	Mortgage Certificates	692,700.00
		Interest Payable	38,888.40
	$5,818,332.23		$5,818,332.23

OFFICERS
RICHARD M. HURD, President
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD, GEORGE A. HURD, Vice-Presidents
MORTON C. COGGESHALL, Treasurer
CECIL C. EVERS, Secretary
GURDON M. MAYNARD, Asst. Secretary

Southern Pacific Railroad Co.

First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000, in the year 1909, in trust, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,809.40 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this company at its office, 120 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the 31st day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

Dated December 27th, 1909.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE holders of the bonds of the AMERICAN CIGAR BOX LUMBER COMPANY, issued under date of May 1st, 1903, and secured by deed of trust to the Empire State Trust Company, (now the Empire Trust Company,) that sealed proposals for the sale of any of said bonds outstanding under said deed of trust will be received at the office of the Trustee, the Empire Trust Company, 42 Broadway, New York City, or at the office of the American Cigar Box Lumber Company, Norman and Morgan Avenues, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, at any time on or before the 25th day of January, 1910, and that bonds offered at the lowest price, not exceeding par and a premium of five per cent., will be accepted and paid for by the Trustee from the moneys in the sinking fund to the extent of said moneys in said sinking fund.

Dated New York, December 23d, 1909.
WILLIAM E. UPTEGROVE, President American Cigar Box Lumber Company.

6.89% PER ANNUM
Guaranteed income and a participation in the increasing value of a permanently owned estate.
SURPLUS *INDEBTEDNESS*
$23,035—1902 $256,587—11 times surplus
$765,907—1909 $445,713—less than 2-3 surplus
For Particulars Address Metropolitan Dept.
New York Realty Owners
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
356 Fifth Ave. 60 Broadway
100 West 125 St. 3d Ave. & 148 St.

MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY
WALL STREET CORNER NASSAU

Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company

FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF 1913.

Notice of Election to Redeem

To all Holders of above Bonds:

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY (an Iowa corporation), having elected to redeem the entire issue of its aforesaid **FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF 1913**, at a premium of two and a half per cent. (2½%) and accrued interest, pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of Article Four of its trust agreement with **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK**, Trustee, dated May 1, 1903, securing said bonds, HEREBY GIVES NOTICE that it will, on **FEBRUARY 1, 1910**, redeem the entire outstanding amount of said bonds at par, with a premium of two and a half per cent. (2½%) and the accrued interest on said bonds to the date of redemption above designated. The Railroad Company requires that, on and after said redemption date, said bonds, accompanied by all appurtenant unmatured coupons, be presented for redemption and payment at the office of **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK**, No. 54 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., said office having been designated the agency of the said Railroad Company for the purpose of the aforesaid redemption and payment. Interest on all said bonds will cease from and after said February 1, 1910.

Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company.
By GEORGE T. BOGGS, Treasurer.

No other form of investment gives so much comfort with so high a return as our guaranteed mortgages.
BOND and MORTGAGE GUARANTEE Co
Capital & Surplus - - $7,500,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF CENTRAL OF Georgia Third Income Mortgage Bond Scrip No. 501, for $300, in the name of Anna C. Robertson, or bearer, has been lost and its transfer has been stopped. All persons are hereby called upon to show cause why a new certificate, in place of the one lost, should not be issued. MARIE B. TURNER, Administratrix of Estate of Anna C. Robertson, deceased.

First Mtge. 6% Railway Bonds with stock bonus. Denominations $100-$500. Particulars on request.
CHARLES H. BABCOCK, JR., & CO.,
Tel. 3737 Rector. 7 Pine St.

CUT BANK OF ENGLAND RATE.

Directors Reduce Discount Figure from 4½ to 4 Per Cent.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—The Directors of the Bank of England, at the regular weekly meeting to-day, reduced the minimum rate of discount from 4½ to 4 per cent.

This action was generally anticipated, and was due principally to the more plentiful money supply, as well as the fact that the open market discount rate was more than 1 per cent. below the Bank's minimum rate of 4½ per cent.

The market hardly anticipates a further reduction in the Bank rate before April, in view of the prospective new issues and the continued inquiry for gold for French and Indian account.

The effect of the lower rate on the Stock Exchange was speedily discounted by the announcement of the early issue of a new Indian 3½ per cent. loan, amounting to $37,500,000, which will be offered at 96½. Indian stock and other gilt-edged securities eased off and consols dropped to 82¼, a decline of ⅜, but recovered part of the loss later.

THE FOREIGN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Money was plentiful and easy on the market to-day, and discount rates were lower.

Trading on the Stock Exchange started hesitatingly and depressed, the decline in New York yesterday and rumors of an early issue of a $37,500,000 Indian loan being the chief causes of the decline. Consols fell ⅜ and Indian stocks a point. The announcement of the lower bank rate helped a slight recovery. With Brazilian bonds improving and Paris buying foreign securities, the market closed more cheerful, although home rails and Kaffirs failed to respond to the better feeling.

Despite the weakness in Wall Street yesterday, American securities opened from ¼ to ¾ above parity. The market became stronger on covering orders and the reduction in the bank rate, and at noon was steady and from ¼ to 1¼ higher. Later fears of further liquidation in New York checked business, and when Wall Street sold Rock Island shares prices declined freely. Near the close New York bought Southern Pacific and Chesapeake & Ohio, and caused a sharp recovery. The close was irregular.

Bar silver, steady at 24 3-16d per ounce.

Money, 2@2½ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market, for short bills, 3¼ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3¼@3 5-16 per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—On the Bourse to-day prices opened firm, but closed heavy.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 12½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 17½c for checks.

BERLIN, Jan. 6.—Prices opened weaker on the Boerse to-day, but later reacted and closed firm.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve	Inc.	£1,068,000
Circulation	Inc.	7,000
Bullion	Inc.	1,075,768
Other securities	Dec.	5,558,000
Other deposits	Dec.	1,071,000
Public deposits	Dec.	846,000
Notes reserve	Inc.	947,000
Government securities	Inc.	2,796,000

Bank of France.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation increased	146,100,000
Treasury deposits decreased	29,050,000
General deposits decreased	57,475,000
Gold in hand decreased	7,350,000
Silver in hand decreased	2,025,000
Bills discounted increased	45,500,000
Advances increased	27,825,000

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	82⅜	..	..	— ¼
Consols, account	82 9-16	..	..	— ¼
Anaconda	10½	51¼	50¼	+ 1
Atchison	125	121⅝	121¼	+ ⅛
Canadian Pacific	185¾	180⅞	180¼	+ ⅝
St. Paul	159⅜	155½	155⅜	+ ⅛
Erie	34⅞	34	33½	+ ½
Erie 1st pf	53⅛	51⅞	51	+ ⅞
Illinois Central	150½	146½	146¾	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash	162⅜	158½	158	+ ½
N. Y. Central	126⅜	123	123	..
Pennsylvania	69½	135⅝	135	+ ⅝
Reading	86	167⅝	167⅛	+ ¼
Southern Pacific	140⅞	137⅛	135⅝	+ 1½
Union Pacific	207	201⅛	200⅛	+ 1
U. S. Steel	90½	88	87⅛	+ ⅞
U. S. Steel pf	127¼	123⅞	123⅝	+ ¼

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 8 0	Esperanza	2 18 9
Tomboy	0 18 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 7 6	Stratton's Ind	0 3 3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The Daily Consular and Trade Report for to-morrow notes the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4,357—DYESTUFFS.—A letter has been received from the office of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C., relative to obtaining information in regard to the best quality of dyestuffs for the dyeing of wools for the use of the Navajo Indians in New Mexico and Arizona in making blankets. Such dyestuffs should be susceptible of application without any elaborate process of the use of machinery. The colors desired are black, gray, red, blue, yellow, and brown.

4,358—SHOE POLISH MATERIALS.—An American Consul in Mexico furnishes the name of a business man in his district who wishes to buy in large quantities lithographed shoe polish paste boxes made of tin. He also wants ceresin and carnauba wax, bottles for liquid shoe polish, corks for same, felt and sponges for making swabs, and fat-black for use in liquid and paste polish.

4,359—GATE CONSTRUCTION.—Minister H. Percival Dodge at Tangier, Morocco, reports that a contract is to be let for the construction of four gates in the ramparts of Tangier. The award will be made public on March 1, 1910.

4,360—GLASS JARS.—A letter has been received from a firm in Porto Rico asking to be placed in communication with American manufacturers of glass jars. The jars are wanted for the packing of olives, and must be provided with patent stoppers and rubbers. The sizes most required are those with a capacity of half, quarter, and one-eighth gallons, and smaller sizes, which could be selected from samples. Payments will be made by New York bankers against delivery of shipping documents. Prompt shipment of orders is especially desired.

4,361—CHEMICALS FOR TANNING AND FINISHING LEATHER.—An American Consular officer in Russia reports that a business man in the city in which he is located wishes to hear from manufacturers of chemicals used in the tanning and finishing of leather. References will be furnished.

4,362—KHAKI AND CALICO CLOTHES.—Consul General Lewis M. Iddings of Cairo, Egypt, forwards specifications and a tender form for the supply of khaki and calico clothes to the Department of Public Health, Cairo, for the year 1910.

4,363—KNITTING MACHINERY.—A letter has been received from a business man in Brazil stating that the owner of a knitting mill there would like to have catalogues of machinery for making stockings. A machine is wanted that will make a stocking with stripes running around and also vertically.

4,364—PLATE GLASS MIRRORS AND ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.—A business man in Mexico desires to communicate with manufacturers in the United States of plate glass mirrors about 24 by 50 inches in size. He is also interested in electrical supplies. An American Consul has forwarded his name and address.

4,365 — CATALOGUES OF AMERICAN GOODS.—The American Consular agency at Omsk, Siberia, has made a request for catalogues from the leading manufacturing and exporting firms in the United States who desire to extend their trade to that country. Prices, discount sheets, and terms of payment should always be given. All communications should be sent to address indicated above.

4,366—TIN PLATE MACHINERY.—An important iron and steel company in Europe has informed an American Consular officer that it is in the market for tin plate machinery made in the United States. This company may be addressed in the English language, and manufacturers should send descriptive catalogues and prices at once.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	98	98¼
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	96¾	97⅛
Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s, Jan., 1910	100	100¼
Atl. Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100⅛	100¾
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99⅞	100⅜
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100⅜	101
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	103½	104
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	98	99
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99¾	100
Lake Shore 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100	100⅛
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99	99¾
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100⅛	100⅜
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100⅛	100⅜
Southern 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101⅛	101⅝
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100⅛	100⅝

Interest to be added.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Firm—Corn and Oats at New High Records—Cotton Excited and Very Irregular, Closing Firm.

There was an irregular, unsettled market in wheat, with prices late developing quite decided firmness, and closed a little under the top. The news was comparatively bullish. Cables were higher and the Argentine reports were unfavorable. The market, however, after opening up sold off, and at times developed considerable pressure. The outside markets, however, were strong, and cash wheat was very firm. There was a good demand for Manitoba wheat for export, and bids were at a good level, but offerings were held at a price which prevented operations.

Late the markets were influenced by the strength and excitement in corn and by a late Argentine estimate reducing the export surplus 15,000,000 bushels. Practically all now of the export estimates are below 90,000,000 bushels, and some as low as 72,000,000 bushels, compared with 97,000,000 bushels for the past year, and the estimate for the first week's shipments was only 4,000 bushels, against 856,000 bushels a year ago, showing the effect of the delay in the Argentine movement as a result of the bad weather and disappointing yields.

Cash wheat was very firm, but inactive. No. 2 red, elevator, was quoted at $1.29, to arrive, domestic; $1.29 free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.29; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.29½, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.19⅞.

Corn was strong and active all day, closing at the highest prices of the year. The advance early started on the continued bad weather. There were snows east of the Mississippi, following the heavy rain of the preceding day. Country offerings were small, and there was good buying by commission houses. Later there developed an active covering movement. The report has been insistent for the last day or two that a leading elevator interest has been a heavy buyer of corn and is the leading long interest, its position being influenced to some extent by the very high price for live hogs, affording approximately 20¢ a bushel profit for the corn fed to live stock over its market value. Against this interest has been the Patten interest, which is credited with being still heavily short of the market.

Cash corn was firm, with only a moderate car lot trade. No. 2 corn was 71c, elevator, domestic. Export rates were: No. 2, 69½c; No. 3, 68¾c; No. 4, 68c, and steamer, 68½c.

Oats were strong also, selling at new high records. There was good buying of the future market on the light receipts, strength of cash oats, and active interior demand for cash oats for Eastern shipment. The close was at top prices and at new high levels. Cash oats were firm and higher, with natural whites 52 to 54c on track; white clipped 52½ to 55½c, and mixed, 49½c.

Provisions were fairly active and also strong, closing at an advance for the day. The decided strength in feeding grain, small movement of hogs, and advance of live hogs to record prices for the season brought in a good deal of speculative buying.

NEW YORK FUTURE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.21⅝	$1.20⅝	$1.21¼	$1.20¾
July	1.11⅞	1.10⅞	1.11¾	1.11
Corn—				
May	..	..	76¼	75¼
Oats—				
May	..	..	50⅜	50½

Curb 2:30 P. M., May—Wheat, $1.21½. Puts, $1.20¾@$1.20⅞. Calls, $1.22½@$1.22⅝.

CHICAGO FUTURE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
January	..	..	$1.15¼	..
May	$1.14⅛	$1.13¼	1.14⅛	$1.13⅜
July	1.04	1.02⅞	1.03¾	1.03
September	99½	98¾	99¼	99⅛

2:30 to 2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.13⅞@$1.15½; downs, $1.13¾@$1.13⅝.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Corn—				
January	..	..	64	63
May	68⅜	67¼	68⅜	67¼
July	69	67½	68⅞	67⅝
September	69	67½	69	67½

May ups, 68⅝@68⅞c; downs, 68@67⅞c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Oats—				
January	..	..	46⅜	45⅝
May	48	47	47⅞	47⅛
July	45	44⅛	45	44⅛
September	42	41⅜	42	41⅜
Lard—				
January	12.70	12.60	12.60	12.60
May	12.20	12.10	12.20	12.07½
July	12.12½	12.05	12.12½	12.02½
Ribs—				
January	11.62½	11.55	11.62½	11.50
May	11.65	11.57½	11.62½	11.52½
July	11.62½	11.57½	11.62½	11.52½
Pork—				
January	22.10	22.00	22.02½	21.80
May	22.12½	22.00	22.10	21.90
July	22.12½	22.05	22.12½	21.95

COTTON.

There were violent fluctuations in cotton with enormous trading. Prices broke violently at the start, recovered, again broke, but there was heavy buying in the last hour and the close was very steady, excepting on January, which was down 22 points. The opening decline was due to the weakness of Liverpool. That market broke heavily over night as a result of the American decline and heavy American selling in Liverpool. The New Orleans market was very weak on the curb late Wednesday, and there were big orders to sell cotton put in by the bear interests, while the selling by commission houses on account of the enormous overnight margin calls flooded the market.

The bull interests apparently stood aside at the opening and let the market break. On the decline the buying by the Western bull interests became quite pronounced, but the buying by the brokers usually acting for the Scales interests was of moderate proportions. A rumor was circulated that the bulls were abandoning the market, and this precipitated a good deal of selling. This was emphatically denied both by Mr. Scales and Mr. Patten, and both were advising the purchase of cotton. There was a great deal of covering by the interests which took part in the drive of the previous night and the early morning and a large amount of cotton was taken off the market.

The market was so unsettled, however, by the enormous break of between $6 and $7.75 a bale from the recent high and $5 to $7.50 from the high of Wednesday, that the trade was to a certain extent demoralized. There was enormous selling on exhausted margins, it being impossible to get at a good many holders of cotton on account of the rapidity of the break and on account of the poor wire service.

The report from Fall River that print cloths had advanced ⅛c and the reports of unexpected steadiness in the spot markets of the market helped on the late rally. On this rally it was stated that a leading spot interest was a prominent buyer, while the buying by Scales and Patten brokers was active, and it was stated that Mr. Scales bought very freely through new channels and in that way absorbed a large amount of cotton.

Southern spot markets were lower generally, ranging from unchanged prices to ⅜ decline, but the loss in price was very small considering the decline in futures. Bull interests confidently asserted that the break had shaken out a large amount of weakly held long cotton and that the market was, in a technical position, much stronger than for weeks past and would readily respond to new bull impetus.

Spot cotton quiet, 50 decline; middling uplands, 15.30; middling Gulf, 15.55. Deliveries on contract were 9,900 bales.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
January	15.20	14.95	15.13@15.15	15.35
February	....	....	15.15@15.20	15.35
March	15.49	15.04	15.34@15.37	15.40
April	15.39	15.14	15.43@15.45	15.48
May	15.67	15.27	15.61@15.63	15.60
June	15.58	15.23	15.58@15.60	15.51
July	15.65	15.20	15.62@15.64	15.57
August	15.30	14.79	15.15@15.25	15.22
September	14.05	13.72	14.00@14.03	14.60
October	13.52	13.15	13.39@13.40	13.40
December	13.00	13.00	12.99@13.05	13.10

The market closed steady at 22 decline to 7 advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee prices moved within a very narrow range, opening at unchanged to 5 points decline, and closing at net unchanged for the day. Sales amounted to 14,350 bags. There was a very quiet demand, but after some early selling the market developed a steady undertone, with sentiment still bullish on the firmness in the spot situation. Havre showed a decline of ¼, but Hamburg advanced ½ pfennig. Brazil was also steady, with Rio 25 reis higher and Santos unsteady. The spot market was inactive. Lower grades of coffee are very scarce, especially Rio No. 7, which is the standard grade of the Exchange. Spot coffee firm, 8¾c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
January	..	..	6.85@6.90	6.85
February	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.90
March	7.00	7.00	7.00@7.05	7.00
April	..	..	7.05@7.10	7.05
May	7.15	7.10	7.10@7.15	7.10
June	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15
July	7.20	7.20	7.20@7.25	7.20
August	..	..	7.20@7.25	7.20
September	7.20	7.20	7.20@7.25	7.20
October	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15
November	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15
December	7.15	7.15	7.15@7.20	7.15

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.20	Julia	.18
Alpha Con	.14	Justice	.20
Andes	.25	Kentucky Con	.15
Belcher	1.30	Lady Wash. Con	.19
Best & Belcher	.90	Mexican	1.85
Bullion	1.20	Occidental Con	.38
Caledonia	.68	Ophir	2.15
Challenge Con	.42	Overman	.74
Chollar	.37	Potosi	.68
Confidence	1.47	Savage	.57
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.57	Seg Belcher	.12
Con. Imperial	.09	Sierra Nevada	.69
Crown Point	.38	Union Con	.96
Gould & Curry	.49	Utah Con	.15
Hale & Norcross	.58	Yellow Jacket	1.40

Silver bars, 52½; Mexican dollars, 46@48; drafts, sight, par to 2½ cents premium; telegraph, 3@5 cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.01
Belmont	.88	Daisy	.09
Jim Butler	.09	Goldfield C. M.	7.87
McNamara	.26	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.18	Jumbo Extension	.14
Montana	.82	Kendall	.03
North Star	.01	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Extension	.69	Red Hills	.03
West End	.22	St. Ives	.08
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.08
Atlanta	.10	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Montgomery Mtn.	.02
Combination Fract.	.37	Tramps Cons.	.05

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

Room traders on the Consolidated Stock Exchange closed the day with market opinions decidedly "mixed." The nervousness of the day before, however, was absent, although there was still a disposition in many quarters to await the publication of the President's message before operating heavily. Commission house business was on an extensive scale. Total sales for the day aggregated 112,001 shares, distributed among seventy different issues.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
7,940	Amal. Cop.	87½	88¾	87⅛	87⅝
50	Am. B. Sugar	46¼	46¼	46	46⅛
110	Am. Can	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
80	Am. C. & F.	71½	71½	71½	71¼
10	Am. Ice	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
30	Am. Locomo.	59⅝	60¼	59⅝	60¼
4,810	Am. Smelting	100⅜	102	100⅛	101½
50	Am. Sugar	122	122	121½	122
500	Anaconda C.	51¼	52¼	51¼	51¼
620	A., T. & S. F.	121⅛	122½	121⅛	121⅞
160	Balt. & Ohio	118	118⅜	117¾	117¾
400	Brook. R. T.	79	79	78⅞	78⅞
440	Cent. Leather	47⅜	47⅜	47¼	47¼
1,020	Ches. & Ohio	90⅞	91¼	90⅞	91
10	Chi. Gt. W. 3d paid	23	23	23	23
200	C. Gt. W. new	35¼	35⅝	35¼	35⅝
130	Chi. Gt. W. pf. new	62¼	62⅝	62¼	62⅝
1,700	C., M. & St. P.	155⅝	155⅝	154¼	154¾
1,020	Col. F. & I.	48	48⅜	47¾	48¼
110	Col. Southern	58¼	60⅛	58¼	60
740	Consol. Gas	158½	159⅝	158	158¼
210	Corn Products	22⅝	23	22⅝	23
220	Den. & R. G.	50¼	51⅛	50	50¼
200	D. & R. G. pf.	83	83⅜	83	83⅜
10	Dist. Secur.	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼
720	Erie	33¼	34	33⅜	33⅞
10	Erie 1st pf.	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞
10	Erie 2d pf.	40⅜	40⅜	40⅜	40⅜
90	Gt. North. pf.	141⅝	142	141⅝	141⅞
610	Inter.-Met.	23½	24⅛	23½	23⅞
200	Inter.-Met. pf.	59⅝	59⅞	59½	59⅞
50	Int. Pump	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾
50	Int. M. M. pf.	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼
10	Kan. City So.	43	43	43	43
130	Louis. & Nash.	158¼	158⅜	158	158
1,050	M., K. & T.	49⅞	50¼	49⅝	50
590	Mo. Pacific	71⅝	72½	71	71⅝
21	Mo. P. rights	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
150	Nat. Lead	88¼	89¼	88⅛	89
10	N. Mex. 2d pf.	25½	25½	25½	25½
280	N. Y. Central	123⅝	124¼	123⅞	123⅞
10	N. Y. C. rts.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
10	N. Y., O. & W.	49⅛	49⅛	49	49⅛
50	Norf. & West.	99⅛	99½	99⅛	99⅛
10	North. Amer.	83	83	83	83
70	Nor. Pacific	143	143⅜	143	143⅜
70	Pacific Mail	40⅜	41	40⅜	40⅞
880	Penn.	135⅜	136⅛	135⅜	135⅞
80	People's Gas	113⅝	114⅛	113⅝	113⅝
100	Pitts. Coal	26½	26¾	26¼	26½
20	Rwy. Springs	49½	49½	49½	49½
20,540	Reading	167½	168⅜	167¼	167⅞
20	Rep. Steel	45	45	45	45
40	Rep. Steel pf.	103⅜	103⅜	103¼	103¼
5,370	Rock Island	48⅛	48¼	46¾	47
10	Rock Isl. pf.	86¼	87	85⅞	87
20	St. L. Southw.	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜
9,030	South. Pac.	136⅝	137⅜	136⅝	136⅞
690	South. Ry.	32⅞	33¼	32⅞	33
50	Tenn. Copper	39	39	39	39
110	Texas Pac.	35⅜	35⅞	35	35½
70	Third Av.	18⅜	18⅜	18	18¼
14,870	Union Pac.	201	202	200⅞	201¼
170	U. S. Rubber	50¼	50¼	50	50
33,670	U. S. Steel	87⅜	88⅜	87⅜	87⅞
60	U. S. Steel pf.	123⅝	123⅞	123⅝	123⅞
90	Utah Copper	59	60	59	59⅞
50	Va.-Car. Ch.	53¼	54⅛	53¼	53⅞
390	Wabash	25⅛	25⅛	24⅞	25
890	Wabash pf.	57⅛	57⅜	56⅞	57⅛
112,001					

MINING STOCKS.

350	Alice	2.00	2.25	2.00	2.25
1,100	Atlanta	.10½	.10½	.10½	.10½
1,400	Comstock	.34	.34	.32½	.33
400	C. C. & Va.	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
200	Goldfield C.	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75
1,200	Jumbo Ext.	.13	.13	.13	.13
100	Mexican	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
200	Ophir	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10
1,000	Pharmacist	.03½	.03½	.03½	.03½
400	Portland	.87	.88	.87	.88
1,000	Tonopah Ext.	.67	.67	.67	.67
70	Tonopah Min.	7.12½	7.12½	7.12½	7.12½
500	Tramps	.04½	.04½	.04½	.04½
7,920					
	BOND.				
$2,500	Comstock 4½s.	18½	18½	18½	18½
	WHEAT.				
325,000	May option	1.13⅞	1.14¼	1.13½	1.14½

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—On the local Exchange Illinois Brick attracted most attention by a three-point recovery from its decline of yesterday. Supporting orders placed by local interests were executed with good effect. Sears-Roebuck common declined 1 point. Swift & Co. and Street's shares also yielded somewhat:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	13¼	13¼	13¼
150	American Can pf.	81¼	81	81
75	American Tel. & Tel.	140¼	140¼	140¼
21	Booth Fisheries	39	38½	38½
51	Booth Fisheries pf.	73½	73	73
10	Chicago Rys., Series 2	34¾	34¾	34¾
12	Chicago Rys., Series 4	9½	9⅛	9⅛
59	Chicago Telephone	135½	135½	135½
35	Chicago Title & Trust	145	145	145
80	Commonwealth Edison	120¼	120¼	120¼
40	Diamond Match	127	125½	126
880	Illinois Brick	80¼	75	80
10	K. C. Ry. & L.	72	72	72
100	Met. Elevated	17	17	17
15	National Biscuit pf.	124	124	124
63	National Carbon	109¼	109¼	109¼
51	People's Gas	114⅜	114	114
4	Quaker Oats pf.	106	106	106
341	Sears-Roebuck	163	162	162½
10	Sears-Roebuck pf.	121	121	121
12	South Side Elevated	55	55	55
265	Street's Stable Car	51¼	51¼	51¼
7	Street's Stable Car pf.	104	104	104
256	Swift & Co.	108⅞	108⅛	108⅞
435	Union Boxboard	14¼	14	14
110	Western Stone	20	20	20

City Directory Lists Destroyed.

The discovery was made yesterday that the manuscript for the new Mount Vernon City Directory was destroyed in the fire of the American Express Company's warehouse in this city last week. The loss will necessitate a recanvass of Mount Vernon, which will take several weeks. The lists, which contained about 35,000 names and addresses, was in transit to the printer at Reading, Penn. The recanvass will begin at once.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

on the morning of the first day of January, 1910:

RESOURCES.	
Bonds and mortgages	$3,563,750.00
Stock and bond investments, viz.:	
Public securities, (book value $1,734,000,) market value	1,778,500.00
Other securities, (book value $9,306,000,) market value	9,392,460.00
Loans	57,153,587.49
Real estate	1,000,000.00
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers	5,199,707.97
Specie (gold certificates)	7,250,000.00
Accrued interest entered	451,370.71
Total	$85,789,376.17
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock	$2,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits	13,720,622.42
Preferred deposits	10,760,963.83
Deposits (not preferred)	24,454,174.55
Certificates of deposit (not preferred)	30,429,967.90
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	3,466,069.86
Total deposits....$69,111,176.16	
Reserved for taxes	83,000.00
Accrued interest	874,577.59
Total	$85,789,376.17

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: EDWARD W. SHELDON, President, and HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary, of United States Trust Company of New York, located and doing business at Nos. 45 and 47 Wall Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the morning of the first day of January, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

EDWARD W. SHELDON, President.
HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the sixth day of January, 1910, before me.

[Seal of Notary.] H. MacBRIDE, Notary Public, New York County.

The Franklin Society

The Franklin Society announces the usual semi-annual cash dividend at the rate of Five Per Cent. per annum on all accounts of $10 to $5,000. This is the Society's

42d Consecutive Dividend

SECURITIES:—First Mortgages on homes in New York City and vicinity, non-speculative, non-fluctuating.

Banking Dept. Supervision

Even a dollar will open an account. Thousands of investors, large and small. Payments up to and including Monday, Jan. 10th, earn from Jan. 1st.

SIMPLE MAILING SYSTEM.
Begin now, or write for Booklet A.
THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS,
One Beekman St., New York.

FIVE PER CENT

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Franklin Trust Company

on the morning of the first day of January, 1910:

RESOURCES.		
Bonds and mortgages		$847,650.00
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value $658,183.00,) market value		703,615.70
Other securities, (book value $1,341,979.61,) market value		1,534,829.50
Loans		8,861,476.93
Overdrafts		214.50
Real estate		536,741.70
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		606,299.17
Specie		1,313,911.17
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		186,428.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Fulton Street office, construction account		6,701.77
Accrued interest, &c., not entered		48,881.84
Total		$14,646,750.28
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		1,012,243.22
Preferred deposits	$1,101,204.23	
Deposits, (not preferred)	7,941,549.31	
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred)	2,240,868.11	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	548,614.22	
		11,832,235.87
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Unpaid dividends	$54,900.00	
Certified checks	186,538.04	
Reserved for taxes and rent	13,715.00	
Accrued interest not entered	47,118.15	
		302,271.19
Total		$14,646,750.28

State of New York, County of Kings, ss.: ARTHUR KING WOOD, President, and CLINTON W. LUDLUM, Secretary, of Franklin Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 166 Montague Street, Borough of Brooklyn, and 140 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws,) and not elsewhere, and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the morning of the first day of January, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

ARTHUR KING WOOD, President.
CLINTON W. LUDLUM, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the sixth day of January, 1910, before me.

[Seal of Notary.] JOSEPH E. GRIFFIN, Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate filed in New York County.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE EQUITABLE TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK

on the morning of the first day of January, 1910:

RESOURCES.		
Bonds and mortgages		$2,719,000.00
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $1,534,827.41;) market value		1,547,194.11
Other securities, (book value, $15,449,703.72;) market value		15,481,549.42
Loans		33,014,414.18
Overdrafts		217.22
Real estate		119,970.66
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		8,436,323.56
Specie		3,071,672.36
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		495,065.00
Cash items		29,503.26
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered		440,057.21
Total		$65,354,966.98
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$3,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		11,054,366.95
Preferred deposits		13,693,985.53
Deposits, (not preferred)		19,125,690.61
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred)		10,680,174.79
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers		6,430,438.19
Total deposits, $49,930,289.12.		
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Unpaid dividends	$121,175.00	
Certified and accepted checks	975,690.81	
Reserved for taxes and expenses	84,439.81	
Accrued interest entered	153,600.73	
Unadjusted accounts	35,404.56	
		1,370,310.91
Total		$65,354,966.98

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: A. W. KRECH, President, and H. M. WALKER, Treasurer, of The Equitable Trust Co. of New York, located and doing business at No. 15 Nassau Street and 618 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the morning of the first day of January, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

A. W. KRECH, President.
H. M. WALKER, Treasurer.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, on the 6th day of January, 1910, before me. R. P. JACKSON, Notary Public.
[Seal of Notary.] New York County.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

on the morning of the first day of January, 1910:

RESOURCES.	
Bonds and mortgages	$1,268,992.71
Stock and bond investments, viz.:	
Public securities, (book value $1,695,969.08,) market value	1,709,674.98
Other securities, (book value $2,160,427.08,) market value	2,202,979.58
Loans	7,135,714.02
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers	1,233,472.22
Specie	1,551,641.73
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks	80,000.00
Other assets, viz.:	
Accrued interest entered	130,582.51
Total	$15,322,058.65
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits	1,541,007.02
Preferred deposits	478,826.50
Deposits, (not preferred)	9,164,334.44
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred)	1,418,721.43
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	1,083,778.84
Total deposits....$12,145,661.21	
Other liabilities, viz.:	
Certified checks	602,111.01
Reserved for taxes	14,247.85
Accrued interest entered	15,531.56
Accrued interest not entered	3,500.00
Total	$15,322,058.65

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: WILLARD V. KING, President, and LANGLEY W. WIGGIN, Secretary of Columbia Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 135 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the morning of the first day of January, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

WILLARD V. KING, President.
LANGLEY W. WIGGIN, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 6th day of January, 1910, before me.

[Seal of Notary.] RICHARD ROBERTS, Notary Public, New York County.
Commission expires March 30, 1911.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between PAUL LUSTIG and OSCAR MULLER under the firm name of MANHATTAN ART COMPANY, at 16 East 8th Street, City, has this day been dissolved. Paul Lustig will continue business and will pay all outstanding debts.

MANHATTAN ART COMPANY.
PAUL LUSTIG.
OSCAR MULLER.
January 1, 1910.

New York, Jan. 1st, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Mr. LEON B. GREENBAUM has withdrawn from the firm of J. L. GREENBAUM & SONS.

Yours truly,
J. L. GREENBAUM & SONS.

HALPRIN & GORDON of 181 Greene, dissolved. WM. HALPRIN will continue at 126 Bleecker.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

The limited copartnership of LADENBURG, THALMANN & CO., consisting of ERNST THALMANN, RICHARD LIMBURG, BENJAMIN S. GUINNESS, and WALTER T. ROSEN, general partners, and HANS VON BLEICHRODER and PAUL SCHWABACH, special partners, expires by limitation Dec. 31, 1909.

The said special partners retire from said copartnership on and after said date, and the undersigned have formed under the same firm name a general copartnership which will take over the business with all the assets and assume all the liabilities of the old firm.

Dated, Dec. 31, 1909.
ERNST THALMANN,
BENJAMIN S. GUINNESS,
WALTER T. ROSEN,
EDWARD E. THALMANN.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

on the morning of the first day of January, 1910:

RESOURCES.		
Bonds and mortgages		$392,600.00
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value $436,206.25,) market value		437,050.00
Other securities, (book value $650,908.16,) market value		658,370.69
Loans		5,212,222.61
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		827,388.84
Specie		501,807.96
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		237,306.00
Cash items		6,618.81
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures, $10,000; vault, $25,000		35,000.00
Accrued interest entered		11,749.84
Total		$8,320,114.75
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$750,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		921,484.07
Preferred deposits	$239,828.33	
Deposits, (not preferred)	5,381,560.47	
Certificates of deposit (not preferred)	620,151.36	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	361,092.02	
Total deposits		6,602,632.18
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Unpaid dividends		30,000.00
Reserved for taxes		8,981.74
Accrued interest entered		7,016.86
Total		$8,320,114.75

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: SAMUEL S. CONOVER, President, and ANDREW H. MARS, Secretary, of Fidelity Trust Co., located and doing business at No. 1 Hudson Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws,) and not elsewhere, and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the morning of the first day of January, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

SAMUEL S. CONOVER, President.
ANDREW H. MARS, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 6th day of January, 1910, before me.

[Seal of Notary.] A. W. MELLEN, Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

DIVIDENDS.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Five Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Coupon Notes maturing January 1, 1910.

These Notes payable by their terms on January 1, 1910, at the office of the Treasurer in New York, or Boston, or at such other agencies in said cities as the Telephone Company may designate, will be paid in Boston on presentation at the office of the **Old Colony Trust Company**, 17 Court Street, or in New York at the office of the **Manhattan Trust Company**, 20 Wall Street.

To facilitate payment, holders of these notes may forward them to either Trust Company as long before January 1st as is convenient. Temporary receipts will be given therefor.

WILLIAM R. DRIVER, Treasurer.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.

Philadelphia, December 15, 1909.

The Board of Directors of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. on its common stock to stockholders of record December 24, 1909, and a semi-annual dividend of Five Per Cent. on its preferred stock to stockholders of record December 24, 1909; both payable January 8, 1910. Checks will be mailed.

J. M. BAXTER, Treasurer.

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY, Incorporated,
Engineers — Contractors,
43-49 Exchange Place,
New York, N. Y.

The regular quarterly dividend (27th quarter) of One and One-Half Per Cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable February 1, 1910, to Stockholders of record January 22, 1910.

H. S. COLLETTE, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO.

A dividend of ONE-HALF of ONE PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock has been declared payable January 15th, 1910, to preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business January 6th, 1910. Transfer books will remain open. Checks mailed.

E. W. HYDE, Secretary.

East River National Bank.

New York, December 9th, 1909.

An election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 680 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910.

Polls open from 2 to 3 o'clock P. M.

Z. E. NEWELL, Cashier.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO.

A dividend of ONE-HALF of ONE PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock has been declared payable January 15th, 1910, to preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business January 6th, 1910. Transfer books will remain open. Checks mailed.

E. W. HYDE, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Delaware & Eastern Railway Company.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware & Eastern Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the Village of Margaretville, County of Delaware, and State of New York, on the twenty-first day of January, 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Polls will remain open from eleven o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock noon.

Transfer books will be closed from January 12th, 1910, to January 21st, 1910.

H. M. GEORGE, Secretary.
Dated, January 6th, 1910.

Delaware & Eastern Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware & Eastern Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the Village of Margaretville, County of Delaware, and State of New York, on the twenty-first day of January, 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Polls will remain open from eleven o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock noon.

Transfer books will be closed from January 12th, 1910, to January 21st, 1910.

H. M. GEORGE, Secretary.
Dated, January 6th, 1910.

UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY.

42 Broadway, New York, January 6th, 1910.

The Board of Directors of the United States Rubber Company has this day declared from its net profits a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the First Preferred Stock (including all outstanding old "Preferred" Stock) and a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. on the Second Preferred Stock of this Company, to Stockholders of record at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, January 15th, 1910, payable January 31st, 1910.

The Transfer Books for all classes of stock will close at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, January 15th, 1910, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, February 2d, 1910.

JOHN J. WATSON, JR., Treasurer.

DOOLEY, SMITH & COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Dooley, Smith & Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 135 Front Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 19th day of January, 1910, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing seven Directors for the ensuing year, or until the election and qualification of their successors, and two Inspectors of Election to serve until the close of the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

W. G. DOOLEY, Secretary.
Dated New York, January 6, 1910.

NEW YORK JUVENILE ASYLUM.

An election to supply the vacancies occasioned by the expiration of the terms of office of eight Directors of this Institution will be held on the second Monday of January, the 10th inst., at four o'clock P. M., in the office of the corporation, Room No. 413, in the Terminal Building, No. 103 Park Avenue, New York City. The polls will be open for one hour.

GUY VAN AMRINGE,
ALEXANDER M. HADDEN,
JAMES S. CUSHMAN,
Inspectors of Election.
HENRY N. TIFFT, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Mosler Safe Company will be held at the offices of the company, 373 Broadway, New York City, on January 27th, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

CHARLES GRAESER, Secretary.
New York, January 7, 1910.

New York City, January 6th, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Woldmere Realty Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 309, No. 425 Fifth Avenue, New York City, on Saturday, January 22d, at 2 P. M., for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

RUDOLPH APPEL, Secretary.

Savoy Trust Company.

520 Broadway, New York, Jan. 7, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above-named company will be held at the office of the company, on Wednesday, January 19, 1910, at 3 o'clock P. M.

ARTHUR BAUR, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

MORSE & ROGERS,
A Corporation.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Morse & Rogers, a corporation, will be held at the office of the Company, 138 Duane Street, New York City, on January 13th, 1910, at 12 M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors, and receiving and acting upon the reports of the officers, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting; likewise to take action upon the proposition to acquire either by long lease or purchase a suitable building for the use of the corporation, and to confirm the acts of the Board of Directors in respect of the acquiring of such building, and to authorize the Board of Directors to enter into such contracts for the purchase of land and the erection of a building thereon or the leasing of a building as they shall in their discretion deem proper; likewise to vote upon a proposition to amend Section IV. of Article II. of the By-Laws to read as follows:

"The Board of Directors shall meet on the second Monday of every month, and whenever called together by the President, upon due notice given to each Director"; likewise to vote upon a proposition to authorize the Board of Directors to issue and sell Seventy (70) shares of the preferred stock of the corporation of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) each, and Three hundred and fifty (350) shares of the common stock of the corporation of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) each, being respectively the balance unissued of the preferred and common stocks of the corporation, for such price and upon such terms as to the Board of Directors shall seem proper, not, however, at less than par.

In accordance with the By-Laws of the Company, no stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within ten days preceding this election.

A form of proxy is enclosed, which you are respectfully requested to execute and return in case you should be unable to attend the meeting.

Dated December 29th, 1909.
CHARLES W. TERHUNE, Secretary.

Empire Trust Company

Main Office, 42 Broadway.

New York, January 3, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual meeting of the stockholders of EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, for the election of Directors of the class whose term of office shall expire on Wednesday, January 19, 1910, to hold office for three years or until their successors are elected, and to determine whether the number of Directors of the company shall be increased from twenty-six (26), the present number, to twenty-eight (28), and if so increased, for the amendment of the by-laws of the company accordingly, and for the appointment of the Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before it, will be held in the Directors' room at the principal office of the company, No. 42 Broadway, on Wednesday, January 19, 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Polls will be open from 11 A. M. to 12 M.

The books for the transfer of stock will be closed from 3 P. M. on Tuesday, January 4, 1910, until 10 A. M. on Thursday, January 20, 1910.

H. M. GOUGH, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HALL & RUCKEL CORPORATION:

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the HALL & RUCKEL CORPORATION will be held at the Company's offices, No. 215 Washington Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the twelfth day of January, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such business as may properly come before the meeting. Polls will remain open for half an hour.

Dated New York, January 6th, 1910.
GEORGE M. McCAMPBELL, Jr.,
Secretary.

The George W. Saam Company.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The George W. Saam Company will be held at the office of the Company, Nos. 34-44 Hubert Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, the 10th day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing three Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve for one year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The transfer books will be closed on January 1, 1910, and opened again on January 11, 1910.

Dated New York, December 28, 1909.
CHARLES H. SCHINDLER, Secretary.

TO THE MEMBERS of the Industrial Christian Alliance:

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Industrial Christian Alliance will be held at its office, No. 170 Bleecker Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 20th day of January, 1910, at 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon, to elect Trustees and to consider and act upon such other matters as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated Dec. 20th, 1909.
JOHN S. HUYLER, President.
HOWARD M. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE MUTUAL BANK.

New York, Dec. 20 1909.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the Banking House, 1282 Broadway, on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1910, between the hours of 3 and 4 P. M.

HUGH N. KIRKLAND,
Cashier.

The People's Bank of the City of New York.

December 8th, 1909.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and Inspectors of Election, will be held at the Banking House, Nos. 393 and 395 Canal Street, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M. WILLIAM MILNE, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of THE DOYLE-STOLTZENBERG COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 51 Barclay Street, in the City of New York, on Monday, 17th January, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the election of Directors and such other business as may come before the meeting.

GERTRUDE DOLYE STOLTZENBERG,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Twenty-third Ward Bank of the City of New York.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this bank for the election of Directors will be held at the banking rooms Tuesday, January 11, 1910, between the hours of 8:30 and 9:30 A. M.

Transfer books will close January 8th at 12 M. and reopen January 11th at 10 A. M.

GEORGE E. EDWARDS, Cashier.

NATIONAL COPPER BANK OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors and transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the banking room, 115 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

WALTER F. ALBERTSEN, Cashier.

THE NASSAU BANK,

New York, December 22d, 1909.

The Annual Election for Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for three (3) Inspectors of the next election will be held at the Banking Rooms on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910. Polls open from 11 o'clock A. M. until 12 o'clock M. W. B. NOBLE, Cashier.

The National Butchers' and Drovers' Bank.

New York, December 27th, 1909.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking rooms, Nos. 683 and 685 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WM. H. CHASE, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of The Hamilton Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the company, 59 John St., Monday, January 10, 1910, 2 P. M.

JOSEPH S. STOUT, President.
ARTHUR LENSSEN, Jr., Secretary.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK,
Fifth Av. and Twenty-third St., New York.

New York, Dec. 31, 1909.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of Directors, will be held at the banking house, Fifth Av. and Twenty-third St., on Tuesday, Jan. 11, 1910, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 12 M.

W. L. DOUGLASS, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Dossert & Company, Inc., will be held at the Company's office, 242 West 41st Street, New York, Jan. 10, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and also for the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before said meeting. THOS. H. KEOGH, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANnual meeting of The Audit Company of New York will be held at the office of the Company, 165 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, January 18, 1910, at 12:00 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors and such other business as may come before such meeting.

F. C. RICHARDSON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Eastern Publishing Company will be held at the office of the company, 12 West 33d Street, New York, on Tuesday, the 18th of January, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.. EASTERN PUBLISHING COMPANY, GEORGE SPRAGUE, JR., Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of The New York Times Co. will be held at the office of the Company on Wednesday, January 19th, at 11 o'clock.

BEN C. FRANCK, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the New York Times Building Co. will be held at the office of the Company on Thursday, Jan. 20th, at 1 o'clock P. M.

BEN C. FRANCK, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF [illegible] IN NEW YORK.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

31 Nassau [illegible]

New York, December [illegible], 1909.

To the Shareholders of the [illegible] Bank of Commerce in New York:

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of Directors [illegible] the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on said date.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon till 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
NEILSON OLCOTT, Cashier.

HUDSON COMPANIES.

Notice of
ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Hudson Companies will be held at the office of the Company at 62 Cedar Street, in the City of New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1910, at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1909, and remain closed until the 12th day of January, 1910.

WILLIAM EVERDELL, Jr., Secretary.
New York, December 31, 1909.

THE PLAZA BANK.

New York, December 29th, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that an Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE PLAZA BANK will be held at its Banking House, corner 58th Street and Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing fourteen Directors for the ensuing year and three Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Polls will remain open from 12 M. until 1 P. M. Transfer books will be closed from December 29th, 1909, to January 4th, 1910.

E. M. CLARKE, Cashier.

New York City, December 30, 1909.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE UNIVERSAL CARBONATING COMPANY:

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Universal Carbonating Company will be held at Room No. 812, No. 31 Park Row, in the City of New York, New York, on Monday, January 10, 1910, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed January 1, 1910, and will be reopened January 11, 1910.

WILLIAM B. GREELEY, Secretary.

The German Exchange Bank

New York, Dec. 31, 1909.

The Annual Election of Directors of The German Exchange Bank of the City of New York will be held at the Banking House, 330 Bowery, cor. Bond St., New York, on Thursday, Jan. 13, 1910, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The Election of three Inspectors of Election will be held at the same time.

EDMUND F. SWANBERG,
Cashier.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of THE PROMETHEUS ELECTRIC COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 236 East 43d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of January, 1910, at one o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing five Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated New York, December 28, 1909.
WILLIAM B. SYMMES, Jr., Secretary.

THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 8th, 1909.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors of said Bank, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The transfer books will be closed from January 7th to January 11th, inclusive.

EMIL KLEIN, Cashier.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A SPECIAL meeting of the stockholders of Pendleton Dudley & Co. will be held at the office, No. 34 Pine Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y., on the 24th day of January, 1910, at 5 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that the corporation be forthwith dissolved and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated December 22, 1909.
W. G. McLOUGHLIN, Secretary.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Fidelity Trust Company of New York for the election of Directors, the appointment of three Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Chambers and Hudson Streets, New York, on Wednesday, January 1[illegible], 1910, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and one o'clock P. M.

ANDREW H. MARS, Secretary.
December 18, 1909.

ESTABLISHED 1784

The Bank of New York

National Banking Association.

New York, December [illegible]th, 1909.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking room, No. 48 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January [illegible]th, 1910.

The polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M. CHARLES OLNEY, Cashier.

Mountain Valley Water Co. of New York.

New York, December [illegible], 1909.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Mountain Valley Water Company of New York will be held at the office of the Company, 106 West 44th Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910, at 3 o'clock afternoon.

The transfer books close at [illegible] January 7th, 1910, and reopen at 10 [illegible] January 12th, 1910. THOMAS DRAPER, Secretary.

THE GERMANIA BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

December [illegible], 1909.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, will be held on TUESDAY, JAN'Y 11th, 1910, between the hours of [illegible] o'clock A. M. and twelve o'clock noon, in the banking room, 190 Bowery, New York.

LOFTIN LOVE, Cashier.

Fourteenth Street [illegible]

in the City of New [illegible]
1 East 14th Street.

New York, Dec. [illegible], 1909.

The annual election for [illegible] of this Bank will be held at the [illegible] on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910, between the hours of 9:30 and 10:30 A. M.

A resolution will be offered at meeting to increase the number of Directors.

LOUIS V. ENNIS, Cashier.

Consolidated Gas Company of New York.

4 Irving Place.
January [illegible], 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January [illegible], 1910. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 8th, 1910, at 12 M. and reopen Tuesday, January 25th, 1910.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

54 Wall Street.

An election for six Trustees of this company of the class of 1913, and [illegible] to fill a vacancy of the class of [illegible] and one Trustee to fill a vacancy of class of 1912, and for three Inspectors [illegible] next succeeding election, will be [illegible] at this office on Thursday, January [illegible]. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

MILTON FERGUSON, Secretary.

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE BANK.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election and the [illegible] of such other business as may [illegible] the meeting, including a change [illegible] number of Directors, if thought advisable, will be held in the Banking Room, [illegible] Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, at one o'clock P. M. JOHN R. [illegible], Cashier.

New York, Dec. [illegible], 1909.

The annual election of Directors of the MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at the banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 11th 1910, [illegible] noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

New York, December [illegible], 1909.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

IRVING NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.

New York, December [illegible], 1909.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held in the banking room, 92 West Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

The polls will be open from 12 [illegible] 1 P. M.

BENJ. F. WERNER, Cashier.

The Market and Fulton National Bank.

New York, December [illegible], 1909.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 11th, 1910, [illegible] o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

T. J. STEVENS, [illegible]

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Plot Sold for Theatre on West 145th Street—Big Deal in Hunt's Point Section of the Bronx—Third Aveuue Tenements Sold.

The Henry Morgenthau Company has sold to the Palher Realty Company of which Paul M. Herzog is President, a plot 75 by 100 feet on the south side of 145th Street, beginning 200 feet east of Eighth Avenue.

The sellers agree to construct immediately a modern theatre, with about 1,000 seating capacity, and deliver possession and title by the Fall of this year. The syndicate for which the Palher Realty Company is acting controls a chain of theatres throughout Greater New York and Yonkers.

One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street, being connected by the Lenox Avenue Bridge with 149th Street of the Bronx, will be the only thoroughfare in New York which will run straight across the city from the Hudson River to Long Island Sound.

The New York Central has just procured the necessary legislation for the construction of its five-million-dollar station at 149th Street and Park Avenue, which will be second in importance to the Grand Central Station only.

The City Interborough Company will have its trolley system from Hunt's Point in the Bronx, traversing the Bronx and crossing the bridge to 145th Street. This building is the first step toward making 145th Street one of the important business streets of upper Manhattan.

Big Purchase on Southern Boulevard

George F. Johnson has purchased from Henry H. Cording and Ferdinand N. Barger the plot 125 by 100 on the east side of the Southern Boulevard, 250 feet south of Tiffany Street. Mr. Johnson owns the corner plot of Southern Boulevard and Tiffany Street, giving him two large plots for improvement in a section of the Bronx that is undergoing extensive development.

Third Avenue Tenements Sold.

S. B. Goodale & Son have sold for the Rich estate to Henry Hof 613 and 615 Third Avenue, two four-story tenements, on plot 36.8 by 75, adjoining the southeast corner of Fortieth Street.

N. S. Simpkins and Mrs. Gorham Bacon have sold a plot of three lots, 75 by 99.11, on the south side of 147th Street, 100 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue.

Schmeidler & Bachrach have bought 211 West 128th Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 99.11.

Bronx Sales.

Porter & Co., in conjunction with F. E. Barnes, have sold for C. Wiedhopf to an investor the two new four-story double flats located at 825 and 827 East 170th Street, 36 by 100 each.

J. J. Haggerty has sold for the Elziel Realty Company the southwest corner of Bryant Avenue and 172d Street, a three-story brick two-family house, on lot 20 by 100, to Jacob A. Stern.

Steven B. Ayres and Walter F. Baylis have sold for the Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company to Ernest Barott, and resold for Ernest Barott to a building corporation, the plot at the corner of Westchester Avenue and Home Street, 102 by 147. This will be very promptly improved by a business building.

Staten Island Deal.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for Mary McGill to Thomas Rourke a lot, 25 by 100, on the easterly side of Elm Street, near Castleton Avenue, West New Brighton, S. I.

$800,000 Loan on Broadway Corner.

The City Real Estate Company has loaned to the Charter Construction Company $800,000 on the property situated on the southeast corner of Broadway and Seventy-seventh Street, a plot 105.5 on Broadway and 164.4 on the street. A twelve-story high-grade elevator apartment house is to be erected on the premises.

Dr. Brush Sells Farm.

Dr. Edward F. Brush, formerly Mayor of Mount Vernon, has sold his "upper" farm, at Cross River, in the northern part of Westchester County, to Francis M. Stratton, President of the Westchester Lighting Company.

The price paid is said to be in the neighborhood of $125,000. The farm of 1,000 acres was purchased twenty years ago for $8,000. Dr. Brush used it as a stock farm. Mr. Stratton will probably erect a Summer house on the place.

$800,000 Apartment on West 99th St.

Plans have been filed for a new twelve-story apartment house, to be built from designs by Neville & Bagge, for the Guide Realty Company, of which Arlington C. Hall is President, at the corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-ninth Street. It is to contain sixty-one suites of apartments and will cost about $800,000.

Plans were also filed for a six-story apartment house, to contain thirty-one suites and to be erected for the Tuscan Construction Company from designs by the same architects, at a cost of $150,000, on Claremont Avenue, above 122d Street and just north of the new Union Theological Seminary buildings.

New Coney Island Hotel.

A new structure to be erected for use the coming season at Coney Island has been planned by P. J. Geneas. It will cover a site, 100 by 285 feet, near the foot of Ocean Avenue, and be constructed of wood and asbestos blocks.

It will be three stories in height and will be used as a hotel, bathhouse, and dancing hall. There will be forty rooms in the hotel portion, 4,000 bathhouses, and a concrete plunge tank. C. W. R. Van Buskirk has drawn the plans.

Sag Harbor Realty Booming.

Realty in Main Street, Sag Harbor, L. I., is on the boom. A small block recently sold for a site for the Sag Harbor Savings Bank brought $10,000, and now the Crowell Block, opposite the Post Office, is offered for $15,000, with two prospective purchasers.

West Side Taxpayers' Meeting.

A regular meeting of the West Side Taxpayers' Association will be held at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street to-night at 8.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
REAL ESTATE AND MORTGAGES
62 CEDAR ST.

2 SECOND MORTGAGES **2**
Wanted—$100,000 placed monthly through my office. (Seconds exclusively.)
HOWARD H. MOSHER,
135 Broadway.

Wanted.—$1,000 second mortgage at 6% interest on house, fully improved, at White Plains; value $5,000; first mortgage, $2,000. Will pay a liberal bonus and furnish title policy. Box S 84 Times, Times Square.

$8,000, FIRST MORTGAGE, on country property in New Jersey, near New York City; value of property, $16,000; will sell mortgage so as to net purchaser 7% per annum. May & Jacobson, attorneys, 13 Park Row.

MORTGAGE SOLICITOR, provable ability, successful record, expert training, desires employment with GOOD CONCERN; salary and commission. Address T 110 Times, Times Square.

Money loaned, first, second mortgages, (any amount) for interest, taxes; prevent foreclosure; leaseholds, undivided estates. Duckworth Co., Suite 406, World Building.

Pay your taxes and interest now due; money loaned, repayable weekly, monthly payments. Duckworth Co., Suite 406 World Building, New York.

I have funds to loan on second mortgage, (any amount;) quick answers and closings. Sawyer 183 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Twenty-four hour acceptances; mortgages placed; any amount; principals; Manhattan, Bronx. J 153 Times Downtown.

An interesting report will be made by John J. Pheelan, Chairman of the Committee on Law and Legislature. Other important matters, including reports of delegates to the United Real Estate Owners' Association, will be received.

Receivers of Rents Appointed.

Justice Amend of the Supreme Court has appointed Bert G. Faulhaber receiver of the rents of property on the north side of 133d Street, 450 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, 50 by 99.11, a tenement, pending a suit brought by Fanny Korn against Charles C. Dow and others to foreclose a second mortgage of $15,000. The prior mortgage amounts to $43,500.

Louis Oppenheimer has been appointed receiver of the rents of 246 and 248 West 146th Street, pending a suit brought by the Cooper Realty Company against Henry Benoit and others to foreclose a mortgage of $6,511. The prior mortgage on the property amounts to $45,000.

War on Telephone Poles.

Menaced with endless rows of tall telephone and electric light wiring poles in their section, the members of the Citizens' Association of Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton determined to make war against the nuisance. Not only will they prevent the erection of poles in the future, but they will insist that the ones already planted be taken down—and that in a hurry.

New Directors of A. W. McLaughlin & Co.

A. W. McLaughlin & Co. have added the following to their Board of Directors from among the men who have acquired experience in the office: Charles H. Jewell, James C. Nugent, and Frank B. McGay. The Directors now comprise the following: A. W. McLaughlin, President, who organized the business in 1887; Arthur D. Payne, Treasurer, admitted to the New York bar in 1886, with the company since organization; R. H. Lawder, Secretary, with the company for eleven years; Charles H. Jewell, connected with the business since 1905; Edwin C. Benedict, who came to the company in 1906; James C. Nugent, identified with the firm since 1906; Frank B. McGay, with the company since 1908.

The distinguishing feature of the company is that it is the only one of its class in New York City extensively engaged in the negotiation, purchase, and sale of mortgages, confining its business exclusively to this specialty, each officer and Director devoting his entire time to the special branch under his charge for the general advancement of the business.

It has established business relations with all classes of borrowers on mortgage, and substantially all institutions and other representative lenders on realty in New York City, and has been influential in bringing to the New York market in recent years, when the local supply was insufficient, many large loans of the better class from out-of-town lenders.

The year just closed has been the most successful of the company's twenty-three years in business.

Fifth Avenue Association Meeting.

The Executive Committee of the Fifth Avenue Association has completed arrangements for the annual meeting, which will be held at the Holland House at 8 o'clock on the evening of Tuesday, Jan. 11.

From all indications, this will be the most important meeting in the history of the association, and it is expected that thereafter general meetings will be held with greater frequency.

Such important subjects as traffic and transportation, the adequate lighting of Fifth Avenue, the remedying of such abuses as fake auctions, unsightly posters and signs, &c., will probably receive earnest consideration.

Recommendations for properly sanding the street and further restrictions on automobiles, such as prohibiting their smoking, are likely to be made. In connection with the traffic, the desirability of the use of isles of safety will also be seriously considered.

Queens Exchange Officers.

Alfred J. Eno has been elected President for the coming year of the Queens Borough Real Estate Exchange. Other officers chosen are: First Vice President—Col. William M. Griffith; Second Vice President—Joel Fowler; Corresponding Secretary—John N. Booth; Recording Secretary—Elmer E. Bergen; Treasurer—George T. Watts.

Partition Suit Between Brooklyn Societies.

Pursuant to a judgment of partition and sale, obtained in the Supreme Court, in the suit of the Brooklyn Children's Aid Society against the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society and others, Arnon L. Squiers, as referee, will sell, by Auctioneer James L. Brumley, at the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, on Jan. 26, a plot of land on the westerly side of East Twenty-first Street, approximately 372 feet from the corner of Ditmas Avenue and East Twenty-first Street. The plot is 50 by 100 feet. Howard O. Wood of 63 Wall Street, Manhattan, is the plaintiff's attorney.

Notes.

Jesse T. Meeker was the broker in the sale to Henry Hellman of the property 143 West Twenty-seventh Street, for the estate of Mary Caroline Clark.

Louis F. Sommer was the broker in the sale of 785 Amsterdam Avenue, a five-story double flat, with stores, for Louis Bauer.

The Duross Company was the broker in the sale of 116, 118, 120, 122, 136, and 138 West Ninety-eighth Street for Schinasi Brothers.

Leases.

The Duross Company has leased the store and basement 364 Seventh Avenue to D. Benoit and Frank Anfossi for a term of years. Also the sixth loft at 10 West Eighteenth Street to Bachrach & Freedman for a term of years.

William R. Mason has leased for a term of years the store 549 Eighth Avenue for Dr. George E. Doty.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for John V. & H. V. D. Black to the Barnhard Type Foundry Company the ground floor of the Black Building occupying the block front on the easterly side of William Street, from Frankfort Street to the Brooklyn Bridge, for a long term at an aggregate rental of about $80,000. This lease is interesting inasmuch as the lessee is now located at the corner of Lafayette and Worth Streets, and is moving out of that district into the William Street neighborhood.

The Ruland & Whiting Company has leased for a long term of years to William Ottman & Co. for Henry A. De Meli the building 207 Water Street, and for Ella G. Bogardus and another the building 209 Water Street. The premises are to be extensively altered and used as a refrigerating plant.

New School at Westmoreland.

The residents of Douglaston and Little Neck are rejoicing in the fact that they are at last to have a new schoolhouse to accommodate their rapidly growing school population.

One of the first official acts of the new administration was the purchase from the Rickert-Finlay Realty Company of a plot of twenty-one lots in Westmoreland, having a frontage of 200 feet on Old House Landing Road, 230 feet on Lafayette Place, and 177 feet on Cutter Avenue, on which a schoolhouse costing $100,000 will be erected in the Spring.

The plot selected is in the centre of one of the most rapidly growing districts on the north shore, and is particularly well located for the purpose, being only two blocks from Broadway, and the same distance from the station at Little Neck. The North Shore Traction Company, which is now building a trolley line on Broadway, will provide excellent transit facilities and make the school more accessible than any other on the north shore east of Bayside.

A South Brooklyn Lease.

An industry new to the United States will be brought to South Brooklyn by the signing of a lease yesterday between Adolph Liebmann, Louis Timm, and Charles S. Hirsch and the Bush Terminal Company for 11,685 square feet of floor space in Model Loft Building 3 at the foot of Thirty-sixth Street, South Brooklyn.

The lessees will impregnate linen collars with a substance, invented by a German chemist, which will eliminate the necessity of laundering them, and Mr. Liebmann, who is a member of the well-known firm of brewers, is now in Germany for the purpose of concluding arrangements with the patentee.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

63d St, 210, s s, 155 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.5, four-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Julius Bachrach, $18,109.

Eastburn Av, 1,754 and 1,756, e s, 188.4 ft n of 174th St, 50x95, two two-story dwellings; foreclosure sale, to Sophia Knepper, $8,705.

10th St, 66 and 68, s s, 78.1 ft e of 6th Av, 50.4x92.3x irregular, two five-story tenements; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Jan. 13.

8th Av, n e corner of 46th St, 50x125x irregular, six-story store building; Sheriff's sale, withdrawn.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Claremont Av, e s, 300 ft n of 122d St, for a six-story brick flat, 75x106.8; Tuscan Construction Co., 150 5th Av, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost, $150,000.

West End Av, n w corner of 99th St, for a twelve-story brick flat, 100.11x115; Guide Realty Co., Broadway and 112th St, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost, $800,000.

Trinity Av, s w corner of 160th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 46.0 3-5x91.10; St. John Realty Co., 74 Broadway, owner; Abraham Berris, architect; cost, $45,000.

Trinity Av, w s, 46.0 3-5 ft s of 160th St, for four five-story brick tenements, 40x101.9x149; St. John Realty Co., 74 Broadway, owner; Abraham Berris, architect; cost, $160,000.

Clason Point Road, s s, 824 ft w of East River, for a two-story frame pavilion, 60x72; Clinton Stephens, on premises, owner; E. Ebeling, architect; cost, $5,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Elizabeth St, 269 to 277, and Houston St, 65 to 59 East, to eight five-story brick tenements; A. Weeks, 283 Elizabeth St, owner; O. Reissmann, architect; cost, $6,500.

20th St, n s, 225 ft e of 10th Av, to a four-story brick dwelling; General Theological Seminary, 1 Chelsea Square, owner; Satterle & Boyd, architects; cost, $10,000.

Avenue A, n e corner of 70th St, to a five-story brick loft; United Cigar Manufacturing Co., 2d Av and 54th St, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, architects; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JAN. 6.

BECK ST, 724, e s, 25x100; Kats Polacek Realty and Construction Co. to Joseph B. Smith, (mtg $8,500,) $100.

BARKLEY AV, e s, at w s of Edison Av, 100x100; The Estates Development Co. to George W. Whitney, $1.

COLLEGE AV., 1,267 w. s., 20x85; Phelan Bros. Construction Co. to Sarah J. Phelan, (mtgs. $6,000,) $100.

COLLEGE AV., 1,271 w. s., 20x85; Phelan Bros. Construction Co. to Sophia C. Phelan, (Mtg. $6,000,) $100.

GROVE ST., 28 s. s., 21.6x100; Annie E. Bogan to Mary S. Walsh, $100.

HESTER ST., 167 n. s., 23.6x100; Adelina Anselini to Carmine Luongo, (Mtgs. $24,000,) $100.

LENOX AV, s w corner of 143d St, 40x100; Anton Oppermann to Edward J. Schevick, (mtg $78,500,) $1.

LENOX AV, 429 and 431, w s, 49.11x75; Edward J. Schevick to Anton Oppermann, (mtg $64,000,) $1.

LOTS 334-335 map Hunts Point Realty Co.; Anthony McOwen to Nicholas F. Peterson, (Mtg. $575,) $100.

LOTS 12 to 25, map of Inwood; Lots 33 to 36, map of Inwood, begins 78.5 ft s e from land of Cummings, 162.2x irregular; Owen Burns to Albert H. Gleason, $1.

LOTS 12 to 25, map of Inwood; Lots 33 to 36, map of Inwood, begins 78.5 ft s e from land of Cummings, 162.2x irregular; Albert H. Gleason to Owen Burns, $1.

PROSPECT AV., n. w. cor. 179th St., 50x100; Ernestine Malino to The Levinson Improvement Co., (Mtg. $6,000,) $100.

TELLER AV., 1,059 w. s., 20x100.1; Teller Av., 1,067 to 1,073, w. s., 80x100.1; Joseph King to Pincus Lowenfeld, (Mtgs. $37,000,) $100.

WASHINGTON AV., w. s., 18x110; Emil W. Boettcher to William Buchwald, (Mtg. $4,000,) $100.

8TH AV, 3,706 to 3,710 e. s., 78x100; S. Herbert Wolfe to Isaac N. Heidelberg, (Mtg. $52,000,) $1.

12TH ST., 514 East, 25x103.3; Albert H. Ullman to Bertha Robinson, (Mtg. $32,750,) $100.

25TH ST., 138 and 140 West, 45.4x80.11; William R. Morgan to Lee Holstein, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

88TH ST., 453 West, 32x98.9; Julia A. Sherwood to Charles F. Keegan, $2,000.

34TH ST., 317 to 323 East, 89.3x98.9, Julius Sternfeld to Sternfeld Building Co., $1,000.

88TH ST., 453 West, 32x98.9; Alfred J. Keegan to Charles F. Keegan, $2,000.

68TH ST, 43 West, 19x100.5; Thomas E. Crimmins to Louise Veltin, $1.

71ST ST., 416-418 East, 50x100.5; Adolph S. Miller to Ricardo Realty Co., (Mtg. $47,000,) $100.

81ST ST., n. s., 310 ft. e. of 2d Av., 15.6x102.2; Morris Kite to Christine Kuenzel of Astoria, L. I., (Mtg. $6,000,) $100.

84TH ST., n. s., 94 ft. w. of Eastern Boulevard, 25x102.2; John Mehl et al. to Robert Mehl et al., (Mtg. $9,500,) $100.

95TH ST., 176 East, 18.9x100.8, Bellwood Realty Co. to Minnie Rose, (Mtg. $7,250,) $1.

113TH ST, 19 East, 25x100.10; Samuel Herzog to Sadie Herzog, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

113TH ST., n. s., 100 West Broadway, 75x100.11; Susan Devin to The Scheer Ginsberg Realty & Construction Co., $100.

187TH ST., n. s., 100 w. Amsterdam Av., 175x94.10; Pincus Lowenfeld to Joseph King, (Mtg. $30,000,) $100.

The following transfers were recorded too late to be reported at the Register's office Jan. 5:

BROOME ST, 426, n s, 25x100; David J. King et al to William H. White, $47,500.

CROTONA AV, n e corner of 180th St, 35x irregular; Amalia Pick to Pick Realty Co., (mtg $14,000,) $100.

CHRYSTIE ST, 221, n w s, 20x100; Josie B. Kyle to F. Champion Sauter of Brooklyn, (mtg $1,000,) $1.

CASANOVA ST, e s, 132 ft s of Eastern Boulevard, 50x100; East Bay Land and Improvement Co. to Vito A. Mareno, $100.

HOE AV, 1,161, w s, 25x100; Bernard Nevelson to Nevelson Goldberg Realty Co., $1.

HENRY ST, 294, s s, 24x95; Annie Lazarus to Minnie Schmidt, (mtg $23,000,) $100.

IRVING PLACE, 67 and 69, w s, 46x85.6; Charles Hirschhorn to Robert Burns Realty Co., (mtg $20,000,) $100.

JUMEL PLACE, w s, 63.8 ft s from s w s of Edgecombe Road, 25x100, being Lot 424, map of Jumel estate; Edgecombe Road, s w s, being Lots 425 and 426, same map, begins 100 ft w of Jumel Place at s w corner of Lot 425, 50x irregular; Fredericka Radle estate to Frances Breuel, $1.

LENOX AV, 472, e s, 25x85; John Rascha to Jacob Schiff, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

LAWRENCE ST, 84, s s, 25x100; Joseph Zwick to George Ehret, (mtg $38,000,) $1.

LOTS 63 and 64, map of Bronx Terrace; Irving Realty Co. to Henry L. Maus, $100.

LOT 5, Block 57, Map of Section 1, Morris Park; John M. Dahl to Emerich Andrieth, $100.

MERCER ST, 231, w s, 25x100; Morits Weil to Celia Stern, $100.

PROSPECT AV, 882, e s, 26.11x65.4; Julie Duffrin to Theresa Schiffman, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

ST. LAWRENCE AV, w s, 50 ft s of Merrill St, 25x100; Naomi Federman to John J. Riley, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

VALENTINE AV, s e s, 205.9 ft n e of 198th St, 50x99; Abraham Kaufman to John J. Farbridge, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

WILKINS PLACE or Av, e s, 328.1 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 25x142.1; Andrew Brice to The Jacob Streifler Co., $1.

3D AV, 1831, e s, 25x90; Lynn W. Thompson to Elise Boyd, $27,000.

3D AV, e s, 25.11 ft n of 101st St, 25x90; Elise Boyd to Lena Kannensohn, $100.

7TH AV, n w corner of 49th St, 25x96; Daniel S. McElroy et al. to Henry T. Williams of New Rochelle, N. Y., $1.

22D ST, s s, 195.10 ft e of 7th Av, 41.8x98.9; Westown Realty Co. to Reliant Holding Co., (mtg $42,000,) $100.

45TH ST, s s, 350 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Selina Rosner to Edward Kates, $100.

48TH ST, 507 West, 25x100.5; Charlotte Ruppel and others to Melvin G. Lathrop of Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtgs $21,500,) $1.

72D St, s s, 175 ft e of 5th Av, 22x102.2; Margaret D. Achenbach et al to Henry A. C. Taylor, (mtg $67,500,) $1.

82D ST, 302 East, 18x51.2; Stonington Realty Co. to Sarah Greenbaum, (mtg $9,200,) $1.

83D ST, 328 East, 25x102.2; Sara Himmelweit to George A. Steinmuller, $100.

83D ST, 328 East, 25x102.2; George A. Steinmuller to Meyer Himmelweit, $100.

85TH ST, 345 East, 25x102.2; Morris Schlossman to Stanislaus N. Tuckman, $1.

110TH ST, n s, 305 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.11; Wolf Weisbrod and others to Emanual E. Reis, (mtg $22,000,) $100.

114TH ST, 304 West, 26x100.11; Charles Geier and others to Florence Rittwagen, (mtg $18,000,) $28,000.

132D ST, s s, 184.11 ft e of 7th Av, 19.10x99.11; Hannah Wallach to Rosie Yaeger, (mtg $8,000,) $1.

140TH ST, 219 West, 28x99.11; Thomas Brennan to Albert Marschat of Sheffield, Mass., (mtg $22,000,) $100.

143D ST, n s, 200.6 ft w of 3d Av, 20x100.2; Washington H. Beaudine to Francis Rogers of New Rochelle, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

145TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of Broadway, 100x99.11; Keystone Investing Co. to Fred L. Martin, (mtg $115,000,) $100.

159TH ST, 578 West, 37.6x99.11; 159th St, 571 West, 37.6x99.11; Louis L. Samisch to Joseph Newmark, (mtgs $84,000,) $100.

165TH ST, 817 to 821, n s, 80x100; Josephine Eisenhauer and others to Philip A. Schindler, $6,000.

166TH ST, n s, 128.1 ft w of Union Av, 37.6x149.4; Werner Knaus Realty Co. to Frederick Hallen, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

235TH ST, s s, w ½ of Lot 928, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Michael Varian to Mary J. Kelly, $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

BONOMOLO, Domenico, to Filippo Princiotto; 11th St, 328 East, 25x94.10, 4 years, 6%.$1,100

CALLANAN, Lawrence J., to Hermann H. Cammann and others; Vesey St. 41, s w s, 32.6x80.6; Vesey St. 43, s s, 25x82, 3 years, 4½%.....$90,000

DOYLE, James T., to State Savings Bank of the City of New York; Digney Av, e s, 215.11 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 100x100, prior mtg $800, 1 year, 6%.....$500

ELVIEL REALTY CO. to Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Bryant Av, w s, 20 ft s of 172d St, 4 lots, each 20x100, 4 mtgs, each $8,000, 5 years.....$32,000

ELVIEL REALTY CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Bryant Av, s w corner of 172d St, 20x100, 5 years.....$10,000

ELVIEL REALTY CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Bryant Av, e s, 20 ft n of 172d St, 4 lots, each 20x100, 4 mtgs, each $8,000, 5 years.....$32,000

ELVIEL REALTY CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Bryant Av, n e corner 172d St, 20x100, 5 years, 5%.....$10,000

FORTUNATO, Frank, to Union Trust Co.; 112th St, 256 East, 18.6x83, 5 years, 4½%.....$5,000

FLYNN, Keran, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 28th St, 134 East, 20x74, due, &c, as per bond.....$10,000

FREIENSTEIN, Carrie, to Franklin Savings Bank of New York; 98th St, 202 West, 26x100.11, 5 years.....$18,000

GROSS, Michael C., to Madeline M. Gross; 106th St, n s, 125 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.11, due Jan. 1, 1915, 6%.....$3,250

GROSS, Michael C., to Madeline M. Gross; 106th St, n s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.11, 5 years, 6%.....$3,250

HLAWATSCH, Joseph, to Patrick J. Owens; 165th St, s s, 25 ft e of Tinton Av, 20.9x100, 1 year.....$500

JONES, Edward C., to Greenwich Savings Bank; 57th St, n s, 144 ft e of 7th Av, 18x100.5, due, &c, as per bond.....$20,000

KNAUSS, Frank, to Andrew S. Hamersley; 2d St, 18, n s, 20x66.10, 5 years.....$7,000

LOOMER, Fannie, to Charles H. Phelps; 97th St, n s, 249.6 ft w of 2d Av, 24.6x100, due, &c, as per bond.....$12,000

LEVINSON IMPROVEMENT CO. to Ernestine Malino; Prospect Av, n w corner of 179th St, 50x100, due Dec. 15, 1909, 6%.....$2,800

LAURINO, Angelo, to William G. Wood and others; Railroad Av, e s, at w s of lot 26, 25x150, 5 years.....$4,400

MILLER, Sarah and others to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Cornelia St, n s, 40.11 ft w of 4th St, 25x75, due, &c, as per bond..$13,000

NOLAN, John P., to United States Trust Co. of New York; 91st St, 70 West, 21x100.8, 5 years, 4½%.....$16,000

PORTER REALTY AND DEVELOPMENT CO. to Daniel S. Doran; Lot 124, map by E. H. Holden dated Aug. 20, 1903, 5 years... Omitted.

PETERSON, Nicholas F., to Anthony McOwen; Lots 334 and 335, map of Hunts Point Realty Co., prior mtg $575, due, &c, as per bond.....$1,125

ROSE, Minnie, to Mary A. Murphy; 95th St, n s, 263.9 ft e of Lexington Av, 18.9x100.8, 3 years.....$7,250

RABINER, Meyer and others, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Grand St, 381 and 381½, s s, 25x100, due, &c, as per bond.$36,000

STERNFELD BUILDING CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 34th St, 317 to 323 East, 89.3x98.9, 5 years, 6%.....$225,000

SCHWEIBERT, Frederick H., to Dry Dock Savings Institution; Lenox Av, 505, w s, 27x100, due, &c., as per bond.....$22,000

SCHWIEBERT, Frederick H., to Johann H. Schweibert; Lenox Av, 505, w s, 27x100, prior mtg $22,000, due, &c, as per bond.....$6,000

STEINER, Adolph, to George S. Runk; Willis Av, n e corner of 146th St, 25x100, 3 years.....$32,000

UNGER, Simon, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 114th St, 118 East, 26x100.11, 5 years, 4½%.....$4,000

ZITO, Michele, to George Hauser, Lot 32, map lots of Caster Estate, 2 years, 6%.....$500

The following mortgages were recorded Jan. 5:

ANDRIETH, Emerich, to Wilhelmina E. Hoffmann; Lot 5, Block 57, Section 1, Morris Park, 3 years, 5½%.....$600

ALLEN, Frederick H., to Werner-Knaus Realty Co.; 166th St, n s, 128.1 ft w of Union Av, 37.6x149.4, prior mtg $30,000, due, &c., as per bond.....$5,300

CRAWFORD, Janet C., to Benjamin F. Jones; 44th St, s s, 290 ft e of 10th Av, 20x100.5, 1 year, 6%.....$1,000

DOYLE, Cassie J., and others, to Title Insurance Company of New York; Thames St, 15 and 15½, n s, 32.1x33.2, 3 years, 4½%..$8,000

ELLINGHAUS, August, to Peter Goettsche; 4th Av, w s, s ½ of Lot 167, map of Mount Eden, 25x100, 3 years.....$1,500

FRIEDMAN, Regina, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Briggs Av, 2,874, e s, 25x125, due, &c., as per bond.....$8,000

FETZER, John F., to Elizabeth Lauter; Lafontaine Av, w s, 151.1 ft s of Quarry Road, 22x110.3, 3 years.....$1,000

GRACE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN Church to Anna M. Altstadt; Valentine Av, n e s, 175.10 ft s w of Bedford Park Boulevard, 87.6x100, 3 years, 6%.....$6,750

GREENWALD, Pauline, to Albert Kaskel; 7th Av, 2,505 and 2,507, e s, 39.10x100, 5 years.....$43,000

GREENE, Alister, to Robert D. Winthrop and others, executors; Worth St, s s, 125 ft e of Church St, 50x100.5, 5 years, 4%.....$75,000

GOURAUD, George F., to Wilson Stukey; 3d Av, n w corner of 14th St, demand, —%, 4 mtgs.....$988

HARRIS, Henry W., to Maria W. W. Proctor; 56th St, 325 West, n s, 40x100.5, prior mtg $65,000, due June 15, 1913.....$3,000

HOFFMAN, Lena, to Joseph Schmeiser; Avenue B, s e corner of 10th St, 83x261.8, Unionport, 3 years.....$10,000

JACOB STREIFLER CO. to Andrew Brice; Wilkens Place, e s, 328.1 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 25x142.1x27x133.9, prior mtg $—, 1 year, 6%.....$5,250

JONES, Caroline B., to Washington Trust Co.; 58th St, 344 and 346 East, 40x100.4, 5 years, 4½%.....$25,000

KOENIG, Wilhelmina K., and others to Louis J. Lahm; 3d Av, w s, 25 ft s from n e corner of Lot 43, 25x140, prior mtg $3,000, 3 years.....$2,000

KANNENSOHN, Lena, to Elise Boyd; 3d Av, 1,831, e s, 25x90, prior mtg $—.....$25,000

KRAKAUR, Carolina, to Dena Aufses; 91st St, 164 East, 16.8x100.8, 5 years.....$8,500

LARKIN, Mary, to Martin Barger; Lot 186, map of Lott G. Hunt estate, due, &c, as per bond.....$1,500

LAHRMANN, George, to Jason P. Golden; Bronxdale Av, s w corner of Morris Park Av, 25.2x100x25x97.7, due, &c., as per bond.....$8

LISLE REALTY CO. to Onondaga County Savings Bank; 83d St, s s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 50x98.9.....$315,000

LATHROP, Melvin G., to Charlotte Ruppel; 48th St, 507 West, 25x100.5, 4 years, 6%.$5,500

LAUZER, Wilhelmina, to Ernest W. Keller; Green Lane, e s, 25 ft s of 5th St, 19x100, 4 years.....$2,000

MARCHAT, Albert, to Thomas Brennan; 140th St, 219 West, 28x99.11, prior mtg $26,000, due, &c, as per bond.....$5,000

MAUS, Henry L., to Crawford Real Estate and Building Co.; Lots 63 and 64, map of Bronx Terrace, due Aug. 1, 1912.....$900

MAUS, Henry L., to Irving Realty Co.; Lots 63 and 64, map of Bronx Terrace, prior mtg $900, due Aug. 1, 1912.....$350

MULLINS, Mary E., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Henry St, 137, n s, 25.9x100, 5 years.....$20,000

MULLINS, Mary E., to Alexander Rosenthal; Henry St, 137, n s, 25.9x100, prior mtg $20,000, 3 years, 6%.....$3,000

MORENO, Vito A., to East Bay Land and Improvement Company; Casanova St, e s, 132 ft s of Eastern Boulevard, 50x100, prior mtg, 5 years, 5½%.....$1,400

OESTREICHER REALTY CO. to Annie S. Arnold; 30th St, 113 West, 25.6x90.2; 30th St, 111 West, 18.8x irregular, due Feb. 1, 1915, 4½%.....$60,000

PHYFE, James W., executor, &c., James Phyfe to Cruikshank Co.; Front St., 51, s s, 27.8x irregular, 5 years, 4½%.....$11,000

PIRK REALTY CO. to Manhattan Mortgage Co.; Crotona Av, n e corner of 180th St, 35x102, due, &c., as per bond.....$31,000

REIS, Caroline, to Oestreicher Realty Co.; 28th St, 228 West, 24.10x98.9, prior mtg $18,000, demand, 6%.....$3,000

RATZKE, Luise, to John B. Dosso; Manida St, w s, 250 ft s of Spofford Av, 25x100, prior mtg $4,500, 3 years.....$1,000

ROGERS, Francis, to Washington H. Beaudine; 143d St, n s, 200.6 ft w of 3d Av, 20x100.2, due, &c., as per bond.....$8,000

RECHNITZER, Max, to Annie M. Meekes; Lots 24 and 25, map of estate of William B. Ogden; Ogden Av, w s, 55 ft s of 164th St, 25x100, prior mtg $10,700, installments, 6%.....$1,250

STONE, Aaron, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 18th St, 40 and 42 East, s s, 50x92, due, &c., as per bond.....$14,000

SILBERSTEIN, Rose, to Hannah Newburger; 67th St, 214 West, 25x100.5, 5 years.....$15,000

SCHIFFMAN, Theresa, to Julie Duffrin; Prospect Av, e s, 162 ft n of Westchester Av, 26.11x65.4, prior mtg $8,000, due, &c., as per bond.....$5,000

SCHIFF, Jakob, to John Rasche; Lenox Av, 472, e s, 25x85, due, &c., as per bond..$12,000

SMYTH, Owen, and others, heirs, Charles H. Smyth to T. Emory Clocke; 213th St, s s, 155.2 ft e of White Plains Road, 75x100, 3 years, 6%.....$1,500

SMYTH, Owen W., and others, heirs, Charles H. Smyth to Mary Eagan; 213th St, s s, 105.2 ft e of White Plains Road, 50x100, 3 years, 6%.....$1,000

SCHINDLER, Philip A., to Josephine Eisenhauer; 166th St, 1,007, n s, 40x100, prior mtg $28,000, 3 years, 6%.....$6,000

WENK, Samuel, to Henry Frank; 88th St, s s, 221 ft w of East End Av, 25x100.8, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, 6%.....$9,500

WEEDEL, Andrew, to William Ennis; 7th St, n s, 155 ft e of Castle Hill Av, 25x108; Unionport, due, &c., as per bond.....$2,500

WILLIAMS, Henry T., to Robert Graves and others; 7th Av, n w corner of 49th St, 25x96, 5 years.....$10,000

Mechanics' Liens.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 930; Harry Steingart against St. Nicholas Construction Co., owner and contractor, $4,500.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 930; Anton Larsen & Son against St. Nicholas Construction Co., owner and contractor, $770.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 930; Theodore F. Hahn against St. Nicholas Construction Co., owner and contractor, $865.

63D ST, 28 West; Erwin Rossbach against Paul De B. Leighton, owner; Butler Davenport, contractor, $2,180.

63D ST, 22 to 26 West; Erwin Rossbach against Paul De B. Leighton, owner; Butler Davenport, contractor, $6,190.

5TH AV, 12; James Roddy against Haines Realty Co., owner; Mr. Nelson, mgr., contractor, $9.

HOE AV, 1,533 to 1,543; United Shade and Awning Co. against Bryant Co., owner and contractor, $115.

2D AV, 1,129; Edmund Epstein against William Eifler, owner and contractor, $1,590.

178TH ST, s s, 80 ft n of Daly Av, 80x81; Church E. Gates & Co. against D. H. Spring Realty Co., owner and contractor, $285.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

PARK AV, 754; Thomas E. Quinn against Henry de Coppet et al., Feb. 28, 1906, (canceled,) $168.

PARK AV, 754; Adolph Grant & Co. against Henry de Coppet et al., Feb. 28, 1906, (canceled,) $209.

PARK AV, 754; New York Sheet Metal Works against John Doe, Feb. 28, 1906, (canceled,) $122.

PARK AV, 754; William Young against Henry de Coppet et al., Feb. 28, 1906, (canceled,) $1,100.

PARK AV, 754; E. J. Electric Installation Co. against Laura F. de Coppet et al., Feb. 28, 1906, (canceled,) $477.

PARK AV, 754; J. L. Mott Iron Works against Louise F. de Coppet et al., Feb. 28, 1906, (canceled,) $595.

PARK AV, 754; Waters, Nichols & Crowninshield against Henry de Coppet et al., Feb. 28, 1906, (canceled,) $2,440.

PARK AV, 754; James H. Young Stone Co. against Henry de Coppet et al., March 1, 1906, (canceled,) $553.

PARK AV, 754; Richardson & Boynton Co. against Henry de Coppet et al., March 1, 1906, (canceled,) $150.

PARK AV, 754; Williams Heating Co. against Laura Fawcett de Coppet et al., March 3, 1906, (canceled,) $396.

RYER AV, s e corner of 180th St; Christopher D. Keegan against S. A. Whisten Construction Co. et al., Dec. 9, 1909, (by bond,) $3,953.

34TH ST, 314 East; Edward Shanker against Marcus Rosenthal et al., Dec. 27, 1909, (by bond,) $212.

EDGECOMBE AV, s w corner of 150th St.; Kimler & Cohen against Emanuel Doctor et al., Dec. 24, 1909, $136.

UNION AV, 970 to 978; Kimler & Cohen against Wistaria Realty Co. et al., Dec. 24, 1909, $147.

FOREST AV, w s, 67.6 ft n of West Farms Road; Morris Bandler against James F. Clancy et al., Dec. 14, 1909, $45.

FOREST AV, w s, 67.6 ft n of West Farms Road; Morris Bandler against James F. Clancy, Dec. 14, 1909, $45.

165TH ST, n s, 26 ft e of Fox St; W. M. Young against William Simpson et al., Dec. 4, 1909, (by bond,) $287.

165TH ST, n s, 26 ft e of Fox St; Samuel Shanker against William Simpson et al., Dec. 16, 1909, (by bond,) $204.

Lis Pendens.

WESTCHESTER AV, s e corner of 156th St, 44.5x65.8x irregular; Joseph Kaplan et al. against Barney Goldman, (action to cancel conveyance;) attorneys, Fischer & Levy.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 183d St, 105x2; Clarence G. Friend et al. against Washington E. Bogardus, (partition;) attorney, M. R. Ryttenberg.

MADISON AV, s e corner of 64th St, 100.5x132.6; Harriet A. R. Mills against Francis L. Leland et al., (action to declare lien;) attorney, S. B. Robinson.

BELMONT AV, s e corner of 182d St, 74.1x27.7x irregular; Henry F. Lilliendahl against August Rehbock, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Foster & Cunningham.

116TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 20x100.10; Jacob Wertheim et al., executors, against Herman L. Reis et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bandler & Haas.

PROSPECT AV, e s, 50 ft n of 183d St, 50x114; Charles R. Nagel against Anna Welshman, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, F. W. Block.

99TH ST, 205 to 209 East; Abraham Goldschlag against Frank Hillman et al., (specific performance;) attorney, A. B. Jaworower.

56TH ST, 231 East; Jennie Freed et al. against Andy Golden et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. Jacobus.

3D AV, 3,621; Theresa Shueler against Addie Levy et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Goldfogle, Cohn & Lind.

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We Can arrange loans on Real Estate expeditiously. No delay in examinations and prompt attention given to all applications.
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Central Park West corner, 7 stories, 100x100, moderate rents, fully leased, is offered at private sale to partition family interests. Unusual opportunity for substantial investment. Price $315,000; mortgage, $170,000, 4½%. Principals only.
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BARGAIN.
23d St. part 7th Av. Corner. Full lot, five-story. Price $65,000. Cash $10,000. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th St.

Below 14th St.

Southeast corner Lafayette and 4th Sts. Jay & Candler, 48 Wall St.

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A BARGAIN!
Must realize cash on 3-story private frame house and stable; ten rooms and bath; steam heat, all improvements; on lot 50x100. East 207th St., Bedford Park. Particulars,
JOSEPH ROSENBAUM,
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Grant Ave. Dwellings.
Near 163d St.; only one left of those choice, three-story, two-family brick and limestone houses; excellent location; about eight minutes' walk west of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" Station. Also,
Walton Avenue
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4 One-Story Buildings, with Stores, leased, PROSPECT AV., NEAR BOSTON ROAD. WILL SELL CHEAP FOR CASH. FRED M. WILL, 4,697 3d Av., (188th.)

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Wanted—A place of about one acre, near station, not over one hour from city; house of 8 rooms or more; or near trolley to station; will pay small amount down and 10 per cent. per annum. Investor, 96 Times, Times Square.

Am loking for a country residence; will pay $500 down, and $50 per month; also interest, &c.; prefer about 4 acres, house, and garage; near transportation. Buyer, 87 Times, Times Square.

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NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION
Ready for Occupancy January 15, 1910
Absolutely Fireproof *Two Passenger Elevators*
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Fully 150 wholesale concerns are now making preparations to move to this new Fourth Ave. District. The Belvedere Bldg. has advantages superior in every respect to other buildings now in course of erection along Fourth Avenue. Exceptional facilities for all wholesale non-manufacturing businesses.
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Large and small space for rent opposite (GEORGE BORGFELDT, NEW BUILDING,) 32 Union Square and 104-106 East 16th St. All-night service. A. Brand, Agent, Telephone 5566 Stuyvesant, or your broker.

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$500 down will secure any one of above. Any reasonable offer accepted.
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Will send booklet, upon request, of their one-family stone front houses, in the finest section of Flatbush. Address corner Avenue D and East Twenty-fifth St., Brooklyn.

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South Side of Long Island
Located in the Village of Islip, adjoining the Islip Depot of the Long Island Railroad, 900 acres of a level tract of land. The majority of it is in timber—pine and oak—and nearly 100 acres are cleared. It is bounded on the south by the Montauk Division of the Long Island Railroad, on the west for a distance of 4 miles by Islip Avenue, and on the north by the Main Line of the Long Island Railroad, and on the east by the Manhattan State Institution at Central Islip and a trout stream for a distance of 2 miles. This property is about 4 miles long and half a mile wide. It is in fact the most desirable tract of land to-day for sale on Long Island which is accessible and convenient, and for a country estate or institution, with depot connections, it cannot be surpassed, or for development as a subdivision it would bring a profit of $1,250,000. Price $500 per acre. Terms half cash, the balance on mortgage for 10 years at 5%. Lithographs, maps, and particulars.
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Small Country Place.
Will sell for price it cost 3 years ago, $900. Easy payments; trolley direct to town. Owner must sell on account of family troubles. Come ready to go. Open evenings. Ford, care Biedenkapp, 1,100 Broadway, Brooklyn, one flight up.

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Part of floor or shop where small motor can be connected to steam or gas and can be shown to advantage for advertising; machine shop near automobile district preferred. Address E. W. Motor, 104 East 14th St.

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The Tampa Bay Land Co. are offering for sale, through us, the most fertile land in Florida, in tracts of ten to forty acres, at $40 per acre. Terms $1.00 per acre per month until paid for. No interest or taxes. Land adjacent to the city of Tampa. Company gives strongest guarantees.
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Burdett, near Watkins Glen, L. V. R. R. Main Line.—Farm, 136 acres, 50 acres grapes, 2,000 peaches, 500 plums, 250 apples; 19-room house; all improvements; beautiful garden and superb view of Seneca Lake; extensive outhouses, with all accessories; whole property highly developed; has cost $60,000; can be bought for $36,000, or exchanged for suitable real estate. H. A. Caparn, 156 5th Av.

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Farms at farmers' prices everywhere in Jersey; special bargains. Osgoodby, 50 Church St., N. Y.

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High Class American Basement
House, 20 feet wide,
Handsomely Furnished.
Best location on the West Side, 69th Street, near the Park. Would rent for Winter months or longer. Apply
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Two connecting corner lofts, 4th and 5th floors, together or separate, possession February 1st.
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Steel construction; separate passenger and freight elevators.
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Two adjoining buildings to let, Nos. 136-8 Beekman St., near South St.; size 20x25 each; possession at once; just put in perfect order; rent low. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Entire five-story-and-basement building to let; 454 Broadway, near Grand St.; size 25x100; rent reasonable. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Desk room with desk, typewriter desk, and 'phone attendance. Room 709 Times Bldg.

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CENTRAL PARK WEST, 444.
A desirable single apartment, seven large rooms and bath; all improvements; $730. ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

30 West 65th St.,
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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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Six rooms and bath, $40 to $50.
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Seven rooms and bath, $50 to $65.
Thoroughly modern elevator houses. All-night service. Vacuum cleaner for tenants. Apply on premises.

MARLEN COURT
S. E. Corner Broadway and 179th St.
Only Two 6-Room Suites and Four 7-Room Suites still to lease in this finely constructed building. Just completed.
INQUIRE ON PREMISES.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Spools Used in Playing Game of Diabolo Are Toys—Other Decisions.

Spools used in the so-called game of diabolo were given lower duty yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers. F. B. Vandegrift & Co., the importers of the articles, stated to the board that the goods are composed in chief value of celluloid and metal.

Duty was assessed on the merchandise at the rate of 65 cents per pound and 25 per cent. ad valorem under the provision in the tariff for "collodion and all compounds of pyroxylin, whether known as celluloid or by any other name, if in finished or partly finished articles." According to the importers, the spools are dutiable at only 35 per cent. as being "toys" within the meaning of the word as used in the Dingley tariff law. General Appraiser Sharretts, in sustaining the contention of the importers, says that the articles in question are comparatively cheap. "We find," says the decision, "that they were designed chiefly for the use of children in play, and that the same are toys. The protest is accordingly sustained, the Collector's decisions being reversed."

The board has also reversed a classification made by the Collector at New York regarding the rate of duty applicable to pyrometer and other tubes, crucibles, basins, and other articles made of fused silica. Duty was assessed on the goods at the rate of 45 per cent. under the metal schedule for goods not specially provided for. The claim of R. F. Downing & Co. and other importers for a 20 per cent. tax as unenumerated manufactured articles under Section 6 of the tariff is sustained.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JOHN F. BOPP.—John F. Bopp, clerk, 544 Brook Avenue, formerly a poultry dealer, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,002 and no assets.

JACOB TRUMPER.—Jacob Trumper, manufacturer of furs at 108 East Broadway, has made a settlement with his creditors at 25 cents on the dollar cash, and the petition in bankruptcy filed on Nov. 22 has been dismissed. The liabilities were $18,000.

JOHN DOLAN.—John Dolan, liquor dealer at 151 Seventh Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,296, and assets of $151, consisting of stock, $150, and cash in bank, $1. The largest creditors are Flanagan, Kay & Co., $4,750, partly secured by chattel mortgage, and Kerin & Dunn, $900.

EMMET N. FREEMAN.—Emmet N. Freeman, living at 5 West Sixty-fifth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,262, contracted in 1898, and no assets. All the creditors are in Glens Falls, N. Y.; among them are the Glens Falls National Bank, $205; First National Bank, $1,448, and Laura M. Freeman, $3,117.

LOUIS J. KAEMPFER.—Louis J. Kaempfer, living at 410 Amsterdam Avenue, this city, who was in the dry goods business at 1,535 Broadway, Brooklyn, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on April 23, has made a composition with his creditors at 30 cents on the dollar, which has been confirmed. The liabilities were $8,093.

ERZIANO M. SIMONELLI.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Erziano M. Simonelli, meat market, 289 Bleecker Street, by these creditors: Armour & Co., $909; Cincinnati Abattoir Company, $319, and Swift & Co., $606. It was alleged that he is insolvent, on Dec. 28 sold his business in bulk contrary to the sales in bulk law by bill of sale to Giovanni Rubino and Pietro Tomaino, and disappeared without paying creditors.

HENRY SYROP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Henry Syrop, poultry dealer, 341 Stanton Street, by these creditors: Sam Werner, incorporated, $1,329; Fleck & Hellman, incorporated, $168, and Louis B. Allen, $221. It was alleged that he is insolvent, made preferential payments of $2,000, transferred merchandise and accounts of $1,000, and removed part of his property. He went through bankruptcy in 1899 and started in business again soon after.

CITY BANK AND TRUST COMPANY OF NASHVILLE.—Another attachment against the City Bank and Trust Company of Nashville, Tenn., has been obtained by the Hanover National Bank of this city for $40,000, on a note dated Sept. 1, 1909. Deputy Sheriff Goss served the attachment on a bank here and on a third party. The other attachment was obtained on Oct. 19 last for $10,000.

EASTERN GARMENT COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Eastern Garment Company, manufacturer of cloaks, skirts, waists, &c., at 130 West Seventeenth Street, by these creditors: Myers & Rosenfeld Company, $136; Charles F. Siemons, Incorporated, $227, and D. Kaplan & Co., $142. It was alleged that the company was insolvent, and made preferential payments. The company was incorporated in September, 1906, with a capital stock of $30,000, which has been since increased three times, until it reached $100,000 in May last. The liabilities are $8,000. A few days ago the company asked creditors for an extension of six, eight, twelve, and fifteen months.

ARTHUR G. MOSES.—Arthur G. Moses, insurance broker, 50 Pine Street, formerly President of the Trenton Watch Company, and Treasurer of the Point Pleasant Land Company, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $103,313, and no available assets. He has 50 shares of preferred stock and 10 shares of common stock of the Trenton Watch Company, and 100 shares of Moses, Swan & McLewce Company of no value. Among the creditors are the Trenton Trust and Safe Deposit Company, $33,195, on notes and a judgment; Trenton Banking Company, $8,882, notes; First National Bank of Trenton, $3,808, notes; Riverside Bank, $500, note; Jamaica Trust Company, Jamaica, L. I., $4,000, on bonds of the Trenton Watch Company; John Garrett, Baltimore, $20,000; Catherine Storz, $20,000; M. J. Strauss, $2,250, loans; R. H. Ingersoll, $3,000, lease, and the City of New York, $317, personal taxes for 1907. He owes for laundry, $7; clothing, $416; coal, $184; gas, $18, and telephone, $230.

ROTHSTEIN BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel and Herman Rothstein, who compose the firm of Rothstein Brothers, manufacturers of waists, 222 and 224 Greene Street, by these creditors: William Stickel & Co., $273; William Meyer & Co., $110, and Arnold B. Heine & Co., $156. It was alleged that they are insolvent, made preferential payments of $3,000, and disposed of a large part of their stock and available assets. Judge Hand appointed Mark Hyman receiver on the application of Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston, who stated that the liabilities are over $25,000 to 100 creditors, with assets of about $5,000; that they bought large quantities of merchandise in the last eight weeks, sold it, and kept the proceeds, and in the last two weeks paid $3,000 to friends. They began business in 1899, and in July last claimed to have a capital of $27,000.

GEORGE S. HART & CO.—George S. Hart & Co., (corporation,) wholesale dealers in butter and cheese at 35 Pearl Street, who were put into bankruptcy on Dec. 24, filed schedules yesterday showing liabilities of $225,122 and nominal assets of $73,207. This amount does not include an unliquidated claim against William L. Brown, former Treasurer of the corporation, who left a few months ago, the exact amount of which is unknown, but is estimated by the present officials of the company at $200,000. From this claim is to be deducted any amount that may be realized on two pieces of real estate in Westfield, N. J., which he turned over to the corporation. The property was mortgaged for $11,100, and there is also a blanket mortgage of $12,000 which he gave to the Bank of Keysville, Va. The exact amount unpaid on this mortgage is unknown, but it is understood that the full amount is not claimed by the bank, as it has other collateral for the same indebtedness. He also turned over to the corporation fifty shares of stock of the Waddell-Mahon Company of nominal value in the schedules. The assets of George S. Hart & Co. consist of stock, $22,549; fixtures and machinery at factories, $3,200; outstanding accounts, $27,602; trademarks, $1,000; cash in several banks, $17,781; horses and trucks, $375; equities, $700 in factories at Parkman and North Bristol, Ohio, valued at $5,400 and mortgaged for $4,700; real estate at 265 Dudley Avenue and 540 Park Street, Westfield, N. J., mortgaged for $11,100, equity not known, and fifty shares of stock of the Waddell-Mahon Company. Among the creditors are the National Park Bank, $35,000, which has on deposit $14,111 of the corporation's cash; National Reserve Bank, $20,000; Bank of Long Island, $25,000; Chatham National Bank, $5,000; National Bank of Commerce, $5,000; New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, $10,000; Mutual Alliance Trust Company, $5,000; First National Bank of Milwaukee, $21,270; First National Bank of New Haven, $5,000; First National Bank of Milton, Penn., $5,000; First National Bank of Chardon, Ohio, $7,500; First National Bank of Garrettsville, Ohio, $3,000; Citizens' State Bank of Sheboygan, Wis., $4,467; Citizens' Bank of Round Hill, Va., $1,000; Reading National Bank, $5,000; Third National Bank of Scranton, Penn., $5,000; Manufacturers' National Bank of Troy, $10,000; New York State Bank of Albany, $5,000; Pequannock National Bank of Bridgeport, $5,000; O. Tonison Company of Manitowoc, Wis., $11,890; Norwich (N. Y.) Cold Storage Company, $3,971, partly secured; Robert McNicol, $5,000; E. Burton Hart, $11,316; William C. Van Vliet, $5,000, and Harry Roselle, $3,828.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS.
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33.
Large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations.
HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of SteamHeat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

Brooklyn.

539-543 FOURTH STREET

6 and 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors; gas and electricity, steam heat and hot water; 10 minutes of Atlantic Av. station, Subway; $40 to $48. Janitor on premises, or Room 1,016, 32 Union Square, New York.

QUINCY ST., 105.—Corner apartments, six rooms and bath; parquet floors, gas and electricity, steam heat, hot water supply; near Franklin and Gates Avenue cars and "L" station; $50 to $65. Janitor on premises, or Henry L. Bogert, 99 Nassau Street, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

To be sublet until Sept. 1, 1910, the second eastern apartment, 471 Central Park West, corner 107th St.; 8 rooms and bath; partly furnished; particulars by mail. 'Phone 5657 Riverside. Fine home for refined family. Many books and paintings.

SUB-LET in Hotel Majestic at a sacrifice, large room elegantly furnished, facing Central Park. T 105 Times, Times Square.

10TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; elegantly kept; $50 monthly; Subway, elevated, restaurant, Park.

Judgments.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100, were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Beinert, Charles, J.—Berger Mfg. Co., $101.
Berger, Frederick A.—Singer Sewing Machine Co., $365.
Bunker, Benjamin W.—G. R. Bristor, $2,802.
Brous, Herman D., Louis, and Philip—American Woolen Co. of New York, $1,347.
Brenner, Albert R., (not summoned,) et al.—Independent Wine Co., $216.
Beck, Alice—Mrs. Osborn Co., $268.
Bavly, Joseph—F. Hertz, $310.
Christian, Julian—G. Zillman, $199.
Curran, Mary F. A.—M. Dollard, $2,223.
Dalberg, Melvin H.—H. S. Neinman, $114.
Dey, Valentine J.—Brooklyn Vault Light Co., $150.
Gorlitzer, Sigmund—H. Krakower, $124.
Grimm, Wilhelmina V.—E. Hollander, $1,541.
Garofano, James and Mariantonio N.—E. Lensberger, $196.
Griswold, Alfred H., et al.—F. S. Smith et al., $230.
Griswold, Alfred H.—Same, $138.
Gans, Louis—Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co., $138.
Hardman, T. E.—C. C. Albert, Jr., $104.
Hackett, William J.—E. London, $185.
Hexter, Samuel H.—G. Chipchase, $530.
Peiser, Isaac or Isador—S. Bloomingdale et al., $145.
Price, Isidor—A. Kuntz, $292.
Petersen, Charles—F. Habeck, $375.
Reigluth, Edward L.—W. H. Bond, $172.
Rehul, Adolph—J. Sinnott, $188.
Repaci, Andrea—J. Fucito, $2,109.
Racos, James—Chas. Cohen & Son, $123.
Stephens, Annie W.—W. W. Stephens, $17,192.
Salvatory, Emanuel—P. Wattenberg, $115.
Simpson, Thomas—J. J. Schmidt, possession of property and $142.97, or $8,142.97.
Shaw, J. Frazer—L. J. Goyette, $187.
Schwab, Lewis—F. Bowles, $454.
Sabatt, Seymour—R. Radin, $733.
Shapiro, Ike and Fannie, et al.—S. Trachman, $1,640.
Lapenta, Giuseppe—R. M. Maresco, $337.
Lawson, Robert, et al.—J. Larschan, $700.
Lipiansky, Michael—Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co., $197.
Lorenz, Samuel—F. Ruland, $119.
Molloy, Joseph A.—E. S. Bennette, costs, $132.
Mills, Hiram P.—Nethul Realty Co., $161.
Meltzer, Harold—J. Weinberg, $169.
Martucci, Michael—A. Martucci, $379.
Morse, Daniel—Crane & Clark, $291.
Morris, Manson—C. E. Littlefield et al., $601.
MacConnell, Harold W.—First National Bank of Pocahontas, Va., $590.
Norton, Irene—G. R. Munroe, costs, $109.
Nicholas, George—Mutual Bank, $165.
Nathanson, Henry—S. J. Bloomingdale et al., $133.
O'Brien, William, et al.—J. Larshan, $700.
Talcott, James—A. M. Wertheimer et al., $2,051.
Trattler, Harry, et al.—S. Trachman, $1,640.
Vaughan, George W.—City of New York, $206.
Van Loan, Arthur—Same, $206.
Van Horne, Jacob P.—Same, $206.
Van Gordon, Ray F.—Same, $206.
Van Cleve, James A.—Same, $206.
Wall, James H.—Same, $206.
Walsh, David L.—Same, $206.
Webster, William V.—Same, $206.
Weiss, John—Same, $206.
Wernig, Frederick A.—Same, $206.
Walker, John E.—Same, $206.
White, Theodore L.—Same, $206.
Whiting, Louis H.—Same, $206.
Whitlock, Thomas—Same, $206.
Whitmore, Albert T.—Same, $206.
Webber, Charles G.—Same, $206.
Willard, Thomas—Same, $206.
Willenbacker, Peter—Same, $206.
Wilson, Isaac—Same, $206.
Waite, E. P.—Same, $206.
Wexler, George—Same, $395.
Wadsworth, Alfred E.—Same, $206.
Wadsworth, Charles—Same, $206.
Waldron, Daniel H.—Same, $206.
Wilson, Harlem G.—Same, $206.
Webster, Frederick—Same, $206.
Webster, Ralph—Same, $206.
Weiler, Andrew—Yates-Smith Co., $114.
Welch, Edw. J.—R. J. McManamy, $588.
Same—Same, $590.
Whisten, Stephen A.—Russell & Erwin Manufacturing Company, $285.
Weimann, Walter M.—M. Van Buren Vanderpoel, et al., $327.
Weimann, Max—Same, $117.
Times Square Automobile Company—Fisk Rubber Company, $1,122.
Fox-Muller Realty & Construction Company—R. Fox, $2,028.
Same—Same, $1,977.
Same—Same, $1,860.
Same—Same, $2,042.
Same—Same, $2,075.
Same—Same, $2,088.
City of New York—L. P. Miller, $16,679.
Decorators' Casting & Construction Company et al.—Independent Wine Company, $216.
Clarke Construction Company—C. D. Folsom et al., $134.
Metropolitan Surety Company—G. E. Hart, $1,664.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed.

Benedict, Julian—J. L. Post, Nov. 27, 1909, $258.
Ershowsy, Samuel and Barney—A. Bonwell, Dec. 30, 1909, $170.
Dushkind, Charles—Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Co., Jan. 5, 1910, $182.
Hallock, Alice G. and Sarah F.—R. S. Pelletreau, July 30, 1908, $2,033.
Johnson, Josephine A.—General Photographing Co., Dec. 15, 1909, $193.
Kry-Lyn Realty Co.—A. Auerbach, Dec. 27, 1909, $714.
Levy, Reuben W.—T. Allison, June 29, 1909, $110.
Participating Realty Co.—J. S. Lawson, Dec. 14, 1909, $2,226.
Stanley, Alexander S. et al.—Royal Bank of New York, Dec. 27, 1909, $231.
Sweet, Elbert W. et al.—Royal Bank of New York, Dec. 27, 1909, $231.
Spiral Nut Lock Co. et al.—Chatham National Bank, Oct. 29, 1907, $4,088.
Engineering and Development Co. of New York et al.—Chatham National Bank, Oct. 29, 1907, $4,088.
McCartney, Harry S. et al.—Chatham National Bank, Oct. 29, 1907, $4,088.
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders—W. E. Webb et al., March 29, 1909, $865.
Same—T. B. Hidden, March 29, 1909, $1,710.
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders—N. Hidden et al., March 29, 1909, $805.
Same—W. H. Sage, March 29, 1909, $765.
Reineman, Abraham et al.—People, &c., June 16, 1908, (vacated,) $1,000.
Petruch, Alexander et al.—People of the State of New York, June 16, 1908, (vacated,) $1,000.
Keahan, Virginia—P. Tiernan, Jan. 18, 1907, $160.
Same—Same, April 8, 1908, $124.
Same—Same, Jan. 16, 1906, $8,887.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Renwicks Brothers & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; A. W. Renwicks, hats and flowers; H. D. Renwicks, ribbons; H. H. Cahill, millinery; 626 Broadway; Hotel Grand.
McCreery Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss M. B. Morgaril, cloaks; 214 Church Street; Holland House.
Newhausel Brothers, Toledo, Ohio; M. J. Gilsdorf, cloaks and suits; Hotel Cadillac.
Keely Company, Atlanta, Ga.; R. E. O'Donnelly, linens and blankets; 821 Broadway, Buyers' Association; Hotel Breslin.
Miller Brothers Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.; W. B. Miller, dry goods; Hotel Breslin.
Kennedy-McLeod-McArthur Company, St. Paul, Minn.; W. W. Gravert, dry goods; 821 Broadway; Hotel Grand.
Soge, Allen & Co., Hartford, Conn.; E. D. Babcock, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Grand.
O'Connor, Moffatt & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Miss N. J. Burke, millinery; 192 West Broadway; Hotel Marie Antoinette.
Lahr-Boron Company, Evansville, Ind.; A. P. Lahr, general merchandise; 684 Broadway.
Hutzler Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; Miss E. Hunt, millinery; Hotel Grand.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Manko, clothing; 214 Church Street.
Kralik, A., & Co., Detroit, Mich.; D. Stocker, hosiery and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. Silverman, cloaks and suits; Hotel Latham.
Boggs & Buhl, Pittsburg, Penn.; A. C. McDonald, notions; 81 Union Square; The Breslin.
Bush & Bull Company, Williamsport, Penn.; N. H. Riker, cloaks; Hotel Grand.
Central Store Company, Youngstown, Ohio; H. L. Zorn, cloaks and suits; Hotel Grand.
Myers, J. G., Company, Albany, N. Y.; R. M. Rich, dress trimmings and millinery; 31 Union Square; St. Denis Hotel.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. J. Wilson, art goods; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Wolcott.
Gutman, Joel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. Campbell, laces and dress trimmings; 79 Grand Street.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; G. Cator, millinery and notions; 621 Broadway.
Hudson, J. L. Company, Detroit, Mich.; H. Rich, furnishing goods; 113 Bleecker Street; The Breslin.
Nusbaum & Livingstone, Albany, N. Y.; S. H. Livingstone, millinery; Hotel Cadillac.
Herzfeld-Phillipson Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. L. Pass, cloaks and suits; 1 Union Square; Hotel Cadillac.
Spiesberger, M., & Son Company, Omaha, Neb.; N. A. Spiesberger, laces and millinery; 600 Broadway; Hotel King Edward.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss M. J. Delaney, waists; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Wellington.
Mittledorfer, D. & E., Richmond, Va.; M. M. Mittledorfer, dry goods; The Hermitage.
McKelvey, G. M., & Co., Youngstown, Ohio; O. D. Sheets, cloaks and suits; E. G. Miller, general merchandise; 41 Union Square.
McKibbon, Dorsey & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; W. A. Dorsey, hats; Hotel Imperial.
Sonneborn, M. L., Wheeling, West Va.; dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Blumberg, R., Birmingham, Ala., notions; Herald Square Hotel.
Lasalle & Koch Company, Toledo, Ohio; A. H. Shade, cloaks and suits; Herald Square Hotel.
Clark, Davis & Poore Company, Columbus, Ohio; H. M. Clark, ladies' hats and ribbons; G. U. C. Poore, millinery; Miss A. Harper, millinery; Miss K. Jones, millinery; Hotel Navvare.
Coon Brothers, Troy, N. Y.; D. B. Coon, collars; W. H. Coon, collars; 621 Broadway; The Hermitage.
Filenes, William, Sons, & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. J. Koenig, coats, capes, and waists; Hotel Imperial.
Clark, Davis & Poore Company, Columbus, Ohio; J. H. Davis, flowers and feathers; 621 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.

AUCTION SALES.

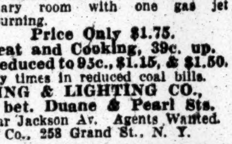
Last Day of the
GREAT FUR SALE
This afternoon at 3 o'clock
By order of The Anglo-Russian Fur Co. of St. Petersburg and London.
Fifth Ave. Art Galleries
546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St.
Mr. James P. Silo, Auctioneer,
the balance of the collection of
Ladies' and Gentlemen's FUR COATS
Automobile Furs and Robes, Neckpieces and Muffs, in all the choicest Furs.
Also a large number of Animal Rugs and Robes, exceptionally large Tigers, Polars, Leopards, Wolves, and Bears.
THIS AFTERNOON'S SALE WILL BE THE LAST OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE THESE WONDERFUL VALUES.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY, FRIDAY, AND SATURDAY, JAN. 6, 7, 8. RUSSIAN ANTIQUE BRASS AND COPPER GOODS. N. SOVA, AUCTIONEER.
THE EUROPEAN ART STORE,
4 WEST 29TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.

FOR SALE.

Suvio Heat and Light
Gives heat absolutely free from your light. Positively no extra cost. Ornamental, nickelled, and richly polished. The most economical and reliable heater. Heats an ordinary room with one gas jet burning.
Price Only $1.75.
Zee-Neet, for Heat and Cooking, 39c. up. Suvio, Heat only, reduced to 95c., $1.15, & $1.50. Saves its cost many times in reduced coal bills.
SUVIO HEATING & LIGHTING CO., 146 Park Row, bet. Duane & Pearl Sts.
696 E. 161st St., Near Jackson Av. Agents Wanted. Schaeffer-Flaum Co., 258 Grand St., N. Y.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.



TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months; New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

Photo studio on 6th Av. for sale. Inquire 920 3d Av.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

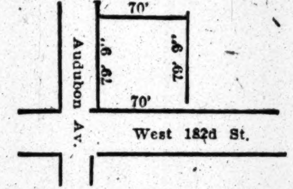
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—FREDERICK S. ISAAC, plaintiff, against ISAAC MARCUSON and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 6th day of November, 1909, as amended by an order entered on the 31st day of December, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street with the easterly side of Audubon Avenue; running thence northerly along said easterly side of Audubon Avenue seventy-nine (79) feet nine (9) inches; thence easterly and parallel with One Hundred and Eighty-second Street seventy (70) feet; thence southerly again parallel with Audubon Avenue seventy-nine (79) feet nine (9) inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street, and thence westerly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street seventy (70) feet, to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, December 31, 1909.
ASHLEY T. COLE, Referee.
LOUIS F. DOYLE, Attorney for Plaintiff, 111 Broadway, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $39,555.53, with interest thereon from the 5th day of November, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to $321.60, with interest from November 6, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is nothing, (taxes, &c., paid to date.)

The property will be sold subject to a first mortgage securing the payment of the sum of $56,000, with interest at 5% per annum from November 1st, 1909.

Dated New York, December 31st, 1909.
ASHLEY T. COLE, Referee.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, KILTS, & ROMPERS
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., nr. Av. A.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
Halperin Bros., 74-76 Broadway Brooklyn. (To neckwear manufacturers and jobbers only.)
FURS.
A. Arnstam & Co., 97 Fifth Av., cor. 17th.
JEWELRY.
S. F. Myers Co., 47-49 Maiden Lane.
KNITTED UNDERWEAR.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
LINOLEUMS AND CORK CARPETS.
Scott & West Company, 133 Fifth Av.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366-370 Fifth Av.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Av.
RIBBONS.
Manhattan Ribbon Co., 96-98 Prince St.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

When you come to New York City stop at the
HOTEL ROLAND
Handy to everything. Street cars to everywhere.
MODERN HOTEL.
NICE ROOMS FOR $1.00 PER DAY
WITH BATH $1.50 $2.50
59th St., Madison and Park Avs. Block from Plaza entrance to Park.
ROLAND D. JONES, Prop.

FOR SALE.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, time stamps; cash registers, adding machines, typewriters, safes, filing cabinets, multigraphs, neostyles. Nathan's, 4 White.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE DURING
Atlantic's Great Winter and Spring Season.
(EXTENDING FROM DECEMBER TO JUNE)
The house holds 1100 Guests and has 400 private baths, each with sea and fresh water. White service in both American plan and a la Carte dining Rooms. Exquisite music. Golf, Rolling Chairs, Theatres. Ownership Management
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL RUDOLF
Atlantic City. Open all year.
American and European plans. No extra charge for sea or fresh water baths. Special Winter rates now in effect.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.
N. Y. booking office, Tyson's, 1,122 Broadway.

HOTEL IROQUOIS
So. Carolina Av. and the beach. Cap. 400. Complete in every detail. Private baths, elevator, sun parlor, etc. Special—$12 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

SEASIDE HOUSE
Directly on the Ocean Front.
Sea water baths. Open all the year.
F. P. COOK'S SONS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD
Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
NOW OPEN. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.
Reached via New Jersey Central.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
Bronxville, Westchester Co., N. Y.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR
Most Moderate Rates of any First Class Hotel in or near New York.
Send for pamphlet and full information.
J. J. LANNIN CO. . . . . Proprietors

NEW YORK—Tarrytown.

Dr. Disbrow Home Rest Sanitarium, Tarrytown, N. Y.—All cases; (nervous, liquor, drug specialty;) testimonials.

BERMUDA.

BERMUDA
Hamilton Hotel
CAPACITY 600.
Enlarged and Improved. Stone and Concrete Construction Throughout
W. A. BARRON, Manager.
New York Office,
389 FIFTH AVE., also 1180 BROADWAY

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

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NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

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NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

Go To Bermuda
By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S. S. Oceana, 8000 Tons
S.S. Bermudian, 5530 Tons
Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels
Forty hours from frost to flowers. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday from New York in the season.
WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 549 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. COMPANY, LTD., QUEBEC.

Mardi Gras
AMERICA'S QUAINTEST CARNIVAL
New Orleans Feb. 8th
$75.00 Round Trip From New York including board on ship in New Orleans
S. S. "Antilles" 10,600 Tons
From New York Feb. 2nd
Southern Pacific Co.
366-1158-1 Broadway, New York

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY **R. M. S. P.**
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Thames.........Jan. 8 | Ortona.........Feb. 5
Clyde...........Jan. 22 | Nile............Feb. 19
Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up
SANDERSON & SON, G. P. & F. A., 22 State St., N.Y.

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TO THE
West Indies
Including PANAMA CANAL, CUBA, NASSAU, BERMUDA, Etc.
By New Twin Screw **"AVON"** 11,500 Tons
From NEW YORK
First Cruise January 15th Second Cruise February 19th
(31 Days Each) $150 UP.
Easter Cruise March 25th
(18 Days) $85 UP.
YACHTING TOURS
By New Twin-Screw S. S. "BERBICE"
Through the West Indies, 40 to 54 Days. $275 and $350, including Hotel Accommodations at Jamaica and Barbados.
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Tours of 12 to 25 Days By REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS
6,000 to 8,000 Tons.
FROM $95 UP.
BERMUDA
New Weekly Service By R. M. S. P. "OROTAVA," 6,000 Tons. From New York every Wednesday, Pier 50 N. R. From Bermuda every Saturday. Comfortable voyage. High-class cuisine. Orchestra. $50 UP.
Complete Illustrated Booklets on Request.
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HAMBURG-AMERICAN

CRUISES DE LUXE
"CINCINNATI"
LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMSHIP EVER SENT TO THE ORIENT.
(17,000 TONS.)
ORIENT CRUISE
The Hamburg-American Line's well-known steamer will make a cruise to Spain, the Mediterranean, and the Orient; leaves New York Jan. 29.
DURATION 80 DAYS $325 UP
Including landing and embarking expenses.
Also other cruises to the West Indies, South America, etc. Tours in Egypt and the Holy Land.
Send for new illustrated booklet.

REGULAR SERVICES
All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless &c.)
London—Paris—Hamburg
S. S. AMERIKA 23,000 TONS.
Leaving New York Feb. 12, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
§Pennsylvania....Jan. 8, 3 P.M. | †Amerika.......Feb. 12
§Graf Waldersee..........Jan. 15 | §Pennsylvania..Feb. 19
*Pres. Lincoln..........Jan. 29 | §G. Waldersee..Feb. 26
*Pres. Grant..........Feb. 5 | †Kais'n-Aug. Vic. Mar. 5
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.
Italy AND THE Nile
CONVENIENTLY REACHED BY OUR
Mediterranean Service
The splendid, large steamships CINCINNATI, Jan. 29, 10 A. M., HAMBURG, Feb. 15, March 29, BATAVIA, March 8, etc., for Gibraltar, Naples, and Genoa, (with occasional calls at the Azores and Madeira Islands.) Excellent connection with steamers of Hamburg & Anglo-American Nile Co.'s services up the Nile through EGYPT.
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Offer the unsurpassed in Luxurious and Comfortable Ocean Travel
By the great 20,000 ton steamers
"CARONIA" Jan. 8, Feb. 19
"CARMANIA" Jan. 22, Mar. 5
Largest triple-screw turbine in the World
"SAXONIA" Feb. 5, Mar. 19
Twin-Screw, 14,300 tons
CONTINUING TO EGYPT AND FIUME
For Full Particulars and Reservations apply to
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
New York, Boston, Chicago, Minneapolis, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Francisco, Toronto and Montreal, or Local Agents.

American Line From Pier 15, N. R., at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York.....Jan. 8 | St. Louis......Jan. 15
*Adriatic......Jan. 19 | Philadelphia...Jan. 22
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 48, N.R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct—Pier 39, N. R.
NEW S. S. MINNEWASKA
Completely and Luxuriously Equipped
JAN. 8, 8 A. M. LONDON DIRECT
Min'haha, Jan. 15, 9:30 AM | Minnetonka, Feb. 5
Minneap's, Jan. 29, 9:30 AM | Minn'waska, Feb. 12

Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 10 A. M.
New York—Antwerp—Paris
Kroonland..........Jan. 12 | Finland....Feb. 2
Lapland. (new). Jan. 22, 11 AM | Vaderland. Feb. 9

White Star Line From Piers 48 & 49, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic, Jan. 22, 2 PM | Laurentic (new). Feb. 5
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
†New York. Jan. 8, 10AM | †St. Louis.......Jan. 15
Adriatic. Jan. 12, 11 AM | †Philadelphia..Jan. 22
†American Line Steamer from Pier 15, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO ITALY & EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, and Gibraltar.
Romanic..........Jan. 15, Feb. 26
Arabic, Jan. 20. Special Alexandria Sailing.
Cretic..........Jan. 29, March 12
Celtic, (20,904)..........Feb. 2, March 16
Canopic..........Feb. 12, March 24
Cedric, (21,035 Tons)..........Feb. 16
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

WEEKLY BY NEW 6,000 TON PRINZ STEAMERS of the ATLAS SERVICE
ATLAS 24-25 DAYS $135-$140 & UP
JAMAICA WEST INDIES PANAMA
SOUTH and CENTRAL AMERICA **CRUISES**
Also Tours including all expenses. 12-25 DAYS, $105 to $185.
Excellent Hotel Accommodations in Jamaica.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
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24 days trip to West Indies **$135**
Leaves New York **JAN. 7,** 2 P. M.
By New S. S. **Prinz Sigismund**
Calls at (Montego Bay), Kingston, Savanilla, Cartagena, Jacmel, Aux Cayes and Port Antonio and Jeremie (on return.) Stop-over allowed at Jamaica.
These Delightful Trips (Alternating with a 25-DAY Cruise at $160) Leave New York Every Week.
SEND FOR FULL PARTICULARS.
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TOURS TO THE ORIENT
Cook's 43d Annual series of Tours de Luxe to Egypt, the Nile, Holy Land, Levant, etc., leave Feb. 2, 19, March 5. Leisurely travel, small select parties, travelling through the most interesting lands of the Orient.
EUROPE and the PASSION PLAY.
70 Tours to Europe, Tours de Luxe and Vacation Tours, $160 to $1,185. Thos. Cook & Son have been Officially Appointed Agents for the Passion Play Committee. Tours to BERMUDA, FLORIDA, CALIFORNIA, etc. Tickets and Tours for Independent Travellers Everywhere.
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MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC
From New York Wednesdays, 1 P. M.
To and from Italy, Greece and Austria, with scheduled calls at GIBRALTAR (East,) ALGIERS (West) and AZORES (East).
TWIN SCREW S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, ALICE, LAURA, ARGENTINA, OCEANIA.
Further information and [illegible] furnished by PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, Whitehall Building, N. Y. City.

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From Piers 51-52-56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
Quickest Route to London and Continent via Fishguard.
Wednesday from New York
Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA.
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Lusitania......Jan. 19 | Mauretania.....Feb. 9
Campania......Jan. 26 | Campania.......Feb. 16
Umbria.........Feb. 2 | Umbria..........Feb. 23
To Italy & Egypt
FOUR SPECIAL CRUISES.
CARMANIA & CARONIA
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Strs.
Jan. 8—Jan. 22—Feb. 19—Mch. 5.
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
ALSO TWO SPECIAL CRUISES
SAXONIA TO ITALY, Feb. 5—Mch. 19.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
Caronia...Jan. 8, noon | Saxonia.........Feb. 5
Carmania. Jan. 22, noon | Pannonia.......Feb. 12
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
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Some Excellent Rooms still on Sale for
CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "CLEVELAND"
18,000 tons, brand new, and superbly fitted.
ROUND THE WORLD
FROM SAN FRANCISCO FEB. 5, 1910
One Steamer for the Entire Cruise of nearly four months; costing only $650 and up, including all necessary expenses.
ROUTE: Japan, China, Philippines, Borneo, Java, Burma, India, Ceylon, Egypt, Italy, etc. An unusual chance to visit unusually attractive places.
TWELFTH ANNUAL **ORIENT CRUISE**
February 5, 1910, by S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst." 73 days, including 24 days Egypt and Palestine. $400 up, including hotels, shore excursions, etc.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg, New York.

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Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships, Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.
P. Fried'k Wm. Jan. 18 | K. Wm. der Gr. Feb. 8
Kronprinz Wm. Jan. 25 | K. Wm. der Gr. Mar. 8
BREMEN DIRECT
Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.
Zieten..........Jan. 27 | *G. Washington. Feb. 24
Roon...........Feb. 10 | Rhein..........March 3
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GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.
Barbarossa......Jan. 8 | †Gr. Kurfuerst. Feb. 5
*Berlin (new). Jan. 29 | K. Albert.......Feb. 12
*Omits Algiers. †Orient Cruise.
Independent Around the World Tours.
Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

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REGULAR FAST SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK FOR NAPLES DIRECT, GENOA, VILLEFRANCHE, (PORT OF NICE, RIVIERA,) AND MARSEILLES. TOURS AND THRU' BOOKINGS BY RAIL OR STEAMER TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. ALL STATEROOMS OUTSIDE ON PROMENADE DECKS. ALL STEAMERS BUILT SINCE 1902. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. STATEROOMS $70 UPWARD. BOOKLETS ON REQUEST. 1910 SAILINGS READY.
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 32 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia, Jan. 8, 3 P. M. | Columbia, Feb. 5, 2 P. M.
California, Jan. 22, 3 P. M. | Caledonia, Feb. 12, 10 A.M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

NEW UNION TICKET OFFICE
1393 B'way, N.Y. Phone 2037 Murray Hill. Railway and steamship tickets to all points at lowest rates. First-class European-Oberammergau tours, $190 up. Write for Booklets.
J. P. McCANN, Ticket Agent.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRANK TELFORD WOODS, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells the 17th day of January, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of outstanding accounts, two shares American Connoisseur Co., fifty shares of American Coal Export Co., and note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable one month after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable two months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable three months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable four months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable five months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable six months after date, $100; note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable seven months after date, $100, and note dated March 13th, 1901, made by I. Goodwin Green to Briggs & Woods, payable eight months after date, $55.00. Property can be inspected at the office of Stroock & Stroock, Attorneys for the Trustee, 30 Broad St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
HENRY L. MOSES,
Trustee in Bankruptcy, 30 Broad Street, New York City.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee, 120 Broadway.
STROOCK & STROOCK, Attorneys for Trustee, 30 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ELLA C. TOMPKINS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of Hon. C. W. H. Arnold, Referee herein, the undersigned, as Receiver herein, will offer for sale at public auction the stock and trade fixtures of the bankrupt herein, at her place of business, No. 348 Main Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on the 7th day of January, 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The said property consists principally of millinery and fancy goods, and may be inspected at said address from the date of this advertisement until the abovementioned date of sale, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Dated Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Dec. 31, 1909.
ROBERT WILKINSON, Receiver,
35 Market Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

The above sale is adjourned to January 13th, 1910, same time and place.
ROBERT WILKINSON,
35 Market St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HENRY GARFINKLE, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of this Court, the undersigned Trustee herein will sell the assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a first-class stock of shoes, boots, rubbers, etc., located at 222 Ashburton Avenue, City of Yonkers, New York.

Sealed bids may be submitted to the said Trustee at the office of the Referee herein, Honorable Stephen H. Thayer, Yonkers, New York, on or before January 20th, 1910, at 2 P. M. in the afternoon. Each bid must be accompanied by cash or certified check for at least 10% of the amount thereof, and the Trustee reserves the right to reject all bids submitted.

Said property may be inspected on the premises from January 16, 1910, to day of sale, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Further details may be had of the attorneys for the Trustee.
HENRY LAVERS, Trustee.
LESSER BROTHERS, Attorneys for Trustee, No. 299 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ENNIS RUBBER MFG. CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Jan. 7, 1910, by order of the court, at 11 A. M., at 22 Commercial St., Newark, N. J., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all kinds of machinery for the manufacture of bicycle and automobile tires, and all the incidentals that go with them, rubber and rubber tires, one Gyroscope automobile, office furniture, fixtures, &c.
LINDSAY RUSSELL, Receiver.
HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 Broadway, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID RODBELL, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Jan. 7, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 584 B'way, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' manufactured and unmanufactured cloaks, suits and dresses, woolens, silks, trimmings, buttons, machines, safe, fixtures, etc. MORRIS B. ARNOLD, Trustee.
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Trustee, 320 B'way, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL GOLDSMITH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Jan. 14, 1910, by order of the Court, at 11 A. M., at 13 Mechanic St., New Rochelle, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, clothing, caps, shoes, fixtures, &c., and at 2:30 P. M. same day at 21 Orawaupum St., White Plains, N. Y., furniture, fixtures, &c. LEONARD BRONNER, Receiver. MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 B'way, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANNIE LIEDEKER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Jan. 13, 1910, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 1,486 Lexington Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned and bottle goods, fixtures, &c. NICHOLAS KELLEY, Receiver. CARREL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HILMAN BRENNER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Jan. 14, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 38 Division St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts, safe, fixtures, &c. CLIFFORD C. LUDVIGH, Receiver. ISAAC STEINHAUS, Attorney for Receiver, 261 B'way, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CARL FINK and JOSEPH LEVENSTEIN and the firm of FINK & LEVENSTEIN, Bankrupts.—No. 12,908.

To the creditors of Carl Fink and Joseph Levenstein and the firm of Fink & Levenstein of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Carl Fink and Joseph Levenstein were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated January 5th, 1910.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,973.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WM. H. DYKES, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Wm. H. Dykes of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of November, A. D. 1909, the said Wm. H. Dykes was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Jan. 5th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—MAURICE D. TRAUB, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated April 10th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on January 17th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Jan. 6th, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—MOSES SOLINSKY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated December 6th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on January 17th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, January 6th, 1910.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF CENTRAL OF Georgia Third Income Mortgage Bond Scrip No. 501, for $300, in the name of Anna C. Robertson, or bearer, has been lost and its transfer has been stopped. All persons are hereby called upon to show cause why a new certificate, in place of the one lost, should not be issued. MARIE B. TURNER, Administratrix of Estate of Anna C. Robertson, deceased.

LOST.—Jan. 3, between Waldorf-Astoria and Weber's Theatre, large turquoise pin, surrounded by diamonds; finder will receive liberal reward on returning pin to Mrs. F. S. Johnson, Room 350, Waldorf-Astoria, or the Johnson-Locke Mercantile Co., 260 West Broadway, Room 305, New York City.

LOST—A lady's open-face gold watch; initials "L. M. S." on a black silk fob, with a gold band and intaglio, between West End Av. and 77th St., and Columbus Av. and 74th St.; liberal reward will be paid if returned to 305 West 77th St.

LOST.—On Tuesday afternoon, in going from Colony Club to 122 Madison Ave., a diamond heart breast pin; a suitable reward will be given if returned to the Superintendent of the Colony Club.

LOST.—In taxicab, between Hotel Langham, (103d St. and Broadway,) and Grand Central Palace, (43d St. and Lexington Av.,) black fur collar, Jan. 5; reward. T 102 Times, Times Square.

LOST.—From a taxicab, between 30th and 59th Sts., one sable muff, lined sable, on Jan. 1, between 7:30 and 11 P. M. Liberal reward for its return to Room 1,310, 2 Rector St., N. Y.

LOST—A diamond pendant, Brighton Beach "L," Prospect Park station, 12:15 noon Sunday, to New York. Suitable reward on return to C. B. Ritley, 173 Hawthorne St., Flatbush.

LOST—On Thursday afternoon, Jan. 6, a diamond crescent brooch, between 694 West End Av. and Langham, 103d St. and Broadway. Reward at 694 West End Av.

LOST.—At Martin's, New Year's Eve, bracelet, tiger head, ruby eyes, diamond in mouth, and five small stones set in bracelet. J. Nussbaum, 579 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—On Jan. 4, between 84th and 91st Sts., Amsterdam and Columbus Avs., gold bead necklace, K. to F. on clasp. Reward if returned to R. Moses, 103 West 88th St.

LOST.—Two diamonds Wednesday, each wrapped in separate papers; finder can secure reward for either of them by notifying J 155 Times, Downtown.

LOST—On 8th Av. and 125th St. or thereabouts uptown, Saturday night, watch and fob; letters on fob W. R. M. Reward. W. R. Marsden, 50 Church St.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch, Thursday, between 86th St. and New Theatre, or Broadway car, about 2 P. M.; reward. 536 West End Av. Anderson.

LOST.—Between the Waldorf-Astoria and 3d Av. Elevated, gentleman's gold watch and fob, M. K. monogram; liberal reward. Gruber, 107 W. 88th St.

LOST.—About 5 P. M. Jan. 5, at corner 23d St. and 6th Av., or in surface car, fur boa marten muff; reward. M. W. Kellogg, 50 Church St.

LOTS—Mink boa, between 116th St., 8th Av., and 119th St., Morningside Av., Friday evening. C. H. Wilson, 50 Morningside Av.; reward.

LOST—Mink neckpiece, on Broadway, between 99th and 102d Sts., after midnight, Dec. 29; liberal reward. Mrs. Lehman, 230 West 99th St.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and fob, with Cornell seal, between 140th and 150th Sts. and Broadway. Linda Dows, 540 West 150th St.

LOST—Sealskin muff, Wednesday afternoon, 42d St., near Broadway; liberal reward. Greenleaf, 17 Livingston Place, city.

LOST—Cameo pin, Tuesday night, between 23d St. and 25th St., 8th Av., or 23d St. car; reward. Cosgrove, 246 West 25th St.

LOST—At Cedarhurst, L. I., on New Year's Day, a diamond and pearl pin. Suitable reward; return to 578 Madison Av.

LOST.—Pocketbook Jan. 5; reward, one-third, to finder by returning to 712 5th Av. to name on cards in pocketbook.

LOST—Liberal reward for return chiffon-lined fox neckpiece, lost early Saturday morning. Stiner, 430 Columbus Av.

LOST—Man's gold locket, initials "M. P." on one side, and diamond on other. Michael Peyser, 480 East 141st St.

LOST—Large head lamp of auto; reward. W. T., Long Island Auto Club, 9th Av. and Union St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Beaver muff, in Eden Musee. Liberal reward if returned to Miss Edith Morgan, 135 East 66th St.

LOST—Mink scarf, Reisenweber's, Columbus Circle; liberal reward. B. C. Hendrickson, 505 West 142d St.

LOST—Saturday evening, mink scarf, between Empire Theatre and 700 West End Av.; reward. Havey.

LOST.—Eyeglasses, gold mounting, in front of 11 West 86th St., at 11:30 A. M. Address C. L., 153 6th Av.

LOST.—Ladies' plain gold watch; full name inside case. Return 99 Garfield Place, Brooklyn; reward.

LOST—Amber beads, in Morningside or upper Central Park; reward. S. B., 1,578 Lexington Av.

LOST—A silver coin belt; liberal reward. Ada Lewis, Herald Square Theatre.

LOST—Between 88th and 91st, black lamb's wool muff; reward. Return 1,219 Madison Av.

LOST—Lady's Tiffany watch; monogram, "E. F. K."; reward. Katz, 3 West 92d St.

LOST.—Bunch of keys, Tuesday afternoon. Return to 27 East 73d St.; reward.

LOST.—Gold-bowed spectacles; reward. Stockbridge, 400 West 118th St.

BIG REWARD

For return or for information leading to recovery of diamond brooch and other jewelry lost on Dec. 17 last. No questions asked. 119 West 117th St., 'Phone 1647 Morning.

$25 REWARD, no questions, for the return of turquois brooch lost between East 77th St. and the ball-room of the Waldorf Tuesday evening. T 100, Times, Times Square.

$50 REWARD will be paid for return of brooch containing pear shaped Mexican fire opal and 28 diamonds, lost Dec. 4, to Black Starr & Frost, 438 5th Av.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, JAN. 5.—INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—School papers, toys, overalls, book, glove, pocketbook, purse. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Muffler, shoes, rubber, veil, roll papers, fashion card, muff, neckpiece, hat, bottles, nail file, ribs of umbrella, suit case, purse, wrist bag, roll music, iron rod, glove. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Cigars, 3 bags, 2 muffs, umbrella, money, glove, pair gloves, books, stockings, fur tail, calendars, catalogue. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Bag, muff, letter, umbrella, glasses, rollers. SUBWAY—Neckpiece, glove, pair gloves, package fur, neckpiece, spectacles, handbag, bag, beads, glasses, purse, lodge card, fob, pipe, shoes, paper, muff, pair shoes, bag, sweater, album, register, slippers, muff, mantle, crayons, pocketbook, purse, slippers, stockings, gloves, umbrella, satchel, satchel.

FOUND, Jan. 6.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Package.

FOUND, Jan. 6.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City—Purse, 3 packages, muff, pair gloves, eyeglasses.

FOUND, Jan. 6.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.—2 books, 2 packages, gloves.

FOUND, Jan. 6.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City—Cuffs and buttons, hair brush, key, neckpiece, 2 kimonos, package, ring with keys, 6 pair rubbers, pajamas, overshoes, hot water bag, ring, penknife, 2 straps, 2 pair eyeglasses, cane, satchel, roll, book. LEHIGH VALLEY TRAIN—Package. 23D ST. BOAT—Dress suitcase, bottle of medicine. JERSEY CITY STATION—Muff, glove.

FOUND, Jan. 6.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station—Pair rubbers, 3 books, 2 muffs, handbag, 2 packages, odd glove.

FOUND, Dec. 29 to Jan. 4, Inclusive—LEHIGH VALLEY R. R. Awaiting owners in Office of General Baggage Agent, South Bethlehem, Penn.—Valise, lady's coat, lady's hat, 4 packages, rubbers, Teddy lion, mittens, watch, purse, 2 umbrellas, cuffs, telescope, muff, gloves.

FOUND, Jan. 6.—N. E. NAVIGATION CO. S. S. RICHARD PECK—Razor. S. S. NEW HAMPSHIRE—Pajamas, knife. S. S. PROVIDENCE—Fountain pen, necklace, veil, gloves, rubbers, night shirt, eyeglasses, gloves, hair brush, hat pin, sponge bag, cap.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—On Tuesday, Dec. 28, a yellow Pekingese spaniel, from the house of J. D. Archbold, Tarrytown, N. Y.; $25 reward will be paid for his return or for information leading to his recovery. Notify M. Van Beuren, 7 Wall St.

LOST—French bull bitch with litter of puppies one week old; reward. Murray, 611 West 111th St.

LOST.—Fox terrier, white body, head marked black and brown; full size. Return to 46 East 75th St. Reward.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHOCOLATE and bonbon dippers wanted; experienced. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, thoroughly competent stenographer; prefer experienced in real estate office; essential, aged over 25. Apply in person Friday, 2 to 5. Henry D. Winans & May, 749 5th Av., near 58th St.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Young lady; one having had experience in hardware business preferred. Write, stating age, experience, salary required. P. D., Box 2,094, New York.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A NEWSPAPER MAN for editorial position on weekly journal; state experience and salary expected. Technical, T 95 Times, Times Square.

CHOIR BOYS.—St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Classon and Willoughby Avs., Brooklyn; good salaries. Apply to N Lindsay Norden, organist and choirmaster.

DOORMAN, &c.—A man to act as doorman and valet for uptown apartment house; must be of good appearance, steady, and show references; no objection to age if capable. Apply to janitor, 81 New St.

ELECTRICAL SALESMAN WANTED—A man of good address, familiar with lighting conditions preferred. Call Room 1,508, 1,133 Broadway.

IF YOU ARE A LIVE SALESMAN, well acquainted with large buyers of popular priced shirts for retail trade in New York, Pennsylvania, and also the New England States, we can offer you a first-class proposition. R 118 Times Downtown.

INSURANCE collectors and others can make big money selling the handy sealing machine. Call or write, F. Seyffarth, 435 Ralph St., Brooklyn.

LOT SALESMEN wanted; good inducements offered industrious men. Eastman Realty Co., Flatiron Building, 23d St. at Broadway.

MANAGER.—Experienced man quick lunch room; state experience, reference, salary. J. 158 Times, Downtown.

MAN under 30, with some experience in high-class real estate.
J. P. WHITON-STUART CO., 8 E. 54.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

SALEMEN.—For automobile rim; on commission basis only; big money to the right man; business established; large territory; only men with good records and familiar with the business need apply. Address Sales Manager, Box 345 Times, Wall St.

SALESMAN to interview city and suburban trade; splendid opportunity for hustler; only clean-cut fellows need apply. E. Perce, Park Row Building, New York.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, a first-class salesman on leather goods with an established Western trade; jobbing and retail; good opportunity for right party; reliable concern. T 93 Times, Times Square.

SALESMEN.—Traveling and commission men wanted for a fine line of petticoats for the jobbing trade. Horowitz, 54 Lispenard St.

SWITCHMEN WANTED — EXPERIENCED RAILROAD SWITCHMEN FOR YARD WORK WHERE STRIKE IS IN PROGRESS; ONLY COMPETENT MEN, PHYSICALLY SOUND, ACCEPTED. APPLY ONE FLIGHT UP, 129 CEDAR ST.

WANTED—CAPABLE, RESOURCEFUL BUSINESS-GETTING CORRESPONDENT; A MAN WHO CAN WRITE CLEAR, GRAPHIC, CONVINCING ENGLISH, WHO HAS SOME NOTION OF THE APPLICATION OF PSYCHOLOGY TO BUSINESS, AND WHO KNOWS BOTH HOW TO CREATE A PROSPECT AND TO MAKE HIM A CUSTOMER. GIVE SUCH PARTICULARS AS WILL ENABLE US TO DETERMINE UPON A PERSONAL INTERVIEW. SUCH INFORMATION WILL BE HELD AS CONFIDENTIAL. WE WANT ONLY A HIGH-GRADE MAN, AND EXPECT TO PAY WHAT HE IS WORTH. ADDRESS OPPORTUNITY, T 108 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

WANTED—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world.

WANTED—Man with advertising agency experience to look after office details of an agency; state salary required and experience. S. J., Box 156 Times, Downtown.

General.

SALESMEN WANTED—No former experience required; hundreds of good positions now open; we place thousands of men in good positions with the best firms in America; scores of our richest men got their start selling goods on the road; hundreds of our graduates who formerly earned from $25 to $75 a month now earn from $100 a month to as high as $100 a day and expenses; if you want to earn from two to ten times as much as you now earn our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810 D Flatiron Bldg., New York. Branches Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

CUSTOM CLERKS WANTED.—Custom frauds mean many appointments; examinations in New York coming; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. CC. 53, Rochester, N. Y.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS.—Commencement salary, $800; Spring examinations everywhere; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 265 J, Rochester, N. Y.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 Fifth Av., 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

DOMESTIC HELP.—Competent; investigated references; satisfaction assured; bonded. Kemper, 615 Columbus Av. 9348 Riverside.

HOUSEWORKER.—By competent young woman; good fancy cook; no washing; excellent references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel. 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th. Bond, $1,000; guarantees A1 help. 'Phone 1119—Harlem.

TRAINED and PRACTICAL NURSES, well recommended. Powell Bureau, 1,235 Lexington Av. Telephone 1210 Lenox.

List of Furnished Rooms in Desirable Locations.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

West Side.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished, well heated rooms; running water; telephone.

18TH ST., 26 WEST.—Single and double, $2 up; heated and all conveniences.

35TH ST., 150 WEST.—Sitting and bedroom suite; very comfortable; steam heat, bath; reasonable. Hales.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms, one or two men; next bath; breakfast optional; references.

43D ST., 103 WEST.—Parlor floor; suite or separate; toilet, bath; other rooms; excellent board.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

50TH ST., 156 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; private bath; suitable for two; $1 and $2 per day; private. Telephone 488—Columbus.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room; connecting bath; gentleman; references.

55TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Elegantly kept parlor bedroom, bath, $25-$60 monthly; restaurant; Subway, elevated.

64TH, 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

64TH ST., 125 WEST.—Large and small sunny rooms; well heated; running water; rent moderate.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights; telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms; private baths; excellent service; breakfast; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with private bath; near "L" and Subway stations.

75TH ST., 170 WEST.—Single, sunny room, closet; private apartment; business woman preferred; $4. Green.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished warm rooms, refined house and neighborhood; breakfast, telephone; references.

77TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large, small handsomely furnished rooms; refined home; convenient Subway, all cars.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Suite of two large rooms, bath; medium room; all conveniences; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Parlor floor room, extension, for physician; reception room; good service; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large second floor room, south; dressing room; bath adjoining; gentlemen; reference.

80TH ST., 122 WEST, (bachelors.)—Superior accommodations, handsome rooms; high-class house; quiet, refined; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; furniture and decorations entirely new; one large front room; references.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; private house; L and Subway.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms with board; everything new; office and reception room for physician; board optional; references.

West Side.

82D ST., 110 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated square rooms; private bath; second floor; telephone, 7556—Schuyler; private family.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; running water; first-class house; telephone; references; "L."

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable, sunny, warm small, large; plenty hot water; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful sunny room; suitable for one or two; private house; references.

84TH ST., 108 WEST.—Parlor suite, front; high-class apartment; heated; "L," Subway; breakfast. Huber.

85TH ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen; references. Bachman.

86TH, 802 WEST.—Large, small room; very best location; table a specialty; Subway; references.

88TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large, comfortable, light room; running water; quiet, refined surroundings; private family.

90TH ST., 100 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, suitable two; telephone, bath; near "L," Subway; breakfast optional. Peyton.

90TH ST., 59 WEST.—Elegant large room; running water; suitable for two; three gentlemen; reasonable; references.

91ST ST., 9 WEST.—Nicely furnished, heated rooms; elevator apartment; gentlemen; breakfast; Subway, "L." Powell.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Lovely, warm, newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; select; convenient locality; telephone.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, $6; room suitable two, $4.50; telephone; "L."

94TH, 78 WEST.—Pleasant, cozy, quiet room, adjoining bath; one flight; $3. Corwin.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Bachelors' attractive rooms; high-class apartment; breakfast; Telephone 4998—Riverside. Peters.

96TH ST., 117 WEST.—Sunny parlor suite; gentlemen; reasonable; private family. Call after 4, Cortland.

97TH ST., 168 WEST.—First-floor, large front room; elegantly furnished; private bath; hot and cold running water; large closets; private telephone; rent, $35 monthly; no other roomers; references required. For full particulars phone 2774 River.

103D, 12 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; private entrance; apartment. Stern.

105TH, 54 WEST.

Parlor, bedroom, bath; piano, telephone; near "L" and Central Park; private family; reasonable. Mason.

121ST ST., 203 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; telephone; convenient to "L" Subway.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; elevator, electric light, steam heat. Inquire Kenyon.

123D ST., 358 WEST.—Extra large, two; board, breakfast; select house; telephone; moderate.

132D ST., 236 WEST.—Small, sunny, southern room, with refined, homelike people.

138TH, 606 WEST.—Newly furnished, clean, warm rooms, running water; all conveniences; breakfast optional; Subway one block; reasonable. Telephone, 2732 Audubon.

West Side.

143D ST., 516 WEST.—Large, light room; high-class elevator apartment; young couple; refined; references; gentleman; $6; bargain. Apartment 37.

144TH ST., 562 WEST.—Front room; suitable two; elevator, electricity; gentlemen; $6, $7; Apartment 61.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless, residential neighborhood, overlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; homelike. J 130 Times Downtown.

COLUMBUS AV., 304, (74th St.)—Newly furnished parlor and bedroom; all conveniences; private; gentleman.

DOCTOR, dentist; elegant large back parlor; running water; all service; extension; moderate. 59 West 90th.

ONE suite, with distinctive and refined appointments, for rent in exclusive home. Telephone 729 Riverside.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, 8 (opposite Washington Square.)—Large, elegantly furnished rooms; gentlemen; references; private residence; centrally located.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—Exceptional second floor; private family; steam heated private house; residential neighborhood; near Broadway; board optional. 'Phone 4859—Audubon. References.

East Side.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Elegant heated room, parlor, suitable for studio, doctor's office; board optional.

32D ST., 19 EAST.

Large, handsome rooms; private bath; restaurant attached; hotel service.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Second floor front room, with bath; gentlemen; telephone; every convenience.

55TH ST., 207 EAST—Large, elegantly furnished, well-heated front parlor; reasonable; private house.

60TH ST., 201 EAST.—Large, comfortable, sunny room for one or two men, with bath adjoining; reasonable rent. 1st floor.

62D ST., 100 EAST, (Corner Park Av.)—Front parlor, large room; bath, running water, steam heat; telephone.

80TH ST., 158 EAST.—Large, elegant front room; select house; strictly private family; comforts; references.

176TH ST., 499 EAST.—Select furnished room for one or two; two blocks to "L" station; references. Weeks.

198TH ST., 241 EAST, (Bedford Park.)—Nicely furnished room, with board if desired, select private neighborhood; private family; references required. F. Knecht.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, Near 72d.—Attractive rooms, kitchenette; steam heat, electricity, telephone; $5-$15.

Brooklyn.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge. 3 Montague Terrace.

MESEROLE AV., 88, Brooklyn.—Large, well-furnished parlor, business or private; other rooms; also basement furnished for caterer.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, office assistants, furnished short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712 Barclay. Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

A.—UNIVERSAL EXCHANGE, 110 West 34th, wants bookkeepers, any reliable office help, male and female.

CIRCULAR WRITER, advertising man, correspondent; engineering; technical graduate; $1,500. Mighill, (Position Broker,) Flatiron Building.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau St. Cort. 4221.

MANDOLIN TEACHER.—Lady; resident or visiting; good salary. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

Domestic Help.

ATTENDANT, daily, for gentleman; read, shave; call immediately, Mrs. PILLSBURY, 507 5th Av.

CHEFS, butlers, second men, servants in all capacities, with investigated references. Astor Court Employment Bureau, 24 West 33d St.

COOKS, housekeepers, governesses, ladies' maids, servants in all capacities, with investigated references. Astor Court Employment Bureau, 24 West 33d St.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d St. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508 Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

YORKVILLE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 1,235 Lexington Av.—Wanted, trained chambermaids, cooks, houseworkers. 1210—Lenox.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A CLEVER WOMAN of education and brains, exceptional executive and selling ability, is open for position. "A. C.," 262 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Competent cook in private family; soups, desserts, baker; city reference. Witmar, T 111 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Woman of independent means, without incumbrance, wishes position as managing housekeeper; ten years' experience; thoroughly acquainted with all details of housewifery; capable of training and directing servants; willing to include supervision of children's welfare, if necessary; New York and Boston references; personal interview, if desired, before Wednesday. Hazelton, T 99 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Canadian woman, 30 years of age, as housekeeper from Jan. 10, preferably in the country; has daughter 7 years old, so would like position near school; can wash, iron, bake, and churn. Box T 67 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; excellent education; transcribes rapidly, accurately, intelligently; understands office work thoroughly; unquestionable references; $15. J 141 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, accurate, reliable; thoroughly experienced; operate any standard machine; understands office work; best references furnished. Capable, 139 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six months' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, painstaking, and reliable; hours immaterial; $7-$8. Miss Maybelle, 140 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, up to date; does well anything she attempts. Competent, 189 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT—Bookkeeper, experienced all lines, desires temporary or part day; $5 per month upward; books written up, opened, closed, balanced, adjusted; corporation tax reports prepared; references. Accountant, room 1,204, 320 Broadway. Telephone, 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT, (qualified,) undertakes any class of work day or evening; clear statements, disentanglements, systems, &c. Address Experienced, R 121 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books writen up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT estimates for monthly audits, trial balances, year 1910. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BALTIMORE YOUNG MAN, aged 30, with wide acquaintance, wishes position as representative of some responsible house in Baltimore and vicinity, ether on salary or commission. Address E. Roberts, Hotel Belvedere, Baltimore, Md.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable man, 25, desires position with stock exchange or banking house; thorough bookkeeper; executive ability; four years managing clerk foreign stock brokerage firm; thoroughly familiar American and foreign methods; highest references. J 154 Times, Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER &c.—Young man, (25,) as bookkeeper and cashier, well educated, systematic, wishes a position of importance; salary $18. J. 157 Times, Downtown.

BOY, 16, desires position where advancement is assured to an earnest worker; good penman; best of references. I. Silverstein, 1 Willett St.

JAPANESE wishes position as butler, cook, valet, general houseworker; excellent reference with well-known people, or personal. Kyoto, 41 East 19th St.

NO DRAWING ACCOUNT.
NO ADVANCES.

Skilful salesman wishes line of merchandise; any will do which has selling merit for local department stores and large trade, on commission; highest references. Business Man, T 106, Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN.—Experienced brush salesman wants hair and cloth line for retail trade South; commission basis; established trade. George Lipsher, Board of Trade Building, New Orleans, La.

VERBATIM LAW and convention reporter, 10 years' experience, desires position as stenographer in lawyer's office; hours 1 to 5 P. M.; salary, $50 per month; now employed at high salary, but desires mornings for other business. Address Peavy, 1,323 Intervale Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position as stock clerk; willing to work hard; best of reference furnished. T Box 87 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN wants position evenings; 'phone 5020 Spring. Segall, 4 West 3d St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidential. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 2,119, 130th St.—Large room; excellent board; conveniences; telephone; table guests accommodated.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms with board; references exchanged.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; electric light, steam heat.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Small and medium room, newly decorated; southern exposure; table board; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 152 West.—Second-floor room, southern exposure; table guests.

79TH ST., 145 WEST.—Single room with board.

80TH, 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food cooked in best manner.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Medium-sized, comfortable room; running hot, cold water; table board; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Large sunny room, all conveniences; good table; desirable neighborhood; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large room, with board; home cooking; convenient "L." Telephone 7442—Riverside.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Very desirable rooms, superior board; $8-$10; table board. Le Van.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Desirable sunny rooms; well furnished; first-class board; references; moderate.

149TH ST., 540-546 WEST, Near Broadway, "The Audubon," Main Exchange 542.—First-class rooms and board, very reasonable; first-class parties; every comfort; a real home; booklet on request. Telephone 1144—Audubon.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every home comfort; excellent table; gentlemen only; one block Subway express; private house.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (Washington Square N. W.)—Suite two large rooms, also single; private baths; steam heat; excellent table; telephone.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park, Drive, and Subway express and surface cars; beautiful furnished rooms; private baths; telephones; superior table.

WOULD YOU pay a trifle more than ordinary boarding house rates and live where the service is as you would have it at home, where everything is scrupulously clean and the food is excellent and carefully prepared, where you are not confined to your own room, where there will be only two or three other boarders? Near 72d St. Subway and elevated stations. Telephone 3635—Columbus. Corner apartment.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Desirable rooms, with board; exceptionally good table; table board; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

ACTIVE PARTNER of integrity and commercial ability with $50,000—capital wanted in business controlling sales of nearly $1,000,000—with prospect of large increase. The services and capital invested by such party "will result in very large profits"; will only deal with principals, giving every opportunity for complete investigation. Address Box 10 R, 6 Broad St., N. Y. City.

ACTIVE PARTY wanted with $2,500 to become interested in one of the best money-making propositions in New York City. Office is well established and party is wanted to take care of the inside work; must be an up-to-date business man and able to furnish best of references. Salary of $30 per week and a percentage on profits. For full particulars address, Box T 107 Times, Times Square.

Excellent opportunity for young man to invest $2,500 in established business; salary, $25 a week and 25% net profits; details at interview only. Address A. Donnell, 215 19th St., Brooklyn.

Young attorney, capable and energetic, desires financial backing from a refined lady or gentleman in a thoroughly reliable business venture of importance. T 85 Times, Times Sq.

Well-established machine shop, equipped with light machinery; must be sold AT ONCE; will sacrifice for half value of machinery. T. N. Simmons, 12 East 42d St.

Fac-simile typewritten letters at $2 first thousand, $1 each additional; high-class work, prompt service. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row. 'Phone 5748 Cort.

About $500 to invest; good manufacturing business with Jewish hustling young man preferred; no objection new enterprise. Christian, 103 Times Downtown.

Bills discounted; businesses financed; money against security; companies organized; partners procured. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Johnson Press, successors to Call Press, 142 Fulton St.; good printing; low prices; 1,000 letter heads, $2; billheads, $1.50; booklets, $10.

MOTION PICTURE THEATRE, established 5 years; seats 200; full running order; big profits; after 5 P. M. Manager, 77 West 125th.

Fast-growing grocery; did $300 more business November, December than previous years; investigate; reasonable. Room 108, 96 Warren.

OFFICE AND RECEPTION ROOM, suitable for doctor; newly furnished; all conveniences; references. 74 West 82d St.

Will buy contents houses, apartments, hotels, books, pianos. 560 Stuyvesant. Barnes, 88 University Place.

Home, easy income; little capital required; rooming house, fully occupied. Ludlow, 10 East 42d St.

WANTED.—A manufacturers' staple line for Maryland. Address T 109 Times, Times Square.

Automobile Top & Wind-Shield Co. now organizing. If interested, T 104 Times, Times Square.

Candy manufacturing; Broadway; good lease; $12,000 required. Box 56, Station D, City.

MONEY LOANED TO INVENTORS TO PATENT GOOD ideas. John Wedderburn, Brookland, D. C.

Eagle Press, color and commercial printing. Tel. 1104 Murray Hill. 202 West 84th St.

Furnished 18-room house for sale. Investigate. Box 26, Station G, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Say you saw it in The Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES. Sealed estimates for reconstructing and extending Pier 42, North River, (Contract 1,199,) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock, noon, Monday, January 10, 1910. (For particulars see City Record.)

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES. Sealed estimates for obtaining Office Supplies, Drafting Supplies, and Stationery (Contract 1,201) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon, January 18, 1910. (For particulars see City Record.)

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

USED PIANOS

Bargains

Worth Investigating.

Special Sale.

These are Small Grands and Uprights that came to us during the Holiday season in exchange for New Pianos with the world's greatest player (The Tel-Electric) attached. They have been put in order by expert workmen and are now ready for delivery. The following is a partial list:—

2 STEINWAYS	2 SOHMERS
2 CHICKERINGS	2 WEBERS
2 KNABES	2 FISCHERS
2 KRANICH & BACH	1 HAINES
3 IVERS & POND	1 WISSNER

1 WEBER GRAND PIANOLA PIANO (latest model), with all the newest attachments; also several fine Baby Grands in choice woods.

UPRIGHTS, $150 to $385

GRANDS, $375 to $550

Moderate monthly payments accepted. Our entire building is devoted exclusively to the sale of Ivers & Pond and other high-grade pianos and the artistic

TEL-ELECTRIC PIANO PLAYER.

Catalogues of new pianos, also a complete descriptive list of all the used pianos, with prices and terms, mailed on request.

THE TEL-ELECTRIC CO.

Tel-Electric Building

299 Fifth Ave., Cor. 31st St.

CLEARANCE SALE OF

PIANOS

Taken In Exchange for

THE BRADBURY

Terms to Suit Purchasers.

Whittier Mahogany Upr.	$225
Webster Grand Oak Upr.	295
Bradbury Walnut Upr.	275
2 Bradbury Grands	$275 & $225
Webster Old. Eng. Mah. Upr.	300

ALL PIANOS IN PERFECT CONDITION.

PLAYER PIANOS

Webster Player Piano, new	$500
Henning Player Piano, new	550
Bradbury Player Piano, small size	575

12 Rolls Music, Stool and Cover included with the above.

F. G. SMITH,

142 5th Ave., N. Y.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

Before taking stock at close of year. Slightly used Pianos of the

Most Renowned Makes

GREATEST VALUES EVER OFFERED.

Steinway Baby Grands, from	$250 to $475
Steinway Uprights, from	150 to 300
Sohmer	185
Weber	150 to 250
Hardman	175
Kranich & Bach	175
Chickering	150
Knabe	225
Hallett & Davis	190
Christman	150 to 300
Weser	125
Haynes	140

And a lot of others too numerous to mention. All in first-class order, with stool and cover included.

CHRISTMAN SONS, 35 West 14th St.

INSTRUCTION.

Miller School

1,133-1,135 Broadway, cor. 26th St.
Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Business.

Open throughout the year. Day and Night Sessions. Call or send for Booklet T. Employment Dept. 'Phone 2063 Mad. Sq. Fully Endorsed by the Board of Regents.

A college graduate with twelve years' experience in teaching desires to give instruction in New York in English composition, in literature, and in history; work in faulty English and college preparation. T 101 Times, Times Square.

BERKELEY SCHOOL FOR BOYS
72d Street & West End Avenue

French lady, Parisian diploma, good diction, wishes pupils; conversational lessons. B. M. V., 16 West 94th St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Department of Health, corner of Fifty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Board of Health of the Department of Health until 10 o'clock A. M. on

MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1910.

For furnishing and delivering milk to the Willard Parker, Reception, Riverside, and Kingston Avenue Hospitals, and the Hospitals for Contagious Eye Diseases of the Department of Health, City of New York, during the year 1910.

For furnishing and delivering butter, cheese, and eggs to the Willard Parker, Reception, Riverside, and Kingston Avenue Hospitals, and the Hospitals for Contagious Eye Diseases of the Department of Health, City of New York, during the year 1910.

For furnishing and delivering white ash anthracite coal, as required, to the various office buildings, hospitals, and disinfection stations of the Department of Health, in the different Boroughs of The City of New York during the year 1910.

For full particulars see City Record.

THOMAS DARLINGTON, M. D.,
President;
ALVAH H. DOTY, M. D.,
WILLIAM F. BAKER,
Board of Health.

Dated January 4, 1910.

SECOND DEPARTMENT.

In the matter of the application of The City of New York to acquire certain real estate at Bayside, in the Borough and County of Queens, in the City and State of New York, for purposes of water supply.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE report of George D. Beattys, William W. Gillen, and Arthur D. Truax, the Commissioners of Appraisal appointed herein, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Queens, on the 28th day of December, 1909, and that said report will be presented for confirmation to the Supreme Court at a Special Term thereof for motions, to be held in and for the County of Kings, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on the 3d day of February, 1910, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

Dated December 28, 1909.

FRANCIS K. PENDLETON,
Corporation Counsel.
Borough Hall, Brooklyn, New York City.

Wish to communicate with one David L. (Dick) Caldwell, who possesses information desired. Formerly bridge erector and believed to have worked on the Williamsburg Bridge, probably now at Battery Bridge. (Signed.) George D. Moore, Box 63 Charlestown, Jefferson County, West Va.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—In the matter of the application of HOLBROOK-SINGER COMPANY for authority to change its name to THE HOLBROOK COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that Holbrook-Singer Company, a corporation having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County of New York, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House of New York County, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of January, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said Holbrook-Singer Company to change its corporate name and to assume the name "The Holbrook Company."

Dated New York, December 22, 1909.

HOLBROOK-SINGER COMPANY,
By Henry F. Holbrook, President.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTed executor of the estate of Daniel Asa Blackburn. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment to FRANK H. WYMAN, 325 West 83d St.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:24|Sun sets..4:40|Moon rises..8:54

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:20	4:50	10:52	10:40
Governors Island	4:58	5:20	11:40	11:30
Hell Gate	6:48	7:10	12:23	1:05

Arrived—Thursday, Jan. 6.

SS Alice, Algiers, Dec. 28.
SS Bohemian, Queenstown, Dec. 16.
SS Hawaiian, Puerto Mexico, Dec. 29.
SS Egda, Matanzas, Dec. 31.
SS Atlas, Laguna, Dec. 27.
SS Almirante, Santa Marta, Dec. 30.
SS Fritzoe, Cienfuegos.
SS Comus, New Orleans, Jan. 1.
SS Monroe, Norfolk, Jan. 5.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, Jan. 4.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Pz. Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	-:00 P.M.
Crispin, Para	5:00 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cienfuegos, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Hyanthes, Montevideo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
New York, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caronia, Azores	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Zulia, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sibiria, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Maracas, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cherokee, Santo Domingo	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Napo, Iquitos	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Thames, Jamaica	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Barbarossa, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	———	3:00 P.M.
Minnewaska, London	———	8:00 A.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Nueces, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Marowijne, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Allianca, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Teodoro de Larrinaga, Montevideo	———	

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Pola	Huelva	Dec. 18
Inca	Huelva	Dec. 15
Thames	Kingston	Jan. 1
Adriatic	Southampton	Dec. 29
Zyldik	Rotterdam	Dec. 24
Hudson	Dunkirk	Dec. 19
Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	Dec. 25
Hesperus	Hamburg	Dec. 24
Buffalo	Hull	Dec. 23
Mexico	Havana	Jan. 4
San Jacinto	Galveston	Jan. 1
City of Savannah	Savannah	Jan. 4
El Siglo	Galveston	Jan. 1
Mills	New Orleans	Jan. 1

DUE TO-MORROW.

Savoie	Havre	Jan. 1
Perugia	Palermo	Dec. 23
Carmania	Liverpool	Jan. 1
Minnehaha	London	Dec. 30
Colon	Cristobal	Jan. 2
Prins der Nederlanden	Haiti	Jan. 3
Yumuri	Tampico	Dec. 30
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Jan. 5

DUE SUNDAY.

Arabic	Liverpool	Jan. 1
New York City	Swansea	Dec. 24
Tritonia	Antwerp	Dec. 24
Crown Prince	Trinidad	Jan. 1
Maraval	Trinidad	Jan. 1
Vigilancia	Santiago	Jan. 3
Copename	Trinidad	Jan. 3
Admiral Farragut	Port Antonio	Jan. 4
Jacob Luckenbach	New Orleans	Jan. 1

Reported by Wireless.

SS Adriatic, incoming from Southampton, was reported by Marconi wireless 240 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:40 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed by fog, this morning.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Teutonic, at Southampton, Jan. 6.
SS Corfe Castle, at Port Natal, Jan. 5.
SS Haddon Hall, at Hongkong, Jan. 6.
SS Stigstand, at Naples, Jan. 2.
SS Helvedale, at La Plata, Jan. 3.

Sailed.

SS Mombassa, from Fremantle, Jan. 4.
SS Kozembe, from Dalny, Jan. 6.
SS Mesaba, from London, Jan. 6.
SS St. Louis, from Queenstown, Jan. 6.
SS St. Patrick, from Sabang, Jan. 4.
SS Oceana, from Trieste, Jan. 1.
SS Twilight, from Huelva, Jan. 3.
SS Axenfels, from Calcutta, Jan. 4.
SS African Prince, from Shields, Jan. 5.
SS Welsh Prince, from Singapore, Jan. 5.
SS Lichtenfels, from Port Said, Jan. 6.

Passed.

SS Ghazee, Yokohama, from New York, passed Gibraltar.
SS Touraine, New York for Havre, passed Brow Head.
SS Calabria, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) via Seattle—Kumeric	Jan. 6 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Hilonian	Jan. 6 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of India	Jan. 7 6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Katanga	Jan. 9 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, via Seattle—Shinano Maru	Jan. 13 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru	Jan. 18 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Tacoma)—Ning Chow	Jan. 21 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Moana	Jan. 28 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Jan. 28 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco—U. S. transport	Jan. 31 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—General precipitation occurred during the last twenty-four hours in the districts east of the Mississippi River, with heavy snow in the Ohio Valley.

The centre of the Southern storm has moved to Western North Carolina, and it has increased decidedly in intensity. This disturbance will move rapidly northeastward, attended by high northwest winds Friday on the Atlantic Coast north of Jacksonville.

In the Atlantic States there will be rain, changing to snow, followed by clearing and much colder weather Friday, with a cold wave in the States south of Pennsylvania, except Southern Florida. Saturday and Sunday the weather in the Eastern States will be fair.

Temperatures continue abnormally high in the Eastern States, and warmer is in the Northwest, but marked falls in temperature are reported between the lake region and the Gulf. Temperatures of 10 to 28 degrees below zero were reported Thursday from Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and the Dakotas, and freezing weather prevailed as far south as the Gulf Coast.

Winds along the New England Coast will be variable, becoming high northwest; Middle and South Atlantic Coast, high northwest; East Gulf, moderate to brisk west and northwest.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have high northwest and west winds and snow, followed by clearing, to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain, changing to snow, and much colder Friday. Saturday, fair and colder; variable winds, becoming high northwest.

New Jersey—Snow, followed by clearing and much colder, with a cold wave Friday. Saturday, fair; high northwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	53	34	4 P. M.	48	37
6 A. M.	50	35	6 P. M.	44	38
9 A. M.	53	36	9 P. M.	39	37
12 M.	53	38	12 P. M.	26	39

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for th corresponding date last year it was 40; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 35; at 8 P. M. it was 37. Maximum temperature, 38 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 34 degrees at 1 A. M. Humidity, 91 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 91 per cent. at 8 P. M.

BANDITS SHOOT TWO IN BANK THEFT HERE

Employe Mortally Wounded as He Grapples with One of the Robbers.

TWO OF THE FOUR CAPTURED

With Drawn Revolvers They Make a Dash to Escape—Bank a Small Greenpoint Concern.

Alluring heaps of rubles, which Hyman Korn kept in the show window of his bank, at Manhattan Avenue and Greene Street, in the Greenpoint section of Brooklyn, attracted four robbers inside yesterday shortly before noon.

Though they got away with but few, if any, of the rubles, they mortally wounded Zelig Korn, a brother of the proprietor, wounded another man slightly, and stirred up such confusion in the Polish neighborhood that little business was done there all the rest of the day.

Two of the robbers were arrested, the other two escaped. Korn was too excited to count his money, but he was sure little of it was missing.

Never again will Korn put real money in exciting profusion in his show windows to advertise his banking and exchange business, he said later. From now on he will depend upon the brightly colored steamship posters and some gilded lettering to tell the Poles and Russians what business he is in.

Manhattan Avenue is the main street of Greenpoint, through which the trolley cars run, and along which there runs a heavy tide of business. The stores are principally on that avenue, and in the side streets are many factories and tenements. Manhattan Avenue at midday is always thronged.

Korn's bank is at the northeast corner of Manhattan Avenue and Greene Street. The show window on the right, as one enters, is full of steamship folders and pictures of interest to immigrants from Russia and Poland. The show window on the left was strewn with a rich profusion of Russian money. One of the bills was for 100 rubles.

Robbery at Noon.

The police said that the robbery occurred at 12 o'clock, but Mrs. Mirza Mirskin, who has a small furniture store two doors north of the bank, declared that it was at 11:30 o'clock.

Thomas Hollander of 98 Huron Street, Brooklyn, the cashier, was inside the bank, standing behind the counter on the left when the robbers entered. This counter runs up to the window in which the display of rubles has been kept. The end of the counter nearest the door is wired off into a little cage, behind which the cashier usually stands when he is doing banking business. To attend to the steamship business he moves down the counter a few feet, and out from behind the cage.

To the right, as one enters, is a stove, and behind that yesterday sat Zelig Korn, 2[illegible] years old, who lives with his brother Hyman at 147 Huron Street. He served the bank as a private watchman. Evidently the stove hid him from the view of the four robbers when they peered through the front door. No others were in the bank.

The robbers walked into the bank, approached the unwired section of the counter on the left, and asked Hollander about steamship fares. He answered one or two of their questions and then turned to look up something about which they asked.

"Never mind that," said one of the robbers the instant his back was turned. "Throw up your hands." Hollander turned to find himself facing four revolvers. Zelig Korn leaped up from behind the stove and two of the men turned on him. Just as he was about to grapple with one of the robbers there was a shot and he fell to the floor.

Bounded Over the Counter.

"Two of the men jumped over the counter here by my side," said Hollander later. "But they kept their pistols at my head. One of the men—the youngest and smallest—jumped first on the counter and then clean over the wire cage. There was no money on the counter. I saw him lean over the low screen in front of the show window and grab down at the coins. I know my hands were still up, but my eyes and mind were confused, and I don't remember a thing after that."

Charles Kolodny, who has a jewelry store next door to the bank on the north, from which his shop is separated only by a thin partition, said he heard unusual noises in the bank.

"I ran out into the street," he went on, "and looked into the show window. I saw a man leaning down and grabbing up handfuls of money. He was in a great hurry and very nervous. He was in such a hurry that he kept dropping the bills that he picked up.

"I didn't know what to do, and so just began shouting for the police. I had heard the shot inside the bank, too, and saw a crowd gathering. The four men came running out of the bank one by one. By that time the street was so jammed that the robbers had trouble breaking through.

"Rubin Nesman, a carpenter, who is in the basement under me, ran up and caught hold of the little robber, but the robber pulled a pistol and Nesman let him go in a hurry. Hepler, the shoe man from across the street, ran toward one of the robbers, but the robber pulled his pistol and Hepler fled.

"Just then Zelig Korn came staggering out of the bank, with his hand to the left side of his neck, where the bullet had gone in. 'Mrs. Mirskin,' he said, running to her, 'do something for me; I am shot.' But she only waved her arms and kept shouting, 'Police, Police, Police!' Then Zelig Korn sank down on the sidewalk.

Crowd Halted the Robbers.

"By that time the robbers had broken through the crowd. They took to their heels. Policeman Robinson came running down Manhattan Avenue then, and turned into Greene Street after them. Some of the crowd ran down the street also. One of the robbers turned and shot toward the pursuers. The bullet hit Marcus Baer, an insurance agent of 508 Manhattan Avenue, in the forehead. He was so far away, however, that it was nearly spent and only cut the skin. He ran around in front of the bank, with the blood running down his face, calling out for help. That attracted attention from the robbers, and everybody but the policemen came back.

Robinson chased the four men west to Franklin Street, down that to West Street, then to Eagle Street. Two of them got out of his sight, but he kept on after the two others. They ran back around to Greene and Franklin Streets, where Policeman Graham stopped them.

The prisoners were locked up in the Greenpoint Station on the charge of assault and robbery. The smaller one said he was Lajma Mados, 17 years old, with no home. He had on him a pistol, one chamber of which was empty, and a dagger. The other prisoner said he was John Fisher, as near as the police could understand his dialect. He also had on him a pistol, but none of his cartridges had been exploded.

An ambulance had been summoned meanwhile from the Williamsburg Hospital. Dr. Laub attended to Baer's slight wound, and he joined the crowd in the street. Zelig Korn was hurried away to the hospital, where it was said last night that he could not live. He identified Lajma Mados as the man who had shot him.

Neither of the prisoners had any rubles on them.

Ellsworth Doesn't Oppose Wife's Suit.

Benjamin F. Ellsworth, an automobile dealer, did not defend the action for absolute divorce brought against him by his wife, Wilhelmina, on trial yesterday before Justice Blanchard in the Supreme Court. Mrs. Ellsworth was a Miss Lamberty of Eldert Street, Brooklyn, previous to her marriage in 1895. A Swiss maid was named as co-respondent.

TWO CHURCHES TO MERGE.

Thirteenth and Fourteenth Street Presbyterians to Unite.

The New York Presbytery will be asked at its meeting next Monday to sanction an important rearrangement of Presbyterian churches below Fourteenth Street in this city. The decision has been reached by the people of the Fourteenth Street Church, at Second Avenue, to sell the property, provided the Presbytery and the court approve, and consolidate church and property with the Thirteenth Street Church, west of Sixth Avenue, the Rev. Dr. James H. Hoadley, pastor.

It is understood that the Presbytery will offer no serious objection, although there are Presbyterians in the city, it is said, who greatly regret the loss of another Presbyterian Church in the downtown east side district.

The decision to unite and to ask for a sale of the property was reached at a meeting of the Fourteenth Street Church held on Wednesday night. Not a large number attended, for the church has not a great number of Americans to enter the consolidation. The pastor is the Rev. George Ernest Merriam. He is young and vigorous, and is said to have many good ideas for institutional work which have worked well in the field.

The property of the Fourteenth Street Church, a corner one, is held to be worth about $175,000, or perhaps a little more. The church dates from 1851, but there were consolidated with it in 1899 and in 1904 respectively the Allen Street Church and Romeyn Chapel.

ATE A TACK WITH HER BUN.

Girl Who Did It Gets $25 Damages from the Baker.

A tack in a cocoanut bun that twelve-year-old Florence Meredith of 511 East 157th Street ate was the cause of a suit which was brought yesterday in the Second Municipal Court, in the Bronx. Justice Tierney said that he had never heard of a similar suit, but allowed it to go to trial, and the girl obtained a verdict for $25 damages. She had sued for $500.

According to the girl's story, she purchased on Nov. 26 some cocoanut buns from Mrs. John Bieth, who has a bakery at 3,002 Third Avenue. She and her mother ate several of them that morning, and in the afternoon the girl started on another. She had hardly taken a mouthful when she complained of a pain in her throat. Looking into her mouth, her mother saw a tack lodged in the girl's throat. She carried the girl to a drug store, and a physician was called. But the girl suffered so much pain that the druggist tried to remove the tack with a wire.

It was lodged near the tonsils, and instead of getting it out the druggist poked it further down. Then he got some potatoes which his wife was cooking on the floor above and made the girl eat some. This forced the tack down, and a physician was not needed.

Mrs. Bieth's defense was that the tack couldn't have been in any of her buns, as all of the flour used by her was put through a sieve.

FREED BROTHER'S WIDOW.

Man Deported Who Came Here to Observe Old Jewish Law.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., Jan. 6.—Chiel N. Olland, brought to this country from Russia last month to release his sister-in-law, Mrs. Bube Olland of 154 Passaic Street, from religious ties preventing her from marrying again, was deported to-day on the Hamburg-American liner Roon, despite an affidavit by a New York manufacturer that he would employ Olland, who is 19 years old, at $12 a week, and a $1,000 bond put up by Jacob Soloman of this city, assuring that Chiel would not become a public charge.

According to the Jewish religion, Mrs. Olland was bound to Chiel because his brother died without leaving offspring. When he arrived at Ellis Island Olland refused to divorce his sister-in-law if the immigration officials ordered him sent back, but just before he was taken to the Roon performed the release ceremony in consideration of $100.

Rabbi M. Rivkind of 220 East Broadway, New York, officiated. There were ten witnesses, some of them Ellis Island employes.

BACK IN NATIONAL GUARD.

Jersey Officers Were Removed for Age by an Act Declared Invalid.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 6.—The Court of Errors and Appeals this afternoon upset the Vredenberg act retiring officers of the National Guard for age, and this brings Adjt. Gen. R. Heber Breintnall back as Adjutant General of New Jersey, while Adjt. Gen. Wilber F. Sadler, Jr., is returned to his old office as Major in the Paymaster's department.

Chancellor Pitney, who is known as the candidate of Gov. Fort to be the next Governor, was the only member of the court who voted to sustain the Supreme Court Justices in their opinion that the law was constitutional.

The question was raised by Brig. Gen. Edward A. Campbell, Commandant of the First Brigade, New Jersey National Guard, who was retired under the act, the sole issue being whether the act conflicted with this constitutional provision: "No commissioned officer shall be removed from office but by sentence of a court-martial pursuant to law."

TRAINS COLLIDE HEAD-ON.

Fireman Killed, Engineer and Trainmen Hurt, and Freight Cars in a Heap.

NEWTON, N. J., Jan. 6.—In a head-on collision between freight trains on the Lehigh & Hudson Railroad at Ackerson crossing, a quarter of a mile east of Woodruff's Gap, one man was killed and several injured yesterday. Train 98 and Train 95 were about forty feet apart when the engineers saw their danger.

Both locomotives were demolished. Ira Decker, fireman on Train 98, was caught between the cab and tender and crushed to death. Engineer Vance of the same train, Conductor Campfield, and Thomas O'Neill, a flagman of Belvidere, were all badly hurt.

Ten box cars were derailed and piled up in a heap. It is believed that the accident was due to the misreading of orders. There was a dense fog.

Turf and Field Club Meeting.

A meeting of the Board of Governors of the Turf and Field Club was held at the Windsor Arcade yesterday. Perry Belmont presided. Those present were John Jacob Astor, General Brayton Ives, Henry W. Bull, L. G. Livingston, and F. K. Sturgis. William C. Van Antwerp, C. W. Hammill, Dr. Louis N. Lanehart, and Dr. Preston P. Satterwhite were elected members.

Mrs. Couch Acquitted of Murder Charge

In the Hudson County, N. J., Criminal Courts yesterday Mrs. Dorothea Couch of Guttenberg was acquitted of the murder of Carl Muller of Weehawken. The woman was indicted with Mrs. Anna Lilienkamp of the same town. The man was found dead of stab wounds outside of the Lilienkamp woman's house.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M. Loss.
5:20—94 Suffolk St.; unknown........Trifling
9:05—60 Montgomery St.; Annie Rosenberg.. Trifling
10:00—577 9th Av.; Mary Fairchild........None
10:35—308 Cherry St.; B. Weinstein........$20
11:00—2,543 8th Av.; Emile Brouner........$500
P.M.
12:40—448 4th Av.; Alfred Johnson........None
1:40—318 East 34th St.; H. Broutman........$500
2:00—532 East 82d St.; H. Severun........Trifling
2:00—230 East 102d St.; M. Levisberg........Trifling
2:30—1 West 118th St.; Bessie Miller........Trifling
2:45—250 West 41st St.; Wm. Hughes........$500
8:10—418 West 50th St.; St. John's Athletic Club........$500
6:50—45-51 West 25th St.; A. Lewis........[illegible]

'ROPE LADDER' THIEF TRAPPED IN HIS FLAT

John Ward, with a Long Burglar Record, Taken by Detective Peabody at Pistol Point.

DOCTOR ONCE HELPED HIM

Removed a Bullet Fired by the Police and Kept Him in Hiding—Harlem's Terror Ended.

With a great deal of pomp and circumstance Detective Peabody, who was lately restored to the force, accomplished yesterday the arrest of John Ward, alias John O'Brien, alias Jack Allen, and many another name, who has been known to the police for years as "the rope-ladder burglar." The police have been looking for him since the Winter of 1908, when he jumped a $7,500 bail bond.

For months previous to December, 1907, a gang of burglars had been robbing houses in the vicinity of upper Fifth Avenue. The police could get no trace of the burglars. Ward was suspected, but he could not be found. Most of the jobs, the police thought, were like his rope-ladder achievements.

They had heard of him in 1903. He and several others were surprised robbing an apartment at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street, according to the police, and he was shot in the neck during a chase across neighboring roofs. The police found out later, they say, that he had sought refuge in the home of a well-known doctor, who removed the bullet in the burglar's neck, and then gave him asylum for three weeks. The wound made a deep scar.

On Dec. 18, 1907, the police broke into a flat at 406 West Forty-eighth Street, where they expected to find Ward and his companions. They found $15,000 in loot and two men, whom they arrested, but Ward was not there. The prisoners taken were David Gilman and George Hoffman, each of whom was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

The same night Ward and a man who said he was Charles Peterson were arrested when they entered the flat, but they declared they were visitors and were turned loose.

After that the police kept their eye on Ward's movements, and on Nov. 24, 1908, they arrested him on the charge of carrying concealed weapons and a kit of burglar's tools. On that charge he was tried, found guilty, and sentenced by Judge Crane to seven years and five months in the penitentiary. His case was appealed, and he was let out on $7,500 bail while the appeal was taken up. Ward lost his appeal and immediately disappeared.

Peabody located Ward three weeks ago in a flat at 973 Columbus Avenue, where he was living under the name of Hays. Another man and two women also occupied the apartment. Ward, or Hays, hardly ever left the flat, the neighbors said, and the door was rarely opened except in the mornings between 3 and 5 o'clock, when men visited the place.

Peabody kept watch outside for three weeks to see Ward. He knew he could recognize him by the huge scare on his neck. Three weeks went by without him catching sight of Ward, but late yesterday afternoon he came walking out of the front door of the building, holding a bulldog by a leash. He went to a corner drug store, posted a letter, did some telephoning, and then went back to his apartment.

Already Peabody knew that Ward had three avenues of escape—by his main door, by the fire escape, and over the roof. He got a lot of policemen from the West 100th Street Station, posted them at every possible avenue of escape, and then broke in the door.

"Hold up your hands, Ward," he said, covering him with a revolver.

"Oh, it's all right," answered Ward. "I'll come."

Peabody arrested the other man in the flat, who said he was Frank Kay, a steam fitter, on the charge of vagrancy. The two women were not molested. Ward said he was by trade "a stripper."

HONOR ROCKEFELLER SCHOOL.

Pasteur Institute Sends Memorial for Meningitis Serum.

The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research of New York has been presented by the Pasteur Institute of Paris, through the French Consul General, with a replica in bronze of the bust of Louis Pasteur, by Paul Dubois, in recognition of the aid rendered by the Rockefeller Institute in the recent epidemic of cerebro-spinal meningitis in France.

Statistics show that the employment of the anti-meningitis serum furnished by the Rockefeller Institute reduced the deaths of those afflicted from 80 per cent. or more to 15 per cent.

$3,818,800 in Stock Sold.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 6.—The Public Service Corporation to-day filed with the Secretary of State here a certificate showing that it had sold capital stock to the extent of $3,818,800 for cash at par, but does not say to whom. Another certificate filed shows that the corporation had sold for cash at par $540,000 of stock in the Public Service Gas Company, a subsidiary corporation.

Arrest Mills Hotel Guest in Stock Deal

Floyd Roberts, aged 43, a lodger at Mills Hotel No. 1, was before Magistrate Hermann in the West Side Court yesterday, charged with grand larceny by Arthur Boyd, a salesman. The latter says that Roberts appropriated money given him to purchase stocks. Roberts was bailed out by his employer, Stephen B. Ayres, a real estate operator. Roberts's defense is that the brokerage firm to which he gave Boyd's order failed.

LOVE MUSE WAS USELESS.

The Healds Didn't Profit by Their Marriage Certificate Poem.

Prothalamions and Epitalamions did not prevent the unhappy ending of the wedded life of Bessie M. Heald and Frank E. Heald, who were married at Watertown, N. Y., on April 8, 1908. One of the exhibits attached to the divorce papers filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office was a little silk-covered booklet containing the marriage certificate and this verse:

> Home's not merely four square walls,
> Though with pictures hung and gilded.
> Home is where affection calls,
> Filled with charms the heart hath builded.
> Home! Go watch the faithful dove,
> Sailing through the heavens above us.
> Home is where there's one we love,
> Home is where there's one to love us.

Heald, who is a traveling salesman, earning about $75 a week, did not take example from the faithful dove of the poem. Justice Davis, sitting in Part III. of the Supreme Court, granted Mrs. Heald an absolute decree on testimony that Heald had been living in a house in Forty-sixth Street with Lillian Heiss, who was named as co-respondent.

According to the testimony of dwellers in the house, Heald had numerous disagreements with the woman, who was known as Mrs. Heald, and passed as such till he denounced her in the midst of a violent quarrel.

DRIVEN FROM HOMES IN COLD.

Residents of Nevada Town, Forced Out by Flood, Camp on Hills.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 6.—Inhabitants of Caliente, Nev., which is flooded, are encamped on hills, almost unsheltered in a temperature below zero. So far as known, only one person has died of exposure.

Every house in Caliente that remains standing is unfit for occupancy. The interiors are mud puddles. At the Hot Springs resort flood water poured over the transoms of bathroom doors.

Through taffic over the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake Railway will probably not be resumed for a couple of months. Whole hills were washed away by the rushing waters, and the railroad track is washed out for miles at stretches.

Pennsylvania Road to Educate Farmers

Following up its campaign in the interests of scientific farming in the territory through which its lines run, the Pennsylvania Railroad has undertaken, through its division freight agents, the dissemination of agricultural information. Co-operating with the State College of Agriculture of Pennsylvania, the railroad has prepared booklets which are to be sent to the farmers throughout the State. On the farmers' special instruction trains and steamboats which the Pennsylvania Railroad has been operating in the past two years special stress has been laid on the introduction of alfalfa.

Carnegie Hall, To-morrow (Sat.) Aft. at 2:30
MME. LIZA LEHMANN
The CELEBRATED COMPOSER
(First Appearance in America)
and the following quartet of eminent soloists:
Mme. Jomelli
PALGRAVE TURNER (first appearance in America); DAN BEDDOE, FREDERICK HASTINGS,
"In a Persian Garden"
and a miscellaneous program with Master ALBERT HOLE, the inimitable Boy Soprano, in Mme. LEHMANN'S CHILDREN SONGS.
Seats 50c to $2, Box Office. Mgt. R. E. Johnston

OLYMPIC East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. Queens of the Jardine de Paris.

MURRAY HILL THEA. Mat. To-day. Smoking. SCRIBNER'S BIG SHOW.

In order to facilitate the settlement of the estate of the late Mr. J. P. Howard
Howard & Co
offer for a limited time, their magnificent stock of
Diamond Jewelry, Pearl Necklaces
Antique and Modern Silver
Gold Jewelry
at a uniform reduction of 20%
Fifth Avenue and Forty-Seventh St.

Wallach Bros.
238-242 Bowery
647 Eighth Ave.
246 W. 125th St.
3d Ave., cor. 122d St.
Manhattan Shirt Sale
WE need not tell you of the quality of Manhattan Shirts.
Their very name means quality of the highest.
A price reduction is the reason for this story:
$1.50 and $1.65 Manhattan Shirts now $1.15
$2.00 Manhattan Shirts now $1.38
$2.50 Manhattan Shirts now $1.88
$3.00 Manhattan Shirts now $2.25
$3.50 Manhattan Shirts now $2.65

See our big Sale Ad.
in this evening's World and Journal. Overcoat and Suit reductions as great as 50%. This sale positively means more to you in value giving than any sale about town.
Moe Levy & Co.,
1439 Broadway New York
119-125 Walker St. New York
280-282 Fulton St., Brooklyn

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.
First 1910 Derby
With low crown and flattish brim,
2.90
Black and Brown "Furry" Alpines,
Velour Alpines,
Light Wool Auto Cap,
1.50
Scalp-fitting double band (imported)
Tweed Skating Caps, 65c., worth 1.50
Fur Gauntlets (nearseal) 2.98, worth 5.00

SELLING OUT
LAST DAYS!! LAST DAYS!!
Old Established High-Grade Men's
CLOTHING and FURNISHING SHOP
38 NEW ST., One Block Below Wall.
Your chance to obtain a
FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO
At ½ Former Prices
$20 Suit or Overcoat, $10
$25 Suit or Overcoat, $12.50.
$30 SUIT or OVERCOAT (Silk Lined) $15
$100 Fur Lined Coat, $50.
$50 Fur Lined Coat, $25.
English Slip-ons, Trousers, Vests, and complete lines of Furnishings. ALL AT ½ FORMER PRICES.
YOUNG'S, 38 NEW ST.,
Half block from Wall St. Subway Station.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50.
THIRD MONTH. SEVEN DAYS

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
A LITTLE BROTHER OF THE RICH.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. To-night & Sat. Eve., 8:15. LAST TIMES "Der Floh im Ohr" (The Flea in the Ear). Sat Mat., "Der Zigeunerbaron."

ICE HOCKEY. Wanderers H. C. vs. New York A. C. To-night at 8:15
St. Nicholas Rink, 66th St. & Columbus Av.

ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS.
MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave. Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)
1195 Broadway Just below 29th St.
Hart, Schaffner & Marx
OVERCOATS REDUCED.
TO-DAY we add to our Suit Sale some of our splendid Stock of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats. While now our *main* selling argument is Price, we would have you remember the Style, the Quality, the Superb Wearing Value of these Suits and Overcoats. Included are Button-to-the-Neck Overcoats, 50 and 52 in. long.
Dress Overcoats in Blacks, Oxfords, Grays and Self Stripes, 46 and 48 in. long.
Overcoats formerly $25, $22.50, $20 and $18, now $16.50

To Men Who Know
OUR Half-yearly Sale of Manhattan Shirts
Opens This Morning
1.50 / 1.65 Shirts reduced to 1.15
2.00 " " 1.38
2.50 " " 1.88
3.00 " " 2.25
3.50 " " 2.65
AS the largest distributers of Manhattan Shirts in America, our representation is complete.
WEBER & HEILBRONER
*42d at 5th Ave.
*1185 Broadway
757 Broadway
369 Broadway
*Open Evenings
THE W&H SHOPS
146 Broadway
150 Nassau St.
58 Nassau St.
14 Wall St.
20 Cortlandt St.
Furnishers to Men Who Know

YOU CANNOT RESIST
the temptation to order from our Remnant Sale if you see the excellent values. Suits, $18. Winter Overcoats, $20. Fancy silk Vests and Trousers, $5. We do not consider former prices.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West. 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col.
To-night, 8, (opera)......Don Pasquale and Pantomime..........Histoire d'un Pierrot
Sat. Mat., 2:30, Besier's..........Don
Sat. Evg., 8:30, Sheldon's........The Nigger
NEXT WEEK:
Mon. Evg., 8:15....The School for Scandal
Tues. Evg., 8, (opera)..........Fra Diavolo
Wed. Mat., 2, (opera) Maestro di Cappella and Don Pasquale
Wed. Evg., 8:30, Besier's..........Don
Thurs. Mat., 2:30, Sheldon's.....The Nigger
Thurs. Evg., 8:30, Besier's..........Don
Fri. Evg., 8:30, Sheldon's.........The Nigger
Sat. Mat., 2:15.....The School for Scandal
Sat. Evg., 8:15.....The School for Scandal
Seats for two weeks in advance reserved by mail, telephone or telegraph for ANY performance. Drama, $2 to 50c. Opera, $5 to $1.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits
HIPPODROME Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c to $1.50
A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
BROADWAY Thea. B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow, 2:30.
LAURENCE IRVING and MABEL HACKNEY in THE AFFINITY (The Incubus.) A Paris—London—New York Laugh.
HACKETT Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w, 2:15.
Last 3 Times Dustin Farnum-Cameo Kirby
Thurs., Jan. 13, Andrew Mack in The Prince of Bohemia. Seats Now on Sale.
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow, 2:30.
FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Tom'w, 2:15.
WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Last week. Mat. Tom'w 2:15.
FRANK DANIELS THE BELLE OF BRITTANY
MON., JAN. 10 MARGUERITE CLARK with WILLIAM NORRIS in THE KING OF CADONIA. Seats now on sale
LEW FIELDS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:15.
LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
THE MIDNIGHT SONS.
Next Week—Dustin Farnum in Cameo Kirby.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15.
LAST 8 NIGHTS AND 3 MATINEES
MAUDE ADAMS in J. M. BARRIE'S WHAT EVERY WOMAN KNOWS
MON., JAN. 17 Seats Next Thurs. | Sir Charles Wyndham Miss Mary Moore
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15.
"As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram.
OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant.
By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15.
"As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy."
FRANCIS WILSON in his great hit, THE BACHELOR'S BABY.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30.
MARIE TEMPEST & the London Comedy Co. in W. Somerset Maugham's PENELOPE
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE NEXT OF KIN by Charles Klein
SAVOY B'way & 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
★ THE COMMANDING OFFICER ★
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Tom'w at 2.
THE DOLLAR PRINCESS
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way, 46 St. Seats on sale. Ev. 8:15. Wed. & Sat. Mat. 2:15. FIRST NIGHT NEXT MON. | Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN
BURTON HOLMES COURSE SALE NOW CLOSES JAN. 13.
5 Sunday Eves. 8:30 CARNEGIE HALL
5 MONDAY MATS. AT 3 } LYCEUM
5 TUESDAY MATS. AT 3 } THEATRE
CEYLON, Jan. 16, 17, 18; EGYPT, Jan. 23, 24, 25; SICILY, Jan. 30, 31, Feb. 1; ITALY, Feb. 6, 7, 8; NORWAY, Feb. 13, 14, 15
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15.
Last 2 Nights. Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:15.
GENEE in THE SILVER STAR
BICKEL & WATSON and cast of 100.
Beginning NEXT MON. Seats on Sale.
THE BARRIER A Dramatization of Rex Beach's Novel with THEODORE ROBERTS.
LIBERTY W. 42d St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15.
"Striking, picturesque, thrilling."—Herald.
THE FIRES OF FATE
by A. Conan Doyle, Author of Sherlock Holmes.
NEW YORK THEATRE B'WAY 45 ST. EVES 8:15 MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15
HITCHCOCK IN COHAN'S LAUGHING MUSICAL HIT THE MAN WHO OWNS B'WAY
GAIETY B'WAY & 46 ST. EVES. 8:15 MATS WED & SAT. 2:15
THE FORTUNE HUNTER
WINCHELL SMITH'S COMEDY WITH JOHN BARRYMORE
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29 St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. | Edward Abeles in The Goddess of Liberty, with May de Sousa.

Automobile Show
OPENS
To-Morrow Night At 8
AT
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, La Gioconda. Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Fabbri; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. Aft'n at 1:30, Walkuere. Mmes. Gadski, Fremstad, Homer; MM. Burrian, Whitehill, Blass. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. Evg., Butterfly. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Scotti, Wulman, Bada, Bourgeois. Cond. Podesti.
Sunday Evg., Grand Concert. RACHMANINOFF Prices 50c to $1.50
Mmes. Osborn-Hannah, Meitschik; MM. Jorn, Forsell, Didur. Metrop. Opera Orch. Cond., Bendix.
NEXT WEEK: Mon. Evg., La Boheme. Wed. Evg., Tosca. Thurs. Evg., Cavalleria Rusticana and Pagliacci. Fri. Evg., Faust. Mmes. Nordica, Maubourg, Niessen-Stone; MM. Jorn, Gilly, Didur. Cond., Podesti. Sat. Aft., Barbiere di Siviglia. Mme. de Pasquali; MM. Bonci, Forsell, de Segurola. Cond., Podesti. Sat. Evg., Aida. Mmes. Destinn, Homer; MM. Slezak, Gilly, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini.
AT THE NEW THEATRE.
To-night, Don Pasquale. Mme. de Pasquali; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Gianoli-Galetti. Cond., Tango, and Histoire d'un Pierrot.
NEXT WEEK: Tues. Evg., Fra Diavolo.
WEBER PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
GUSTAV MAHLER Conductor.
THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30
Soloist BUSONI Piano
Berlioz, Symphony Fantastique; Beethoven, Piano Concerto in E flat; Wagner, Prelude, "Die Meistersinger."
Seats 75 cents to $2. Boxes $12, $15 and $18.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. "At the Waldorf," Princess Rajah, Four Huntings, Beatrice Ingram, & others.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Hetty King, "The Leading Lady," Waterbury Bros. & Tenney, others.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Gus Edwards, Willard Simms & Co., The Kellinos, Kalmar & Brown, &c.
PLAZA 59 St. Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c., 50c., 75c. Hermann Lieb & Co. in "DOPE." LUCY WESTON, CLIFF GORDON, MAGNETO, others.
AMERICAN W. 42 St. Daily Mat. 25c. GEORGE LASHWOOD, Hardeen, Sophie Tucker, Wilfred Clarke & Co., others.
COLUMBIA B'way, cor. 47th. Daily Mats. 25c. & 50c. Burlesque. Prices 25c. to $1. Smoking. "FOLLIES OF NEW YORK AND PARIS." Sunday Concerts

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
GRAND OPERA SEASON, 1909-10.
To-night at 8, FAUST, (instead of "Griselidis," postponed,) Miss Mary Garden, Mlles. Taty-Lango, Duchene, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Villa, Scott; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Aft., THAIS, Miss Garden, M. Renaud. Sat. Night (Pop. Pr.,) TROVATORE; Mme. Grippon, Mlle. D'Alvarez, MM. Zerola, Sammarco.
THIS SUNDAY NIGHT BUSONI Greatest Italian Pianist and Eminent Manhattan Artists.
—NEXT WEEK—
Mon., AIDA, Mmes. Mazarin, Doria, MM. Zerola, Sammarco, Vallier; Cond., M. Anselmi. Wed., CARMEN, Mmes. Mazarin, Walter-Villa, Trentini, Duchene, MM. Lucas, Laskin, Nicolay, Daddi; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Fri., BOHEME, Mme. Carmen-Melis, Mlle. Trentini, MM. Duffault, Polese, Huberdeau, Daddi, Fossetta; Cond., M. Anselmi. Sat. Aft., TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle, Duchene; MM. Dalmores, Renaud, Gilibert, Daddi; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Eve., (pop. prices,) Double bill, CAVALLERIA, Mmes. Carmen-Melis, Gentle, Severina, MM. Lucas, Crabbe; PAGLIACCI, Mme. Walter-Villa, MM. Zerola, Sammarco, Crabbe, Venturini; Cond., M. Anselmi.
Seats, all above, now selling.
SPECIAL—ELEKTRA, Tues., Jan. 25. Prices for Elektra, $10 to $2.50. Seats Selling.

"Bethlehem"
A NATIVITY PLAY PRESENTED BY The Christmas Play Association,
with Christmas Carols and procession in costume.
CARNEGIE HALL, TO-NIGHT at 8 o'Clock.
Play under management of Mr. BEN GREET.
Boxes $5; Parquet $1; Dress Circle 50 cts.; Balcony 25 cts., at 1 W. 34th St., Room 505. Tel. 2956 Murray Hill.

CARNEGIE HALL.
ELBERT HUBBARD
Sunday Evening, January Ninth.
Subject:
Health, Wealth and Happiness.

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way. 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. CHEVALIER, Bert Levy, Edna Phillips & Co., Wilson Bros., Barett & Trenor, etc.

AUTOMOBILE SHOW NOW OPEN 325 Exhibitors
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE Leading American and Foreign Cars, and Accessories.
10 A. M. to 11 P. M. ADMISSION 50c.
Finest decorations. Lexington Av. and 43d St.

HAMMERSTEIN'S DR. HERMAN, BESSIE DE VOIE, Lily Lena, Motoring and 8 Big Acts.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Xmas Dream. Prof. Struck-Herrman Novelty Co.

TALENT furnished for clubs, entertainments, &c. HOPKINS AGENCY, 1,531 B'way.

GRAND Opera House. THE LOVE CURE. Next Week—Robt. Hilliard, A Fool There Was.